16



PREM 19/275

Internal Situation. Sanctions against Iran.

IRAN

Part 1: May 1979

Part S: Feb 80							80
Referred to	Date	Referred to	Date	Referred to	Date	Referred to	Date
13.2.80 21.2.80 21.2.80 3-3-80 613.80 7.3.80 18.3.80 19.3.8	Date	PRE			Date	Referred to	Date
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PART begins:-

To Linbon 82 9.4.80

PART_____ends:-

V.S. Enbarry Aide Menine 8.4.80

TO BE RETAINED AS TOP ENCLOSURE

Cabinet / Cabinet Committee Documents

Reference	Date
CC(80) 9 th Conclusions, Item 2 (Extract)	06/03/80
CC(80) 10 th Conclusions, Item 3 (Extract)	13/03/80
OD(80) 8 th Meeting, Item 4	19/03/80
CC(80) 12 th Conclusions, Item 2 (Extract)	20/03/80
CC(80) 14th Conclusions, Item 2 (Extract)	27/03/80
OD(80) 33	28/03/80
OD(80) 10 th Meeting, Item 1	02/04/80
CC(80) 15 th Conclusions, Item 2 (Extract)	02/04/80

The documents listed above, which were enclosed on this file, have been removed and destroyed. Such documents are the responsibility of the Cabinet Office. When released they are available in the appropriate CAB (CABINET OFFICE) CLASSES

Ormayland Date 27 May 2010

PREM Records Team

PRIME MINISTER

As delivered to the FCO

With the compliments of

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MIDDLE EAST DEPARTMENT

w.

FOREIGN AND COMMONWEALTH OFFICE LONDON, SW1A 2AH

EMBASSY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

London, April 8, 1980

AIDE MEMOIRE

The hostages held in the American Embassy compound in Tehran are now in their 156th day of captivity. After more than two months of intensive discussions through the United Nations and other channels with the authorities in Iran, no progress whatsoever has been achieved to resolve the crisis or bring about the early release of the hostages. In spite of assurances from the Iranian authorities that the crisis could be resolved through a series of steps including an early transfer of the hostages to government control, their assurances have not been honored. The Iranian position is that decisions on the hostages can only be made by the elected Parliament. We have no assurances as to when the Parliament might meet or what the decision of the Parliament would be.

The situation has therefore become intolerable and we have now concluded that we have no alternative but to put into effect severe formal and political sanctions against Iran. The effect of these sanctions will be more pronounced if they are reinforced by our allies and other friendly nations. More forceful action will be required if the hostages are not released.

SECRET

-2-

Shortly after the detention of the hostages the United States prohibited the import of Iranian oil and froze Iranian assets. In the hopes of encouraging the release of the hostages, however, we have avoided more intensive measures.

On several occasions we have asked your

Government and others to restrain financial and

trade relations with Iran. Your Government agreed

- (i) to stop new official export credits to Iran. Your Government agreed to give informal advice to banks
- 2 to issue no new credits to Iran, to refuse to open
- new time or demand deposits for Iran and to allow
- no substantive increase in existing non-dollar deposits for Iran. The Government agreed to request oil and trading companies to pay for Iranian oil
- only in dollars and not to purchase Iranian oil
 on terms sharply different from that of other OPEC
 suppliers. Your Government agreed not to ship
- military equipment and spare parts to Iran. We
- requested your Government not to replace the US in supplying a large quantity of jeeps.

Assistance that we have received from our allies has been greatly appreciated and has been helpful in maintaining pressure on Iran, but we are now convinced that more must be done. The UN Resolution, vetoed by the Soviet Union on January 13 would have prohibited: (A) exports of all goodsto

Iran except food, medicine, medical supplies;
(B) shipment of embargoed items on national vessels;
(C) new credit and certain other financial transactions with Iran; (D) shipment of embargoed goods on Iranian vessels; and (E) new service contracts in support of industrial projects in Iran.

At a previous stage we had considered invoking these sanctions formally and we suggested that others do the same as though the UN Resolution had not been vetoed. However, the negotiating situation changed and we withheld imposition, recognizing that others would also withhold, in order to take advantage of what seemed to be a favorable atmosphere for transfer of the hostages. That atmosphere has disappeared, and we have seen a number of other potentially favorable events also turn to dust.

... We are driven to the conclusion that the Iranian Government is not able to carry out its commitments.

The President has now decided that the United States will formally put into effect the entire range of economic sanctions called for in the United Nations Resolution, through the International Emergency Economic Powers Act.

For economic sanctions to produce a stark realization among the governing circles in Iran that they must release the hostages, we count upon

the assistance of our allies and other friendly nations. The United States requests that your Government continue to maintain in effect those trade and financial restraints which you have already undertaken. We also request that you intensify these measures insofar as it is legally possible for you to do so and that you do all that you can to hinder commercial and financial relations with Iran. We believe it particularly important to prevent the signing of new economic agreements or contracts with Iran. It continues to be our view that your Government could best assist our efforts by instituting the full range of sanctions voted by 10 members of the UNSC and vetoed by the Soviet Union. We urge you strongly to look once again at instituting these sanctions. If your Government believes that its legal powers are insufficient to take compelling economic measures, we would hope, where possible, that you could seek such power, which in itself would convey our collective resolve to Tehran. We believe that the Iranian authorities will only become more serious about releasing the hostages if they see that the economic consequences for Iran of continued refusal will, in the long run, be calamitous.

On the political side we believe it is crucial that allied Governments reinforce the diplomatic isolation of Iran with specific steps. We urge

-5-

that all allies withdraw their Ambassadors from Tehran immediately to demonstrate their deep concern over the failure of the Iranian authorities to take control over the hostages from the militatn students as they had said they would do. We also strongly urge that allied Governments give serious consideration to a complete break in relations with Iran in the weeks ahead, if Iranian authorities continue to reject efforts to achieve a peaceful solution. While we understand the desire of our allies to exert a moderating influence in Tehran and to avoid enhancement of Soviet influence, we strongly believe that a stark demonstration to the Iranian leadership of the alternatives they face will have a more persuasive moderating influence than will a posture of normal diplomatic interchange.

PS/SIR I GILMOUR
PS/MR HURD
PS/MR HURD
PS/PUS
SIR D MAITLAND
MR J C MOBERLY
LORD BRIDGES
LORD N G LENNOX
MR EVANS
MISS BROWN
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MS PS NO 10 DOWNING ST SIR R ARMSTRONG ASSESSMENTS STAFF MR R WADE GERY MR LE CETMINANT OFFICE MR W N WENBAN SMITH MR F R BARRATT MR D J S HANCOCK) MR C W MCMAHON) BANK OF MR P B EDGLEY) ENGLAND MR R WILLIAMS CRES DOT MR W KNIGHTON MR C BENJAMIN MR D LE B JONES) DEFT OF MR C LUCAS) ENERGY

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TO IMMEDIATE FCO
INFO IMMEDIATE WASHINGTON AND UKMIS NEW YORK
INFO SAVING EC POSTS AND UKDEL NATO.

ADVANCE COM

MIPT : US/IRAN - EC (TEHRAN) DISCUSSION.

- 1. MY COLLEAGUES AND I CONSIDERED THIS MORNING WHAT OTHER
 MEASURES WERE OPEN TO THE US ON THE ONE HAND AND TO THEIR
 FRIENDS AND SUPPORTERS ON THE OTHER.
- FOR THE US, IT SEEMED TO US THAT THERE WERE THE FOLLOWING COURSES. IN NO PARTICULAR ORDER:
- (A) THE BOYCOTT OF INTERNATIONAL MEETINGS ATTENDED BY IRAN .
- (B) THE EXPULSION OF IRANIAN STUDENTS AND RESIDENTS FROM THE US.
- (C) THE FORMAL INCLUSION OF FOOD AND MEDICINE IN THEIR SANCTIONS MEASURES.

- (D) A BLACK LIST OF SHIPPING CALLING AT IRANIAN PORTS.
- (E) A BLACK LIST OF AIRCRAFT CALLING IN IRAN.
- (F) A NAVAL BLOCKADE (WHETHER BY BOARDING OR MINING HARBOURS, BOTH OF WHICH WOULD TAKE THE US OVER THE LINE BETWEEN PEACEFUL MEASURES AND A STATE OF WAR).
- (G) A MILITARY RESCUE, THOUGH THIS WAS NOT DISCUSSED.
- 3. FOR THE REST OF US, THERE SEEMED TO BE THE FOLLOWING MEASURES,
 IF IT IS ACCEPTED THAT THE FORMAL IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS
 IS TO BE RULED OUT IN THE ABSENCE OF A MANDATORY SECURITY
 COUNCIL RESOLUTION:
- (A) THE DISCOURAGEMENT OF ''EXPERTS' FROM WORKING IN IRAN (TO SOME EXTENT WE ARE ALREADY DOING THIS, BUT WE COULD CERTAINLY STRENGTHEN OUR ADVICE)
- (B) THE BOYCOTT OF INTERNATIONAL MEETINGS AT WHICH IRAN WAS PRESENT
- (C) TIGHTENING THE APPLICATION OF OUR IMMIGRATION RULES (FRANCE
 IS ALREADY IN PRACTICE APPLYING MEASURES VERY SIMILAR TO OUR
 CWN IMMIGRATION RULES, WITH THE CONSEQUENT EXCLUSION OF A NUMBER
 OF IRANIANS)
- (D) THE WITHDRAWAL OF AMBASSADORS
- (E) THE CLOSURE OF EMBASSIES.

IN THE CASES OF (D) AND (E), IT WOULD BE VIRTUALLY ESSENTIAL THAT OTHER COUNTRIES, PREFERABLY FROM AMONG THE NON-ALIGNED, SHOULD BE PERSUADED TO TAKE SIMILAR ACTION.

4. THE DISCUSSION WAS INCONCLUSIVE AND NO JOINT RECOMMENDATION WAS REACHED, ALTHOUGH THE FRENCH COUNSELLOR, WHO WAS REPRESENTING HIS AMBAGSADOR, MADE NO ISSUE OF THIS (YOUR TEL NO 215 NOT TO ALL). IF HOWEVER HIS THINKING REFLECTS THAT OF HIS COVERNMENT, HE WOULD FAVOUR AT LEAST MAITING UNTIL THE ASSEMBLY HAS FAILED TO REACH THE RIGHT DECISION BEFORE TAKING MAY FUTTHER ACTION, ALTHOUGH HE RECOGNISES THAT THERE IS LIKELY TO BE AMERICAN PRESSURE FOR EARLIER ACTION.

TO BE AMERICAN PRESSURE FOR EARLIER ACTION.

5. SINCE THIS DISCUSSION I HAVE SEEN THE UN SECRETARY GENERAL'S REPRESENTATIVE YAMIN. HE BELIEVES IT IS QUITE POSSIBLE THAT THE SECRETARY GENERAL MAY DECIDE TO RECONVENE THE SECURITY COUNCIL. HE ALSO SEES THE LAST SENTENCE OF THE IMM'S OFFICE STATEMENT (MY TEL NO 352 NOT TO ALL - GRATEFUL IF MED COULD REPEAT TO UKMIS NEW YORK) AS A POSSIBLE OPENING FOR THE UN COMMISSION OF ENQUIRY TO RETURN, TO SEE ALL THE HOSTAGES AND THEN TO GET ON WITH THEIR REPORT, WHICH IN CONFORMITY WITH THEIR TERMS OF REFERENCE, HAS AS ITS OBJECT THE SOLUTION OF THE PROBLEM. MY OWN FEELING IS THAT THINGS MAY HAVE MOVED BEYOND THIS, ALTHOUGH ANYTHING IS WORTH A TRY.

FCO PASS SAVING TO EC POSTS AND UKDEL NATO.

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TO IMMEDIATE FOO

TELEGRAM NUMBER 358 OF 8 APRIL 87

INFO IMMEDIATE WASHINGTON AND UKMIS NEW YORK
INFO SAVING EC POSTS AND UKDEL NATO.



WASHINGTON TEL NO 1361 : US/IRAN.

- 1. I DISCUSSED THE SITUATION AT THE REGULAR WEEKLY MEETING WITH MY EC COLLEAGUES THIS MORNING. BANI SADR HAS ONCE AGAIN FAILED TO DELIVER. THE POSITION SEEMS TO BE THAT HE IS AFRAID TO ACT ON THE BASIS OF A BARE MAJORITY IN THE REVOLU-TIONARY COUNCIL (RC). FOR FEAR OF FATALLY DAMAGING HIS POSITION IN PUBLIC OPINION. HE HAS THEREFORE BEEN TRYING TO OBTAIN EITHER UNANIMITY IN THE RC OR THE SUPPORT OF KHOMEINI. THE LATTER, WHO IS NEVER VERY READY TO GO BACK ON A POSITION. HAS REFUSED TO MAKE A SHIFT IN THE FACE OF A DIVIDED RC. AND THIS HAS IN TURN ENCOURAGED THE OPPOSITION IN THE COUNCIL. THE RESULT IS A DEFEAT FOR BANI SADR WHICH, WITH THE APPARENT SUCCESS OF THE IRP IN THE FIRST ROUND OF THE ELECTIONS. PRESAGING A PROBABLE VICTORY FOR THEM IN THE SECOND ROUND AS WELL. MAKE IT INCREASINGLY UNLIKELY THAT HE WILL BE ABLE TO ESTABLISH HIMSELF AS AN EFFECTIVE EXECUTIVE PRESIDENT, SO THAT HE WILL HAVE TO CONTENT HIMSELF WITH THE ROLE OF FIGURE-HEAD, WHICH IS WHAT ON PAPER THE CONSTITUTION PROVIDES, WITH A GOVERNMENT OUT OF HIS CONTROL AND OUT OF SYMPATHY WITH MANY OF HIS AIMS. THERE ARE RUMOURS THAT HE MAY RESIGN.
- 2. IT IS TOO SOON TO JUDGE IRANIAN REACTION TO THE AMERICAN MEASURES, ALTHOUGH BENESHTI IN A STATEMENT IN THE EARLY HOURS OF THE MORNING SPOKE OF THE NEED TO TIGHTEN BELTS AND TO FIGHT TO THE LAST DEOP OF BLOOD. I SHOULD EXPECT ANTI-AMERICAN DEMONSTRATIONS DESIGNED TO RALLY OPINION TO THE HARD-LINERS. AT A DEEPER LEVEL, MANY, PARTICULARLY OF BANI SADR'S PERSUASION, MUST BE AWARE THAT THE US MEASURES WILL COST IRAN DEAR, WHATEVER THE OUTCOME FOR THE HOSTAGES. INDEED, ONE DISADVANTAGE OF THE THIRD LITEM IN THE US PROGRAMME (THE PROPOSAL TO PAY AMERICAN CLAIMS FROM BLOCKED FUNDS) IS THAT ONCE THESE PRIVATE CLAIMS HAVE BEEN LAUNCHED THROUGH THE AMERICAN COURTS, IT WILL BE DIFFICULT IF NOT IMPOSSIBLE, IN DOMESTIC US TERMS, TO HALT THE PROCESS, AND THERE WILL THEREFORE BE LITTLE INCENTIVE ON THIS FRONT AT

CONFIDENMAL

13.EVEN

3. EVEN WITHOUT THESE FURTHER US MEASURES, IT IS CLEAR THAT THE IRANIAN ECONOMY IS ON THE ROCKS. EVEN THE NIOC, WHICH FOR MANY MONTHS REMAINED EFFICIENT, IS NOW IN A PARLOUS STATE AND OIL PRODUCTION IS NOW CERTAINLY BELOW THE 2 MILLION BARRELS A DAY WHICH JUST ABOUT COVERED DOMESTIC CONSUMPTION AND CONTRACT EXPORTS UNDER, AND FALLING. PRICES, EVEN OF STAPLE COMMODITIES SUCH AS BREAD WHICH HAVE BEEN HELD HITHERTO, ARE RISING, AND THE BLAME WILL BE LAID AT BANI SADR'S DOOR. EVEN AN EARLY RESOLUTION OF THE HOSTAGE ISSUE WILL NOT REMEDY THIS. ALTHOUGH THERE IS A SCHOOL OF THOUGHT THAT MAINTAINS THAT ONCE BEHESHT! AND HIS FRIENDS HAVE ATTAINED THEIR ENDS, THEY WILL HAVE NO FURTHER NEED OF THE HOSTAGES, I CANNOT BE OPTIMISTIC THAT A NEWLY ELECTED ASSEMBLY IN WHICH THE ISLAMIC REPUBLICAN PARTY HAS A WORKING MAJORITY IS GOING TO TAKE A SATISFACTORY DECISION ON THE ISSUE, EVEN IF THE AMERICANS CAN WAIT SO LONG. I FORESEE THEREFORE A LONG-DRAWN-OUT CRISIS ON BOTH THE INTERNATIONAL AND DOMESTIC FRONTS, WITH A STRONG RISK OF A FURTHER ROUND ON THE REVOLUTION, BRINGING IN EITHER A GOVERNMENT OF THE EXTREME LEFT, BOOSTED BY THE RECRUITMENT BROUGHT IN BY THE GENERAL ECONOMIC CONDITIONS, OR OF THE EXTREME RIGHT BASED ON SOME STRONG MAN, AS YET UNIDENTIFIED (AT LEAST BY ME), WHO IS ABLE TO CREATE A RELIABLE AND ADEQUATE, BUT NOT NECESSARILY LARGE, MILITARY FORCE. SOME SEE THE PRESENT CHIEF OF THE JOINT STAFF, GENERAL SHADMEHR, AS A POSSIBLE CANDIDATE FOR THIS ROLE, BUT THE TURN-OVER IN THAT POST HAS BEEN HIGH.

4. IN ONE SENSE, OF COURSE, THE TRANSFER OF THE HOSTAGES TO THE CUSTODY OF THE GOVERNMENT WAS AN ARTIFICIAL ISSUE. WHEN IT WAS ORIGINALLY MOOTED, WHEN THE UN COMMISSION OF ENQUIRY WAS IN TEHRAN, IT WAS SEEN AS A FIRST STAGE, OF SHORT DURATION, IN A PROCESS LEADING TO THEIR RELEASE. SINCE THEN WE HAVE ALL BEEN SUCKED INTO REGARDING IT AS A CONSTRUCTIVE MOVE, EVEN THOUGH IT LOOKED AS THOUGH THE IRANIAN GOVERNMENT WOULD THEMSELVES HAVE BEEN HOLDING THE HOSTAGES FOR A PERIOD OF 6 TO 8 WEEKS AT LEAST. TO THIS EXTENT THE FAILURE TO ARRANGE THE TRANSFER DOES NOT FUNDAMENTALLY ALTER THE SITUATION AND, IF WE COULD EXPLOIT THE OPENING IN THE STATEMENT BY THE IMAM'S OFFICE TO HAVE REGULAR VISITS INSTITUTED, THE STATE OF THE HOSTAGES MAY BE NO WORSE IN PRACTICE AND POSSIBLY EVEN BETTER THAN UNDER THE TRANSFER PLAN. IN BOTH CASES, THE NEED REMAINS TO SECURE THEIR RELEASE, AND UNDOUBTEDLY BANI SADR'S FAILURE HAS MADE THAT MUCH MORE FEO PASS SAVING TO RE POSTS AND UK DEL NATO, PROBLEMATICAL.

GRAHAM

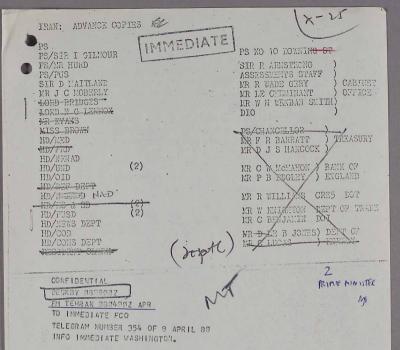
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MY TELNO 352 : VISITS TO US HOSTAGES.

- 1. THE LAST SENTENCE OF THIS STATEMENT APPEARS TO OPEN THE DOOR TO VISITS TO THE HOSTAGES QUOTE UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITIES UNQUOTE. THE SWISS AMBASSADOR, WHO SPENT YESTERDAY AFTERNOOM WITH QOTBZADEH AND BAMI SADR, TELLS ME THAT WHILE THESE TWO CLAIM THAT THIS HAS BEEN ACREED BY THE STUDENTS, HE THINKS THAT THE OPENING IS IN FACT A VERY SMALL ONE. NEVERTHELESS, UNLESS YOU SEE OBJECTION, I PROPOSE TO WRITE TO QOTBZADEH, WITH A COPY TO AMMED KHOMEINI, REFERRING TO THE OFFER AND SAYING THAT I WISH TO VISIT ALL THE HOSTAGES UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF THE RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITIES OF THE ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF TRAN.
- 2. IF ACCESS IS GRANTED, THE PRECEDENTS SUGGEST THAT I

- 2. IF ACCESS IS GRANTED, THE PRECEDENTS SUGGEST THAT I SHALL BE ASKED NOT TO DISCUSS WITH THE HOSTAGES CURRENT AFFAIRS AND TO AGREE TO BE BLIND-FOLDED. I SUPPOSE I SHOULD HAVE TO ACCEPT THE LATTER BUT I AM RELUCTANT TO ACCEPT THE FORMER. I MIGHT HAVE TO ACCEPT ALSO THAT THE RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITIES TURN OUT TO BE THE STUDENTS. HOWEVER, WHILE HALF A LOAF MIGHT BE BETTER THAN NO BREAD, I SHALL INSIST IN SEEING ALL, SINCE OTHERWISE THE VISIT IS OF LIMITED VALUE.
- I SHALL BE URGING MY COMMUNITY AND OTHER COLLEAGUES TO TAKE SIMILAR ACTION.
- 4. GRATEFUL FOR CONFIRMATION THAT YOU SEE NO OBJECTION.

GRAHAM

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FM WASHINGTON 090118Z APR 80

TD PRIORITY F C 0

TELEGRAM NUMBER 1305 OF 8 APRIL 1980

INFO UKMIS NEW YORK ROME OTTAWA TOKYO MOSCOW TEHRAN BONN PARIS
INFO SAVING OTHER EEC POSTS UKDEL NATO

IRAN HOSTAGES - PUBLIC REACTION TO U S GOVERNMENT MEASURES

1. TODAY'S WASHINGTON POST CARRIES REPORTS OF OFFICIAL BRIEFINGS TO JOURNALISTS YESTERDAY IN WHICH THE U S MEASURES WERE DESCRIBED AS THE THIRD PHASE OF THE CRISIS, FOLLOWING PHASES OF ESCALATING PRESSURES ON, AND LATTERLY OF NEGOTIATIONS WITH, THE IRANIAN GOVERNMENT. THE LATEST STEPS ARE SEEN QUOTE AS MORE IMPORTANT AS A TURNING POINT THAN AS A PRESSURE POINT UNQUOTE AND AS QUOTE A RETURN TO PRESSURES AND THREATS BUT IN MORE COMPLEX INTERNATIONAL CIRCUMSTANCES THAN BEFORE AND IN THE DEEPENING DOMESTIC POLITICAL STRUGGLES OF IRAM AND THE UNITED STATES UNQUOTE.

2. THE POST ALSO QUOTES AN OFFICIAL BRIEFING TO THE EFFECT THAT USRSTRAINT OVER IRAN WAS, IN PART, DUE TO DEFERENCE TO THE WISHES OF AMERICA'S ALLIES, NOTABLY IN WESTERN EUROPE AND JAPAN. THE OFFICIAL IS QUOTED AS SAYING THAT IT IS IN THE INTEREST OF AMERICA'S ALLIES QUOTE TO WORK WITH US TO RESOLVE THIS SITUATION NOW RATHER THAN FORCE THE UNITED STATES TO TAKE UNILATERAL ACTION THAT WOULD INVOLVE CONSIDERABLE RISK UNQUOTE. A SEPARATE ARTICLE IN THE POST BY TOM WICKER SUGGESTS THAT PRESSURE SHOULD NOW BE PUT ON AMERICA'S ALLIES TO BREAK RELATIONS WITH IRAN AND IMPOSE TRADE EMBARGOES BECAUSE THE LONG TERM CONSEQUENCES WOULD BE LESS DAMAGING AND FINAL THAN THOSE WHICH WOULD FOLLOW IF THE USWERE COMPELLED TO USE FORCE AGAINST IRAN.

3. PRESS ATTENTION ON THE ALLIES' RESPONSE TO THE U S MEASURES. IS LIKELY TO BE FOCUSSED MORE SHARPLY FOLLOWING THIS MORNING'S STATE DEPARTMENT BRIEFING AT WHICH HODDING CARTER IS REPORTED TO HAVE SAID QUOTE WHAT OUGHT TO BE CLEAR TO EVERYONE IS THAT THE LONGER THIS SITUATION DRAGS ON, THE MORE DANGEROUS IT BECOMES.... YOUR QUESTION RESTS ON THE PREMISE THAT THE FLOW OF IRANIAN OIL IS ONLY GOING TO BE DISTURBED BY SOME ACTIONS THAT THE EUROPEANS OR OTHER FRIENDS DO OR DO NOT TAKE. I WOULD SUGGEST THAT THERE ARE OTHER POSSIBILITIES AS TO WHAT MIGHT DISTURB IT''. HODDING CARTER ADDED THAT WHAT HE HAD SAID WAS NOT A THREAT BUT A STATEMENT OF REALITY. IN GENERAL, THE PRESS APPEAR TO BE PICKING UP OFFICIAL BRIEFING TO THE EFFECT THAT THE US GOVERNMENT IS BECOMING IMPATIENT WITH ITS ALLIES AND THAT THE US MEASURES WILL CREATE BOTH THE CLIMATE, AND THE NECESSARY LEVERAGE, TO PERSUADE THE ALLIES TO FOLLOW SUIT.

FCO PASS SAVING BRUSSELS, COPENHAGEN, DUBLIN, LUXEMBOURG, THE HAGUE, UKREP BRUSSELS, UKDEL NATO.

HENDERSON (REPEATED AS REQUESTED)

THIS TELEGRAM WAS NOT ADVANCED

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MR J C MOBERLY
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ASSESSMENTS STAFF
MR R WADE GERY
MR LE CHEMINATT
DIO

PS/CHANGELLOR
MR F R BARRATT
MR D J S HANCOCK

MR C W MCMAHON) BANK OF
MR P B EDGLEY
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TO IMMEDIATE F C 0
TELEGRAM NUMBER 1382 OF 8 APRIL 1980
INFO IMMEDIATE TEHRAN AND UKMIS NEW YORK

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YOUR TELNO 668: EXPULSION OF IRANIAN DIPLOMATS

FOLLOWING CONFIRMS TELECON FORTESCUE/RESIDENT CLERK

1. THERE WILL AFTER ALL BE NO, REPEAT NO, IRANIAN DIPLOMATS MEEDING ADMISSION TO BRITAIN IN ORDER TO APPLY FOR ASYLUM IN THE U.S. OF THOSE WHO HAVE REQUESTED ASYLUM, ALL HAVE BEEN TURNED DOWN EXCEPT ONE, BIADANI (MY TELNO 1368), WHO IS BEING ALLOWED TO GO INTO HOSPITAL HERE FOR TREATMENT OF HIS NERVOUS BREAKDOWN. HIS CASE MAY ARISE AGAIN IF HE LEAVES VIA LONDON LATER THIS WEEK.

2. ABOUT FORTY INAMIAN DIPLOMATS FROM WASHINGTON AND CHICAGO ARE DUE TO ARRIVE IN LONDON ON 9 APRIL ON FLIGHT HA195. MUCH SMALLER 2. ABOUT FORTY IRANIAN DIPLOMATS FROM WASHINGTON AND CHICAGO ARE DUE TO ARRIVE IN LONDON ON 9 APRIL ON FLIGHT DA193. MUCH SMALLER GROUPS WILL ARRIVE FROM NEW YORK (FLIGHT PA184) AND HOUSTON (FLIGHT BR246 AT GATWICK). NONE OF THESE WILL HAVE GUARANTEED ASYLUM IN THE U.S.

PLEASE PASS ADVANCE COPY TO M E D

HENDERSON

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bc: co

10 DOWNING STREET

From the Private Secretary

8 April 1980

Dea Stephen.

IRAN

As you know, the Prime Minister spoke with the Lord Privy Seal on the telephone this afternoon.

The Lord Privy told the Prime Minister that Ambassador Brewster had called on him and had handed over an aide-memoire asking us to intensify sanctions and break off diplomatic relations with the Iranians. He intended to consult colleagues on how we should respond to this aide-memoire. But Ambassador Brewster had also raised a question on which an urgent decision was needed - whether we would be prepared to give temporary sanctuary to fifteen Iranians whom, because they were out of sympathy with the Iranian regime or were married to Americans, the United States Administration did not wish to expel. Provided their number was limited to fifteen, and provided we were able to obtain an assurance from the Americans that they would be taken back within a few weeks at most, he was inclined to agree to the American proposal.

The Prime Minister said that she agreed, even though there was a slight risk of retaliation by the Iranians against our diplomats in Tehran. She hoped that the decision would be given as little publicity as possible, and to the extent that anything was said, it should be made clear that the Iranians concerned were being allowed to stop off in the U.K. only temporarily. She also asked that Sir John Graham should be warned. The Lord Privy said that he would ensure that this was done.

I am copying this letter to John Chilcot (Home Office).

n in

Time Luth.

S. J. Gomersall, Esq., Lord Privy Seal's Office.

URB

IRAN: ADVANCE COPLES &

PS NO 10 DOWNING ST SIR R SPESTRONG ASSESSMENTS STAFF) MR R WADE GERY MR LE CHEMINANT LER W N WENBAN SMITH) PS/CHANCELLOR MR F R BARRATT) TREASURY MR D J S HANCOCK) MR C W MCMAHON) BANK OF MR P B EDGLEY) ENGLAND LR R WILLIAMS CRES DOT MR W MNIGHTON DEPT OF TRADE MR C BENJAMIN DOI MR D LE B JOHES) DEFT OF MR C LUCAS) ENERGY

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DESKBY 071300Z
FM TEHRAN 071300Z APR 30
TO IMMEDIATE FCO
TELEGRAM NUMBER 353 OF 7 APRIL
AND TO IMMEDIATE (DESKBY 071900Z) MASHINGTON

US/IRAN: EASTER VISIT TO THE AMERICAN EMBASSY

- 1. THE AMERICANS MAY BE RECEIVING FIRST-HAND ACCOUNTS FROM
 THE VARIOUS CLERGYMEN INVOLVED BUT, IN CASE THEY ARE NOT,
 THE FOLLOWING IS BASED ON WHAT I HAVE BEEN TOLD BY THE PRONUMBER TOLD BY THE PRO-
- 2. IN ALL, PROBABLY ABOUT 40 HOSTAGES WERE SEEN IN ALL: ABOUT 20 BY A GROUP COMPOSED OF CAPUCCI, THE PRO-NUNCIO AND AN AMERICAN PROTESTANT PASTOR OF THE IRAN CRISIS COMMITTEE, AND THE REST, SEPARATELY BY 2 PROTESTANT PASTORS FROM KANSAS CITY AND ONE CATHOLIC PRIEST. THE MEETINGS TOOK PLACE BETWEEN 4 P.M. AND 3 P.M. OH EASTER SUNDAY AND THE HOSTAGES WERE BROUGHT IN TWO BY TWO WITH AN INTERVAL OF 5 MINUTES BETWEEN EACH PAIR. THEY

9 P.M. ON EASTER SUNDAY AND THE HOSTAGES WERE BROUGHT IN TWO
BY TWO WITH AN INTERVAL OF 5 MINUTES DETWEEN EACH PAIR. THEY
WERE SEATED ACROSS THE TABLE FROM THEIR VISITORS, FACING TV
CAMERAS. CAPUCCI APPARENTLY HAD MESSAGES FOR MOST OF THOSE HE
SAW. AFTER THEY HAD READ THEIR LETTERS FROM THEIR FAMILIES, THEY
WERE INVITED TO REPLY THERE AND THEN IN FRONT OF TELEVISION.
CAPUCCI HAS SAID ON RECORD, AND THE PRO-MUNCIO HAS CONFIRMED IT
PRIVATELY, THAT NEARLY ALL "ATTESTED TO THEIR BEING IN GOOD FORM
AND TO BEING WELL LOOKED AFTER. THEIR APPEARANCE WAS REASSURING,
THOUGH MOST WERE UNDERSTANDABLY ENOTIONAL IN SENDING MESSAGES
HOME". ANN SWIFT AND KATE KOOB WERE IN THE GROUP SEEN BY CAPUCCI
AND THE PRO-MUNCIO. THEY SAID THEY SHARED A ROOM AND WERE WELL
TREATED. THEY ALSO ASKED THE PRO-MUNCIO TO THANK THOSE AMONG
THE DIPLOMATIC CORPS WHO HAD COLLECTED CLOTHES ETC TO SEND THEM
AT SASYER, WHICH THEY HAD RECEIVED THAT DAY.

- 3. AFTER THE EXCHANGES OVER THE TABLE, THE THREE CLERGYMEN AND THE TWO HOSTAGES, IN EACH CASE, GOT UP AND TOOK REFRESHMENTS AT A SIDE TABLE FROM THE FOOD ITEMS CONTRIBUTED BY THE CORPS, THE ''STUDENTS'' WHO WERE IN THE ROOM KEEPING THEIR DISTANCE BUT OFFERING EACH HOSTAGE A BAG TO TAKE BACK WHAT THEY WISHED FROM THE FOOD TO THEIR ROOMS. EACH MEETING LASTED ABOUT 15 MINUTES.
- 4. 1 AM INFORMED THAT THERE WAS PROBABLY NO RELIGIOUS CEREMONY FOR ANYBODY.
- 5. THE PRO-NUNCIO WAS BLIND-FOLDED ON ENTRY AND EXIT OF THE BUILDING IN QUESTION BUT FROM WHAT HE COULD SEE, NOTED NO CHANGE FROM HIS PREVIOUS VISITS. CAPUCCI, WHO WAS NOT OFFICIALLY DESIGNATED A 'VATICAN ENVOY', DESPITE WHAT THE PRESS SAYS, BUT WHO HAD THE MEGESSARY PERMISSION TO PAY THE VISIT, SPENT MANY YOURS IN DISCUSSION WITH THE STUDENTS YESTERDAY. HE IS ALSO IN TOUCH WITH THE SWISS AMBASSADOR AND WITH BORGUET AND VILLALON, AS WELL AS THE PRO-NUNCIO, AND CONTRARY TO WHAT I THOUGH EARLIER (MY TELMO 350), T THINK THAT THE FIVE MAY BE WORKING TOGETHER, AT LEAST INFORMALLY.

GRAHAM

MY TELNO 348: US/IRAN

1. I HAVE ALSO BROUGHT MYSELF UP TO DATE WITH THE SWISS

AMBASSADOR (PLEASE PROTECT: IN PARTICULAR I SHOULD BE
GRATEFUL IF HE IS NOT QUOTED TO THE AMERICANS). HE IS AS CLOSE
TO THE AFFAIRS AS ANY NON-IRANIAN IN TEHRAN, ALTHOUGH HE WOULD
BE THE FIRST TO ADMIT THAT HE DOES NOT HAVE THE WHOLE STORY BY
ANY MEANS. THE AMERICANS, IT SEEMS, USE AS ALTERNATIVE CHANNELS
THE FRENCH LAWYERS BOURQUET AND CHERON AND THE ARGENTINE LAWYER
VILLALON, AND THOUGH LANG IS IN CONTACT WITH THEM, THEY DO NOT
TELL HIM IN DETAIL WHAT THEY ARE DOING.

INFO IMMEDIATE WASHINGTON, PRIORITY UKMIS NEW YORK,

2. LANG DELIVERED THE SECOND US MESSAGE IN THE SWISS CHANNEL,
WHICH CONTAINED NO TEXTS OF PROPOSED STATEMENTS, ON HIS
RETURN FROM A SHORT LEAVE OVER THE WEEKEND 29/30 MARCH AND SAW
BANI SADE LATE ON 31 MARCH AFTER A REVOLUTIONARY COUNCIL MEETING,
TO BE GIVEN THE RESPONSE. HE DESCRIBED BANI SADE AS EXHAUSTED
AND AT TIMES ALMOST INCOHERENT. SINCE THEN HE HAS BEEN IN TOUCH WITH BANI SADE AND HIS ENTOURAGE (ESPECIALLY SAID SANJABI, A
YOUNG STUDENT (ABOUT 24) WHO IS BANI SADE'S ADVISER ON FOREIGN

YOUNG STUDENT (ABOUT 24) WHO IS BANI SADR'S ADVISER ON FOREIGN AFFAIRS) ON A NUMBER OF OCCASIONS. HE DEDUCES THAT THE STATEMENT BY PRESIDENT CARTER AFTER BANI SADR'S SPEECH OF 1 APRIL WAS NOT PRECISELY WHAT BANI SADR HAD BEEN EXPECTING. LANG HAS ALSO HEARD THE REPORT EMANATING FROM REUTERS, THAT BANI SADR'S REACTION TO CARTER'S STATEMENT MAY HAVE BEEN AFFECTED BY A REPORT OF A SPEECH THAT CARTER GAVE THE SAME DAY, 1 APRIL, TO A TRACE UNION AUDIENCE IN WHICH HE HAD TAKEN A MUCH MORE BELLICOSE LINE OVER IRAN. REUTERS TELL US THAT THEY TELEPHONED THIS TO BANI SADR AT MIDNIGHT (TEHRAN TIME) IN ORDER TO OBTAIN HIS REACTION AND HE BLEW UP.

- 3. BE THAT AS IT MAY, IT IS CLEAR FROM WHAT LANG HAS TOLD ME
 THAT AT NO STAGE DID THE TWO PARTIES ATTEMPT TO AGREE
 THROUGH HIM THE TEXTS OF STATEMENTS TO BE EXCHANGED, WHICH WOULD
 BE THE NORMAL (AND THE ONLY SAFE) PROCEDURE: AND SINCE THE
 AMERICAN STATEMENTS INEVITABLY FALL SHORT OF IRANIAN EXPECTATIONS,
 BANI SADR ALWAYS FINDS HIMSELF IN THE POSITION OF HAVING TO
 PERSUADE THE REVOLUTIONARY COUNCIL TO ACCEPT AS ADEQUATE WHAT
 HE HIMSLEF FINDS LESS THAN SATISFACTORY.
- NEVERTHELESS, THE REVOLUTIONARY COUNCIL MET ON 3 APRIL AND. SO LANG TELLS ME, AGREEDYTO THE TRANSFER BY 8 VOTES TO 3 WITH TWO ABSENTEES. SO WHAT WENT WRONG? LANG BELIEVES THAT . BANI SADR IS WELL AWARE THAT THE WHOLE ISSUE, IF IT GOES WRONG, COULD DESTROY HIM AND SO IS DETERMINED TO GO WARILY, ACTING ONLY EITHER WITH UNANIMOUS RC BACKING OR A CLEAR STATEMENT BY KHOMEINI. MOREOVER HE FEARS, ACCORDING TO SANJABI, THAT ONCE THE GOVERNMENT HAS CUSTODY, IT WILL ITSELF COME UNDER CRITICISM FROM THE US AND OTHERS FOR CONTINUING TO HOLD THE HOSTAGES (HENCE HIS INSISTENCE IN PUBLIC STATEMENTS THAT THE US MUST REFRAIN FROM HOSTILE PROPAGANDA AND MUST NOT ONLY ACKNOWLEDGE THAT IT IS THE IRANIAN POSITION THAT THE RELEASE OF THE HOSTAGES IS A MATTER FOR THE MAJLES, BUT ALSO MUST ACCEPT THAT THE MAJLES HAS A RIGHT TO DO THIS. IT IS NOT ENOUGH TO EXPRESS 'UNDER-STANDING . OF THE IRANIAN POSITION: BANI SADR FEARS THAT WITHOUT EXPLICIT ACCEPTANCE OF THAT POSITION BY THE US, HE WILL COME IN FOR SUBSEQUENT REPROACH). ACCORDINGLY, LANG SAYS, BANI SADR ASKED FOR A " FAMILY" MEETING WITH KHOMEINI ON 5 APRIL, TO BE ATTENDED BY THE RC, REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STUDENTS AND HIMSELF. LANG HAD NOT HEARD THE OUTCOME WHEN I SAW HIM, BUT FROM WHAT COTBRADEN SAID TO ME ON G APRIL (PARAGRAPH 3 OF MY TUR), EMOMETRI MUST ONCE AGAIN HAVE DECLINED TO GIVE A CLEAR RULING, PREFERRING TO LEAVE IT TO THE RC. (ACCORDING TO PARS NEWS AGENCY BOTH MEA AND THE STUDENTS HAVE DENIED THIS MEETING TOOK PLACE.) HENCE THE MEETING OF THE DO

AGENCY BOTH MFA AND THE STUDENTS HAVE DENIED THIS MEETING TOOK PLACE.) HENCE THE MEETING OF THE RC ON 6 APRIL TO WHICH COTBZADEH REFERRED, WHICH IT APPEARS FROM PRESS REPORTS WAS CNOW AGAIN DIVIDED BUT MUST HAVE AGREED TO BANI SADR GOING AGAIN DIVIDED BUT MUST HAVE AGREED TO BANI SADR GOING AGAIN PROVIDED HE COULD OBTAIN KHOMEINI'S BLESSING (WHICH HE IS SEEKING TO-DAY). LANG BELIEVES INCIDENTALLY THAT KHOMEINI GENUINELY WANTS TO BOW OUT AND TO BUILD UP THE PRESIDENT AND THE ASSEMBLY, BELIEVING QUITE SINCERELY IN THE DEMOCRATIC PROCESS, BUT THAT HE HAS RESERVATIONS ABOUT BANI SADR AND IS IN FACT CLOSER TO QOTBZADEH HIS QUOTE FILS CHERI UNQUOTE.

5. ACCORDING TO LANG. THE FRENCH LAWYERS (PARA 1 ABOVE) ARE PLAYING AM ACTIVE AND HELPFUL ROLE. HE THINKS THAT THEY WERE FIRST RECRUITED BY OOTBZADEH, WHO KNEW THEM IN PARIS. SPECIFICALLY FOR THE EXTRADITION OF THE SHAH. THEIR ROLE. HOWEVER, HAS EXPANDED AND THEY APPEAR TO BE REGARDED AS ADVISERS ON THE ISSUE CEMERALLY, CHERON BEING PARTICULARLY INVOLVED IN THE LAWSUITS OVER TRAMIAN FUNDS. THEY ARE DRAWING UP A MEMORANDUM DESIGNED TO SHOW WHAT THE DISPUTE HAS ALREADY COST IRAN. IN HARD CASH: FOR EXAMPLE THEY ESTIMATE THAT THE FREEZING OF FUNDS, AS IT AFFECTS IRANIAN FUNDS IN FOREIGN BANKS, IS COSTING IRAN DOLLARS 180 M 4 DAY, AND THAT THE DAILY COST IN INTEREST FOREGONE ON FUNDS FROZEN IN THE US WORKS OUT AT DOLLARS 150M. LANG SPECULATES THAT IF THE PRESENT RC DEBATES PRODUCE NO SOLUTION. ONE IDEA IN DANI SADR'S MIND MAY BE TO PUT IN CUPUCCI, WHO IS IN TERRAN, TO BAT WITH KHOMEINI, WITH WHOM AS A MAN OF RELIGION, AN ARAB AND A PLO SUPPORTER HE HAS MUCH INFLUENCE, AND IF HE FAILS, FOR QUIBZADEN REALLY TO PUT HIS FUTURE ON THE LINE. THE PRESS SEEM TO HAVE GOT HOLD OF THE FIRST IDEA AND TO BE SPEAKING OF A FIVE MAN TEAM INCLUDING CAPUCCI, ONE OF THE FRENCH LAWYERS, VILALON, THE PRO-NUNCIO AND LANG HIMSELF: 1 THINK THIS IS NOT CORRECT ALTHOUGH ALL ARE WORKING SEPARATELY.

G. FINALLY THE IDEA OF GRAND COMMISSION OF ENQUIRY INTO THE MISDEEDS OF THE SHAH AND THE US, ON THE LINES OF THE NUREMBURG TRIAL, WHICH WAS FIRST FLOATED BY SEAM MCBRIDE UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF THE FRENCH COMMUNIST LAWYER, ALBALA, HAS RE-SUFFACE AND IS FINDING SOME FAVOUR WITH THE CLERICS OPPOSED TO BANI SADR (BEHESHTI, RAFSANJANI AND THE IRP) AND EVEN WITH SOME OF HIS SUPPORTERS. THIS TIME ANOTHER FRENCH COMMUNIST, A LAWYER GEORGES NORMAN, WHO HAS REGULARLY DEFENDED RUSSIAN AGENTS ON TRIAL IN FRANCE, AND THE AMERICAN COMMUNIST, NORMAN FORER, ARE INVOLVED. LANG (AND OOTSZADEN) HAVE NO DOUBT THAT THIS IS A SOVIET-INSPIRED PLOY. THE COMMISSION PROPOSED IS TO HAVE WIDE TERMS OF REFERENCE AND NO TIME LIMIT. IT COULD THUS ONLY SERVE TO PROLONG THE CRISIS. FROM MALICH THE GOVIET UNLOW

ONLY SERVE TO PROLONG THE CRISIS, FROM WHICH THE SOVIET UNION ALONE COULD PROFIT. LANG HIMSELF HAS ATQUED AGAINST IT ON LEGAL GROUNDS AND BECAUSE IT WOULD HAVE NO AUTHORITY AS ONLY THIRD-RATERS WOULD ACREE TO TAKE PART. THE FRENCH LAWYERS ALSO ARE ACTIVE IN OPPOSING IT, ARGUING, FIRST, THAT IT IS A SOVIET PLOT (AN ARGUMENT THAT BANI SADR, QOTBZADEN AND HABIBI SUCCESSFULLY USED IN FEBRUARY TO UNDERNINE BENESHTI ET AL WHO WERE SUPPORTING IT), AND THAT IF IT WERE TO BE ESTABLISHED, IT WOULD HAVE TO LOOK AT AFGHANISTAN, ISRAEL, SOUTH AFRICA ETC OR IT WOULD LACK CREDIBILITY.

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UNCLASSIFIED
FM WASHINGTON 082350Z APR 80
TO IMMEDIATE F C O
TELEGRAM NUMBER 1379 OF 8 APRIL 1980
INFO TEHRAN BONN PARIS AND UKMIS NEW YORK

mb

IRAN - U S MEASURES OF 7 APRIL.

THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBES THE SALIENT POINTS OF THE REGULATIONS RELATING TO THE MEASURES (COPY OF REGULATIONS BY BAG)

FINANCIAL AND TRADE RESTRICTIONS

2. EXCEPT AS AUTHORISED, NO PERSON SUBJECT TO THE JURISDICTION OF THE U S A SHALL DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, IN ANY TRANSACTION INVOLVING FRANIAN GOVERNMENT ENTITIES, OR ANY PERSON IN IRAN (1) MAKE AVAILABLE ANY NEW DEPOSIT FACILITIES OR ALLOW SUBSTANTIAL INCREASES (12 PERCENT GREATER THAN THE AVERAGE DALLY BALANCE IN THE SIX MONTH PERIOD PRIOT OF APPIL 1980) IN EXISTING NON-DOLLAR DEPOSITS (2) ALLOW MORE FAVOURABLE TERMS OF PAYMENT THAN CUSTOMARILY USED IN INTERNATIONAL COMMERCIAL TRANSACTIONS (3) FAIL TO ACT IN A BUSINESS LIKE MANNER IN EXERCISING ANY RIGHTS WHEN PAYMENTS DUE ON EXISTING CREDIT OR LOANS ARE NOT MADE IN A TIMELY MANNER.

3. THE FOLLOWING ARE PROHIBITED (1) SALE, SUPPLY OR TRANSFER BY ANY PERSON SUBJECT TO THE JURISDICTION OF THE U S A OF ANY ITEMS, COMMODITIES OR PRODUCTS EXCEPT FOOD, MEDICINE FROM THE U S A OR FROM ANY FOREIGN COUNTRY, WHETHER OR NOT ORIGINATING IN THE U S A, EITHER TO OR DESTINED FOR IRAN, OR ANY OTHER PERSON OR BODY FOR THE PURPOSE OF ANY ENTERPRISE CARRIED ON IN IRAN (2) SHIPMENT BY VESSEL ETC OF U S REGULATION, OR OWNED OR UNDER CHARTER TO A PERSON SUBJECT TO U S JURISDICTION, OR THE CARRIAGE ACROSS THE U S A, OF ITEMS LISTED AS (1): (3) SHIPMENT FROM THE U S A OF THOSE ITEMS; (4) ENGAGING IN ANY SERVICE CONTRACT IN SUPPORT OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS IN IRAN, EXCEPT SUCH CONTRACTS ENTERED INTO PRIOR TO 7 APRIL 1980, OR CONCERNED WITH MEDICAL SERVICES.

4. THE PROHIBITIONS IN PARAS 2 AND 3 DO NOT APPLY TO A PERSON SUBJECT TO THE JURISDICTION OF THE U S A WHICH IS A KNON-BANK ASSOCIATION, COPPORATION OR OTHER ORGANISATION ORGANISED AND DOING BUSINESS UNDER THE LAWS OF ANY FOREIGN COUNTRY, BUT THE U S PARENT MUST REPORT TO THE TREASURY 10 DAYS BEFORE ANY SUBSIDIARY ENTERS HITO A TRANSACTION WITH HRAN. THE SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION TO THE REGULATIONS STATES QUOTE IT IS EXPECTED THAT OVERSEAS SUBJIDIARIES OF U S PERSONS WILL NOT MAKE EXPORTS PROHIBITED BY THE REGULATIONS UNQUOTE.

ASSETS AND CLAIMS

5. REPORTS WITH RESPECT TO BLOCKED IRANIAN ASSETS HELD BY ANY PERSON SUBJECT TO U.S. JURISDICTION BETWEEN 14 NOVEMBER 1979 AND 31 MARCH 1980 ARE TO BE FILED BY 15 MAY BY SUCH PERSONS, OR ANY BUSINESS OR NON BUSINESS IN THE U.S. IN WHICH IRAN HELD A FINANCIAL INTEREST, PROPERTY OF PRIVATE IRANIAN NATIONALS NOT TO BE REPORTED.

6. PERSONS, SUBJECT TO THE JURISDICTION OF THE U S WHICH HAVE CLAIMS AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT OF IRAN, OR ITS AGENCIES OR INSTRUMENTALITIES MUST FILE CLAIMS BY 15 MAY IN RESPECT OF LOSSES DUE TO EXPROPRIATION NATIONALISATION OR OTHER TAKING OF PROPERTY OR BUSINESSES IN IPAN, INCLUDING SPECIAL IRANIAN EXCHANGE CONTROL MEASURES: CLAIMS FOR EBST DEFAULTS, DAMAGES FOR BREACH OF CONTROLT OR SIMILAR DAMAGE, AND PERSONAL CLAIMS FOR SALARIES OR FOR INJURY TO PERSON OR PROPERTY.

7. REPORTING UNDER PARAS 5-6 ABOVE IS COMPULSORY. NO REPORT IS TO BE SUBMITTED BY (A) A U S BRANCH OF A FOREIGN FIRM NOT OWNED OR CONTROLLED BY A PERSON SUBJECT TO THE JURISDICTION OF THE U S, OR (B) BY A NON-RESIDENT ALIEN. RESPONSIBILITY FOR REPORTING IN RESPECT OF FOREIGN FIRMS OWNED BY A U S PARENT LIES WITH THE PARENT PERSON SUBJECT TO THE JURISDICTION OF THE U S A 13 DEFINED AS (1) ANY PERSON MHERESOEVER LOCATED WHO IS A CITIZEN OR A RESIDENT OF THE U S A (2) ANY PERSON ACTUALLY WITHIN THE U S A (3) ANY CORPORATION ORGANISED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE U S A OR ANY STATE OF THE U S A (4) ANY CORPORATION OR OTHER ORGANISATION WHERESOEVER ORGANISED AND DOING BUSINESS WHICH IS OWNED OR CONTROLLED BY PERSONS SPECIFIED AT (1), (2) OR (3) ABOVE.

8. IN RELATION TO THE REPORTING OF ASSETS THE INSTRUCTIONS SAY THAT INTER ALIA THE FOLLOWING PERSONS SUBJECT TO US JURISDICTION WHO HELD BETWEEN 14 NOVEMBER 1979 AND 31 MARCH 1980 RELEVANT ASSET WILL HAVE A REPORTING OBLIGATION (1) ALL BANKS WITHIN THE US, INCL. US SUBSIDIARIES, BRANCHES, AND AGENCIES OF FOREIGN BANKS (2) FOREIGN SUBSIDIARIES, BRANCHES AND AGENCIES OF US BANKS, (3) FOREIGN BRANCHES AND AGENCIES OF US SUBSIDIARIES FOREIGN BANKS (4) ALL BANKS, BROKERS, DEALERS OR OTHER CUSTODIANS (5) NON BANKING BUSISINESSES INCL. FOREIGN BRANCHES AND SUBSIDIARIES.

9. SUBMISSION OF REPORTS UNDER PARA 6 DOES NOT CONSTITUTE THE FILING WITH THE U S GOVERNMENT OF A FORMAL CLAIM FOR COMPENSATION. NO DECISION HAS YET BEEN REACHED ON WHETHER A FORMAL CLAIMS ADJUDIC— ATION PROGRAM WILL BE ESTABLISHED.

10. PLEASE ADVANCE TO LAVELLE (TREASURY), M D C JOHNSON, CRE2, DEPT OF TRADE, AND TO M E D AND F R D FCO.

HENDERSON

FCO WHITEHALL MED FRD

PS NO 10 DOWNING ST PS/SIR I GILMOUR PS/MR HURD SIR R ARMSTRONG ASSESSMENTS STAFF STR D MAITLAND MR R WADE GERY - WR J C MOBERLY MR LE CHEMINANT LORD PRINCES MR BULLARD MR W N WENBAN SMITH LORD I G LENNOX DIO MR EVANS MISS BROWN PS/CHANCELLOR HD/MED MR F R BARRATT HD/FRD MR D J S HANCOCK MR C W MCMAHON (2) HD/UND MR P B EDGLEY RD/OID HD/DEF DEPT MR R WILLIAMS HD/MINE NAD CRE5 DOT (2) HD/ES & SD DEPT OF TRADE MR C BYNJAMIN MR D LE B JONES) DEPT OF HD/COD HD/CONS DEPT MR/C LUCAS RESIDENT CLERK

GRS 440

CONFIDENTIAL

DESKEY FCO CABINET OFFICE AND BOX 500 080800Z

DESKEY TEHRAN AND UKHIS NEW YORK FIRST CONTACT

FM WASHINGTON 080135Z APR 80

TO IMMEDIATE FCO

TELEGRAM NO 1368 OF 7 APRIL

INFO IMMEDIATE CABINET OFFICE (FOR DIO) BOX 500 0KM IS NEW YORK

MY TEL NO 1361

TEHRAN

EXPULSION OF IRANIAN DIPLOMATS FROM US

1. WHEN I SAW NEWSOM ON OTHER BUSINESS THIS AFTERNOON HE RAISED ONE POINT RELATING TO THE IRANIAN DIPLOMATS WHO HAVE BEEN ORDERED TO LEAVE THE US. HE SAID THE IMMEDIATE US OBJECTIVE WAS TO ENSURE THAT ALL THE IRANIAN DIPLOMATS LEAVE. NEVERTHELESS THERE MIGHT BE SOME AMONGST THEM WHO WOULD HAVE A LEGITIMATE CLAIM FOR ASYLUM OR FOR TREATMENT AS IMMIGRATION CASES, FOR INSTANCE THOSE WHO HAVE AMERICAN HUSBANDS OR WIVES. IT WAS POSSIBLE THAT SOME OF THESE WOULD

AMERICAN HUSBANDS OR WIVES. IT WAS POSSIBLE THAT SOME OF THESE WOULD WISH TO STOP IN LONDON ON THEIR WAY THROUGH. IF SO THE STATE DEPARTMENT HOPED WE WOULD GIVE THEM AN OPPORTUNITY TO APPLY TO STAY IN THE NUMBERS CONCERNED WOULD CERTAINLY BE FEW. THE US EMBASSY HAVE ALREADY RAISED THIS ON INSTRUCTIONS WITH THE FCO BUT HAD ENCOUNTERED HESITANCY NEWSOM SAID HE VERY MUCH HOPED WE COULD HELP.

- 2. I ASKED HOW THE INDIVIDUALS CONCERNED COULD BE IDENTIFIED.

 NEWSOM SAID THE STATE DEPARTMENT WILL ADVISE US OF ANY REQUESTS

 RECEIVED. ONE REQUEST FOR ASYLUM (PERMANENT RESIDENT ALIEN STATUS

 IN FACT), PRECHT TOLD US SEPARATELY, HAS BEEN MADE TODAY BY

 ABDUL-AZIM BIABANI, THE NUMBER TWO AT THE EMBASSY WHO WAS

 PREVIOUSLY ADMINISTRATION COUNSELLOR UNDER ZAHEDI. PRECHT EXPLAINED

 THAT IN THIS CASE AT LEAST THE HELP HMG COULD PROVIDE WOULD BE

 TO ALLOW BIABANI INTO THE UK, IF HE SO WISHED, LONG ENOUGH FOR HIM

 TO MAKE A RENEWED APPLICATION AT THE US EMBASSY IN LONDON, WHICH

 COULD THEN BE CONSIDERED ON ITS MERITS AND WITHOUT THE PRESSURE

 OF THE PRESIDENT'S DEADLINE OF MIDNIGHT 8/9 APRIL.
- 3. THE IRANIAN DIPLOMATS ARE BEING PERMITTED TO FOLLOW ONLY REGULARLY TRAVELLED ROUTES BETWEEN HOME AND OFFICE, AND BEING RESTRICTED OTHERWISE TO WITHIN TWO MILES RADIUS OF THEIR HOMES, AND THE FBI ARE ATTACHING AGENTS ON QUOTE OVERT SURVEILLANCE UNQUOTE TO EACH IRANIAN DIPLOMAT, PRIMARILY TO ENSURE PROMPT DEPARTURE. THE FBI HAVE BEEN INSTRUCTED TO PREVENT IRANIAN DIPLOMATS ACCREDITED TO THE US FROM GOING INTO THE IRANIAN MISSION TO THE UN IN NEW YORK.
- 4. THE STATE DEPARTMENT ARE PROPOSING TO ALLOW THE IRANIANS TO DESIGNATE ONE PERSON TO LOOK AFTER THEIR EMBASSY UNTIL A PROTECTING POWER HAS BEEN APPOINTED. THEY ENVISAGE THAT THE IRANIAN CONSULATES WILL BE SEALED.
- 5. STATE HAVE ENSURED THAT THERE ARE SEATS AVAILABLE ON PANAM FLIGHT 104 LEAVING WASHINGTON 1830 ON 8 APRIL VIA NEW YORK, ETA LONDON 1010 9 APRIL (THE FLIGHT CONTINUES TO HAMBURG AND BERLIN).
- 6. PRECHT WOULD BE GRATEFUL FOR AN IMMEDIATE REACTION TO HIS PROPOSITION IN PARA 2 ABOVE.

HEN DER SON

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DESKBY FCO Ø80800Z

DESKBY TEHRAN FIRST CONTACT

FM. WASHINGTON Ø72330Z APR 80

TO IMMEDIATE FCO

TELEGRAM NO 1361 OF 7 APRIL

INFO IMMEDIATE TEHRAN BONN PARIS

ROUTINE UKMIS NEW YORK FOME OTTAWA TOKYO MOSCOW

INFO SAVING OTHER EEC POSTS UKDEL NATO

YOUR TELNO 656: IRAN HOSTAGES - AMERICAN MEASURES

1. FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF PRESIDENT CARTER'S STATEMENT THIS AFTER-MOON:

BEGINS

EVER SINCE IRANIAN TERRORISTS IMPRISONED AMERICAN EMBASSY PERSONNEL IN TEHRAN EARLY IN NOVEMBER THESE FIFTY MEN AND WOMEN, THEIR SAFETY, THEIR HEALTH AND THEIR FUTURE HAVE BEEN OUR CENTRAL CONCERN. WE HAVE MADE EVERY EFFORT TO OBTAIN THEIR RELEASE ON HONGURABLE, PEACEFUL AND HUMANITARIAN TERMS BUT THE IRANIAMS

HONOURABLE, PEACEFUL AND HUMANITARIAN TERMS BUT THE TRANSLANS
HAVE PEFUSED TO RELEASE THEM OR EVEN TO IMPROVE THE INHUMANE
CONDITIONS UNDER WHICH THESE AMERICANS ARE BEING HELD CAPTIVE.

THE EVENTS OF THE LAST FEW DAYS HAVE REVEALED A NEW AND SIGNIFICANT DIMENSION IN THIS MATTER. THE MILITANTS CONTROLLING THE EMBASSY HAVE STATED THEY ARE WILLING TO TURN THE HOSTAGES OVER TO THE COVERNMENT OF IRAN, BUT THE GOVERNMENT HAS REFUSED TO TAKE CUSTODY OF THE AMERICAN HOSTAGES. THIS LAYS BARE THE FULL RESPONSIBILITY OF THE AYATOLLAH KHOMEINI AND THE REVOLUTIONARY COUNCIL FOR THE CONTINUED ILLEGAL AND CUTRAGECUS HOLDING OF THE INNOCENT HOSTAGES. THE IRANIAN GOVERNMENT CAN NO LONGER ESCAPE FULL RESPONSIBILITY FOR HIDING BEHIND THE MILITANTS AT THE EMBASSY.

IT MUST BE MADE CLEAR THAT THE FAILURE TO RELEASE THE HOSTAGES WILL INVOLVE INCREASINGLY HEAVY COST TO IRAN AND TO ITS INTERESTS. I HAVE TODAY ORDERED THE FOLLOWING STEPS:

FIRST, THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA IS BREAKING DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH THE GOVERNMENT OF IRAN. THE SECRETARY OF STATE HAS INFORMED THE GOVERNMENT OF IRAN THAT ITS EMBASSY, AND CONSULATES IN THE UNITED STATES ARE TO BE CLOSED IMMEDIATELY. ALL IRANIAN DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR OFFICIALS HAVE BEEN DECLARED PERSONA NON GRATA AND MUST LEAVE THIS COUNTRY BY MIDNIGHT TEMORROW:

SECOND, THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY WILL PUT INTO EFFECT OFFICIAL SANCTIONS PROHIBITING EXPORTS FROM THE UNITED STATES TO IRAN IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SANCTIONS APPROVED BY TEN MEMPERS OF THE UNITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL ON JANUARY 13 IN THE RESOLUTION WHICH WAS VETOED BY THE SOVIET UNION. ALTFOUGH SHIPMENT OF FOOD AND MEDICINE WERE NOT INCLUDED IN THE UN SECURITY COUNCIL VOTE. IT IS EXPECTED THAT EXPORTS EVEN OF THESE ITEMS TO IRAN WILL BE MINIMAL OR NON-EXISTENT: THIRD. THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY WILL MAKE A FORMAL INVENTORY OF THE ASSETS OF THE IRANIAN GOVERNMENT WHICH WERE FROZEN BY MY PREVIOUS ORDER. AND ALSO MAKE A CENSUS OR AN INVENTORY OF THE OUTSTANDING CLAIMS OF AMERICAN CITIZENS AND CORPORATIONS AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT OF IRAN. THIS ACCOUNTING OF CLAIMS WILL AID IN DESIGNING A PROGRAMME AGAINST IRAN FOR THE HOSTAGES, FOR THE HOSTAGE FAMILIES AND OTHER US CLAIMANTS. WE ARE NOW PREPARING LEGISLATION WHICH WILL BE INTRODUCED IN THE CONGRESS TO FACILITATE PROCESSING AND PAYING CF THESE CLAIMS: FOURTH. THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY AND THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

WILL INVALIDATE ALL VISAS ISSUED TO IRANIAN CITIZENS FOR

FOURTH, THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY AND THE ATTORNEY GENERAL WILL INVALIDATE ALL VISAS ISSUED TO IRANIAN CITIZENS FOR FUTURE ENTRY INTO THE UNITED STATES EFFECTIVE TODAY. WE WILL NOT REISSUE VISAS, NOR WILL WE ISSUE NEW VISAS EXCEPT FOR COMPELLING AND PROVEN HUMANITARIAN REASONS OR WHERE THE NATIONAL INTEREST OF OUR OWN COUNTRY REQUIRES IT. THIS DIRECTIVE WILL BE INTERPRETED VERY STRICTLY.

IN ORDER TO MINIMISE INJURY TO THE HOSTAGES THE UNITED STATES HAS ACTED AT ALL TIMES WITH EXCEPTIONAL PATIENCE AND RESTRAINT IN THIS CRISIS. WE HAVE SUPPORTED SECRETARY GENERAL WALDHEIM'S ACTIVITIES UNDER THE UNITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL MANDATE TO WORK FOR A PEACEFUL SOLUTION. WE WILL CONTINUE TO CONSULT WITH CUR ALLIES AND OTHER FRIENDLY GOVERNMENTS ON THE STEPS WE ARE NOW TAKING AND ON ADDITIONAL MEASURES WHICH MAY BE REQUIRED. I AM COMMITTED TO THE SAFE RETURN OF THE AMERICAN HOSTAGES AND TO THE PRESERVATION OF OUR NATIONAL HONOUR. THE HOSTAGES AND THEIR FAMILIES, INDEED ALL OF US IN AMERICA, HAVE LIVED WITH THE REALITY AND THE ANGUISH OF THEIR CAPITVITY FOR FIVE MONTHS. THE STEPS I HAVE GRDERED TODAY ARE THOSE THAT ARE NECESSARY NOW. OTHER ACTIONS MAY BECOME NECESSARY IF THESE STEPS DO NOT PRODUCE THE PROMPT RELEASE OF THE HOSTAGES.

ENDS

2. PLEASE PASS ADVANCE COPIES TO MED AND LAVELLE (TREASURY)

FCO PASS SAVING BRUSSELS COPENHAGEN DUBLIN LUXEMEOURG THE HAGUE UKREP BRUSSELS.

HENDER SON

NNNN



EMBASSY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

London, England

Tran

April 6, 1980

The Right Honorable Margaret Thatcher Prime Minister

Dear Prime Minister:

I enclose a message received early this morning from President Carter.

Yours Sincerely.

Robert J. Morris Acting Deputy Chief of Mission

Prime Minister,

I have also attached the President's earlier message to which he refers.

Duty Clark 6/4.



SUBJECT PRIME MINISTER'S

EMBASSY OF PERSONAL MESSAGE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
SERIAL No. 176/80
London, England

April 6, 1980

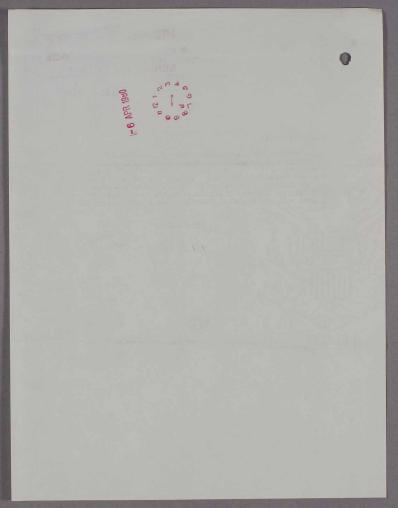
Dear Margaret:

Despite our persistent efforts, the Iranian authorities have still not taken steps to transfer the hostages to the full custody and protection of the Revolutionary Council. I want you to know that if the issue of the transfer is not satisfactorily resolved on Monday, I intend promptly thereafter to impose the additional measures which I have described to you.

Sincerely.

/s/ Jimmy

Je Fro



GR 200

CONFIDENTIAL

FM TEHRAN 020725Z APR 90

TO IMMEDIATE FCO

TELEGRAM NUMBER 342 OF 2 APRIL

INFO IMMEDIATE WASHINGTON PRIORITY EC POSTS, OTTAWA, TOKYO,

UKDEL NATO, UKMIS GENEVA AND UKMIS NEW YORK.

WASHINGTON TELNO 1314: US/IRAN.

UNLESS THERE IS SOMETHING IN THE U.S.-IRANIAN EXCHANGES OF WHICH WE ARE UNAWARE. THE AUGURIES FOR AN EARLY TRANSFER OF THE HOSTAGES TO GOVERNMENT/REVOLUTIONARY COUNCIL CONTROL DO NOT LOOK GOOD. NEITHER KHOMEINI'S NOR BANI SADR'S SPEECH AT YESTERDAY'S REPUBLIC DAY CEREMONY SEEMS TO HAVE ADVANCED MATTERS SUBSTANTIALLY. KHOMEINI INDULGED IN ONE OF HIS VICTOUS ANTI-AMERICAN DIATRIBES. HOWEVER, WHEN HE SAID THAT THE SOLUTION OF THE HOSTAGE ISSUE WAS UP TO THE IRANIAN PEOPLE ONLY AND THE ASSEMBLY CHOSEN BY THEM. THIS DOES NOT PRESUMABLY PRECLUDE TRANSFER OF CONTROL IN THE INTERIM. IN THE CASE OF BANI SADR, PRESENT INDICATIONS ARE THAT HE WILL INSIST ON SOME KIND OF FORMAL STATEMENT FROM THE U.S. GOVERNMENT, WHICH, ON THE FACE OF IT, THEY WILL FIND DIFFICULT TO PROVIDE. FOR EXAMPLE. EVEN IF THE U.S. GOVERNMENT UNDERTOOK NOT TO INITIATE PROPAGANDA AGAINST IRAN, THE IRANIANS MIGHT WELL ARGUE SUBSEQUENTLY THAT THIS SHOULD EMBRACE THE CRITICISM OF IRAN . IN THE AMERICAN PRESS THAT ONE MUST ASSUME WILL CONTINUE.

WYATT

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TEHRAN SPECIAL

CONFIDENTIAL

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	PS/CHANCHLOR) HER F R BARRATT) TREASUR HER D J S HANCOCK)
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CONFIDENTIAL

DESKRY 232900Z FM WASHINGTON 022310Z APR 80

TO IMMEDIATE F C O

TELEGRAM NUMBER 1332 OF 2 APRIL INFO IMMEDIATE TEHRAN, PRIORITY EC POSTS, OTTAWA, TORYO, UKDEL NATO, UKMIS GENEVA, UKMIS NEW YORK.

B 0309002

US/IRAN: MYTEL NO 1305

1. ALMINISTRATION OFFICIALS INSIST THAT CARTER'S REMARKS WELCOMING BANI SADR'S PROPOSAL FOR THE HOSTAGES' TRANSFER CONSTITUTE THE AMERICAN RESPONSE TO IRANIAN DEMANDS FOR A FORMAL U.S. STATEMENT. FOLLOWING BAN! SADR'S REPORTED COMMENT THAT THIS WAS NOT ENOUGH, JODY POWELL SAID TODAY THAT THE ADMINISTRATION WAS QUOTE TRYING TO DETERMINE WHAT THE POSITION OF THE IRANIAN LEADERS IS UNQUOTE. SICK (NSC) HAS TOLD US THAT THE PRESIDENT DELIBERATELY AVOIDED ADDRESSING BANI SADR'S DEMANDS THAT THE U.S. AVOID FURTHER PROPA-GANDA AGAINST IRAN AND THAT IT WAS NOT YET CERTAIN THAT THE IRANIANS HAD FINALLY REJECTED CARTER'S RESPONSE. THERE WAS A LIMIT TO HOW FAR CARTER COULD GO, BUT IF IT PROVED NECESSARY, THE ADMINISTRATION WAS

HAD FINALLY REJECTED CARTER'S RESPONSE. THERE WAS A LIMIT TO HOW FAR CARTER COULD GO, BUT IF IT PROVED NECESSARY, THE ADMINISTRATION WAS PREPARED TO CONCOCT A NEW STATEMENT FROM OLD CHES CONFIRMING THE AMERICANS'. WISH TO HAVE GOOD RELATIONS WITH IRAN ETC.

2. TODAY'S NEW YORK TIMES REPORTS THAT THE MEASURES POSTPONED YESTERDAY MIGHT BE INTRODUCED AS EARLY AS THE END OF THE WEEK IF THERE IS NO MOVEMENT OVER THE HOSTAGES. THE IRAN TASK FORCE (STATS DEPT) HAVE TOLD US IN COMFIDENCE THAT THIS COULD HAPPEN AFTER 48 HOURS, AND SICK (NSC) SAYS THAT A DECISION WILL NEED TO BE TAKEN WITHIN QUOTE A MATTER OF DAYS UNQUOTE. THE AMERICANS ARE TAKING THE LINE THAT THE NEXT MOVE IS UP TO BAN! SADR.

HENDERSON

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PM WASHINGTON 2120592 APR 80
TO IMMEDIATE F C 0
TEL NO 1302 OF 01 APRIL 1980.
INFO IMMEDIATE TEHRAN (FIRST CONTACT) PRIORITY EC POSTS, OTTAWA
TOKYO, UKDEL NATO, UKMIS GENEVA.
INFO SAVING TO BERNE.

IRAN.

WARREN CHRISTOPHER RANG ME THIS EVENING (31 MARCH) TO LET ME MEMOW WHERE MATTERS STOOD. HE SAID THAT THE AMERICANS HAD HAD A NUMBER OF INDICATIONS THAT THE REVOLUTIONARY COUNCIL., AFTER LONG SESSIONS YESTERDAY AND TODAY, HAD TAKEN THE DECISION TO TRANSFER CONTROL OF THE MOSTAGES TO THE IRANIAN GOVERNMENT. THE COUNCIL HAD NOT, OF COURSE, FORMALLY ANNOUNCED THIS BUT QUOTE OUR SOURCES UNQUOTE SAID THAT BOTH THE HILITANTS AND KHOMEIN! HAD AGREED TO THE TRANSFER. AGAINST THIS, THE AMERICANS HAD HAD DISTURBING INDICATIONS LATE TODAY THAT THE LOEA WAS EMERGING IN TEHRAN OF THE GOVERNMENT SHARING CONTROL OF THE HOSTAGES WITH THE MILITANTS IN THE EMBASSY). THE AMERICANS WERE TELLING THE MILITANTS IN THE EMBASSY). THE AMERICANS WERE TELLING THE HANIANS THAT THIS WOULD NOT DO:

- 2. CHRISTOPHER SAID THAT IT HAD JUST BEEN ANNOUNCED THAT THE PRESIDENT WOULD DEFER HIS PUBLIC STATEMENT, PROMISED FOR TODAY, JUSTIL TOMORROW. THIS WAS OCCASIONED BY THE EXPECTATION THAT BANI SADR WOULD MAKE A STATEMENT AT NOON TOMORROW AND AMOUNTED TO AN EXTENSION OF THE ORIGINAL U.S. DEADLINE TO ALLOW THE AMERICANS TO DIGEST WHAT BANI SADR HAD TO SAY.
- 3. CHRISTOPHER SAID THAT THE ADMINISTRATION GREATLY APPRECIATED THE SUPPORT THAT WE AND OTHERS HAD GIVEN THEM OVER THE LAST FEW DAYS AND WERE IN NO DOUBT THAT THIS SUPPORT HAD BEEN A FACTOR IN INTRODUCING THE PRESENT MOVEMENT INTO THE SITUATION. THE FINAL DUESTION REMAINED WHETHER THE IPANIANS WOULD BE ABLE TO SUMMON UP THE NECESSARY COURAGE FINALLY AND PUBLICLY TO TAKE THE STEP OF TRANSFERRING THE HOSTAGES.

. CONFIDENTIAL /4. ON THE

4. ON THE CONFUSED QUESTION OF PRESIDENTIAL MESSAGES TO THE IRANIANS, CHRISTOPHER AFFIRMED THAT NEITHER THE PRESIDENT NOR ANYONE ELSE HAD SENT A MESSAGE RESEMBLING THAT PUBLISHED IN THE NEW YORK TIMES TO-DAY (COPY BY BAG). TWO MESSAGES HAD BEEN SENT (GOVERNMENT TO GOVERNMENT, NOT TO KHOMEINI). THE FIRST WENT EARLY LAST WEEK TO BANISADR, STIPULATING THAT UNLESS SOMETHING HAD BEEN DONE BY TODAY THE AMERICANS WOULD HAVE TO TAKE FURTHER ACTION. THE SECOND HAD BEEN SENT ON SATURDAY. AFTER THE ALLEGED CARTER MESSAGE TO KHOMEINI, REITERATING AMERICAN CONCERN AND HOPE THAT BANI SADR WOULD BE ABLE TO TAKE SOME ACTION. CHRISTOPHER SAID THAT THE NEW YORK TIMES ARTICLE AND STATEMENTS BY BANI SADR AND THE SWISS HAD MUDDIED THE WATERS! BUT HE THOUGHT THAT THE PRESS WERE WOW GETTING THE PICTURE STRAIGHTENED OUT.

5. I THANKED CHRISTOPHER FOR THIS ACCOUNT WHICH DOES INDEED SEEM TO ME TO MAKE PROGRESS IN THE PILGRIMAGE TOWARDS CONSULTATION.

FCO PASS SAVING BERNE.

HENDERSON

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[REPEATED AS REQUESTED]



PRIME MINISTER

Review of the United Kingdom Response to Pressure for
Voluntary Measures against Iran
(OD(80) 33)

BACKGROUND

This paper by the official group on Iran is intended to meet OD's remit of 19th March (OD(80) 8th Meeting, Item 4) to consider what would be involved in meeting President Carter's request, in his message to you of 13th March, that we should continue to apply the voluntary economic measures against Iran which we first adopted in January.

- 2. President Carter's subsequent message of 25th March (to which you replied on 29th March) alarmed his allies, us included, by its talk of an ultimatum to the Iranians at what seems the wrong moment. But he has not asked us for additional economic measures. The measures discussed in the paper have not therefore been overtaken, though the circumstances make it politically much more difficult to contemplate discontinuing any of them.
- 3. In fact, the arguments for withdrawing any of the measures now are not strong. The informal financial measures can be maintained more or less indefinitely. We are not at present under any Iranian pressure for "sharply different" oil prices; and though our companies' market position could make them vulnerable to such pressure in the future, we are not committed to more than using our "best endeavours" to stiffen their resistance as an element in general international restraint. The main difficulty is likely to arise from the ban on the export of defence equipment, where the cost and risks of continuing to hold up deliveries could mount sharply.
- 4. The Secretaries of State for Industry and for Energy, and the Attorney General have been invited to attend for this item.

 HANDLING
- 5. You will wish to inform the Committee of your own exchanges with President Carter and Chancellor Schmidt; and then invite <u>Lord Carrington</u> to assess the position in Iran, the latest American thinking, and the reactions

of other recipients of President Carter's latest message. The Committee's assessment of these factors will provide the background for discussion of the review of voluntary economic measures.

- 6. You will wish to have the confirmation of the Chancellor of the

 Exchequer that the informal financial measures can be kept in place
 without damage to United Kingdom interests. Does Mr. Nott agree with that?
- 7. You could then invite Mr. Howell to say whether he anticipates
 Iranian demands for any disproportionate increase in prices and what plans
 he has for consultations with the United States in such an eventuality.
 Should the American companies be pressed to offer to help our companies
 if they run short of oil through resisting Iranian demands?
- 8. Finally, you could invite Mr. Pym to assess the problems and costs of continuing to hold up orders for defence equipment, in particular the Kharg. Sir Keith Joseph and Mr. Nott may wish to comment on the implications for British industry and for the United Kingdom's reputation as a reliable supplier of such equipment. In the Kharg case, who is going to pick up the bill for any losses incurred by British shipbuilders as a result of the Government's decision to help the Americans?

CONCLUSIONS

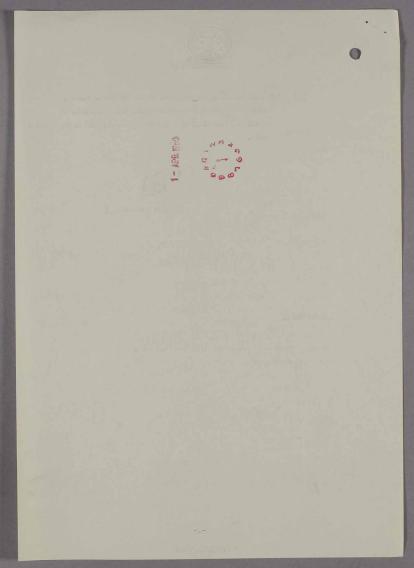
- 9. Subject to points made in discussion, you might lead the Committee to the following conclusions:-
 - (i) That they approve the conclusions in paragraph 6 of OD(80) 33.
 - (ii) That the <u>Secretary of State for Energy</u> should bring to his Ministerial colleagues' attention any signs of Iranian demands for sharp oil price increases and of British oil companies! readiness to meet them.
 - (iii) That the problem of how to cover British Shipbuilders' potential losses on the Kharg be remitted to an ad hoc group of Ministers under <u>Sir Keith Joseph</u>, on which the Treasury, Department of Trade and Ministry of Defence should be represented.

(iv) That OD should <u>review</u> the ban on the export of defence equipment again at the end of April, if it has not in the meantime been lifted as a result of a settlement of the hostage crisis.

RA

(Robert Armstrong)

1st April 1980



GRS 320 CONFIDENTIAL FM BONN 311755Z MAR 80 TO PRIORITY FCO TELEGRAM NUMBER 288 OF 31 MARCH INFO PRIORITY WASHINGTON, TEHRAN

YOUR TELS NO 621 TO WASHINGTON AND NO 213 TO TEHRAN : IRAN

1. THE AUSWAERTIGES AMT HAVE GIVEN US IN STRICT CONFIDENCE (PLEASE PROTECT) COPIES OF SCHMIDT'S MESSAGES TO PRESIDENT CARTER AND TO BANI SADR, DESPATCHED ON 29 MARCH.

2. THE MESSAGE TO BANI SADR FOLLOWS VERY CLOSELY THE TEXT OF YOUR TELEGRAM NO 213 TO TEHRAN, ADDING ONLY THE THOUGHT THAT FACILITATING ACCESS TO THE HOSTAGES BY INDEPENDENT PERSONS

WOULD BE A HELPFUL GESTURE.

3. THE MESSAGE TO PRESIDENT CARTER STARTS BY EXPRESSING APPRECIATION FOR PRESIDENT CARTER'S THANKS FOR GERMAN SUPPORT AND ADVICE. SCHMIDT EMPHASISES GERMAN UNDERSTANDING OF THE SEVERE TEST TO AMERICAN PATIENCE AND AMERICAN CONCERN THAT RECENT DEVELOPMENTS MIGHT HAVE EXACERBATED THE SITUATION OF THE HOSTAGES AND MADE THINGS MORE DIFFICULT FOR THOSE IN TEHRAN WHO WERE ADVOCATING THEIR RELEASE. THE MESSAGE THEN FOLLOWS CLOSELY PARAGRAPHS 2 ET SEQ OF THE PRIME MINISTER'S MESSAGE IN YOUR TEL NO 621 TO WASHINGTON ADDING THE THOUGHT THAT QUOTE IF WE PROCEED WITH OVERSEVERE MEASURES WE RISK INCREASING THE DANGER TO THE HOSTAGES UNQUOTE. 4. THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT SPOKESMAN SAID ON 30 MARCH THAT SCHMIDT HAD APPEALED TO BANI SADR TO EXPLOIT EVERY POSSIBLE AVENUE TO OBTAIN THE RELEASE OF THE HOSTAGES. IN ANSWER TO QUESTIONS TODAY THE SPOKESMAN CONFIRMED THAT SCHMIDT TOGETHER WITH OTHER EC HEADS OF GOVERNMENT HAD SENT MESSAGES. THE WORDING OF THESE MESSAGES DIFFERED BUT THE SUBSTANCE WAS THE SAME. THEY HAD BEEN AGREED IN THE COMMUNITY AND THE US GOVERNMENT HAD BEEN INFORMED. THE REQUEST FOR THE RELEASE OF THE HOSTAGES WAS NOT COUPLED WITH QUOTE PERSPECTIVES FOR THE FUTURE UNQUOTE OR THREATS. 5. ASKED ABOUT POSSIBLE TOUGHER US MEASURES AGAINST IRAN THE SPOKESMAN SAID HE HAD READ THE PRESS REPORTS BUT THERE HAD BEEN NO (NO) CONSULTATIONS WITH THE US ADMINISTRATION. 6. TRANSLATIONS OF SCHMIDT'S MESSAGES FOLLOW BY BAG.

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Foreign and Commonwealth Office

London SW1A 2AH

31 March 1980

La Vans

Dear Michael,

IRAN NATIONAL DAY CELEBRATIONS

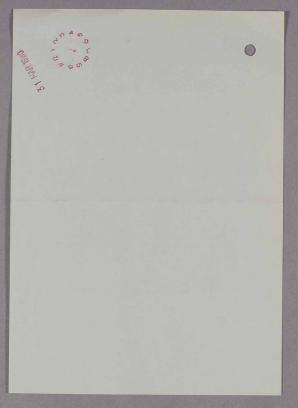
The Iranian Embassy in London is holding an official celebration to commemorate its National Day on 1 April.

The Foreign and Commonwealth Secretary still believes that it would be wrong for Ministers or senior officials to attend such a function while the US hostages are still detained and that the official advice should be that working level contacts only should attend; this would in practice mean that attendance would be limited to officers of the rank of principal and below in the public service.

I am copying this letter to the Private Secretaries to all Government Ministers.

> Your OU Paul PLever)

M O'D B Alexander Esq 10 Downing Street



IMMEDIATE

SIR D MAITLAND HD/ NAD

PS NO 10 DOWNING ST

ASSESSMENTS STAFF

PS/CHANCHLIOR MR R G LIVELLE

MR C W MCMAHON) BANK OF

MR R WILLIAMS CRE5 DOT MR W KEVIGHTON DEPT OF TRADE

MR D LE B JONES) DEPT OF

RESTRICTED

FM TEHRAN 311215Z MAR

TO IMMEDIATE FCO TELEGRAM NUMBER 336 OF 31 MARCH 80 INFO PRIORITY CABINET OFFICE (D10) MODUK (D14 AND DS 11) CRES. WASHINGTON, UKMIS NEW YORK INFO ROUTINE ABU DHABI, ANKARA, BAGHDAD, BAHRAIN, DOHA,

MY TELMO 322 & SITUATION IN IRAN.

- BANI SADR, QOTBZADEH AND AHMED KHOMEINI INSISTED ON 30 MARCH THAT DESPITE WHITE HOUSE DENIALS, IMAM KHOMEINI AND BANI SADE HAD RECEIVED LETTERS FROM PRESIDENT CARTER THROUGH THE SWISS CHARGE D'AFFAIRES.
- GOTBZADEH'S REMARKS ON THE MESSAGES WERE RELATIVELY CONSTRUCTIVE. HE SAID THEY COULD HELP REDUCE TENSION KHOMEINI SHOULD PERHAPS NOT HAVE BEEN PUBLISHED WITHOUT WAS BEING KEPT BACK FROM THEM, BANI SADR ALSO SAID THE

VAS BEING KEPT BACK FROM THEM. BANI SADE ALSO SAID THE MESSAGES SHOWED PRESIDENT CARTER'S LACK OF UNDERSTANDING OF THE IRANIAN REVOLUTION: BANI SADE MEEDED MEITHER THREAT MOR ENGOURAGEMENT TO ACT AS HE DELIEVED RIGHT: THE PEOPLE OF IRAN SHOULD TAKE THE FINAL DECISION(ON THE HOSTAGES), HE PROMISED A MAJOR SPEECH AT THE CELEBRATIONS TOMORROW TO MARK ISLAMIC REPUBLIC DAY.

- 3. THE GENERAL TONE OF PRESS AND MEDIA REACTION HAS BEEN HOSTILE, DESCRIBING THE MESSAGES AS EVIDENCE OF AMERICAN IMPOTENCE, ISLAMIC REPUBLIC NEWSPAPER SUGGESTED THE ONLY PATH OPEN TO THE US WAS TO RETURN THE SHAH ALIVE AND HIS ASSETS. THE MOJAHEDDINE KHALQ DEMANDED A COMPLETE BREAK IN DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH THE US. CONTRARY TO THEIR USUAL PRACTICE, THE STUDENTS OCCUPYING THE US EMBASSY HAVE SO FAR REMAINED SILENT.
- 4. MESSAGES TO BANI SADR FROM WESTERN AND JAPANESE LEADERS, INCLUDING THE BRITISH PRIME MINISTER, HAVE BEEN LARGELY CVERSHADOWED BY THIS FURORE BUT HAVE BEEN MENTIONED, WITHOUT TEXT OR COMMENT, ON THE LOCAL NEWS AND IN THE PRESS.
- 5. THE MINISTRY OF THE INTERIOR TODAY BANNED A RALLY OUTSIDE TEHRAN UNIVERSITY CALLED FOR THIS AFTERMOON BY THE (COMMUNIST) PARTY OF WORKERS AND PEASANTS BECAUSE THE GREANISERS HAD NOT OBTAINED OFFICIAL PERMISSION. THE RALLY WAS INTENDED TO DEMAND THE RETURN OF THE SHAH AND TO PROTEST AT THE CONDUCT OF THE MAJLES ELECTIONS.
- G. AN IRANIAN HAS SURRENDERED TO THE POLICE AFTER MURDERING HIS SISTER, BECAUSE, HE CLAIMED, SHE WAS FIVE AND A HALF MONTHS PREGNANT FOLLOWING RAPE BY A US MARINE NOW HELD MOSTAGE. BOTH THE GIRL BEFORE HER MURDER, AND NOW HER BROTHER, HAVE FILED SUITS AGAINST THE MARINE, NAMED IN YESTERDAY'S PAPERS AS MICHAEL MULLER AND DESCRIBED AS CHIEF OF THE MARINE DETACHMENT. A TEHRAN JUSTICE OFFICE SPOKESMAN HAS SAID THAT AFTER BLOOD TESTS THE MARINE SHOULD BE QUESTIONED. THE LOCAL PRESS IS TREATING THE MATTER IN UGLY AND EMOTIVE TERMS.
- 7. A NUMBER OF 'INTERMEDIARIES', INCLUDING SEAN MAGBRIDE, ABOUREZCK AND SOME FRENCH LAWYERS, ARE REPORTED TO BE OR TO HAVE BEEN IN TERRAN IN CONNEXION WITH THE HOSTAGES. OF THESE, MAGBRIDE, CLAIMING TO HAVE BEEN INVITED BY BANI SABR, HAS RECEIVED THE MOST PUBLICITY. THERE ARE FURTHER RUMOURS THAT A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE INTERNATIONAL RED CROSS (IRC)

THAT A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE INTERNATIONAL RED CROSS (IRC) HAS BEEN HERE ON A MISSION. ONE VERSION IS THAT HE CAME TO SEE THE HOSTAGES BUT WAS DENIED ACCESS TO ALL OF THEM BY THE "STUDENTS" AND LEFT TEHRAN TODAY WITHOUT SEEING ANY. HOWEVER BANT SADE IS SAID TO HAVE TOLD THE IRC PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE HERE TO BE READY TO VISIT THE EMBASSY. IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO BE SURE BUT THERE IS A VAGUE FEELING IN THE AIR THAT SOME NEW DEVELOPMENT MAY BE AFOOT. PROVINCES. 3. BANI SADR ON 30 MARCH UNDERTOOK TO COMMENT IN HIS SPEECH TOMORROW ON STATEMENTS BY THE KURDISH RELIGIOUS LEADER. HOSSEINI. ABOUT THE UNSTABLE SITUATION IN KURDISTAN. THERE HAVE BEEN REPORTS OF NUMEROUS CLASHES THERE. AND ALSO RAIDS BY IRAQIS FROM ACROSS THE BORDER. KHCMEINI ON 30 MARCH SENT A SPECIAL EMISSARY, HOJATOLESLAM HAJ SHEIKH HOSSEIN KEMANI, TO OROUMIEH, WHERE HE DEMANDED A CEASEFIRE AND TALKS BETWEEN GOVERNMENT FORCES AND KURDS. QASSEMLOU OF THE KDP HAS APPAR-ENTLY INVITED HIM TO MAHABAD, WEST AZERBAIJAN IS NOW REPORTED

- 9. LOCAL NEWSPAPERS HAVE PUBLISHED RUMOURS THAT YAMPOUR
 BAKHTIAR IS IN IRAQ TO PLOT AGAINST IRAN, AND THAT GENERAL
 OVEISSI, MARTIAL LAW COMMANDER OF TEHRAN UNDER THE SHAH, IS
 DUE TO SLIP INTO KURDISTAN SHORTLY, THEY LINK THESE RUMOURS
 TO THE ARRIVAL OF THE SHAH IN EGYPT.
- 10. THE GOVERNOR OF KHORASSAN ON 29 MARCH ORDERED THE ARREST
 OF A GROUP OF REVOLUTIONARY GUARDS IN MASHHAD FOR KILLING
 AT LEAST ONE PERSON AND CAUSING TENSION IN THE CITY.
- 11. A BOMB EXPLODED IN THE MAIN BAZAAR OF KHORRAMSHAHR ON 29 MARCH INJURING 15 PEOPLE.

FCO PASS SAVING JEDDA

QUIET (SEE TUR).

WYATT

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10 DOWNING STREET

From the Private Secretary

31 March 1980

VISIT BY CHANCELLOR SCHMIDT

I enclose records of :-

- (a) the Foreign and Commonwealth Secretary's telephone call with the French Foreign Minister about Iran late in the evening of Thursday, 27 March;
- (b) the Prime Minister's telephone conversation with Iresident Carter early on the morning of Friday, 28 March; and
- (c) the discussion between the Prime Minister and Chancellor Schmidt late in the morning of Friday, 28 March.

Unfortunately, owing to the quality of the line, no one was able to listen in to the Foreign and Commonwealth Secretary's second telephone conversation with M. François Poncet on Friday, 28 March in the mid-morning. This is referred to in the first paragraph of the record of the discussion between the Prime Minister and Chancellor Schmidt.

I have classified the main record "SECRET" because of the outspoken comments made by Chancellor Schmidt about the American Government. I should be grateful if the record could be given a very limited distribution.

I am sending copies of this letter, together with the record of the discussion between the Prime Minister and Herr Schmidt to Brian Norbury (Ministry of Defence) and to David Wright (Cabinet Office)

G. G. H. Walden, Esq., Foreign and Commonwealth Office.

Company of

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FM TEHRAN 388538Z MAR
TO IMMEDIATE FCO
TELEGRAM NUMBER 327 OF 38 MARCH 38
INFO IMMEDIATE WASHINGTON
INFO ROUTINE TOKYO, OTTAWA AND EEC POSTS.

YOUR TELNO 212 : US/IRAN

- I DELIVERED THE PRIME MINISTER'S MESSAGE PERSONALLY TO TAGHAVI, BANI SADR'S CHEF DE CABINET, AT 2000 HOURS LOCAL TIME ON 29 MARCH.
- I RAN OVER THE GIST OF THE MESSAGE ORALLY WITH TAGHAVI AND EMPHASISED THE URGENCY. HE UNDERTOOK TO CONVEY THE MESSAGE IMMEDIATELY TO THE PRESIDENT, WHO WAS JUST ON THE POINT OF LEAVING HIS OFFICE.

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GRS 40 CONFIDENTIAL DESKBY 291300Z FM FCO 291110Z MAR 80 TO IMMEDIATE TEHRAN TELEGRAM NUMBER 212 OF 29 MARCH INFO IMMEDIATE WASHINGTON, TOKYO, OTTAWA AND EC POSTS.

PRIME MINISTER'S PERSONAL MESSAGE SERIAL No. T70/80

cc. Hester 001

MY TELNO 587 TO WASHINGTON : US/IRAN.

PRIME MINISTER HAS NOW DECIDED TO SEND THE MESSAGE IN MY IFT TO BANI SADR. YOU SHOULD ARRANGE FOR ITS DELIVERY AS SOON AS POSSIBLE BEFORE THE AMERICAN DEADLINE IN MY TELMO 586 TO WASHINGTON.

CARR INGTON

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PRIME MINISTER'S
PERSONAL MESSAGE

TO IMMEDIATE TEHRAN . PERS
TELEGRAM NUMBER 213 OF 29 MARCH 1980 SERIA
INFO IMMEDIATE WASHINGTON TOKYO OTTAWA AND EEC POSTS

SERIAL No. T70 80

MIPT : US/IRAN

I HAVE BEEN WATCHING WITH GREAT INTEREST RECENT EVENTS IN YOUR COUNTRY, AND SHOULD LIKE TO EXPRESS MY ADMIRATION FOR THE WAY IN WHICH YOU HAVE ASSUMED THE OFFICE OF PRESIDENT AND BEGUN THE DIFFICULT TASK OF GOVERNMENT.

THERE IS ONE PROBLEM, AS YOU YOURSELF HAVE SAID, WHICH IS IMPEDING YOU IN THESE EFFORTS. THIS IS THE CONTINUED DETENTION OF THE UNITED STATES DIPLOMATS IN TERRAM. THIS SITUATION IS CAUSING GRAVE DAMAGE TO THE STAYDING OF IRAN IN THE WORLD. IT IS ALSO OF VERY SERIOUS CONCERN TO THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT AND TO MAMY OTHER GOVERNMENTS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD. I VERY MUCH HOPE THAT YOU AND YOUR COLLEAGUES WILL CONTINUE UNTIRINGLY MITH YOUR EFFORTS TO SECURE THE EARLY RELEASE OF THE HOSTAGES, UNTIL THIS IS ACHIEVED I SEE NO WAY IN WHICH THE MAMY PROBLEMS CONFRONTING YOU CAN BE TACKLED. THE APPLIED THE AMERICAN PEOPLE OVER AN ACT WHICH NO GOVERNMENT CAN CONDONE HAS SO FAR, IN MY VIEW, PROVED REMAKABLE. BUT I MUST STRESS TO YOU THAT THIS PATIENCE IS NOT INEXHAUSTIBLE. I AM MOST TO YOU THAT THIS PATIENCE IS NOT INEXHAUSTIBLE. I AM MOST OF THE HOSTAGES IS FURTHER PROLONGED, THE MOST DAMAGING CONSEQUENCES COULD ENSUE.

I FEEL SURE THAT, IF SOME INDEPENDENT AND RESPECTED AUTHORITY, FERMAPS EVEN THE REVOLUTIONARY GOVERNMENT OF IRAN ITSELF (THOUGH I UNDERSTAND THE PROBLEMS OVER THIS), MEDE ABLE TO TAKE OVER THE CUSTODY OF THE HOSTAGES FROM THOSE STILL HOLDING THEM IN THE AMERICAN EMBASSY, THIS WOULD PROVIDE CONSIDERABLE REASSURANCE TO THE AMERICAN GOVERNMENT, AND EMBLE FURTHER CONSTRUCTIVE MOVES TOWARDS THE SETTLEMENT OF DIFFERENCES AND THE RELAXATION OF TENSION TO TAKE PLACE.

THE SITUATION WE ARE FACING NOW IS OF SUCH GRAVITY THAT I ENTREAT YOU TO USE YOUR BEST ENDEAVOURS TO PROVIDE FOR ITS EARLY RESOLUTION.

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PRIME MUNSTER'S

TO IMMEDIATE WASHINGTON TELNO.621 OF 29 MARCH,

HIFO IMMEDIATE: TEHRAN TOKYO OTTAWAS AND ECL POSTS

MY TELNO.160 TO PARIS AND WASHINGTON TELNO.1281: REPLY TO PRESIDENT CARTER'S MESSAGE OF 25 MARCH.

C. HATER JE

1. FOLLOWING IS TEXT OF LETTER FROM PRIME MINISTER TO PRESIDENT CATER. PLEASE ARRANGE DELIVERY AS SOON AS POSSIBLE. BEGINS:

I HAVE STUDIED WITH CARE YOUR LETTER OF 25 MARCH AND ITS REQUEST FOR OUR ACTIVE SUPPORT AND ASSISTANCE IN THE EFFORT TO SECURE THE RELEASE OF THE U.S HOSTAGES IN TEHRAN. THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT AND PEOPLE HAVE THE DEEPEST SYMPATHY WITH YOU OVER THE TRAGIC PREDICAMENT OF THE HOSTAGES. WE WANT TO DO EVERYTHING WE CAN TO HELP.

I SHALL SHORTLY BE COMMUNICATING WITH PRESIDENT BANI SADR IN ORDER TO CONVEY TO HIM THE SERIOUSNESS WITH WHICH I VIEW THE PRESENT GRAVE SITUATION. I SHALL BE POINTING OUT TO HIM THAT MY GOVERNMENT EXPECT HIM TO CONTINUE WITH HIS EFFORTS TO SECURE THE EARLY RELEASE OF THE AMERICAN HOSTAGES. I WILL STRESS THAT THE PATIENCE OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE HAS BEEN REMARKABLE, BUT THAT IT IS NOT INEXHAUSTIBLE AND WILL SAY THAT ANY SIGNIFICANT PROLONGATION OF THE PRESENT STALEMATE MAY WELL HAVE THE MOST DAMAGING CONSEQUENCES.

AS PART OF OUR EFFORT TO GIVE YOU THE SUPPORT FOR WHICH YOU ASK, I WILL ENCOURAGE THE HEADS OF OTHER GOVERNMENTS TO WRITE O

PRESIDENT BANI SADR IN SIMILAR TERMS.

I SHARE YOUR HOPE THAT AN APPROACH OF THIS KIND, MADE BY A CONSIDERABLE NUMBER OF GOVERNMENTS, MAY HAVE A REAL IMPACT IN TEHRAN. BUT IT MUST BE GIVEN TIME TO WORK. PRECIPITATE ACTION AT THE PRESENT JUNCTURE COULD WELL HAVE EFFECTS CONTRARY TO THOSE WHICH EWE ARE ALL SEEKING. IN PARTICULAR, THE LOSS OF COMMUNICATIONS WHICH WOULD FOLLOW THE BREAKING OFF OF RELATIONS WOULD REDUCE OUR WOILD REDUCE OUR WICH WOULD FOLLOW THE BREAKING OFF OF RELATIONS WOULD REDUCE OF THE IRANIANS HAVE NOT YET HAD TIME TO DIGEST THE SIGNIFICANCE OF THE SHAH'S MOVE TO EGYPT. IT WOULD ALSO, IN MY VIEW, BE WRONG TO HAVE THE LAST PHASE OF THE ELECTION CAMPAIGN IN IRAN TAKE PLACE IN CIRCUMSTANCES WHERE THE CAMPIDATES WERE COMPETING WITH EACH OTHER IN THEIR CONDEMNATION OF THE UNITED STATES. TO DO SO WOULD BE TO ENSURE THAT THE NEW ASSEMBLY MET IN AN ATMOSPHERE OF TOTAL HOSTILLITY TO YOUR COUNTRY.

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IF HOWEVER OUR JOINT EFFORTS FAIL, IF THE CONVENING OF THE NEW IRANIAN PARLIAMENT DOES NOT BRING A SOLUTION AND IF YOU CONSIDER THAT FURTHER ACTION IS NEEDED, THEN MY GOVERNMENT WILL OF COURSE GIVE YOU ITS SUPPORT. IN THESE CIRCUMSTANCES THE STEPS TO BE TAKEN BY BOTH OUR GOVERNMENTS WOULD NEED TO BE THE SUBJECT OF THE CLOSES CONSULTAITION. IT IS IMPERATIVE THAT WE CO-ORDINATE OUR ACTIONS ON THESE VITAL ISSUES AS EFFECTIVELY AS POSSIBLE.

I LOOK FORWARD TO REMAINING IN THE CLOSEST TOUCH WITH YOU IN THE DAYS AND WEEKS AHEAD.

ENDS

CARR INGTON

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10 DOWNING STREET

PRIME MINISTER

1. Jan 31/

Iran: two messages

 Reply to President Carter's message (25 March)

Message to President Bani Sadr.

Are you content with

these drafts?

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DUTY CLERK

no

ELEMENTS FOR REPLIES BY EUROPEAN HEADS OF GOVERNMENT TO PRESIDENT CARTER'S MESSAGE OF 25 MARCH 1980

I have studied with care your letter of 25 March and its request for our active support and assistance in the effort to secure the release of the US hostages in Tehran. The British Government and people have the deepest sympathy with you over the tragic predicament of the hostages. We want to do everything we can to help.

I shall shortly be communicating with President Bani Sadr in order to convey to him the seriousness with which I view the present grave situation. I shall be pointing out to him that my Government expect him to continue with his efforts to secure the early release of the American hostages. I will stress that the patience of the American people has been remarkable, but that it is not inexhaustible and will say that any significant prolongation of the present stalemate may well have the most damaging consequences.

As part of our effort to give you the support for which you ask, I will encourage the Heads of other Governments to write to President Bani Sadr in similar terms.

I share your hope that an approach of this kind, made by a considerable number of Governments, may have a real impact in Tehran, but it must be given time to work. Precipitate action at the present juncture could well have effects contrary to those which we are all seeking. In particular, the loss of communications which would follow the breaking off of relations would reduce our

scope for action aimed at the release of the hostages. Moreover, the Iranians have not yet had time to digest the significance of the Shah's move to Egypt. It would also, in my view, be wrong to have the last phase of the election campaign in Iran take place in circumstances where the candidates were competing with each other in their condemnation of the United States, to do so would be to ensure that the new Assembly met in an atmosphere of total hostility to your country.

I know that you are fully alive to the potential dangers of the present situation. In my view there is an appreciable risk of a rapid and serious growth of tension in the area. Greater involvement on your part could bring in its train a Soviet reaction with all that that would imply. We must surely be concerned to avoid this. I hope therefore that despite the pressures that you are under, you will be able to persevere for a little longer with the policy that came so close to success a few weeks ago.

If however our joint efforts fail, if the convening of the new Iranian Parliament does not bring a solution and if you consider that further action is needed, then my Government will of course give you its support. In these circumstances the steps to be taken by both our Governments would need to be the subject of the closest consultation. It is imperative that we co-ordinate our actions on these vital issues as effectively as possible.

I look forward to remaining in the closest touch with you in the days and weeks ahead.

MESSAGE FROM THE PRIME MINISTER TO HE ABOLHASSAN RANI SADR, PRESIDENT OF THE ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF IRAN

I have been watching with great interest recent events in your country, and should like to express my admiration for the way in which you have assumed the office of President and begun the difficult task of government.

As you yourself have said, there is one problem which is impeding you in these efforts. This problem, which is also of very serious concern to the British Government and many governments throughout the world, is the continued detention of the United States diplomats in Tehran. This situation is causing grave damage to the standing of Iran in the world. I very much hope that you and your colleagues will continue untiringly with your efforts to secure the early release of the hostages. Until this is achieved I see no way in which the many problems confronting you both domestically and internationally can be tackled. patience of the American people over an act which no government can condone has so far, in my view, proved remarkable. But I must stress to you that this patience is not inexhaustible. I am most profoundly concerned that, if the present stalemate over the release of the hostages is further prolonged, the most damaging consequences could ensue.

I feel sure that, if some independent and respected authority, perhaps even the Revolutionary Government of Iran itself (though I understand the problems over this), were able to assume the custody of the hostages from those still holding them in the American Embassy, this would provide considerable reassurance to the American Government, and enable further constructive moves towards the settlement of differences and the relaxation of tension to take place. Even improved conditions for access to the hostages by independent persons would be seen an a helpful gesture.

The situation which we are now facing is of such gravity that I entreat you to use your best endeavours to provide for its early resolution. GRS 227
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TO FLASH ROWE
TELEGRAM NUMBER 178 OF 28 MARCH
IMFO TO PRIORITY WASHINGTON, DUBLIN, PARIS,
LUXEMBOURG, THE HADUE, BRUSSELS, BONN, COPENHAGEN

Fi. Puns

MY TEL NO 175: IRAN

- THE FRENCH FOREIGN MINISTER HAS NOW TELEPHONED TO SAY THAT
 PRESIDENT GISCARD BROADLY AGREES WITH THE LINE IN THE DRAFT (MY
 TEL NO 160 TO PARIS) BUT WILL DRAFT HIS OWN REPLY TO PRESIDENT
 CARTER IN TERMS CONVEYING A SLIGHTLY MORE SYMPATHETIC UNDERSTAND.
 ING OF THE AMERICAN PREDICAMENT.
- 2. YOU MAY HOW HAND THE DRAFT OVER TO THE ITALIANS BEFORE THIS AFTERHOON'S MEETING. YOU SHOULD SAY THAT IT REPRESENTS A TEXT AGREED DURING THE PRIME MINISTER'S CURRENT TALKS WITH THE GERMAN CHANCELLOR, WHICH WE HOPE THE FRENCH AND ITALIANS WILL FIND BROADLY AGREGABLE. YOU SHOULD SEEK AT THE MEETING TO SECURE AGREEMENT THAT THE NINE ALL SEND INDIVIDUAL MESSAGES TO BAIL SADR ALONG THE LINES PROPOSED.
- 3. YOU SHOULD ALSO WORK FOR AGREEMENT ON A LOBBYING EXERCISE BY THE NIME TO STIMULATE SIMILAR MESSAGES FROM AS MANY OTHER GOVERNMENTS AS POSSIBLE. WE CAN, FOR EXAMPLE TAKE ON APPROPRIATE COMMONWEALTH COUNTRIES AND POSSIBLY SOME OF THE GULF STATES. BUT COULD AGREE TO ANY REASONABLE DIVISION OF EFFORT. THOUGH WE WOULD NOT EXPECT ANY SUCH DIVISION TO BE TOO PRECISE OR EXCLUSIVE AT THIS STAGE: THE EFFORT SHOULD BE CO-ORDINATED BY THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE NIME ON THE SPOT.

CARRINGTON

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Centre for Policy Studies

La. And

8 Wilfred Street - London SW1E 6PL - Telephone 01-828 1176 Cables: Centrepol London

March 28, 1980

Dear Michael .

(thought you might be interested in another convenation (had recently into Bashkir in Paris . Pl. send a copy to lix forcijn office if you think it interesting enough. "

Your sear

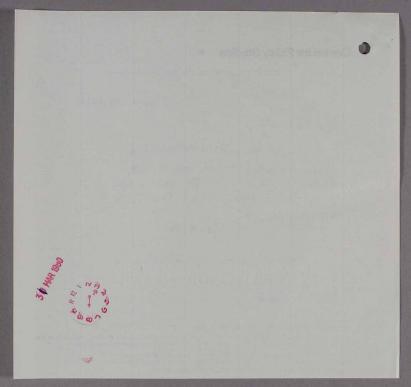
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PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL

I went to see Mr. Bashkir to-day in his large, barely-furnished flat in Paris, 52 Boulevard Inkerman. This third-floor residence is heavily guarded by police on both the street and the third-floor level. A large map of Iran was the only decoration.

Bashkir looked tired but was lively. A survivor of Paris in the 30s, he had organised propaganda and arms for the Spanish Republicans in the civil war as a student.

He had fought in the French Resistance. Our conversation was in French, which he speaks fluently. In many ways, he seemed typical of the moderately progressive French intellectual who once was further to the Left than he now is. He still retained some rather fixed ideas about the thirties (the "tragedy of the 1930s was that the British government was on the Right and the French on the Left"), and he seemed still under the impression that the US had "pushed" Castro and Cuba into the arms of the Soviet Union - an untenable view. He went out of his way to say that he is now working full time for Iranian freedom.

His analysis of Iran was that the Shah had destroyed the national political life and had been encouraged to do so by the Americans. Nixon had been particularly responsible. So it had been impossible even to organise a Right-wing political party: even a reactionary one. It was not oil but authoritarian monarchism which ruined Iran. The money gained from oil was disgracefully mis-spent and the country was disgracefully mis-

managed: brothels had benefited, not the people.

When the Shah destroyed the political life of Iran, two forces only were left: the mullahs and the communists. The communists went underground. People turned to Khomeini because his was the only voice which challenged the Shah - not because they were religious. They are not. Iran's religion is a fraud (trucage). He went on (more or less): "when I had my opportunity, it was too late. I tried to make an arrangement with Khomeini but I could not. He had only one idea, at that time, to restore the Middle Ages. It is an impossible idea. There is no responsible force in Iran. Only Khomeini. But he and the mullahs are incapable of running a 20th century country. To run the country you need cadres. Banks, industry, trade unions also need cadress. But they do not exist. 2000 doctors have left Iran since the Shah fell."

"The Americans think highly of Beni Sadr. But they will get nowhere with him. He is not a responsible President. Without Khomeini he would be nothing. If Khomeini dies, he will be less than nothing."

[&]quot;So, everything is being run down. Nothing works."

"When Khomeini falls, the only party capable of taking over will be the communists. They are working hard. They will be ready to take over. They have organised many supporters throughout the country, particularly among the Arabs in the oil zone. But also in Azerbaijan. I do not know about Baluchistan."

"The Americans, particularly Brzezinski, think that
Muslims will never choose communism. They are wrong. Anyway, the
Iranians won't be able to choose anything. And, anyway, Iranians
are not so religious as all that." (See above)

"Once Iran becomes communist, it will become so forever. Iraq, the Gulf, Turkey will follow."

"It is because I see this that I am fighting, organising, and preparing in every way I can."

"The BBC is <u>not</u> being helpful. It could be. People listen to it. It could have great moral influence."

"I do not want the Americans to land troops, tanks, artillery. But I would like assistance - money, technical and logistical support. The people of Iran must overthrow Khomeini before he dies. Otherwise, the communist will win. I have told the Americans. They always say 'yes, next week we will help'. They do not. I have told France. I have told this to Julian Amery and Colonel Maclean (Billy Maclean) who came to see me recently."

"The Americans should forget the hostages. If they cease making so much fuss, they will get them released. Carter should cease thinking that it is more important to save 50 people - who are only prisoners - than lose the whole of the Middle East. In Vietnam, they lost 50,000 men, not counting those they killed. They should not determine their entire foreign policy on the basis of the future of the hostages. Khomeini cannot release them because he would lose face if he did."

"The regions of Iran ought to have autonomy. They
do not, anyway, want independence. Autonomy would suit them,
really. Not every region wants to be autonomous."

NOTE

The above is the gist of Mr. Bashkir's remarks as written down by me from memory afterwards. I have a good memory for conversations of this nature but I do not guarantee that he put his thoughts (anyway expressed in French) exactly as above. I was in Paris to give a lecture.

Hugh Thomas March 26, 1980

HT/26.3.80.

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HT/26.3.80.

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IRAN

I CONSULTED M. FRANCOIS PONCET ON THE TELEPHONE YESTERDAY EVENNING, AFTER HAVING DISCUSSED THE MATTER WITH HERR GENSCHER, ABOUT THE TIMING OF THE PRESIDENCY'S MEETING LATER TODAY TO DISCUSS PRESIDENT CARTER'S MESSAGE. WE ARE AGREED THAT YOU, TOGETHER WITH YOUR FRENCH AND GERMAN COLLEAGUES, SHOULD SEEK TO HAVE THE MEETING POSTPONED UNTIL LATER THIS AFTERNOON, OUR OBJECTIVE WILL BE TO LET YOU HAVE CO-ORDINATED INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE THE MEETING.

MY TELNO 160 TO PARIS (COPIED FLASH TO YOU) SETS OUT THE POINTS WHICH I AND HERR GENSCHER WOULD LIKE TO SEE COVERED IN DRAFT REPLIES FROM THE EUROPEAN RECIPIENTS OF PRESIDENT CARTER'S MESSAGE. WE ENVISAGE THAT SEPARATE MESSAGES WILL BE SENT. THE VIEWS OF THE FRENCH FOREIGN MINISTER ARE BEING SOUGHT.

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TELEGRAM NUMBER 160 OF 28 MARCH
AND TO F L A S H ROME
INFO ROUTING EC POSTS

F. Pans

M. I.P.T.

IRAN

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TELEGRAM NUMBER 159 OF 28 MARCH
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IRAN

PLEASE PASS TEXT IN MIFT TO M. FRANCOIS PONCET AS SOON AS POSSIBLE AND IN ANY CASE NO LATER THAN COOD TODAY. M. FRANCOIS PONCET, WITH WHOM I SPOKE LAST NIGHT IS EXPECTING THE TEXT.

IN CONVEYING THE TEXT PLEASE STRESS THAT IT IS NOT INTENDED TO BE A FORMAL DRAFT. IT IS ESSENTIALLY A STATEMENT OF THE POINTS WHICH I AND HERR GENSCHER THINK SHOULD BE COVERED IN THE REPLIES TO PRESIDENT CARTER'S MESSAGE. (THE TEXT HAS BEEN APPROVED BY THE PRIME MINISTER AND CHANCELLOR SCHMIDT.)

YOU SHOULD ALSO TELL M. FRANCOIS PONCET THAT SINCE I SPOKE WITH HIM, THE PRIME MINISTER HAS SPOKEN TO PRESIDENT CARTER. THE PURPOSE OF THE CALL WAS TO ASCERTAIN WHETHER THE ULTIMATUM IN PRESIDENT CARTER'S MESSAGE HAD BEEN CONVEYED TO PRESIDENT BANI SADR AND, IF SO, IN WHAT TERMS. PRESIDENT CARTER SAID THAT THE MAIN FOINTS OF HIS MESSAGE VIZ THE ACTION THE AMERICANS WILL TAKE ON MONDAY IN THE ABSENCE OF MOVEMENT ON THE IRANIAN SIDE, HAD BEEN CONVEYED TO PRESIDENT BANI SADR IN DETAIL. PRESIDENT CARTER ADDED THAT THE AMERICAN GOVERNMENT DID NOT REGARD THIS COMMUNICATION AS AN ULTIMATUM TO THE IRANIAN GOVERNMENT. HE HOPED THAT KNOWLEDGE OF THE ECONOMIC AND DIPLOMATIC CONSEQUENCES OF THE IMPRISONMENT OF THE HOSTAGES WOULD LEAD THE IRANIAN PEOPLE TO BRING PRESSURE TO BEAR ON THEIR GOVERNMENT. THE AMERICANS HAVE NOT YET HAD ANY RESPONSE.

THE PRIME MINISTER TOLD PRESIDENT CARTER THAT SHE AND HERR SCHMIDT INTENDED TO WRITE TO PRESIDENT BANI SADR. SHE ASKED WHETHER THERE WERE ANY SPECIFIC POINTS PRESIDENT CARTER WOULD LIKE INCLUDED IN SUCH A LETTER. PRESIDENT CARTER SAID THAT HE HOPED THE LETTER WOULD MAKE IT CLEAR THAT THE TRANSFER OF CUSTODY OF THE HOSTAGES FROM THE STUDENTS TO THE GOVERNMENT WOULD BE VERY HELPFUL. IT WOULD PRECIPITATE THE RETURN OF THE UNITED NATIONS COMMISSION AND WOULD LEAD THE AMERICAN GOVERNMENT TO HOLD IN ABEYANCE THE ACTION IT WAS CONTEMPLED ING.

FINALLY, THE PRIME MINISTER ASKED WHETHER ANY SPECIFIC INCIDENT HAD PRECIPITATED PRESIDENT CARTER'S MESSAGE TO PRESIDENT BANI SADR. FRESIDENT CARTER SAID THAT THE ACTION OF THE REVOLUTIONARY COUNCIL IN POSTPONING THE SECOND ROUND OF THE NATIONAL ELECTIONS IN IRAN HAD BEEN A DECISIVE FACTOR.

PLEASE TELL M. FRANCOIS PONCET THAT I LOOK FORWARD TO HEARING FROM HIM ON THE TELEPHONE LATER THIS MORNING AFTER HIS MEETING WITH THE PRESIDENT. CARRINGTON

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MR. ALEXANDER

cc Mr. Walden Sir Michael Palliser

IRAN

Sir D. Maitland telephoned at 3.30 this afternoon with the following amendment which Departments would like to have made to the draft message to President Carter, to be inserted after the sentence ending " . . . in Tehran":

"The British Government and people have the deepest sympathy with you over the tragic predicament of the hostages. We want to do everything we can to help."

The draft would then continue with the paragraph beginning $^{\prime\prime}$ I shall shortly . . . $^{\prime\prime}$.

MMan

J.L. Bullard

MR. ALEXANDER has agreen to 45 change.

CC Mr. Walden
Sir Michael Palliser

77 28/3

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28 March 1980

PRIME MINISTER'S

PERSONAL MESSAGE

SUBJECT. RECORD OF A TELEPHONE CONVERSATION BETWEEN THE PRIME MINISTER.

SPEAKING FROM CHEQUERS, AND PRESIDENT CARTER AT 0100 ON FRIDAY 28 MARCH cc. nemer net

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The Prime Minister said that she was telephoning about President Carter's message to her of 25 March in which he had requested support for further US action to secure the release of the hostages in Tehran. She had been discussing the matter with Chancellor Schmidt. It would be helpful to them in deciding the terms of any letter they sent to President Bani Sadr to know more precisely what the Americans had already said in Tehran. Did President Bani Sadr know in detail the action the Americans proposed to take on Monday in the absence of any movement on the hostage issue?

President Carter said that President Bani Sadr had been told in detail what the United States proposed to do. The message had been passed "early this morning". It had been stressed that the message did not constitute an ultimatum to his Government or to him personally. The Prime Minister asked whom it was directed against. The President said that he hoped it would be effective in letting the Iranian people knowhow serious the situation had become. He believed that once the Iranians became aware of the diplomatic and economic consequences of continuing to torture fifty innocent people and if they knew that it was going to result in the loss of the friendship of many nations, they would bring pressure to bear on those concerned. The Prime Minister said that she could see how this related to the position of President Bani Sadr and Mr. Qotbzadeh. But how did it affect the students? President Carter said that the students were part of a struggle for power. If they could continue to successfully defy the Revolutionary Council, they would retain their present influence. The issue of the return of the hostages was now a factor in a power struggle between Mr. Beheshti and President Bani Sadr. The Prime Minister said that she and Chancellor Schmidt were agreed on writing to President Bani Sadr. Was there any particular point the President would wish them to make? President Carter said they should tell President Bani Sadr that the transfer of the hostages to Government control would be very helpful. A

/ transfer

- 2 -

transfer would lead to the return of the United Nations Commission. It would also enable the United States to hold its proposed action in abeyance.

The Prime Minister asked what had precipitated the American decision to write to President Bani Sadr. President Carter said that it had been the position of the Iranian Government that the new Iranian Parliament would resolve the hostage issue. However the Revolutionary Council had now postponed the second round of the elections. This had been the decisive factor.

President Carter said that he had sent the Prime Minister a message about a possible Summit Meeting of NATO Heads of Government. He had sent the message only to the Prime Minister and Chancellor Schmidt. He wanted to have their views before taking the matter any further. The Prime Minister said that she would study the message with care.

Phus

28 March 1980

JEI.

RECORD OF A DISCUSSION BETWEEN THE PRIME MINISTER AND THE CHANCELLOR OF THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY, HERR HELMUT SCHMIDT, AT CHEQUERS ON FRIDAY 28 MARCH AT 1145 HOURS

PRESENT

Extract

Prime Minister
Foreign and Commonwealth Secretary
Sir Michael Palliser (for part of
the discussion)

Mr. J. L. Bullard (for part of the discussion)
Mr. M. O'D. B. Alexander (for part

Mr. M. O'D. B. Alexander (for part of the discussion)

Mr. G. G. H. Walden (for part of the discussion)

Herr Genscher Herr Blech (for part of the discussion) Herr Von Der Gablentz (for part of the dicsussion)

Herr Helmut Schmidt

Iran

The Foreign and Commonwealth Secretary said that he had just spoken to the French Foreign Minister on the telephone. M. François Poncet had seen President Giscard and had discussed with him the joint UK/German document, setting out the elements of a reply to President Carter's message about Iran, which had been sent to him overnight. M. Francois Poncet said that the French Government would go along with the proposed line. However, they thought that it was a little weak and contained too much criticism of what the United States had done so far. The French reply therefore would be rather vaguer and cast in more general terms. They agreed with the final paragraph. They did not think that the American policy was likely to be effective but considered that the European response should, nonetheless, avoid appearing too reluctant. In the ensuing discussion one or two minor changes to the Anglo/German text were suggested. But it was agreed that the text should remain broadly as drafted pending the outcome of the discussion in Rome, later in the day.

<u>Chancellor Schmidt</u> commented that President Giscard's attitude probably reflected two considerations:-

- (a) he considered that since American lives were in danger, the American Government had the responsibility of determining the policy it wished to pursue; and
- (b) President Giscard was conscious of the potential gravity of the present situation. He did not wish to strengthen suspicions that existed in Washington about the attitude of France.

SECRET /Afghanistan

OUT TELEGRAM

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TO IMMEDIATE TOKYO

TELEGRAM NUMBER

REPEATED TO FOR INFO PRIORITY WASHINGTON, ROME, TEHRAN, BONN

MY TEL NO 116: IRAN

1. The Japanese Ambassador called on Sir D Maitland this

afternoon to report the action that his government has now decided to take in response to President Carter's message.

2. The Japanese Prime Minister is today sending a personal

message to Bani Sadr, making the following points:

(i) The Japanese Prime Minister cannot accept the occupation of the American Embassy and the detention of the American hostages since this is against the quote fundamental order of international society unquote.

(ii) A solution to this problem cannot be indefinitely delayed semicolon there is a limit to the patience of the American people.

(iii) It is important to see concrete and early developments

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R	2	towards the release of the hostages.						
1	3	(iv)	Th	e message	urges that	these con	crete steps should	now
0	4	be taken.						
	5	3. The Japanese Ambassador said, under instructions, that his						
	6	Government hopedthat we would make a similar approach to the						
	7	Iran	ians	. He stre	ssed the ne	ed for cl	ose consulations b	atween
	8	the	US a	nd its all	ies to deci	de on off	ective measures fo	r the
Ē,	9	futu	re.	The Japan	ene Prime H	inister w	as replying to Pre	sident
E.	10	Cart	er's	message b	y informing	him of t	he message to Bani	Sadr
	11	and,	in	addition,	urging that	Bani Sad	r be allowed time	to see
in in	12	ном	he r	eacted to	these appea	is before	the US took furth	er
	13	step	8 .				sim	then.
	14						we had reached the	-
	15						ne were at present	
1	16	discussing in Rome the elements of individual messages to Bani						
3	17	Sadr, the content of which was very similar to that in the						
30	18	Japanese message. We hoped that we should be able to send our						
	19	was measure today. was would be replying to President						
771	05	Carter telling him what we had done in response to his message.						
10	23	We had already mode the point to the Americans that we did not						
7	55	consider the issuing of ultimatums to be fruitful. He informed the Japanese Ambassador that the Nine, following their dis-						
TO THE	23							
sc.	24						rage other Governm	
	25						Meanwhile, we ou	
	26	were taking no decisions about further steps. We should wish to keep in close touch with the Japonese:						
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Duty Clark.

IRAN: Two MESSAGES.

1. I offeel (as explained to you by Savid Mios, To dual mossage to PROSIDENT CARTER [A] which you will be disting with the Actandor to ascostain Rat, with the assed addition it can Go son to bashington. If you wish this to be don't

by yourseloss rather than the FCD, Yesident clark, Plase let lim know Offarise 46 will expect a m688296 from you to say 291-A6 dual | and agress insartion) may be sent to washington. 2. 2 also atal (87 the dual to usessage to Rosident BANI SAXX which is to go in 26 Prime Timesta's overight box. Places inform the she has seen and approved it, so that he may tolepreth the mossage to Tol new cuts appropriate instancings

Staffen Lampa .

Liddle Gost Mar.

Feo.

28/11/1980

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TO F L A S H PAPIS
TELEGRAM NUMBER 160 OF 28 MARCH
AND F L A S H ROME
INFO ROUTINE EC POSTS

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FOLLOWING IS TEXT.

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ELEMENTS FOR REPLIES BY EUROPEAN HEADS OF GOVERNMENT TO PRESIDENT

CARTER'S MESSAGE OF 95 MARCH 1990

I HAVE STUDIED WITH CARE YOUR LETTER OF 25 MARCH AND ITS ARE Hay'C' REQUEST FOR OUR ACTIVE SUPPORT AND ASSISTANCE IN THE EFFORT TO SECURE THE RELEASE OF THE US HOSTAGES IN TEHRAN, TENSORT ARE ATTRACED.

I SHALL SHORTLY BE COMMUNICATING WITH PRESIDENT BANK SADR IN ORDER TO CONVEY TO HIM THE SERIOUSNESS WITH WHICH I VIEW THE PRESENT GRAVE SITUATION. I SHALL BE POINTING OUT TO HIM THAT MY GOVERNMENT EXPECT HIM TO CONTINUE WITH HIS EFFORTS TO SECURE THE EARLY RELEASE OF THE AMERICAN HOSTAGES. I WILL STRESS THAT THE PATIENCE OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE HAS BEEN REMARKABLE, BUT THAT IT IS NOT INEXHAUSTIBLE AND WILL SAY THAT ANY SIGNIFICANT PROLONGATION OF THE PRESENT STALEMATE MAY WELL HAVE THE MOST DAMAGING CONSEQUENCES.

AS PART OF OUR EFFORT TO GIVE YOU THE SUPPORT FOR WHICH YOU ASK, I WILL EUCOURAGE THE HEADS OF OTHER GOVERNMENTS TO WRITE TO PRESIDENT BANI SADR IN SIMILAR TERMS.

I SHARE YOUR HOPE THAT AN APPROACH OF THIS KIND, MADE BY A CONSIDERABLE NUMBER OF GOVERNMENTS, MAY HAVE A REAL IMPACT IN TEHRAIN, BUT IT MUST BE GIVEN TIME TO WORK, PRECIPITATE ACTION AT THE PRESENT JUNCTURE COULD WELL HAVE EFFECTS CONTRARY TO THOSE WHICH WE ARE ALL SEEKING. IN PARTICULAR, THE LOSS OF COMMUNICATIONS WHICH WOULD FOLLOW THE BREAKING OFF OF RELATIONS WOULD REDUCE OUR SCOPE FOR ACTION AIMED AT THE RELEASE OF THE HOSTAGES. MOREOVER, THE IRANIANS HAVE NOT YET HAD TIME TO DIGEST THE SIGNIFICANCE OF THE SHAM'S MOVE TO EGYPT. IT WOULD ALSO, IN MY VIEW, BE WRONG TO HAVE THE LAST PHASE OF THE ELECTION CAMPAIGN IN IFAN TAKE PLACE IN CIRCUMSTANCES WHERE THE CANDIDATES WERE COMPETING WITH EACH OTHER IN THEIR CONDEMNATION OF THE UNITED STATES. TO DO SO WOULD BE TO ENSURE THAT THE NEW ASSEMBLY MET IN AN ATMOSPHERE OF TOTAL HOSTILITY TO YOUR COUNTRY.

CONFIDENTIAL

I KNOW THAT YOU ARE FULLY ALIVE TO THE POTENTIAL DANGERS OF THE PRESENT SITUATION. IN MY VIEW THERE IS AN APPRECIABLE "RISK OF A RAPID AND SERIOUS GROWTH OF TENSION IN THE AREA. GREATER INVOLVEMENT ON YOUR PAPT COULD BRING IN ITS TRAIN A SOVIET REACTION WITH ALL THAT THAT WOULD IMPLY, WE MUST SURELY BE CONCERNED TO AVOID THIS. I HOPE THEREFORE THAT DESPITE THE PRESSURES THAT YOU ARE UNDER, YOU WILL BE ABLE TO PERSEVERE FOR A LITTLE LONGER WITH THE POLICY THAT CAME SO CLOSE TO SUCCESS A FEW MEEKS AGO.

IF HOWEVER OUR JOINT EFFORTS FAIL, IF THE CONVENING OF THE NEW IRANIAN PARLIAMENT DOES NOT BRING A SOLUTION AND IF YOU CONSIDER THAT FURTHER ACTION IS NEEDED, THEN MY GOVERNMENT WILL OF COURSE GIVE YOU ITS SUPPORT. IN THESE CIRCUMSTANCES THE STEPS TO BE TAKEN BY BOTH OUR GOVERNMENTS WOULD NEED TO BE THE SUBJECT OF THE CLOSEST CONSULTAION, IT IS IMPERATIVE THAT WE CO-OPDINATE OUR ACTIONS ON THESE VITAL ISSUES AS EFFECTIVELY AS POSSIBLE. I LOOK FORWARD TO PEMAINING IN THE CLOSEST TOUCH WITH YOU IN THE DAYS AND WEEKS AHEAD.

CARRINGTON

ADDITIONAL DISTRIBUTION TEHRAN SPECIAL

MESSAGE FROM THE PRIME MINISTER TO HE ABOLHASSAN BANI SADR,
PRESTDENT OF THE ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF TRAN.

I have been watching with great interest recent events in your country, and should like to express my admiration for the way in which you have assumed the office of President and begun the difficult task off government.

There is one problem, as you yourself have said, which is impeding you in these efforts. This is the continued detention of the United States diplomats in Tehran. This situation is causing grave damage to the standing of Iran in the world. It is also of very serious concern to the British Government and to many other governments throughout the world. I very much hope that you and your colleagues will continue untiringly with your efforts to secure the early release of the hostages. Until this is achieved I see no way in which the many problems confronting you can be tackled. The patience of the American people over an act which no government can condone has so far, in my view, proved remarkable. But I must stress to you that this patience is not inexhaustible. I am most profoundly concerned that, if the present stalemate over the release of the hostages is further prolonged, the most damaging consequences could ensue.

I feel sure that, if some independent and respected authority, perhaps even the Revolutionary Government of Iran itself(though I understand the problems over this), were able to take over the custody of the hostages from those still holding them in the American Embassy, this would provide considerable reassurance to the American Government, and enable further constuctive moves towards the settlement of differences and the relaxation of tension to take place.

The situation we are facing now is of such gravity that I entrest you to use your best endeavours to provide for its early resolution.

FLASH

TO ROME

IRAN

I consulted M. Francois Poncet on the telephone yesterday evening, after having discussed the matter with Herr Genscher, about the timing of the Presidency's meeting later today to discuss President Carter's message. We are agreed that you, together with your French and German colleagues, should seek to have the meeting postponed until later this afternoon. Our objective will be to let you have co-ordinated instructions before the meeting.

MIFT sets out the points which I and Herr Genscher would like to see covered in draft replies from the European recipients of President Carter's message. We envisage that separate messages will be sent. The views of the French Foreign Minister are being sought.

CONFIDENTIAL TO PARIS

IRAN

Please pass text in MIFT to M. Francois Poncet as soon as possible and in any case no later than 0900 today. M. Francois Poncet, with whom I spoke last night, is expecting the text.

In conveying the text please stress that it is not intended to be a formal draft. It is essentially a statement of the points which I and Herr Genscher think should be covered in the replies to President Carter's message. (The text has been approved by the Prime Minister and Chancellor Schmidt).

You should also tell M. Francois Poncet that since I spoke with him, the Prime Minister has spoken to President Carter. The purpose of the call was to ascertain whether the ultimatum in President Carter's message had been conveyed to President Bani Sadr and, if so, in what terms. President Carter said that the main points of his message viz the action the Americans will take on Monday in the absence of movement on the Iranian side, had been conveyed to President Bani Sadr in detail. President Carter added that the American Government did not regard this communication as an ultimatum to the Iranian Government. He hoped that knowledge of the economic and diplomatic consequences of the imprisonment of the hostages would lead the Iranian people to bring pressure to bear on their Government. The Americans have not yet had any response.

The Prime Minister told President Carter that she and Herr Schmidt intended to write to President Bani Sadr. She asked whether there were any specific points President Carter would like included in such a letter. President Carter said that he hoped the letter would make it clear that the transfer of custody of the hostages from the students to the Government would be very helpful. It would precipitate the return of the United Nations Commission and would lead the American Government to hold in abeyance the action it was contemplating.

Finally, the Prime Minister asked whether any specific incident had precipitated President Carter's message to President Bani Sadr. President Carter said that the action of the Revolutionary Council in postponing the second round of the national elections in Iran had been a decisive factor.

Please tell M. Francois Poncet that I look forward to hearing from him on the telephone later this morning after his meeting with the President.

ELEMENTS FOR REPLIES BY EUROPEAN HEADS OF GOVERNMENT TO PRESIDENT CARTER'S MESSAGE OF 25 MARCH 1980

I have studied with care your letter of 25 March and its request for our active support and assistance in the effort to secure the release of the US hostages in Tehran.

I shall shortly be communicating with President Bani Sadr in order to convey to him the seriousness with which I view the present grave situation. I shall be pointing out to him that my Government expect him to continue with his efforts to secure the early release of the American hostages. I will stress that the patience of the American people has been remarkable, but that it is not inexhaustible and will say that any significant prolongation of the present stalemate may well have the most damaging consequences.

As part of our effort to give you the support for which
you ask, I and my colleagues in the European Community will
also be taking steps to encourage the Heads of other Governments
to write to President Bani Sadr in similar terms.

I share your hope that an approach of this kind, made by a considerable number of Governments, may have a real impact in Tehran. But it must be given time to work. Precipitate action at the present juncture could well have effects contrary to those which we are all seeking. In particular, the loss of communications which would follow the breaking off of relations would reduce our scope for action aimed at the release of the hostages. Moreover, the Iranians have not yet had time to digest the significance of the Shah's move to Egypt. It would also, in my view, be wrong to have the last phase of the election campaign in Iran take place in circumstances where the candidates were was with each other in their condemnation of the United States. To do so would be to ensure that the new Assembly met in an atmosphere of total hostility to your country.

I know that you are fully alive to the potential dangers of the present situation. In my view there is an appreciable risk of a rapid and serious growth of tension in the area. Greater involvement on your part could bring in its train a Soviet reaction with all that that would imply. We must surely be concerned to avoid this. I hope therefore that despite the pressures that you are under, you will be able to persevere for a little longer with the policy that came so close to success a few weeks ago.

If however our joint efforts fail, if the convening of the new Iranian Parliament does not bring a solution and if you consider that further action is needed, then my Government will of course give you its support. The steps to be taken by both our Governments In these circumstances would need to be the subject of the closest consultation. Arryon say, it is imperative that we co-ordinate our actions on these vital issues as effectively as possible. I look forward to remaining in the closest touch with you in the days and weeks ahead.

NOTE FOR THE RECORD

Telephone conversation between the Foreign and Commonwealth Secretary and the French Foreign Minister at midnight on Thursday 27 March 1980

The Foreign and Commonwealth Secretary said that he had rung Monsieur Francois Poncet to discuss with him the reaction of European Heads of Government to President Carter's message of 25 March about the American hostages in Iran.

The Prime Minister and Chancellor Schmidt had been discussing the matter earlier in the evening. They had agreed that any reply should cover the following points:

- (a) As requested by President Carter, they would be prepared to send a message to President Bani Sadr;
- (b) they were doubtful about the wisdom of the American action in giving what appeared to be an ultimatum to President Bani Sadr. This seemed likely to be counter-productive;
- (c) they hoped that the Americans would therefore be prepared to reconsider the course of action on which they had embarked; and
- (d) in the last resort and because of the possible consequences of American action, their Governments would offer support to the Americans. Such an offer of support would be in general terms but would cover the withdrawal of our representatives from Tehran.

The Foreign and Commonwealth Secretary said that the Prime Minister and the Chancellor did not wish to take any action until they had discussed the matter with the French Government.

Monsieur Francois Poncet asked whether it was Lord Carrington's intention to seek to agree a position of the Nine. He also asked whether Lord Carrington envisaged a joint answer on behalf of the Nine or a concertation of their positions. The Foreign and Commonwealth Secretary said that he knew the Presidency were summoning

CONFIDENTIAL / a meeting

a meeting in Rome the following morning. Clearly this would be a suitable moment to discuss the next steps. He thought that if France, the Federal Republic and the UK agreed, it should be possible to persuade the others to go along. He envisaged separate answers going from each Head of Government.

Monsieur Francois Poncet said that he had not yet discussed the matter with President Giscard but would be doing so at 10.00 am. In general he agreed with the line Lord Carrington had sketched out although he thought that the Americans had already taken action with the Iranians and that it would therefore be too late to dissaude them. The Foreign and Commonwealth Secretary agreed that this part of the proposed message would probably have no effect. It was nonetheless important to go on record with our views. Monsieur François Poncet said that Lord Carrington's proposal of support seemed to be very specific. Any message would certainly leak to the press sooner rather than later. Words along the lines of "We have the greatest understanding for the United States' difficulties and will do what we can to help" might therefore be more appropriate. Nonetheless, he repeated that he agreed with the general line proposed by the Foreign and Commonwealth Secretary. The action taken by the United States Government might be inappropriate but the Americans could not be left alone in their present predicament.

Herr Genscher then spoke briefly to Monsieur Francois Poncet (in German). He said that the British, French and German Ambassadors in Rome should get together early today and suggest to the Presidency a postponement of the proposed meeting until later in the afternoon. Monsieur Francois Poncet repeated that he thought that any expression of support/to the Americans any expression of support/would have to be very general. He agreed that the Ambassadors should be briefed to seek a postponement of the coordination meeting. Herr Genscher said that the text of the elements to be incorporated in separate replies to President Carter would be sent to Monsieur Francois Poncet overnight.

The conversation ended at ten minutes past midnight.

Phis

Mufaced to Chaquers 2 and 2 1/4/2 SECRET GR 800 DFDIP SECRET FM WASHINGTON 270400Z MAR 80 TO IMMEDIATE FCO TELEGRAM NUMBER 1257 OF 27 MARCH INFO PRIORITY PARIS AND BONN 4-POWER CONSULTATION IN WASHINGTON : IRAN 1. WHEN THE FRENCH AND FRG AMBASSADORS AND WARREN CHRISTOPHER MET TODAY FOR THE FIRST OF CUR CONFIDENTIAL 4-POWER MEETINGS DESIGNED TO PUT CONSULTATION ON TO AN EFFECTIVE AND SECURE FOCTING, I BEGAN BY REFERRING TO THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE OF 25 MARCH ON IRAN (YOUR TELNO, 586), NEITHER THE FRENCH NOR FRG AMBASSADORS KNEW ANYTHING ABOUT IT. I DID NOT REFER TO YOUR TELEPHONE TALKS WITH VANCE AND GENSCHER. I SAID THAT I HAD NO INSTRUCTIONS BUT THE FIRST THING THAT STRUCK ME ABOUT THIS MESSAGE AND THE REQUEST TO US TO TELL BANI SADR THAT WE WERE GOING TO BREAK DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WAS THAT THIS WAS PRECISELY THE SCRT OF THING THAT SHOULD HAVE BEEN DISCUSSED IN OUR 4-POWER GROUP BEFORE RESORTING TO MESSAGES OF THIS KIND THAT WERE TANTAMOUNT TO AN ULTIMATUM. 2. I SAID THAT IN FACT OUR GOVERNMENTS HAD CONSIDERED THIS IDEA OF EREAKING RELATIONS BECAUSE IT HAD BEEN PUT FORWARD BY THE E.C. AMBASSADORS IN TEHRAN, BUT THEY DID NOT FAVOUR IT. IF THEREFORE WE HAD HAD THE CHANCE TO EXPRESS SOME INFORMAL VIEW WE COULD HAVE TOLD THE U.S. AUTHORITIES THAT THERE WAS NO POINT IN PRESENTING US WITH THIS SUGGESTION. THE DANGER OF DOING IT IN THIS WAY WAS THAT IT WOULD EXACERBATE THE DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE EUROPEANS ON THE ONE HAND AND THE USA ON THE OTHER: EVEN IF IT WAS COMPLIED WITH WE DID NOT THINK THAT IT WOULD NECESSARILY HELP WITH THE HOSTAGE SITUATION AND IT WOULD AMOUNT TO A REDUCTION OF WESTERN INFLUENCE IN TEHRAN. THERE WAS A DANGER THAT THE PRESIDENT'S ULTIMATUM WOULD BECOME PUBLIC WHICH WOULD WORSEN RELATIONS ACROSS THE ATLANTIC AND COULD GIVE A FILLIP TO THE HOSTAGE-HOLDERS AND TO ALL WHO WERE HELPING THEM. /3. THE SECRET

SECRET

3. THE FRG AND FRENCH AMBASSADORS WHO WERE DISCOUNTENANCED AT HAVING BEEN KEPT IN IGNORANCE EVEN OF THE EXISTENCE OF THE MESSAGE, SPOKE IN THE SAME SENSE. IN FACT, THE GERMAN WAS EVEN MORE EMPHATIC THAT THIS WAS NOT ONLY A BAD IDEA IN ITSELF BUT THAT IT WAS A ROTTEN WAY OF GOING ABOUT PUTTING IT FORWARD. HE EMPHASISED THE IMPORTANCE OF AVOIDING ALIENATING MOSLEM OPINION IN DEALING WITH THE HOSTAGE PROBLEM. THE PALESTINIAN QUESTION WAS CRUCIAL TO THIS. THE SAME LINE WAS TAKEN BY THE FRENCH AMBASSADOR.

4. CHRISTOPHER EXPLAINED THAT THE U.S. HAD TO DO SOMETHING. THEY HAD ALREADY EXPLAINED THAT, WHEN THE WALDHEIM COMMISSION RETURNED TO NEW YORK, IF THIS DID NOT LEAD TO ANY PROGRESS ON THE WOSTAGES, THE U.S. MOULD HAVE TO TAKE FURTHER MEASURES. MUCH THOUGH THE U.S. GOVERNMENT HOPED THAT OTHER MOSLEM COUNTRIES WOULD HELP, THE U.S.'S EFFORTS IN THIS DIRECTION HAD BEEN MET SO FAR BY FOUR MONTHS OF FRUSTRATION. IF OUR THREE GOVERNMENTS HAD ALTERNATIVE IDEAS OF EXERTING PRESSURE IN IRAN, THE U.S. GOVERNMENT WOULD BE WERY WILLING TO LISTEN.

5. IN RESPONSE TO A QUESTION ABOUT WHAT QUOTE FURTHER AND MORE SEVERE UNILATERAL ACTIONS UNQUOTE THE U.S. MIGHT RESORT TO IF THEIR ALLIES FAILED TO GIVE THEM THE NECESSARY SUPPORT, PARTICULARLY THE BREAKING OFF OF DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS, CHRISTOPHER WAS EXTREMELY CAUTIOUS. HE SAID THAT NO DECISIONS HAD YET BEEN TAKEN. BUT THE OPTIONS WERE THOSE WE HAD READ ABOUT.

6. THE GERMAN AMBASSADOR UNDERLINED THE IMPORTANCE OF THE U.S. GOVERNMENT EXPLAINING ITS POLICIES AND INTENTIONS TO THE MOSLEM AND NON-ALIGNED WORLD. THE ISLAMIC CONFERENCE IN MID APRIL WAS AN IMPORTANT DATE. HE WAS EXTREMELY WORNIED ABOUT WHAT THE CONSEQUENCES MOULD BE IF THE NEWS LEAKED OF CARTER'S ULTIMATUM TO HIS ALLIES AND OF THE LATTERS' REJECTION OF IT.

2 CONFIDENTIAL

SECRET

7. CHRISTOPHER SAID THAT WHEN THE PROPOSAL FOR SANCTIONS HAD BEEN VETDED IN THE U.N., THE U.S. GOVERNMENT HAD ASKED THEIR ALLIES TO IMPOSE SANCTIONS AS THOUGH THE RESOLUTION HAD BEEN PASSED. BUT THE ALLIES HAD SAID THAT THEY COULD NOT DO THIS. SOME SUPPORT FROM THE ALLIES WAS NECESSARY AND IT SEEMED TO THE UNITED STATES THAT THE BEST COURSE WAS FOR THEM TO ACT IN THE FIELD OF DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS BY THREATENING TO BREAK THEM OFF.

8. WE ALL AGREED THAT, DIFFICULT THOUGH IT MIGHT PROVE TO BE, WE SHOULD ALL TRY TO AVOID GIVING PUBLICITY TO THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE. THE FRENCH AMBASSADOR SAID THAT THERE WERE ALTERNATIVE STEPS THAT THE ALLIES COULD TAKE AND HE WAS IN FAVOUR OF AN APPROACH TO MOSLEM COUNTRIES TO SEE WHETHER THEY WOULD NOT ASSIST.

9. WE DISCUSSED WHETHER THERE WAS NOT A DANGER THAT THE ACTION PROPOSED BY THE AMERICANS COULD HAVE THE EFFECT OF INCREASING ANTI-WESTERN INFLUENCE IN TEHRAN. CHRISTOPHER SAID THAT HE DID NOT THINK THAT BANI SADE WOULD TURN TO THE SOVIETS. BUT IF THE U.S. WERE FORCED TO TAKE QUOTE ADDITIONAL UNQUOTE STEPS THIS COULD LEAD TO AN INCREASED SOVIET INFLUENCE.

18. AS THE SORT OF WAY THE ALLIES MIGHT BE ABLE TO ACT I REFERRED TO THE IDEA, WHILST EMPHASISING THAT IT WAS AN ENTIRELY PERSONAL SUGGESTION, CONTAINED IN SIR A. PARSONS' TELNO. 506 THAT COUNTRIES SHOULD ABSENT THEMSELVES FROM INTERNATIONAL MEETINGS AT WHICH IRAN WAS REPRESENTED.

11. FOR OTHER TOPICS SEE MY 3 IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING TELEGRAMS.

> 3 SECRET

> > PS (NO 10 DUWNUK ST SIR R ARM 5 TRANG CAB OFFICE

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RESTRICTED

PRIORITY FCO

TELEGRAM NUMBER 322 OF 27 MARCH 86

INFO PRIORITY CABINET OFFICE (DIO) MODUK (DI4 AND DS11)

CRES, WASHINGTON UKMIS NEW YORK
INFO ROUTINE ABU DHABI, ANKARA, BAGHDAD, BAHRAIN, DOHA,

DUBAI, KUWAIT, MOSCOW, MUSCAT,
INFO SAVING TO JEDDA AND CAIRO.

M

MY TEL NO 297 : SITUATION IN IRAN.

- OVER THE PROLONGED HOLIDAY TO CELEBRATE THE PERSIAN NEW YEAR, THERE HAVE BEEN NO NEWSPAPERS, AND THE RADIO HAS REPORTED LITTLE OF NOTE.
- 2. IN THEIR NEW YEAR SPEECHES, KHOMEINI AND BANI SADR FOCUSSED ON TWO MAIN TOPICS: FIRST, THE THREAT TO IRAN POSED BY INTERNATIONAL COMMUNISM AND THE COMMUNIST POWERS, KHOMEINI DESCRIBED THE THREAT AS NO LESS THAN THAT OF AMERICA AND CLAIMED THAT BOTH SUPER POWERS WERE BENT ON DESTROYING THE OPPRESSED NATIONS. THIS IS A NEW TACK FOR KHOMEINI, WHOSE CUSTOMARY PRACTICE IS TO CONCENTRATE HIS VENOM ON THE UNITED STATES ALONE. THE SECOND MAIN THEME IN BOTH MEN'S SPEECHES WAS THE NEED FOR A RETURN TO LAWFULNESS AND DISCIPLINE, BOTH IN THE ARMED FORCES AND IN THE ECONOMY.
- 3. NO NEW RESULTS HAVE BEEN ANNOUNCED IN THE ELECTION. COUNTING HAS CONTINUED THROUGHOUT THE HOLIDAY PERIOD IN TEHRAN, BUT IT WILL BE SOME TIME BEFORE IT IS COMPLETE. THE REVOLUTIONARY COUNCIL HAS DECIDED THAT THE DATE FOR THE SECOND ROUND WILL ONLY BE FIXED AFTER A COMMISSION SET UP TO INVESTIGATE COMPLAINTS HAS GIVEN ITS REPORT. THIS IS TO BE AFTER ONE MONTH, THE WHOLE ELECTION PROCESS HAS THUS BEEN CONSIDERABLY EXTENDED BEYOND THE ORIGINAL EXPECTATION AND THE NEW MAJLES CAN HARDLY BE CONSTITUTED BEFORE MAY AT THE EARLIEST. THERE ARE RUMOURS THAT BANI SADE MAY IN ANY CASE FORM A NEW GOVERNMENT DURING THE NEXT TWO WEEKS. HE IS REPORTED AS HAVING SAID THAT HE WOULD NOT "SURRENDER TO A FORGED PARLIAMENT".

14. THE DEPARTURE

RESTRICHED

- 4. THE DEPARTURE OF THE SHAH FROM PANAMA INDICATED, ACCORDING TO QOTBZADEH, THAT IRAN COULD NOT TRUST INTERNATIONAL LAW IN ITS CAMPAIGN TO SECURE HIS RETURN. HE SAID THAT EGYPT WOULD NOT BE A SAFE HAVEN. THE MUJADEHINE MHALQ HAVE ANNOUNCED IN A LETTER TO KHOMEINI THAT THE SHAH'S MOVE FROM PANAMA TO EGYPT WAS BY ARRANGEMENT WITH THE UNITED STATES AND DESIGNED TO FACILITATE BETTER DIRECTION OF SUBVERSIVE ACTS AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT OF IRAN.
- 5. DEMONSTRATIONS TO PROTEST AGAINST THE SHAP'S MOVE TO EGYPT WERE CALLED FOR BY THE CLERGY, AND TOOK PLACE IN A NUMBER OF TOWNS THROUGHOUT IRAN. IN TEHRAN THEY WERE ON A FAIRLY MODEST SCALE.
- 6. ARMY MANOEUVRES IN ORUMIEH ON 26 MARCH ARE REPORTED TO
 HAVE LED TO A CLASH WITH UNSPECIFIED ARMED GROUPS
 RESULTING IN THREE DEATHS. ON 23 MARCH, AFTER TWO DAYS
 FIGHTING AT THREE GENDARMERIE POSTS IN AZERBAIJAN, TWO
 OF THEM WERE REPORTED CAPTURED BY KURDISH TRISESMEN, WHO
 TOOK A NUMBER OF PRISONERS INCLUDING THE DISTRICT GOVERNOR.

FCO PASS SAVING JEDDA AND CAIRO.

DEPARTMENTAL D

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ADDITION AL DISTRIBUTION

THIS TELEGRAM
WAS NOT
ADVANCED

GR 105 UNCLASSIFIED FM TEHRAN 270300Z MAR TO PRIORITY FCO TELEGRAM NUMBER 318 OF 27 MARCH 80 INFO PRIORITY WASHINGTON. M

US/IRAN.

- AT A PRESS CONFERENCE ON 26 MARCH, QOTBZADEH WAS ASKED ABOUT THE REPORT THAT EUROPEAN COMMUNITY COUNTRIES WERE CONSIDERING DEPLOYING THEIR REPRESENTATIVES HERE TO BRING PRESSURE AGAINST IRAN ON THE HOSTAGES.
- 2. QOTBZADEH REPLIED, QUOTE, I THINK THE EUROPEAN
 COUNTRIES HAVE DONE WHATEVER THEY COULD AGAINST US. ONE
 THING MORE OR LESS DOESN'T MAKE ANY DIFFERENCE. THAT DOESN'T
 AFFECT THE PROCEDURES AND OUR DECISIONS. THEY CAN DO WHATEVER
 THEY WANT. UNQUOTE.

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ADDITIONAL DISTRIBUTION TEHRAN SPECIAL

GR 230

SECRET

SECRET FM FCO 261751Z MAR 80

TO FLASH ROME

TELEGRAM NUMBER 170 OF 26 MARCH

AND TO FLASH PARIS BONN

INFO IMMEDIATE WASHINGTON TOKYO OTTAWA PRIORITY UKMIS NEW YORK UKREP BRUSSELS UKDEL NATO.

MIPT: IRAN.

 THE NINE UNDERSTAND THE PRESSURES TO WHICH THE US HAS BEEN SUBJECTED, AND SYMPATHISE WITH THE US ADMINISTRATION IN THE DIFFICULT SITUATION NOW REACHED.

2. WE BELIEVE THAT THE AIM OF ANY ACTION NOW TAKEN SHOULD BE TO STRENGTHEN THE ABILITY OF THE MODERATES IN TEHRAN TO ISOLATE THE STUDENTS, AND NOT TO DO ANYTHING THAT WOULD RALLY IRANIANS TO THE CAUSE OF EXTREMISM.

 THE US WILL BE AWARE OF THE RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE AMBASSADORS OF THE NINE IN TEHRAN WHICH WERE LEAKED RECENTLY. THIS PUBLICITY MAKES IT EVEN MORE IMPORTANT TO ACT WITH CARE.

4. IN RESPONSE TO THE US REQUEST, THE NINE PROPOSE TO SEND MESSAGES FROM THEIR HEADS OF GOVERNMENT OR STATE TO BANI SADR, POINTING OUT THE DANGERS OF THE PRESENT SITUATION AND URGING ACTION TO RELEASE THE HOSTAGES. THEY PROPOSE TO MOUNT A EUROPEAN COMMUNITY EFFORT TO GET AS MANY OTHER STATES AS POSSIBLE TO DO THE SAME.

5. THEY DO NOT PROPOSE AT PRESENT TO TELL THE IRANIANS THAT THEY WILL BREAK OFF ALL RELATIONS IF THE HOSTAGES HAVE NOT BEEN RELEASED BY MID MAY. IT WOULD BE PREFERABLE IN ANY CASE TO WITHDRAW STAFF RATHER THAN BREAK OFF RELATIONS (EVENTUAL RESUMPTION OF WHICH WOULD NEED IRANIAN PERMISSION). THE NINE DO NOT EXCLUDE THIS EVENTUALLY BUT IN TALKING TO THE IRANIANS NOW IT WOULD BE TACTICALLY BETTER TO LEAVE ANY EVENTUAL ACTION BY THE EC COUNTRIES UNSPECIFIED.

CARRINGTON

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ADDITIONAL DISTRIBUTION TEHRAN SPECIAL

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GRS 450

SECRET
FM FCO 261751Z MAR 80
TO FLASH ROME
TELEGRAM NO 169 OF 26 MARCH
AND TO FLASH PARIS, BONN,
INFO IMMEDIATE WASHINGTON, TOKYO, OTTAWA, PRIORITY UKMIS NEW YORK,
UKREP BRUSSELS, UKDEL NATO.

MY TELS NOS 586 AND 587 TO WASHINGTON: IRAN

1. PLEASE TELL THE GOVERNMENT TO WHICH YOU ARE ACCREDITED AT A SUITABLE LEVEL (E.G., POLITICAL DIRECTOR), THAT I BELIEVE THAT A EUROPEAN REPLY SHOULD BE CO-ORDINATED IN RESPONSE TO THIS LATEST AMERICAN MESSAGE. I FEAR THAT THE VIRTUAL ULTIMATUM WHICH THE AMERICANS HAVE DELIVERED TO THE IRANIANS, EVEN IF THEY HAVE NOT MENTIONED THE SPECIFIC MEASURES WHICH THEY WILL TAKE, WILL HAVE THE EFFECT OF DRIVING THE MODERATES INTO THE ARMS OF THE EXTREMISTS IN IRAN INSTEAD OF STRENGTHENING BANI SADR AND HIS COLLEAGUES IN THEIR ATTEMPT TO ISOLATE THE STUDENTS. I THEREFORE SUGGEST THAT THE JOINT RESPONSE TO THE AMERICANS MIGHT TAKE THE FORM OF THE COMMUNITY AGREEING TO TRY TO ORGANISE MESSAGES TO BANI SADR FROM AS MANY HEADS OF GOVERNMENT/STATE AS POSSIBLE (AS RECOMMENDED BY THE AMBASSADORS OF THE NINE) DRAWING ATTENTION TO THE SERIOUS SITUATION NOW REACHED AND TO THE UNPREDICTABLE CONSEQUENCES OF THE HOSTAGES PROBLEM NOT BEING RESOLVED. BUT THE COMMUNITY COUNTRIES WOULD NOT (NOT) THREATEN TO BREAK OFF RELATIONS IN MID-MAY IF THERE WERE NO PROGRESS. WE WOULD NOT IN ANY CASE WISH TO TAKE THE FORMAL STEP OF BREAKING OFF RELATIONS RATHER THAN WITHDRAWING STAFF UNILATERALLY (WHICH WAS WHAT THE AMBASSADORS OF THE NINE RECOMMENDED) . BUT AT THIS STAGE WE THINK IT PREFERABLE NOT TO SPECIFY AT ALL WHAT ACTION THE COMMUNITY COUNTRIES INTEND TO TAKE IF THE HOSTAGES ARE NOT FREED BY MID-MAY.

2. ROME SHOULD SUGGEST THAT THE PRESIDENCY SHOULD INFORM THE PREST OF THE NINE ABOUT THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE ADDRESSED TO THE FOUR AND SET UP ARRANGEMENTS FOR CO-ORDINATING THE RESPONSE. WE, FOR OWR PART, WOULD BE GLAD TO ATTEND A MEETING AT POLITICAL DIRECTOR OR EXPERT LEVEL - OR INDEED TO FALL IN WITH WHATEVER PROCEDURAL ANRANGEMENTS THE PRESIDENCY DECIDED UPON. PARIS AND BONN SHOULD INFORM THE FRENCH AND GERMANS OF OUR VIEW.

SECR

SECRET

- ACTION ADDRESSES SHOULD ALSO HAND OVER THE TEXT IN MY IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING TELEGRAM WHICH CONTAINS A DRAFT ON WHICH WE SUGGEST THE NINE'S REPLY TO THE AMERICANS MIGHT BE BASED.
- 4. FOR BONN: GENSCHER TELEPHONED ME EARLIER THIS AFTERNOON.
 I TOLD HIM THAT THE AMERICANS HAD ALREADY TAKEN ACTION WITH THE IRANIANS. HE TOLD ME THAT SCHMIDT INTENDED TO SEND A MESSAGE TO CARTER THIS EVENING. BUT WE ARE ASKING RUHFUS TO SUGGEST THAT HE SHOULD HOLD HIS HAND.

CARRINGTON

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ADDITIONAL DISTRIBUTION TEHRAN SPECIAL

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S E C R E T FM ROME 261930Z MAR TO FLASH FCO TELEGRAM NR 236 OF 26TH MARCH IMMEDIATE INFO WASHINGTON.

YOURTEL NO 169 : IRAN.

TUR ARRIVED AT 2000 HRS LOCAL TIME. IN MY ABSENCE IN BOLOGNA, MINISTER SPOKE TO DIPLOMATIC ADVISER TO ITALIAN PRIME MINISTER BY TELEPHONE. THE ITALIANS PREACTION IS SIMILAR TO YOURS, ON THE AUTHORITY OF COSSIGA THE AMERICANS HERE HAVE BEEN TOLD TODAY THAT THE ITALIANS QUITE UNDERSTAND THEIR DIFFICULTIES, THAT IT IS IMPOSSIBLE FOR THE ITALIAN GOVERNMENT, GIVEN THAT IT HAS RESIGNED, TO TAKE SUBSTANTIVE ACTION AT PRESENT, AND THAT THE PRESIDENCY WILL CONSULT ITS PARTMERS, MEANWHILE, THE ITALIAN AMBASSADOR TO MIRAN IS RETURNING TO TEHRAN ON 27 MARCH WITH A MESSAGE TO BANI SADR, WHICH, GODDISCN IMPERED, WAS ON THE LINES YOU PROPOSE.

2. WE SHALL REPORT FURTHER AFTER GOODISON HAS SEEN BERLINGUER AT $270900\mathrm{Z}$

3. FCO PLEASE REPEAT AS NECESSARY.

ARCULUS

PASSED BY COD TO BONN & PARIS AT RESIDENT CLERK'S REQUEST

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ADDITIONAL DISTN TEHRAN SPECIAL

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ZZ WASHINGTON
PP UKMIS NEW YORK
PP OTTAWA
GRS 311
CONFIDENTIAL

FM FCO 261600Z WARCH 1980
TO FLASH WASHINGTON
TELEGORAN NUMBER 587 OF 26 MARCH 1980.
REPEATED FOR INFORMATION PRIORITY TO: BONN, PARIS, TOKYO,
OTTAWA, ROME, TEHRAN, UKMIS NEW YORK, UKREP EC, UKDEL NATO
MIPTIFAN

- 1. I SPOKE TO VANCE BY TELEPHONE THIS AFTERNOON ABOUT PRESIDENT CARTER'S MESSAGE. I ASKED WHETHER THE AMERICANS HAD ALREADY TAKEN ACTION WITH THE IRANIANS WARNING THEM OF THE US GOVERNMENT'S INTENTION TO IMPLEMENT AFTER MONDAY THE THREE MEASURES. IT SEEMED TO ME, WHILE I RECOGNISED THE DOMESTIC POLITICAL CONSTRAINTS, THAT THE PRESENT TIME, TWO DAYS AFTER THE SHAH'S MOVE TO EGYPT, WAS PERHAPS NOT THE MOST PROPITIOUS TO BE ISSUING THIS KIND OF ULTIMATUM. VANCE REPLIED THAT THE AMERICANS HAD ALREADY TAKEN ACTION, THOUGH IN GENERAL TERMS WITHOUT MENTIONING THE DETAILS OF THE THREE MEASURES. THEY HAD CONSIDERED CAREFULLY THE TIMING POINT BUT HAD CONCLUDED THAT IT WOULD MAKE LITTLE PRACTICAL DIFFERENCE. IN ANY EVENT, IT WAS NOT POSSIBLE TO LET THINGS RUN ON ANY LONGER. I ASKED HOW CLEAR AN IDEA THE IRANIANS WOULD HAVE OF WHAT THE AMERICANS INTENDED. THE SECOND OF THE AMERICAN MEASURES WOULD PRESUMABLY BE THE MOST SERIOUS. VANCE SAID THAT THE IRANIANS WOULD REALISE THAT SANCTIONS WERE INVOLVED. HE EMPHASISED THAT THE SECOND MEASURE INVOLVED SIMPLY THE CATALOGUING OF CLAIMS. IT DID NOT (NOT) AMOUNT TO SEIZURE.
- 2. I ALSO ASKED VANCE TO WHOM THE PRESIDENT HAD SENT SIMILAR MESSAGES. HE SAID THAT THEY HAD GONE TO THE HEADS OF GOVERNMENT IN BONN, PARIS, ROME, TOKYO AND OTHAWA. THE AMERICANS ACKNOWLEDGED THAT THE MORE COUNTRIES WHO COULD PARTICIPATE IN ACTION IN SUPPORT OF THE UNITED STATES, THE

/BETTER

CONFIDENTIAL

22342 - 1

BETTER, BUT HAD PREFERRED TO CONTACT THESE SIX OTHER GOVERNMENTS IN THE FIRST INSTANCE. WARREN CHRISTOPHER WOULD SHORTLY BE HOLDING A MEETING WITH THE SIX AMBASSADORS IN WASHINGTON. VANCE HIMSELF WOULD BE FACED WITH A MAJOR HEARING ON IRAN ON 27 MARCH.

CARRINGTON

 ADDITIONAL DISTRIBUTION TEHRAN SPECIAL

CONFIDENTIAL



10 DOWNING STREET F.M. Phil

The first of the letegrams below gives an account of the Foreign secularity later with the Vance. (The somber quently had a word with then benscher a witered's to ming of Bankon Poncet is the morning).

The second his litegrams are an altempt to ensure that on this occasion there is a reasonably to ordinated European represent to the Americans - Where action is certain, I would thank, to cleak from Lord Councillar was v. anxions to get the letegrams off frompthy in order that action could be taken this evening. I priget hat you could be contint with the line proposed of speed that key should write. And 26.2.

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	11	MIPT:IRAN								
	13	The second secon								
	14	and an arrange and an arrange and an arrange and arrange arrange arrange and arrange a								
	15	already taken action with the Iranians warning them of the US Government's intention to implement after Monday the three								
	16									
	17	political constraints, that the present time, two days after								
	18									
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	20	Tonce reperies that the								
	21									
	22	had considered carefully the time in point but had concluded								
	23	it would make little practical difference. In any event, it was								
	24	not possible to let things run	on any longer. I asked how clear							
	25.	an idea the Iranians would hav	e of what the Americans intended.							
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		Drafted by (Block canitals) P Lever								
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OUT TELEGRAM (CONT)

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•		Classi	fication and Caveats			Page				
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	4			He emphasis	ed that the second					
	5	involved s	simply the catalog	Cla.	ims					
	6	amount to	seizure.							
	7	2. I als	so asked Vance to	whom the Pr	esident had sent s	imilar				
	8	messages.	He said that th	ey had gone	to the Heads of					
	9	Governmen	t in Bonn, Paris,	Rome, Tokyo	and Ottawa. The					
	10	Americans	acknowledged that	the more o	ountries who could	1				
	11	participa	te in action in su	pport of th	e United States, 1	he				
	12	better, b	ut had preferred t	o contact t	hese six other Gov	vernments				
	13	in the fi	rst instance. Wa	rren Christ	opher would short!	y be				
	14	holding a	meeting with the	six Ambassa	dors in Washington	. Vance				
	15	himself w	ould be faced with	a major he	aring on Iran on 2	27 March.				
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to the Americans might take the form of the Community agreeing to try to organise messages to Bani Sadr from as many Heads of Government/State as possible drawing attention to the serious situation now reached and to the unpredictable consequences of the hostages problem not being But the Community countries would not (not) threaten to break off relations in mid-May if there were no progress. We would not in any case wish to take the irrevocable step of breaking off relations rather than withdrawing staff unilaterally. But at this stage we think it preferable not to specify at all what action the Community countries intend to take if the hostages are not freed by mid-May.

2. Rome should suggest that the Presidency should inform the rest of the Nine about the President's message addressed to the Four and set up arrangements for co-ordinating the response.

We, for our part, will be glad to attend a meeting at the level of Political Director or Expert group - or indeed to fall in with whatever procedural arrangements the Presidency decided upon. Paris and Bonn should inform the French and Germans that this is our view.

3. Action addressees should also hand over the text in my immediately following telegram which contains the draft on the lines of which we should be based.

(as reformeded by la Automotes 4 tu Min)

(which was what the Aubarrados of the nine recommend of

4. FOR BONN: GENSCHER TELPHONED ME EARLIER THIS AFTERNOON. 1 TOLD ILM THAT THE AMERICANS ITAD ALPEADY TAKEN ACTION WITH TITE KARRICHTON IRANIANS HE TOLD ME THAT SCHMIDT INTENDED TO SEND AMESSAGE TO CARTER THIS EVENING. BUT WE ARE ASKING RUHFUS TO SUGGEST THAT HOLD HUS HAND.

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	TEXT]		

Distributio

As in

- been subjected, and sympathise with the US Administration in the difficult situation now reached.
- 2. We believe that the aim of any action now taken should be to strengthen the ability of the moderates in Tehran to isolate the students, and not to do anything that would rally Iranians to the cause of extremism.
- 3. The US will be aware of the recommendations of the Ambassadors of the Nine in Tehran which were leaked recently. This publicity makes it even more important to act with care.
- 4. In response to the US request, the Nine propose to send /messages

Copies to:-

messages from their Heads of Government or State to Bani Sadr, pointing out the dangers of the present situation and urging action to release the hostages. They propose to mount a European Community effort to get as many other states as possible to do the same.

5. They do not propose at present to say that they will break off all relations if the hostages have not been released by mid May. It would be preferable in any case to withdraw staff rather than break off relations (eventual resumption of which would need Iranian permission). But it would be tactically better now to leave any eventual action by the EC countries unspecified.

THE NINE DO
NOT EXCLUDE
THIS EVENTUALLY
BUT IN
TALKING TO
THE IRANIANS
NOW

FLASH 764/60 SECLET 1. 2000454 PRIME MINISTER'S SERIAL NO. T.64/60. DURING THE PAST 150 DAYS THAT OUR DIPLOMATS HAVE BEEN HELD HOSTAGE IN IRAN, I HAVE VALUED YOUR SUPPORT AND ADVICE. THE ACTIONS THAT YOUR COUNTRY HAS IMPLEMENTED HAVE HELPED TO ISOLATE IRAN POLITICALLY AND TO BRING HOME TO THE IRANIAN LEADERSHIP THE HIGH COSTS OF THEIR CONTINUED VIOLATION OF INTERNATIONAL LAW. MOTWITHSTANDING THE EFFORTS THAT ALL OF US HAVE MADE, IRAN CONTINUES TO AFFRONT WORLD OPINION AND HAS MADE NO MOVE TOWARDS RELEASE OF OUR PEOPLE OR OF IMPROVEMENT IN THEIR CONDITION. BECAUSE OF IRANIAN INTRANSIGENCE AND THE SUFFERING OF THE CAPTIVES, HAVE COME TO THE CONCLUSION THAT THE TIME HAS COME FOR STRONGER MEASURES. UNLESS IRAN MOVES THE CRISTS BY TRANSFERING THE HOSTAGES TO GOVERNMENT CONTROL AND IMPROVING THEIR CONDITION OF DETENTION, I WILL ORDER THE FOLLOWING ADDITIONAL MEASURES: -- IMPLEMENTATION OF FORMAL ECONOMIC SANCTIONS AGAINST IRAN AS PROVIDED FOR IN THE UN RESOLUTION= -- A COMPILATION BY THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT OF ALL CLAIMS AGAINST IRAN, WITH THE SUGGESTION THAT WE MAY MOVE UNILATERALLY TO SETTLE THOSE CLAIMS OUT OF PLOCKED ASSETS= 1 -- THE EXPULSION OF ALL IRANIAN DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR OFFICERS FROM THE U.S. WE CONTINUE TO NEED YOUR ACTIVE SUPECRT AND ASSISTANCE.
AS A FIRST STEP, IT WOULD BE VALUABLE IF YOU WOULD COMMUNICATE
NOW WITH PRESIDENT BANISADE SO THAT HE MIGHT CLEARLY UNDERSTAND
THE SEROUSHESS OF THE PRESENT MOMENT AND THE CONSEQUENCES THAT
WILL FLOW FROM CONTINUED IGANIAN INTRANSIGENCE.

THE U.S. STRONGLY HOPES THAT YOU AND OUR OTHER CLOSE FRIEND
WILL LET THE IRANIAN OFFICIALS KNOW THAT IN THE EVENT THE ABOVE
STEPS DO NOT RESULT IN FREEING THE HOSTAGES BY NO LATER THAN TWO
WEEKS AFTER THE MAJLIS CONVENES, AND IN ANY CASE NO LATER THAN HAY, YOU WILL JOIN WITH US AT THAT TIME IN COMPLETE AND FORMAL ERANGE OF ALL DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH IRAN. WITHOUT THIS D OF SUPPORT FROM OUR CLOSE FRIENDS, THE U.S. WILL HAVE LITTLE ICE BUT TO UNDERTAKE FURTHER AND MORE SEVERE UNILATERAL ACTIONS. WE WILL WANT TO BE IN CLOSE TOUCH WITH YOUR GOVERNMENT DURING THE DAYS AHEAD SO AS TO SHARE ASSESSMENTS OF CHANGING CIRCUMSTANCES AND TO COORDINATE OUR ACTIONS IN THE MOST EFFECTIVE WAY POSSIBLE. NO ONE CAN DISPUTE THE FACT THAT THE PATIENCE OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE DURING THIS CRISIS HAS BEEN EXTRAOPDINARY. THAT PATIENCE WILL NOT ENDURE IN THE FACE OF FURTHER IRANIAM INACTION. I TRUST YOU WILL AGREE TH, IT IS NOW TIME TO BRING HOME FORCIBLY TO IRANIAMS THE CONSEQUENCES OF THEIR ILLEGAL ACTION.

SECLE 1 2000 USA PRIME MINISTER'S 135ECT. SERIAL No. T 64/50 DURING THE PAST 150 DAYS THAT OUR DIPLOMATS HAVE BEEN HELD HOSTAGE IN IRAN, I HAVE VALUED YOUR SUPPORT AND ADVICE. THE ACTIONS THAT YOUR COUNTRY HAS IMPLEMENTED HAVE HELPED TO ISOLATE IRAN POLITICALLY AND TO BRING HOME TO THE IRANIAN LEADBERSHP THE HIGH COSTS OF THEIR CONTINUED VIOLATION OF INTERNATIONAL LAW. MOTWITHSTANDING THE EFFORTS THAT ALL OF US HAVE MADE, IRAN CONTINUES TO AFFRONT WORLD OPINION AND HAS MADE NO MOVE TOWARDS RELEASE OF OUR PEOPLE OR OF IMPROVEMENT IN THEIR CONDITION. BECAUSE OF IRANIAN INTRANSIGENCE AND THE SUFFERING OF THE CAPTIVES, I HAVE COME TO THE CONCLUSION THAT THE TIME HAS COME FOR STRONGER MEASURES. UNLESS TRAN MOVES BEFORE MODDAY TO SHOW ITS GOODWILL AND WILLINGNESS TO RESOLVE THE CRISTS BY TRANSFERING THE HOSTAGES TO GOVERNMENT CONTROL AND IMPROVING THEIR CONDITION OF DETENTION, I WILL ORDER THE FOLLOWING ADDITIONAL MEASURES: -- INPLEMENTATION OF FORMAL ECONOMIC SANCTIONS AGAINST
IRAN AS PROVIDED FOR IN THE UN RESOLUTION=
-- A COMPILATION BY THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT OF ALL CLAIMS
AGAINST IRAN, WITH THE SUGGESTION THAT WE MAY MOVE UNILATERALLY
TO SETTLE THOSE CLAIMS OUT OF BLOCKED ASSETS= -- THE EXPULSION OF ALL IRANIAN DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR OFFICERS FROM THE U.S. WE CONTINUE TO NEED YOUR ACTIVE SUPPORT AND ASSISTANCE.
AS A FIRST STEP, IT WOULD BE VALUABLE IF YOU WOULD COMMUNICATE
NOW WITH PRESIDENT BANI-SADE SO THAT HE MIGHT CLEARLY UNDERSTAND
THE SERIOUSNESS OF THE PRESENT MOMENT AND THE CONSEQUENCES THAT
WILL FLOW FROM CONTINUED IRANIAN INTRANSIGENCE. THE U.S. STRONGLY HOPES THAT YOU THEN CLOSE FRIENDS
WILL LET THE IRAHIAN OFFICIALS KNOW THAT IN THE EVENT THE ABOVE
STEPS DO NOT RESULT IN FREEING THE HOSTAGES BY NO LATER THAN TWO
WEEKS AFTER THE MAULIS CONVENES, AND IN ANY CASE NO LATER THAN Y, YOU WILL JOIN WITH US AT THAT TIME IN COMPLETE AND FORMAL TICE OF ALL DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH IRAM. WITHOUT THIS F SUPPORT FROM OUR CLOSE FRIENDS, THE U.S. WILL HAVE LITTLE BUT TO UNDERTAKE FURTHER AND MORE SEVERE UNILATERAL ACTIONS. WE WILL WANT TO BE IN CLOSE TOUCH WITH YOUR GOVERNMENT DURING THE DAYS AHEAD SO AS TO SHARE ASSESSMENTS OF CHANGING CIRCUMSTRACES AND TO GOORDINATE OUR ACTIONS IN THE MOST EFFECTIVE WAY POSSIBLE. NO ONE CAN DISPUTE THE FACT THAT THE PATIENCE OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE DURING THIS CRISIS HAS BEEN EXTRAORDINARY. THAT PATIENCE WILL NOT EMDURE IN THE FACE OF FURTHER IRANIAM INACTION. I TRUST YOU WILL AGREE THAT IT IS NOW TIME TO BRING HOME FORCIBLY TO IRANIAMS THE CONSEQUENCES OF THEIR ILLEGAL ACTION.



Foreign and Commonwealth Office

London SW1A 2AH

25 March 1980

There told the Lever that the

organist at A is no longer leventle. for Pour 25/3

Deax Michael,

IRAN

Following agreement in OD on 18 March that a holding reply should be sent to President Carter's message of 13 March to the Prime Minister, there is now an opportunity to consider the implications of the present situation and to hear the views of Sir John Graham while he is back in London this week.

However, the Americans may return to the charge after they have received the Prime Minister's reply, and President Carter may decide to send a further message or even to ring the Prime Minister personally. In the circumstances the Foreign and Commonwealth Secretary thinks it important that we should first agree with our partners in the Nine on an appropriate response to a possible American call for sanctions, or other measures against Iran, before we give too firm a commitment to President Carter himself. If, therefore, the President does contact the Prime Minister on this question, she may wish to point out to him that she will be seeing Mr Schmidt and Mr Giscard d'Estaing at the forthcoming European Summit and will wish to discuss this issue with them there; that we continue to have every sympathy for the problems he now faces over Iran; and that we shall, of course, ensure that his suggestions are looked at constructively.

Yours DE

M O'D B Alexander Esq 10 Downing Street



Poreign and Commonwealth Office
London SWIA 2AH

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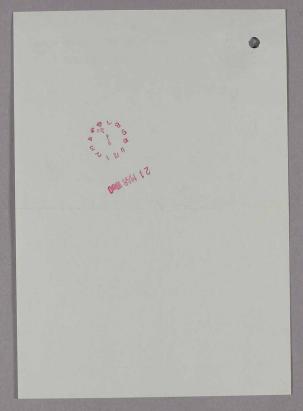
Sir John Graham will be in the Foreign Office for consultations between $\underline{^{24}}$ and $\underline{^{31}}$ March.

The Prime Minister has taken a personal interest in the Embassy in Tehran. Since President Carter is prone to consult her personally on the problem of the USE hostages, she may find it useful to have a personal talk with Sir John Graham.

(G G H Walden)

(G G H Walden) Private Secretary

M O'D B Alexander Esq 10 Downing Street



SECRET

RH 6

20 March 1980

Message to President Carter:

Iran

I enclose the signed text of a message from the Prime Minister to President Carter about the Iranian situation. As you know, the text of this message was agreed by OD on 19 March. I should be grateful if you could arrange for this to be delivered by our Embassy in Washington.

M. O'D. B. ALEXANDER

R M J Lyne Esq Foreign and Commonwealth Office

SECRET

RN







cc:- FCO

VB

10 DOWNING STREET

THE PRIME MINISTER



PRIME MINISTER'S
PERSONAL MESSAGE
SERIAL No. 761 80

Thank you for your message about the Iranian situation which was delivered by Kingman Brewster on 13 March.

I am sorry that the UN Commission of Enquiry has failed, this time round, to secure the release of the hostages. I know that this must be a great disappointment to you and all those who have been working so hard recently on this subject. I fully understand your point about the Commission possibly having a future role to play and the need, accordingly, not to comment in public about the failure of the procedure which it was hoped would bring about the release of the hostages.

I have every sympathy with your concern that the Iranians should not be given the impression that business as usual can resume while the hostages are still detained. I can assure you that the measures which we instituted are still in place, and we shall be keeping them under review to ensure that they are being maintained.

It was good of you to send me your message setting out your thinking at this early stage about the seriousness of the new situation. My colleagues in the Government and I have much admired the restraint, firmness and skill with which you have been handling this difficult problem. We look forward to remaining in close touch over future developments.

GR 180
UNCLASSIFIED
FIT TEHRAN 2009352 MAR 80
TO PRIORITY FCO
TELEGRAM NUMBER 296 OF 19 MARCH
INFO PRIORITY WASHINGTON



US/IRAN

- 1. ACCORDING TO PARS NEWS AGENCY, THE FASDARAN HAVE ARRESTED MRS VICTORIA BASSIRI, AN OFFICIAL OF THE MFA, AS AN AMERICAN SY. JUST AFTER THE REVOLUTION SHE IS REPORTED TO HAVE BEEN CULTUPAL AND ECONOMIC ADVISER, AND MORE RECENTLY DEPUTY IN THE PASSPORT BUREAU, AT A SALARY OF RS 100,000 A MONTH.
- SHE IS REPORTED TO HAVE CONFESSED TO PASSING INFORMATION TO WILLIAM B DOHERTY OF THE US EMBASSY, ON THE FOLLOWING POINTS:
 - A. INFORMATION FROM THE CULTURAL AND ECONOMICS DEPUTY
 - B. THE NON-ALIGNED CONFERENCE
 - C. IRANIAN STUDENTS IN SOCIALIST COUNTRIES
 - D. GENERAL POLICY OF THE MFA.
- 3. DOHERTY IS DESCRIBED AS ONE OF THE HOSTAGES. HE IS SAID TO HAVE CONFIRMED MRS BASSIRI'S CONFESSIONS AND TO HAVE SAID THAT SHE USED TO BE PAID 30% DOLLARS PER MONTH FOR THE INFORMATION.
- 4. THE NEWSPAPER ISLAMIC REPUBLIC HAS COMMENTED THAT THE PRESENCE OF AN AMERICAN SPY IN THE MFA SHOWS THE LACK OF PERCEPTION OF THE FOREIGN MINISTER AND HIS DEPUTIES, AND INDECISIVENESS IN CARRYING OUT PURGES.

GR AH AM

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MISS BROWN
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PS NO 10 DOWNING ST SIR R ARMSTRONG ASSESSMENTS STAFF MR R WADE GERY CABINET MR LE CHEMINANT MR W N WENBAN SMITH PS/CHANCELLOR MR F R BARRATT MR R G LAVELLE MR C W McMAHON) BANK OF MR P H EDGLEY ENGLAND MR R WILLIAMS CRE5 DOT MR W KINIGHTON DEPT OF TRADE MR C BENJAMIN DOT MR & LE B JONES) DEPT OF MR C LUCAS

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FM TEHRAM 191320Z MAR 80
TO IMMEDIATE FCO
TELEGRAM NUMBER 294 OF 19 MARCH
INFO IMMEDIATE WASHINGTON AND UKMIS NEW YORK

[IMMEDIATE]

ADVANCE COPY

WASHINGTON TELN 1977 (PARA 2): US/IRAN.

OBVIOUSLY SEVERAL OF US HERE HAVE CONSIDERED THE POSSIBILITY OF A RESCUE. THERE WOULD SEEN TO BE TWO WAYS OF MOUNTING CHE: AN OVERT BUT SURPRISE MILITARY CPERATION AT NIGHT TO CAPTURE MEHRABAD OR DOSHAN TEPPEH AIRPORT AND TO MOVE FROM THERE BY HELICOPTER (FLOWN IN) OR VEHICLE TO THE US EMBASSY PICKING UP LAINGEN AND CO ON THE WAY THERE OR BACK: AND A COVERT OPERATION BY AN INFILTRATED AND DISGUISED STRIKE GROUP, COMBINED WITH A TAKE-OVER OF MEHRABAD TIMED TO COLLECT THE GROUP FOR EVACUATION. IT IS NOT FOR ME TO ASSESS THE ODDS ON SUCCESS. THE FIRST COURSE COULD DEVELOP INTO QUITE A STREET BATTLE, BUT THE SECOND I SHOULD JUDGE, MIGHT BE FEASIBLE ALBEIT AT CONSIDERABLE RISK TO THE MOSTAGES, SCHE OF WHOM MOULD ALMOST

AT CONSIDERABLE RISK TO THE MOSTAGES, SOME OF WHOM MOULD ALMOST CERTAINLY BE KILLED. THE AMERICANS MAY HAVE REACHED THE POINT WHEN THEY ARE PREPARED TO FACE THAT.

- 2. ANY RESCUE OPERATION WOULD ENSURE THAT RELATIONS WITH IRAN WOULD NOT RECOVER FOR A VERY LONG TIME. IT WOULD ENTER INTO THE MYTHOLOGY. SINCE I BELIEVE US RELATIONS WITH IRAN WILL BE BAD OR NON-EXISTENT IN ANY CASE FOR SOME CONSIDERABLE TIME, THIS MAY NOT MATTER. IN THE REGION, THE OPERATION WOULD NO DOUBT BE CALTICISED PUBLICLY, BUT IF IT WAS SUCCESSFUL, EVEN AT SOME COST IN LIVES, I BELIEVE THERE WOULD BE PRIVATE UNDERSTANDING AND SOME RELIEF THAT THE US HAD SHOWN ITSELF A PROPER SUPER-POWER AFTER ALL. NO DOUBT THE SOVIET UNION WOULD MAKE A PUBLIC FUSS AND PRIVATELY BE RELIEVED AT THE SISTRACTION FROM AFCHANISTAN. FAILURE OF COURSE WOULD BE DISTROUS BOTH POLITICALLY AND FOR THE HOSTAGES.
- 3. THE ISSUE TURNS ON THE JUDGEMENT OF WHETHER BANI SADR MEANS WHAT HE SAYS AND WILL BE ABLE TO MAKE IT GOOD. THE LATTER IN TURN DEPENDS ON THE NATURE AND CLARITY OF THE ENDORSEMENT WHICH KHOMEINI IS EXPECTED TO GIVE HIM AT NOW RUZ. AS FORECAST IN SPEECHES BY BANI SADE HIMSELF AND ALSO PRIVATELY BY ZUHAIR YAMIN. THE LATTER REMAINS OPTIMISTIC AND IS CONFIDENT THAT SOMEHOW NOW RUZ MAY PRODUCE A CHANGE IN THE STATUS OF THE AMERICANS (E.G. A TRANSFER TO DIRECT GOVERNMENT CONTROL) AND THAT BANI SADR WILL THEN EFFECT THEIR RELEASE BEFORE THE ASSEMBLY CONVENES (WHICH ON PRESENT FORM AND TO JUDGE BY STATEMENTS FROM E.G. QOTDZADEH, MAHDAVI-KANI AND OTHERS MAY WELL NOW NOT BE BEFORE MAY, WITH VOTING IN THE SECOND ROUND OF THE ELECTIONS POSTPONED TILL 11 APRIL). FOR MY PART, WHILE I ACCEPT BANI SADR'S SINCERITY, I AM COMING INCREASINGLY TO THE VIEW THAT HE WILL NOT BE ABLE TO EFFECT THE RELEASE OF THE HOSTAGES IN ANY ACCEPTABLE TIME-SCALE, UNLESS KHOMEINI'S EXPECTED NOW RUZ MESSAGE CONTAINS AN UNEQUIVOCAL DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO HIM.
- 4. MY EC COLLEAGUES AND I HAVE AGREED A JOINT PAPER (MY TELNO 267), PUTTING FORWARD THE ALTERNATIVE IDEA OF MESSAGES FROM A NUMBER OF HEADS OF STATE OR GOVERNMENTS, TO BE FOLLOWED BY THE CLOSURE OF EMBASSIES. I BELIEVE SUCH A GESTURE WOULD HAVE AN IMPACT HERE, AND MIGHT STRENGTHEN BANI SADR'S HAND. BUT IT WOULD WORK SLOWLY AT BEST AND WE SHOULD HAVE LOST ANY POSSIBILITY OF INFLUENCING EVENTS HERE, HONEVER SMALL THAT IS AT THE MOMENT. IT IS A BAFFLING AND APPALLING DILEMMA.



CONFIDENTIAL

PRIME MINISTER

Iran

BACKGROUND

The Foreign and Commonwealth Secretary circulated a minute to members of OD on 18th March proposing a reply to President Carter's message to you of 13th March. He suggested that if necessary the matter could be discussed at OD. It has therefore been put on the agenda for 19th March.

You will recall that OD had a general discussion on the problem of the United States hostages in Iran on 22nd January, and on 29th January and 12th February on the particular difficulty over the Kharg. The Secretary of State for Defence will be sending OD colleagues a minute on the latter issue shortly.

HANDLING

- You may care to invite the Foreign and Commonwealth Secretary to introduce his minute and report if he had had any reactions to it. It seems likely that OD will agree to the proposed anodyne reply to President Carter. His message to you was almost certainly one that was being sent to a number of allies, and it was not intended to invite a substantive debate. But you may care to take up the point in the Foreign and Commonwealth Secretary's minute about a further paper for OD on 2nd April. CONCLUSION
- 4. Officials produced a report for consideration on 22nd January on the United Kingdom response to pressure for voluntary measures against Iran. You may now care to guide the Committee to agree that the Secretary of the Cabinet should be instructed to up-date this report for the consideration of OD on 2nd April, covering the various implications for the United Kingdom of the continued detention of the hostages.

(Robert Armstrong)



FCS/80/60

Irar

- 1. President Carter's message to the Prime Minister of March points out that the failure of the UN Commission of Inquiry to secure the release of the US hostages creates a serious new situation. For the time being the Americans have not abandoned hope that the Commission may be able to resume its work. But the United States' allies are asked in the meantime to review the voluntary measures which were instituted during the winter to bring pressure on the Iranians, in order to avoid giving the Iranians any indication that there can be business as usual while the hostages
- 2. Our measures remain in place, and have been reviewed recently in response to a US request at official level. However, their continuance may pose certain problems, particularly in respect of arms sales. The question of the deadline for the delivery of the Kharg is due to come up shortly for instance. I therefore suggest that officials should prepare a paper covering the various implications of the continued detention of the hostages for consideration by OD at its meeting on 2 April. In the meantime I suggest that a reply should be sent to President Carter's message in the terms of the attached draft. If necessary, we can discuss this at OD on 19 March.
- 3. I am copying this minute to Sir R Armstrong.

(CARRINGTON) R18 3

Foreign and Commonwealth Office





DRAFT LETTER FROM THE PRIME MINISTER TO PRESIDENT CARTER

Thank you for your message about the Iranian situation which was delivered by Kingman Brewster on 13 March.

I am sorry that the UN Commission of Enquiry has failed, this time round, to secure the release of the hostages. I know that this must be a great disappointment to you and all those who have been working so hard recently on this subject. I fully understand your point about the Commission possibly having a future role to play and the need, accordingly, not to comment in public about the failure of the procedure which it was hoped would bring about the release of the hostages.

I have every sympathy with your concern that the Iranians should not be given the impression that business as usual can resume while the hostages are still detained. I can assure you that the measures which we instituted are still in place, and we shall be keeping them under review to ensure that they are being maintained.

It was good of you to send me your message setting out your thinking at this early stage about the seriousness of the new situation. My colleagues in the Government and I have much admired the restraint, firmness and skill with which you have been handling this difficult problem. We look forward to remaining in close touch over future developments.



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PS NO 10 DOWNING ST

SIR R ARMSTRONG
ASSESSMENTS STAFF
MR R WADE GERY
MR LE CHEMINANT
DIO

PS/CHANCULLOR
MR F R BARRATT
MR D J S HANCOCK

MR C W MCMAHON) BANK OF
MR P B EDGLEY) ENGLAND

MR R WILLIAMS CRE5 DOT

MR W MNIGHTON DEPT OF TRADE

MR D LE B JONES) DEPT OF

MR C BENJAMIN DOI

MR C LUCAS

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) ENERGY

TELEGRAM NUMBER 288 OF 18 MARCH
INFO IMMEDIATE WASHINGTON, DUBLIN, PRIORITY UKMIS NEW YORK, PARIS,
THE HAGUE, BONN, COPENHAGEN, ATHENS, POME AND BRUSSELS.

MIPT: US/IRAN.

 FOLLOWING IS PAPER AGREED BY EC HEADS OF MISSION IN TEHRAN ON 18 MARCH 1980.

BEGINS. THE HEADS OF MISSII OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY IN
TEHRAN, WITH THE PARTICIPATION OF THE CHARGE D'AFFAIRES OF GREECE,
HAVE CONSIDERED THE SITUATION IN IRAN IN RELATION TO THE DETENTION
OF THE AMERICANS IN THE U.S. EMBASS, TEHRAN. THEY AGREED ON THE
FOLLOWING POINTS FOR THE CONSIDERATION OF THEIR GOVERNMENTS:

1) THE U.N. COMMISSION OF ENQUIRY CAME NEAR TO SUCCESS IN ACHIEVING THE HANDING OVER OF THE AMERICANS TO THE IRANIAN GOVERNMENT ITSELF, AS A STEP TOWARDS THEIR RELEASE, BUT IN THE

ACHIEVING THE HANDING OVER OF THE AMERICANS TO THE IRANIAN GOVERNMENT ITSELF, AS A STEP TOWARDS THEIR RELEASE, BUT IN THE LAST RESORT BANI SADR AND QOTBZADEH WERE NOT ABLE TO CARRY THE MATTER THROUGH

2) WHILE CREDITING BANI SADR AND QOTBZADEH WITH RECOGNISING THE PAMAGE DONE TO IRANIAN INTERESTS BY THE CONTINUED DETENTION OF THE AMERICAN AND WITH THE INTENTION TO BRING THE PROBLEM TO A CONCLUSION BY RELEASING THEM, THE HEADS OF MISSION ARE DOUBTFUL WHETHER ANY EARLY SOLUTION IS LIKELY, GIVEN THE RULING BY KHOMEINI THAT THE RELEASE OF THE AMERICANS IS A MATTER FOR THE ASSEMBLY, AND THE DOUBTS THAT MUST EXIST OVER THE COMPOSITION AND DATE OF

INSTALLATION OF THE ASSEMBLY. ONLY IF THE IMAM WERE TO ISSUE A CLEAR AUTHORITY TO BANI SADR (PERHAPS AT NOW RUZ) AND IF THE LATTER WERE TO BE ABLE TO MUSTER AN ADEQUATE FORCE TO EJECT THE STUDENTS, COULD THE SITUATION CHANGE FOR THE BETTER, BUT WE

BELIEVE THIS TO BE UNLIKELY.

3) IN THESE CIRCUMSTANCES, IT IS NECESSARY TO CONSIDER FUTURE
ACTION. THE IMPOSITION OF ECONOMIC SANCTIONS WHETHER BY THE
U.S. ALONE OR IN CONJUNCTION WITH OTHERS (BUT ON THE ASSUMPTION THAT
THERE WOULD BE LARGE LOOPHOLES) IS UNLIKELY TO CHANGE IRANIAN
POLICY. THE ECONOMY IS ALREADY IN RUINS AS A RESULT OF THE
REVOLUTION, WITH LITTLE CONTRIBUTION FROM THE ECONOMIC MEASURES
ALREADY TAKEN BY THE U.S. POLITICALLY, FURTHER ECONOMIC MEASURES
AGAINST IRAN WOULD TEND TO RALLY IRANIAN OPINION TO THE MILITANTS
AMD, ESPECIALLY IF THEY WERE TO EXTEND TO FOOD AND TRANSPORT,
WOULD LAY THOSE TAKING THEM OPEN TO THE CHARGE THAT THEY WERE
DELIBERATELY TRYING TO DAMAGE OR STARVE THE IRANIAN PEOPLE.

4) THE IRANIAM ACTION AGAINST THE U.S. EMBASSY IS POLITICAL (MOTIVATED TO A LARGE EXTENT BY INTERNAL CONSIDERATIONS). A POLITICAL RESPONSE IS LIKELY TO BE MORE EFFECTIVE.

5) WITHOUT ENTERING INTO THE MERITS OF THE IRANIAN COMPLAINTS
AGAINST THE U.S., IT IS OF GENERAL INTERNATIONAL CONCERN
TO UPHOLD THE PRINCIPLES OF THE IMMUNITY OF DIPLOMATIC PREMISES
AND OF THE INADMISSABILITY OF THE TAKING OF HOSTAGES. THAT
THERE IS CONSIDERABLE SUPPORT FOR THIS POSITION IS INDICATED BY
THE NUMBER OF SIGNATURES (ABOUT 35) AMONG THE DIPLOMATIC CORPS
TO A LETTER SENT TO AHMAD KHOMEINI ASKING FOR REGULAR VISITS
TO THE AMERICANS.

6) THE HEADS OF MISSION BELIEVE THEREFORE THAT IT WOULD BE DESIRABLE TO CONSIDER ACTION ON THE FOLLOWING LINES, IN TWO PHASES

A) THE ORGANISATION, THROUGH DEMARCHES IN CAPITALS, OF MESSAGES FROM HEADS OF GOVERNMENT OR STATE TO PRESIDENT BANI SADR, MAKING THE FOLLOWING POINTS:

1. IRAN'S CONTINUED VIOLATION OF INTERNATIONAL LAW CREATES A GRAVE CRISIS WHICH IMPEDES COOPERATION BETWEEN IRAN AND

OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNITY.

MESSAGES FROM HEADS OF GOVERNMENT OR STATE TO PRESIDENT
BANK SADR, MAKING THE FOLLOWING POINTS:

1. IRAN'S CONTINUED VIOLATION OF INTERNATIONAL LAW CREATES A GRAVE CRISIS WHICH IMPEDES COOPERATION BETWEEN IRAN AND THE INTERNATIONAL COMMUNITY:

2. IT HAD BEEN THE HOPE THAT A SOLUTION COULD BE ACHIEVED THROUGH THE U.N. COMMISSION OF ENQUIRY, BUT THIS HOPE

WAS DASHED:

3. IRAN'S RELATIONS WITH THE U.S. ARE A MATTER FOR THE TWO COUNTRIES. HOWEVER THE VIOLATION OF INTERNATIONAL LAW CONCERNS US ALL:

4. THE SOLUTION LIES IN THE HANDS OF IRAN. THE RELEASE
OF THE AMERICANS SAFE AND SOUND, WOULD IMMEDIATELY OPEN
THE GATES TO FULL AND SYMPATHETIC COOPERATION:

5. THE CONTINUED DETENTION OF THE AMERICAN DIPLOMATS IN BREACH OF INTERNATIONAL LAW COULD SERIOUSLY AFFECT RELATIONS BETWEEN AZAM AND THE COUNTRY SENDING THE MESSAGE.

B) THE COUNTRIES APPROACHED SHOULD AGREE, AS A FOLLOW-UP TO THESE MESSAGES, AND AFTER A SHORT INTERVAL TO ALLOW ANY IRANIAN RESPONSE TO DEVELOP, TO CLOSE THEIR EMBASSIES. IT WOULD BE NECESSARY TO ORGANIZE SUCH ACTION ON A WIDE SCALE (SAY AT LEAST 20 MISSIONS) AND TO INCLUDE A GOOD PROPORTION OF THIRD WORLD COUNTRIES.

7) IN MAKING THIS PROPOSAL, THE HEADS OF MISSION WERE WELL

AWARE OF THE POSSIBLE DIFFICULTIES THAT MIGHT BE CAUSED

FOR THEIR COMMUNITIES, TRADE, ETC. HOWEVER, THE IMPOSITION OF

ECONOMIC OR OTHER SANCTIONS WOULD CREATE SIMILAR OR WORSE PROBLEMS.

B) AS A SUPPLEMENT, THE COUNTRIES OF THE EC, AND THE U.S., MIGHT AGREE TO BOYCOTT INTERNATIONAL MEETINGS AT WHICH IRAN IS REPRESENTED, UNTIL THE AMERICAN HOSTAGES ARE RELEASED.

9) THE HEADS OF MISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY PUT FORWARD
THESE IDEAS IN THE KNOWLEDGE THAT IN CONSIDERING THEM,
THEIR GOVERNMENTS WILL WISH TO TAKE INTO ACCOUNT, IN THE FIRST
INSTANCE, AMERICAN INTENTIONS AND POLICY. ENDS.

GRAHAM

IMMEDIATE

IRAN: ADVANCE COPIES 協 PS/SIR I GILMOUR SIR D MAITLAND MR J C MOBERLY LORD BRIDGES LORD N G LENNOX HD/OID HD/DEF DEPT HD/N AM D HD/ES & SD (2)(2)HD/NEWS DEPT US RID. HD/COMS DEPT RESIDENT CLERK UD/ECD E CR 699

IMMEDIATE

PS NO 10 DOWNING ST SIR R ARMSTRONG ASSESSMENTS STAFF MR R WADE GERY MR LE CHEMINANT MR W N WENBAN SMITH DIO

PS/CHANCELLOR MR F R BARRATT MR D J S HANCOCK)

MR C W McMAHON) BANK OF MR P B EDGLEY) ENGLAND

MR R WILLIAMS CRE5 DOT

2 tils: a new affinach. Read is full.

MR D LE B JONES) DEPT OF MR C LUCAS) ENERGY

CONFIDENTIAL

FM TEHRAN 191015Z MAR 80

TO IMMEDIATE FCO

TELEGRAM NUMBER 287 OF 18 MARCH

INFO IMMEDIATE WASHINGTON, DUBLIN, PRIORITY UKMIS NEW YORK, PARIS, THE HAGUE, BONN, COPENHAGEN, ATHENS, ROME AND BRUSSELS.

WASHINGTON TELNO 1100 TO YOU (NOT TO ALL): US/IRAN.

- 1. MY IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING TELEGRAM CONTAINS THE TEXT OF A JOINT PAPER BY THE COMMUNITY HEADS OF MISSION IN IRAM, AND THE GREEK CHARGE D'AFFAIRES.
- THE MAIN PROPOSAL IN THE PAPER, THE CLOSURE OF EMBASSIES, WAS FIRST MOOTED BY THE FRENCH AMBASSADOR LAST WEEK AND PUT FORWARD AGAIN TODAY. HE MADE CLEAR THAT HE SPOKE ON A PERSONAL BASIS, WITHOUT THE AUTHORITY OF HIS GOVERNMENT, WHO INDEED WOULD REGARD THE CONTINUANCE OF AM EMBASSY IN TERRAN AS A SORT OF "LIGHTHOUSE" TO BE MAINTAINED TO THE LAST. DELAYE SAID THAT HE HAD INCREASINGLY COME TO THE VIEW THAT ONLY A POLITICAL RESPONSE CALCULATED TO BRING HOME TO THE IRANIANS THE OSTRACISM THEY MERE HEADING FOR, WOULD BE LIKELY TO HAVE ANY EFFECT. THE

AMERICANS WERE NO DOUBT THINKING OF IMPOSING MORE ECONOMIC SANCTIONS AND PRESSING US TO DO THE SAME. THESE WOULD BE INEFFECTIVE AND DAMAGING TO THE WEST, AT LEAST AS DAMAGING, IF NOT MORE, AS THE TEMPORARY CLOSURE OF EMBASSIES. THE LATTER GESTURE WOULD ATTACK IRANIAN PRIDE AND WOULD BRING HOME DRAMATICALLY TO THE IRANIANS IN THE STREET THE COST THEIR COUNTRY WAS PAYING.

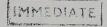
- 3. IN DISCUSSION THE OBVIOUS POINTS WERE MADE THAT THE CLOSURE OF EMBASSIES WOULD AFFECT THE POSITION OF OUR COMMUNITIES.

 (1700 ITALIANS, 1200 GERMANS, 400 FRENCH, 300 GREEKS, 125 DANES, 100 BELGIANS, 75 DUTCH, 15 IRISH AND ABOUT 350 BRITISH), AND THAT THERE WOULD BE A RELUCTANCE TO LEAVE THE FIELD TO THE EAST EUROPEANS. THE POINT WAS ALSO MADE THAT TO BE EFFECTIVE THE CLOSURE WOULD HAVE TO INVOLVE A NUMBER OF EMBASSIES AND NOT MERELY MESTERN ONES. IT WAS ALSO SUGGESTED THAT IT MIGHT SEEM ODD THAT WE SHOULD FOLLOW THE FORMAL GREETING OF THE PRESIDENT ON 21 MARCH (NOW RUZ) WITH A GESTURE OF THIS KIND, THOUGH IT WAS AGRUED AGAINST THAT, THAT WE COULD EXPLAIN THAT THE CLOSURE FOLLOWED ON THE CONSIDERATION BY OUR GOVERNMENTS OF THE FAILURE OF THE UN COMMISSION, WHICH WAS BECOMING INCREASINGLY OBVIOUS.
 - 4. THIS LAST POINT LED ON TO A REVIVAL OF THE IDEA PUT FORWARD BY THE FRG AMBASSADOR TWO OR THREE WEEKS AGO, IN REPONSE TO AN AMERICAN APPROACH IN BONN, THAT HEADS OF GOVERNMENT OR STATE SHOULD SEND MESSAGES TO PRESIDENT BANI SADR URGING THE RELEASE OF THE HOSTAGES. IN THE AGREED PAPER WE HAVE INCORPORATED THIS IDEA, LINKING IT TO THE CLOSURE, WHICH WOULD BECOME A SECOND STEP.
 - THE CLOSURE OF EMBASSIES DOES INDEED SEEM DRASTIC. FOR THE PROTECTION OF OUR PROPERTIES IT WOULD BE NECESSARY TO LEAVE A CARETAKER AND PERMAPS TO HAVE A PROTECTING POWER. IT WOULD BE POSSIBLE OF COURSE TO MAKE LESSER GESTURES, E.G. THE WITHDRAWAL OF AMBASSADORS OR THE CLOSURE OF VISA SECTIONS. THESE WOULD HAVE MUCH LESS IMPACT AND IF WE WERE TO BASE THE GESTURE ON THE CONTINUED VIOLATION BY IRAN OF THE PRINCIPLE OF DIPLOMATIC IMMUNITY, IT WOULD BE LOGICAL TO THE WHOLE HOG AND NOT TO MAINTAIN ACTIVE MISSIONS AT ALL. IT IS DIFFICULT TO DETERMINE WHETHER THE GESTURE WOULD TEND TO STRENGTHEN OR WEAKEN BANI WHETHER THE GESTURE WOULD TEND TO STRENGTHEN OR WEAKEN BANI AMERICANS. ON BALANCE I THINK IT MOULD STRENGTHEN HIM IN THE ARGUMENT HE HAS BEEN USING THAT THE DETERTION IS NOW OPERATING AGAINST IRAN'S INTERESTS.
 - 6. AS THE PAPER POINTS OUT, IT WOULD BE NECESSARY TO DISCUSS

- 6. AS THE PAPER POINTS OUT, IT WOULD BE NECESSARY TO DISCUSS
 THESE IDEAS WITH THE AMERICANS, AND ANY ACTION TAKEN WOULD
 HAVE TO DOVETAIL WITH THEIR INTENTIONS AND PLANS. I SUGGEST
 THAT IT COULD BE DISCUSSED WHEN I AM IN LONDON NEXT WEEK.
- 7. (FOR DUBLIN). THE IRISH CHARGE D'AFFAIRES WOULD BE GRATEFUL IF DUBLIN COULD PASS A COPY OF THE PAPER IN MIFT TO HIS MINISTRY.

GRAHAM

MNNN



PS/SIR I GILMOUR
PS/SIR HURD
PS/PUS
SIR D MAITLAND
MR J C MOBERLY
LORD BRIDGES
LORD N G LENNOX
MR EVANS
MISS BROWN
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PS NO 10 DOWNING ST SIR R ARMSTRONG ASSESSMENTS STAFF MR R WADE GERY OFFICE MR LE CHEMINANT MR W N WENDAN SMITH) PS/CHANCELLOR) TREASURY MR F R BARRATT MR D J S HANCOCK) MR C W MCMAHON) BANK OF MR P B EDGLEY) ENGLAND MR R WILLIAMS CRE5 DOT MR W KNIGHTON DEPT OF TRADE MR C BENJAMIN DOI MR D LE B JONES) DEPT OF MR C LUCAS) ENERGY

W 5 500

HD/CONS DEPT

UNCLASSIFIED
FM WASHINGTON 172355Z MAR 80
TO PRIORITY FCO
TELEGRAM NO 1121 OF 17 MARCH
INFO PRIORITY TEHRAN
INFO SAVING UKMIS NEW YORK

mar .

US/IRAN

1. TODAY'S WASHINGTON POST PRINTS THE RESULT OF THE LATEST ABC NEWS/HARRIS POLL IN WHICH, FOR THE FIRST TIME, A MAJORITY OF THOSE ASKED (47 PERCENT AGAINST 31 PERCENT) FELT THAT PRESIDENT CARTER'S HANDLING OF THE IRANIAN HOSTAGE SITUATION HAD BEEN A CHORD FAILURE UNQUOTE. IN ANSWER TO A SIMILAR QUESTION IN EARLY FEBRUARY A 51 PERCENT — 32 PERCENT MAJORITY CONSIDERED IT A GOUOTE SUCCESS UNQUOTE: IN MID-DECEMBER 1979 A 66 PERCENT — 32 PERCENT MAJORITY SUPPORTED HIS HANDLING OF THE CRISIS.

2. DESPITE THIS, THE LATEST POLL SHOWS THAT A 60 PERCENT - 37 PERCENT MAJORITY STILL FEEL THAT QUOTE AS LONG AS HOSTAGES ARE KEPT CAPTIVE, IT IS WRONG FOR OTHER CANDIDATES FOR PRESIDENT TO CRITICISE PRESIDENT CARTER'S POLICIES ON IRAN UNQUOTE.

3. A 77 PERCENT - 16 PERCENT MAJORITY FAVOUR A QUOTE TIGHTENING OF TRADE RESTRICTIONS ON IRAN TO FORCE THEM TO GIVE UP THE HOSTAGES UNQUOTE. A 51 PERCENT - 39 PERCENT MAJORITY IS SCEPTICAL ABOUT THE VALUE OF CONTINUING TO MORK THROUGH THE UN QUOTE BECAUSE THE UN IS SUCH A WEAK AND INEFFECTIVE ORGANISATION UNQUOTE.

4. BY 71 PERCENT - 24 PERCENT, THOSE POLLED FELT THAT QUOTE UP TO NOW THE UNITED STATES HAS BEEN ON THE MERCY OF THE AYOTOLLAH WHO HAS MADE US LOOK WEAK AND HELPLESS UNQUOTE. A 53 PERCENT - 34 PERCENT MAJORITY REJECT THE PRESIDENT ISSUING AN APOLOGY FOR PAST US SUPPORT OF THE SHAH AS THE PPICE FOR SECURING THE RELEASE OF THE HOSTAGES UNHARMED.

5. BY 60 PERCENT TO 31 PERCENT, A MAJORITY IS CONVINCED THAT QUOTE IT WAS A BIG MISTAKE NOT TO GIVE IRAN AN ULTIMATUM IN THE FIRST 72 HOURS AFTER THE HOSTAGES WERE SEIZED UNQUOTE.

6. THE POLL IS BASED ON QUESTIONS PUT TO A CROSS SECTION OF 1882 PEOPLE.

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UNCLASSIFIED

PH WASHINGTON 142242Z
TO ROUTINE FOREIGN AND COMMONWEALTH OFFICE
TELEGRAM NO. 1990 OF 14 MARCH 1980
INFO TEHRAN
INFO SAVING UKMIS NEW YORK

U.S. / IRAN.

 WRITING IN TODAY'S WASHINGTON POST, JONATHAN RANDAL DESCRIBES AN INTERVIEW WITH BANI SADE IN WHICH THE IRANIAN PRESIDENT MADE THE FOLLOWING POINTS.

1) U.S. CONGRESSIONAL HEARINGS INTO ALLEGED AMERICAN INTERFERENCE
IN IRANIAN DOMESTIC AFFAIRS COULD ACCELERATE THE PROCESS OF
FREEING THE AMERICAN HOSTAGES. THE KIND OF CONGRESSIONAL HEARINGS
ENVISAGED WOULD QUOTE STUDY THE STATE DEPARTMENT AND PENTAGON
ROLES UNQUOTE IN IRAN SINCE 1953. DOCUMENTS SHOULD BE PROVIDED BY
THE U.S. AND IRANIAN GOVERNMENTS, BUT WOULD NOT INCLUDE THOSE
SEIZED AT THE U.S. EMBASSY.

II) HE PERSONALLY FAVOURED AN IRANIAN GOVERNMENT COMMITMENT TO SPARE THE SHAH'S LIFE IF THAT WERE THE PRICE FOR HIS EXTRADITION. CHOOSE THE ESSENTIAL PURPOSE OF EXTRADITION IS NOT TO EXECUTE THE SHAH. IT IS TO GIVE OUR PEOPLE CONFIDENCE AND TO ALLOW CONFIDENCE THAT IN THE FUTURE NO-ONE WILL PLAY THE ROLE OF SERVANT TO FOREIGN POWERS WHO WANT TO DOMINATE THE COUNTRY UNQUOTE,

III) HIS MOTIVATION IN WISHING TO RESOLVE THE HOSTAGE PROBLEM WAS NOT TO PLEASE QUOTE PRESIDENT CARTER, THE AMERICAN GOVERNMENT OR ANYONE ELSE UNQUOTE, BUT SETTLING THE PROBLEM COULD HAVE A BENEFICIAL EFFECT QUOTE FOR A POLICY OF INDEPENDENCE FOR IRAN UNQUOTE,

IV) THE SIMPLEST WAY OF RESOLVING THE CRISIS REMAINED THE SHAM'S EXTRADITION FROM PANAMA. ANOTHER AND MORE DIFFICULT METHOD, WHICH MOULD BE A LONGER PROCESS, WOULD INVOLVE ASSURING THE IRANIANS THAT QUOTE THE AMERICAN PEOPLE UNDERSTOOD THAT IN THE PAST THE AMERICAN ADMINISTRATION HAD GOVERNED IRAN THROUGH THE SHAM'S REGIME UNQUOTE

V) HE INDICATED THAT LITTLE PROGRESS ON THE HOSTAGES COULD BE EXPECTED BEFORE THE END OF APRIL WHEN THE PARLIAMENT IS EXPECTED TO CONSIDER THE ISSUE,

VI) HE REITERATED THE NEED FOR AMERICAN QUOTE SELF-CRITICISM UNQUOTE,

(11V)

VII) HE BLAMED A CHANGING MAJORITY WITHIN THE REVOLUTIONARY COUNCIL FOR GOING BACK ON ITS UNANIMOUS DECISION TO ALLOW THE U.N. COMMISSION TO VISIT THE HOSTAGES. HE ALSO CONSIDERED THE CONTINUING OCCUPATION OF THE EMBASSY BY THE QUOTE STUDENTS UNQUETE AS A QUOTE POINT OF WEAKNESS... I SHALL CONTINUE MY EFFORTS TO RESOLVE ALL OTHER CENTRES OF DECISION-MAKING INCLUDING THAT ONE UNQUOTE, VIII) REFERRING TO COMMUNISTS AND LEFTISTS, QUOTE EACH OF THESE IS WORKING FOR ITS OWN GOALS....ALL THIS MAKES THE SITUATION MORE CONFUSED. UNQUOTE BUT HE DENIED THAT IT WAS THEIR INFLUENCE THAT DICTATED THE QUOTE STUDENTS UNQUOTE REFUSAL TO ALLOW THE U.N. COMMISSION TO VISIT THE HOSTAGES OR ALLOW THEIR TRANSFER TO GOVERNMENT AUTHORITY. QUOTE ON THE CONTRARY, SO FEW PEOPLE SHOWED UP (IN DEMONSTRATIONS OUTSIDE THE EMBASSY LAST WEEKEND), JUST TUDEH AND FEDAYEEN. WE COULD SEE THEM BECAUSE THEY WERE SO FEW UNQUOTE. THE VERY FACT THAT COMMUNIST DEMONSTRATORS WERE UNABLE TO STAGE THEIR PROTEST AMOUNTED TO A QUOTE REVOLUTION IN PUBLIC OPINION UNQUOTE. 2. ASKED ABOUT THE CONGRESSIONAL HEARINGS IDEA AT TODAY'S NOON PRESS BRIEFING, STATE DEPARTMENT SPOKESMAN TOOK THE LINE THAT ANYTHING LIKE THAT COULD ONLY FOLLOW THE RELEASE OF THE HOSTAGES. HEN DER SON ADDITIONAL DISTRIBUTION DEPARTMENTAL DISTRIBUTION TEHRAN SPECIAL MED NAD CONS D MAED CONS EM UNIT UND ES & SD FRD PSD ELD NENAD CRD SECURITY D SAD SED MVD TRED

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SECRET
FM WASHINGTON 140050Z MAR 80
TO PRICRITY F.C.O.
TELEGRAM NUMBER 1077 OF 13 MARCH.
INFO PRICRITY TEHRAN, UKMIS NEW YORK.

MY TELNO 1035 : US/IRAN

1. NBC TELEVISION LAST NIGHT SHOWED A 17 MINUTE TELEVISION FILM (ORIGINALLY SHOWN ON GREEK TELEVISION) OF A VISIT TO THE HOSTAGES LAST WEEK BY AN IRANIAN RED CROSS DOCTOR. ALTHOUGH SOME OF THE HOSTAGES SHOWN ON THE FILM APPEARED IN GOOD PHYSICAL CONDITION AND REASONABLE SPIRITS, SOME, IN PARTICULAR PRESS OFFICER BARRY ROSEN, WERE CLEARLY NOT IN GOOD SHAPE.

2. WE HAVE BEEN SHOWN BY ONE OF THE AUTHORS, A SECRET MEMORANDUM ADDRESSED TO VANCE BY FOUR MIDDLE RANKING STATE DEPARTMENT PERSIAN SPEAKERS (ESCUDERO, PATTERSON, STEMPEL AND MUEMANN - ALL HAVE SERVED IN TEHRAN, INCLUDING IN THE CASE OF THE FIRST THREE SINCE THE REVOLUTION). THEIR MEMORANDUM OPENS WITH A LONG ANALYSIS, PASED ON THEIR OWN EXPERIENCE OF IRAN, ARGUING THAT THE ADMINIST-RATION'S POLICY ON THE HOSTAGES MUST NOW BE CONSIDERED A FAILURE,

RATION'S POLICY ON THE HOSTAGES MUST NOW BE CONSIDERED A FAILURE, THE IRANIANS HAVING DEMONSTRATED THAT IN THE FINAL ANALYSIS THEY WILL SIMPLY POCKET ANY CONGESSIONS OFFERED BY THE U.S. OR THE U.N. WITHOUT OFFERING ANY REAL PROSPECT OF THE HOSTAGES BEING RELEASED. HAVING ARGUED AGAINST A CONTINUATION OF THE PRESENT POLICY, THE MEMORANDUM STATES THAT THE U.S. HAS TWO OTHER OPTIONS: EITHER A RESCUE MISSION OF A DECLARATION OF WAR INVOLVING THE INTERNMENT OF IRANIAN DIPLOMATS ETC. IT IS CLEAR THAT THEIR PREFERRED COURSE WOULD BE A RESCUE MISSION AND THEY CLAIM TO HAVE DISCUSSED THIS IN DETAIL WITH EXPERTS WHO HAVE CONVINCED THEM THAT IT COULD BE SUCCESSFUL.

3. SIR J GRAHAM'S ASSESSMENT OF THE PROSPECTS FOR THE ELECTION (TEHRAN TELNO 279) WAS 'GRATEFULLY RECEIVED HERE. THE IRAN WORKING GROUP COMMENTED THAT IT WAS AS WELL TO HAVE THIS SOBER COMMENT SO THAT NO-ONE EXPECTED TOO MUCH OF TOMORROW'S VOTE.

4. IRAN WORKING GROUP BELIEVE THAT THE IRANIAN RED CROSS DOCTOR'S VISIT, WHICH TOOK PLACE WHILE THE U.N. COMMISSION WAS IN TEHRAN, WAS CONCEIVED BY THE ''STUDENTS'' AS A SPRUCING UP EXERCISE FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE COMMISSION - A TANTALISING INDICATION OF HOW CLOSE THEY CAME TO SUCCESS LAST WEEK. THE DOCTOR, WHO TOOK NOTES ONLY TO HAVE THEM CONFISCATED BY THE ''STUDENTS'', THINKS HE SAW 44 HOSTAGES - CERTAINLY AT LEAST 40. HIS DESCRIPTION APPEARS TO THE VORKING GROUP TO PROVIDE COLLATERAL EVIDENCE THAT METRINKO IS BACK IN THE COMPOUND. STATE DEPARTMENT ARE NOW TELLING REPORTERS THEY ARE COMFIDENT THERE ARE 50 HOSTAGES IN THE COMPOUND.

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13 March 1980

IRAN

I enclose a copy of a message to the Prime Minister from President Carter which has just been delivered here.

The Foreign and Commonwealth Secretary will no doubt wish to advise the Prime Minister, in the light of the developing stuation, how she should reply to President Carter. Clearly, Ministerial discussion, e.g. in OD, may be necessary before any reply is sent.

I am sending a copy of this letter and its enclosure to David Wright (Cabinet Office).

Roderic Lyne, Esq., Eoreign and Commonwealth Office.

EMBASSY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
LONDON

March 13, 1980

Pomi Minter har seen.

Dear Prime Minister:

I have been asked to deliver the enclosed message to you from President Carter, which was received at the Embassy this morning.

Sincerely,

Kingman Brewster Ambassador

Enclosure (SECRET)

The Rt. Hon. Margaret Thatcher, M.P.,
Prime Minister,
London.

SUBJECT

Pres. Carter to PM

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PRIME MINISTER'S PERSONAL MESSAGE SERIAL NO. T 54 /8.

As you know, the UN Commission of Inquiry commenced its work in Tehran on February 23. By agreement between the United States, Iran, and Secretary General Waldheim, the Commission proceeded to Iran with two purposes: to hear the grievances of the Iranians and to allow a resolution of the crisis. As part of the arrangements for the Commission's work, the U.S. agreed to the Iranian Government's request that the Commission visit all of the 50 American hostages, subject to the understanding that the hostages would not be interrogated.

After more than two weeks of intensive discussion in Tehran, it became apparent that the Commission would not be permitted to visit the hostages, as Iran had agreed. Because of this development, the Commission in consultation with Secretary General Waldheim decided to suspend its work in Tehran at least until the sensitive period before the first stage of Iran's parliamentary election on March 14 is over. Although there is hope that the Commission may resume its work at an appropriate time, the inability of the Iranian Government to follow the plan which was agreed creates a serious situation.

For your personal background only, the steps which were agreed among all the parties at the outset included the transfer of the hostages to the control of the Iranian Government, the submission of the Commission's report to the Secretary General on the Commission's return to New York, and the release of the hostages in connection with the completion of the work of the Commission may have a future role to play, I will appreciate your

keeping this in confidence. The mere fact that the Iranian authorities had agreed to such a plan could harm them politically in Iran and jeopardize those most committed to resolving the problem.

The United States has taken every reasonable step to assure the success of the Commission in resolving the hostage crisis. In order to create an atmosphere for a solution, we twice postponed imposition of economic sanctions, as envisaged in the Sovietvetoed Security Council Resolution of January 13, first in deference to the wishes of a number of our friends who urged that we not impose the sanctions during the meeting of the Islamic Conference, and subsequently while the activity leading up to the formation of the Commission and its subsequent work in Tehran was underway. We also signalled in a variety of public and private channels our desire for a quick resolution of the hostage crisis in a way which would permit a subsequent dialogue for a restoration of some reasonable relationship between Iran and the United States. Although there were those in Iran who supported efforts to achieve an early and mutually acceptable outcome to the hostage crisis, their efforts have for the moment been overriden.

I am writing you in some detail about the seriousness of the new situation. If the work of the Commission comes to an end without a resolution of the crisis, it will be a severe setback for any early progress through negotiations. As I have said, our first effort will be to contribute what we can to helping the Commission to resume its work as soon as its chances of success have improved. However, if that is not possible, we will inevitably be forced back to the economic sanctions which were envisioned two months ago and perhaps to other measures as well that will have repercussions beyond the U.S.-Iranian relationship. Because of the importance of keeping in close touch on these issues, I wanted to share my thinking with you at the earliest possible time.

In the meantime, it would be a serious error if misleading signals were sent to the Iranians through

bilateral measures that might indicate business as usual. I would appreciate it very much if you could review those measures which you instituted during the winter, such as the informal financial measures, the restraint on buying Iranian oil at prices sharply different from other OPEC producers, and the ban on supply of military equipment, to assure that they are being enforced. I need your help in impressing on Iranian authorities the gravity of their continuing disregard of international law and human rights. If channels are available to you, it would be most helpful if you could find ways to convey to the Iranian leadership that it is essential to create conditions in which the work of the Commission can be resumed and the crisis between the U.S. and Iran resolved as soon as possible so that Iran may resume its normal relationships.

I have appreciated your support and am confident that we will continue to stand together.

13 March 80

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FM TEHRAN 130445Z MAR 80
TO IMMEDIATE FCO
TELECRAM NUMBER 273 DE 12 MA

TELEGRAM NUMBER 273 OF 12 MARCH INFO PRIORITY WASHINGTON AND UKMIS NEW YORK W.

MY TELNO 269: US/IRAN

GR 520

- THE EC HEADS OF MISSION IN TEHRAN MET THIS MORNING. THE FRENCH AMBASSADOR, WHO HAD SPOKEN BRIEFLY WITH PETTITI BY TELEPHONE. CONFIRMED THAT THE COMMISSION HAD REFUSED TO ACCEPT ANY DOCUMENTS ORIGINATING FROM THE US EMBASSY PRESSED UPON THEM BY THE "STUDENTS", AND THAT QOTBZADEH AND BEDJAOU! HAD BECOME INVOLVED IN WHAT WAS VIRTUALLY A BOUT OF FISTICUFFS WITH SOME OF THE STUDENTS AT THE AIRPORT. HE ADDED THAT BEDJAOU! IN PARTICULAR WAS EXTREMELY INCENSED BY THE TREATMENT ACCORDED THE MISSION, IN WHICH ALGERIA HAD BEEN PERSUADED TO TAKE PART BECAUSE OF THEIR (MISTAKEN) BELIEF THAT THE IRANIAN AND ALGERIAN REVOLUTIONS HAD MUCH IN COMMON. IN THE FINAL DISCUSSIONS WITH THE COMMISSION, QOTBZADEH HAD ARGUED THAT THE COMMISSION SHOULD .. STAY IN TEHRAN AND SHOULD AGREE TO SEE SOME SOME OF THE HOSTAGES, BUT WITHOUT ACCEPTING THE CONDITIONS LAID DOWN, WHICH THEY NEED NOT REGARD AS BINDING. HE HAD BEEN TOLD THAT THIS WAS IMPOSSIBLE.
- 2. IT IS PERHAPS NOTEWORTHY THAT THE COMMISSION'S STATEMENT ISSUED ON THEIR DEPARTURE HAS NOT BEEN REPRODUCED TEXTUALLY HERE, ALL PUBLISHED VERSIONS OMITTING THE PASSAGE ABOUT THE MANDATE OF THE COMMISSION BEING INDIVISIBLE
- 3. THERE WAS GENERAL AGREEMENT AMONGST THE EC HEADS OF MISSION THAT THE PROBLEM IS NOW NOT SO MUCH A CONFLICT BETWEEN IRAN AND THE US, AS AN INTERNAL STRUGGLE BETWEEN BANI SADR AND KHOMEINI, OR POSSIBLY BETWEEN BANI SADR AND WHATEVER OTHER FORCES ARE SUPPORTING THE STUDENTS. THAT BEING SO, IT SEEMED UNLIKELY THAT, SHORT OF MILLITARY INTERVENTION TO RELEASE THE HOSTAGES, WITH ALL THE OBJECTIONS TO THAT, ANY ACTION BY THE US WOULD BE EFFECTIVE TO BRING THE MOSTAGE ISSUE TO AN END. BANI SADR MIGHT ATTEMPT TO RALLY OPINION THROUGH THE MASS DEMONSTRATION WHICH HE HAS WRITTEN ABOUT, ALTHOUGH IN THE LIGHT OF KHOMEINI'S STATEMENT OF 10 MARCH, SUCH AN INITITATIVE WOULD APPEAR AS A DIRECT CHALLENGE TO THE IMMM'S AUTHORITY. IT SEEMS MORE LIKELY THAT HE

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WILL RELY ON OBTAINING A MAJORITY IN THE ASSEMBLY. WE RECOGNISED THAT SUCH A WAIT IS NOT LIKELY TO BE PALATABLE TO THE AMERICANS (ALTHOUGH I NOTE FROM WASHINGTON TELNO 1095 TO YOU THAT SAUDERS SEEMS RESIGNED TO IT) BUT WE HAD NO OTHER GOOD IDEAS. I AGREE THAT THE IDEA IN PARA 3 OF UKMIS NEW YORK TELNO 446 MIGHT SUCCEED IN BRINGING THIRD WORLD PRESSURE TO BEAR ON IRAM. I ALSO AGREE THAT AT THIS STAGE THE IDEA OF FORMALLY DECLARING WAR (PARA 4 OF JUKMIS TUR) WOULD NOT BE EFFECTIVE: IT SHOULD HAVE BEEN DONE, IF AT ALL, LAST NOVEMBER. IT MAY BE THAT THE WISCRETTAY GENERAL WITH THE MUCH CLEARER INSIGHT WHICH HE WILL HAVE OBTAINED THROUGH THE MEMBERS OF THE COMMISSION, WILL HAVE SOME FRESH IDEAS. AT LEAST IT IS CLEAR THAT QOTDZADEH AND BANI SADR DO NOT REGARD THE COMMISSION AS HAVING FINISHED. THEY MAVE INVESTED A LOT IN ITS SUCCESS.

4. FINALLY, AT THE END OF THE EC MEETING, WE DISCUSSED THE REVIVAL OF THE IDEA OF A LETTER ABOUT VISITS TO THE HOSTAGES (MY MINUTE OF 21 FEBRUARY COPIED MED AND CHANCERY WASHINGTON), AND IT WAS AGREED THAT WE SHOULD GO A

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ADVANCE COPY

[IMMEDIATE]

MY TEL NO 262 : US/IRAN.

- 1. KHOMEINI'S STATEMENT WAS THE FRUIT OF A MEETING ON THE MORNING OF 10 MARCH ATTENDED BY TEN MEMBERS OF THE REVOLUTIONARY COUNCIL (RC), NOT INCLUDING BANI SADR, AND AHMED KHOMEINI, WHO HAD ALSO ATTENDED THE RC'S MEETING THE NIGHT BEFORE. I HAVE BEEN TOLD BY AN IRANIAN SOURCE THAT AHMED KHOMEINI BEGGED HIS FATHER TO COHE OUT WITH AN UNAMBIGUOUS STATEMENT. THIS HE HAS DONE, BUT UNFORTUNATELY IT REFLECTS PRECISELY THE LINE THAT THE 'STUDENTS' WERE TAKING LAST WEEK AND, WHILE CALLING FOR OBEDIENCE TO THE RC, OVER-RULES THEM ON THE MAIN ISSUE OF THE DAY.
- 2. THE UN COMMISSION'S DEPARTURE WAS THE PREDICTABLE RESULT.
 YOU WILL HAVE SEEN THEIR STATEMENT ON THE TAPES. I HAVE
 NOT YET SEEN YAMIN TO OBTAIN HIS ACCOUNT. THEIR ONLY ALTERNATIVE

- 2. THE UN COMMISSION'S DEPARTURE WAS THE PREDICTABLE RESULT.

 YOU WILL HAVE SEEN THEIR STATEMENT ON THE TAPES. I HAVE

 OUTSEL YAMIN TO OBTAIN HIS ACCOUNT. THEIR ONLY ALTERNATIVE

 COURSE WOULD HAVE BEEN TO COUNTER BY PUTTING OUT A STATEMENT

 HIGH MIGHT HAVE SAID THAT THEY COULD NOT ACCEPT THE JUDGEMENT

 OF OTHERS ON WHICH OF THE AMERICANS DETAINED WERE ALLEGEDLY

 INVOLVED IN THE CRIMES OF THE SHAH WHICH THEY WORE HERE TO

 INVESTIGATE. BUT I DOUBT IF THEY WOULD HAVE GAINED MUCH.
- 3. THE OUTCOME MUST BE A MAJOR SET-BACK TO BANI SADR AND MAY WELL AFFECT THE FORTUNES OF HIS CANDIDATES IN THE ELECTIONS. AS I SEE IT HE HAS PLAYED FOR THE SECOND OPTION IN PARA 3 OF MY TEL NO 250 (BECISIVE ACTION AGAINST THE STUDENTS) AND LOST. HE IS LEFT WITH THE CHOICE BETWEEN RESIGNING OR SOLDIERING ON IN THE MOPE THAT HIS SUPPORT IN THE ASSEMBLY WILL TURN OUT TO BE SUFFICIENT TO CARRY THROUGH HIS VIEW.

 I ASSUME HE WILL DO THE LATTEP, HE IS A FIGHTER AND MAY ACHIEVE A MIRACLE BUT I AM NOT HOPEFUL.

GRAHAM

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FM WASHINGTON 1200252 MAR 80 TO PRIORITY FCO TELNO 1035 OF 11 MARCH 80 INFO PRIORITY TEHRAN UKMIS NEW YORK

US/IRAN

- FRETWELL ASKED ASSISTANT SECRETARY SAUNDERS THIS MORNING HOW THE ADMINISTRATION SAW THE NEXT MOVES.
- 2. SAUNDERS SAID THAT IN BACKGROUND BRIEFING OF THE PRESS
 (REFLECTED IN TODAY'S PAPERS) THE ADMINISTRATION, WHILE STOPPING
 SHORT OF ACCUSING THE IRANIANS OF HAVING BROKEN THEIR WORD OVER THE
 UN COMMISSION, WERE NOT CONCEALING THAT IN THEIR VIEW THE IRANIAN
 AUTHORITIES HAD SHOWN THEMSELVES INCAPABLE OF FULFILLING THEIR
 COMMITTMENTS OVER THE HOSTAGES. THIS WAS A DELIBERATELY WOUNDING
 LINE WHICH THEY HAD NOTICED HAD STUNG THE IRANIAN GOVERNMENT INTO
 MORE EFFECTIVE ACTION WHEN IT HAD BEEN USED BEFORE.
- 3. THE OTHER THEME THE AMERICANS WERE PLUGGING WAS THAT THE DOOR SHOULD NOT BE CONSIDERED CLOSED ON THE UN COMMISSION. THE COMMISSION ITSELF HAD DECIDED, AND THE AMERICANS COULD NOT DISAGREE, THAT THERE WAS NO POINT IN THEIR REMAINING IN TEHRAN IN THE DAYS LEADING UP TO THE FIRST ROUND OF PARLIAMENTARY ELECTIONS. BUT THERE WAS NO POINT IN DECLARING THEIR MISSION A FAILURE SINCE IT MIGHT BE POSSIBLE TO BEING THEM INTO PLAY AGAIN AT A LATER STAGE IF THE IRANIANS GOT THEIR ACT TOGETHER. SAUNDERS REVEALED IN CONFIDENCE THAT THE IRANIANS HAD OFFERED MANY BLANDISHMENTS TO THE COMMISSION TO REMAIN IN TEHRAN, NONE OF WHICH LOOKED SUBSTANTIVE ENOUGH TO JUSTIFY THEIR STAYING, THOUGH SOME OF THE IDEAS MIGHT BE FOLLOWED UP ON ANY RETURN VISIT THE COMMISSION MIGHT MAKE.
- 4. SAUNDERS SAID THAT HE HAD A TELEGRAM IN DRAFT ON HIS DESK INSTRUCTING US AMBASSADORS IN ALLIED AND FRIENDLY COUNTRIES TO EXPLAIN THE ABOVE THINKING TO HOST GOVERNMENTS AND TO SAY THAT THE MERICANS PLAN TO GIVE THE IRANIANS "A FEW MORE DAYS" TO SORT THEMSELVES OUT. THEY WANTED GOVERNMENTS TO KNOW THAT THEY WERE CONSIDERING REVERTING TO THE SANCTIONS IDEA THEREAFTER AND THAT IN THE MEANTIME THEY HOPED THAT THOSE COUNTRIES WHICH HAD VOLUNTARY MEASURES IN FORCE WOULD MAINTAIN THEM, IN PARTICULAR OF COURSE ON THE ARMS SUPPLY SIDE. SAUNDERS CONFIRMED THAT THE REFERENCE TO ""A FEW DAYS" WAS LINKED TO THE FIRST ROUND OF THE PARLIAMENTARY ELECTIONS, BUT REVEALED THAT HE HAD ONLY WITH SOME DIFFICULTY PERSUADED HIS MORE IMPATIENT COLLEAGUES NOT TO SET A DEADLINE THEREAFTER BUT TO ALLOW TIME TO SEE HOW THE SITUATION EVOLVED.

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5. SAUNDERS ASSUMED THAT THERE WOULD HAVE TO BE A SECOND ROUND OF ELECTIONS BUT DID NOT THINK THAT NEED RULE OUT ACTION OVER THE HOSTAGES BETWEEN ROUNDS. THE STATE DEPARTMENT WOULD BE PARTICULARLY INTERESTED IN ANY ASSESSMENT SIR J GRAHAM CAN OFFER ON THE PROSPECTS FOR THE ELECTIONS. WE HAVE ALREADY TOLD THEM OF THE GLOOMY FORECAST IN PARAGRAPH 3 OF TEHRAN TELNO 269.

6. COMMENT. GIVEN WHAT WE KNOW OF THE MOOD PREVAILING IN THE ADMINISTRATION LAST WEEK (WASHINGTON TELMO 972) AND SAUNDERS' REFERENCE TO HIS IMPATIENT COLLEAGUES, THIS RESTRAINED REACTION WIST REPRESENT SOMETHING OF A VICTORY FOR VANCE AND THE STATE DEPARTMENT. BUT EXASPERATION CANNOT BE FAR BELOW THE SURFACE AND WILL BE HARD TO CONTROL IF A LONG DELAY AFTER ANY SECOND ROUND OF ELECTIONS (AS EARLIER FORESHADOWED BY BEHESHTI) BEGINS TO APPEAR INEVITABLE.

7. PLEASE ADVANCE TO HEAD MED.

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FROM DUMIS NEW YORK 112230Z MAR 80

TO PRIORITY F C 0

TELEGRAM NUMBER 446 OF 11 MARCH

IMPO PRIORITY WASHINGTON , TERRAN

MY TEI NO 425: US/IRAN

1. VANDEN HEUVEL, THE AMERICAN DEPUTY PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE, TACKLED ME YESTERDAY EVENING. HE SAID THAT THE DEBATE MAS STARTING IN WASHINGTON ON WHAT TO DO NEXT. DID I HAVE ANY IDEAS?

2. I SAID THAT, SPEAKING PERSONALLY, I WAS OPPOSED TO SURTHER RECOURSE TO THE PUBLIC DIPLOMACY OF THE UNITED NATIONS IE THE SECURITY COUNCIL OR THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY, VANDEN NEUWEL INTERCETED THAT THEY COULD PROBABLY GET ANOTHER CONDEMNATION OF IRAN OUT OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL. I SAID THAT SUCH AN EXERCISE WOULD ONLY PRODUCE AN EQUAL AND OPPOSITE RECECTION FROM THE IRANIANS AND MAKE LIFE MORE DIFFICULT FOR BANI SADR. SURELY THE BEST WAY OF HELPING THE RELEASE OF THE HOSTAGES WOULD BE TO GIVE BANI SADR A CHANCE WITHOUT PUBLIC PRESSURE FROM HERE TO SORT OUT HIS DOMESTIC DIFFICULTIES.

3. VANDEN HEUVEL SAID THAT HE AGREED, HOWEVER, THE PRESIDENT MIGHT WELL FEEL THAT HE WOULD HAVE TO DO SOMETHING, VANDEN HEUVEL WAS THINKING OF SUGGESTING THAT THE UNITED STATES MIGHT ABSENT THEMSELVES FROM ANY INTERNATIONAL MEETING AT WHICH IRAN WAS PRESENT. THIS WOULD BOTH GIVE THE AMERICAN PUBLIC SOME REASSURANCE THAT THE US WAS NOT TAKING THE LATEST IRANIAN ACTION LYING DOWN, AND MOBILISE STRONG THIRD WORLD PRESSURE ON KHOMEINI, ONCE THE THIRD WORLD REALISED THAT FORTHCOMING NEGOTIATIONS OF GREAT IMPOPTANCE TO THEM, SUCH AS THE GLOBAL ROUND ON NORTH/SOUTH ECONOMIC RELATIONS, WOULD TAKE PLACE WITHOUT THE UNITED STATES UNLESS THE HOSTAGES WERE RELEASED, THEY MIGHT GET SERIOUSLY ALARMED. I SAID THAT I SAW THE ATTRACTIONS OF THIS PROPOSITION.

4, VANDEN HEUVEL ALSO EXPRESSED INTEREST IN GEORGE KENNAN'S PROPOSITION THAT THE UNITED STATES SHOULD FORMALLY DECLARE WAR ON IRAN, THUS CHANGING THE STATUS OF THE HOSTAGES AND MAKING POSSIBLE SOME KIND OF EXCHANGE WITH IRANIAN DIPLOMATS AND OTHERS IN THE UNITED STATES. I HAVE ALWAYS FELT THAT THIS IDEA IS FAR TOO ESOTERIC TO APPEAL TO THE LIKES OF KHOMEINI AND THE MILITANTS. PAR SONS

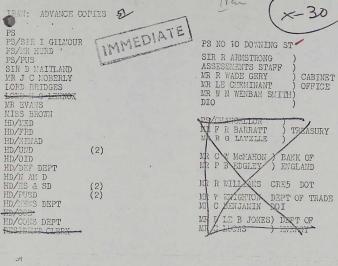
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TO IMMEDIATE FOO

TELEGRAM NUMBER 253 OF 7 MARCH 80

INFO IMMEDIATE WASHINGTON AND UKMIS NEW YORK.

206

MY TEL NO 250 1 US/IRAN.

THE ''STUDENTS'' STATEMENT YESTERDAY AFTERNOON (6MARCH) SEEMS
TO BE THE BREAK FOR WHICH WE HAVE BEEN WAITING.

IT WAS TOTALLY UNEXPECTED HERE (FIRST SENTENCE OF TUR).

I CAN ONLY SPECULATE THAT BANI SADR, WHO SAW THE HAMM IN THE WORMING, MUST HAVE TOLD KHOMEINI THAT HE MUST CHOOSE BETWEEN HIMSELF AND THE STUDENTS AND THAT AHMED KHOMEINI WHO ATTENDED THE MEETING, CONVEYED THE IMAM'S ORDER TO THE STUDENTS.

IT IS INDICATIVE OF BANI SADR'S POSITION THAT HE TOLD AN AUDIENCE IN SAR CHESHMEN ON 5 MARCH THAT IT WAS UNACCEPTABLE

FOR GROUPS TO TAKE THE LAW INTO THEIR OWN HANDS AND THAT THOSE MAND DISOBEYED THE GOVERNMENT ELECTED BY THE PEOPLE WERE NOT

FOLLOWING THE LINE OF THE IMAM.

MANY FALSE DAWNS. IT IS TYPICAL OF IRAN THAT THE REVOLUTIONARY COUNCIL HAD TO MEET TO COUSIDER HOW TO REACT TO THE STUDENT'S SURRENDER OF RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE HOSTAGES: AND YESTERDAY EVENING YAMIN TOLD ME THAT THERE WAS STILL NO TIMETABLE FOR THE COMMISSION, WHO HAVE DELAYED THEIR DEPARTURE (FOR TWO OR THREE DAYS, ACCORDING TO PRESS SOURCES), TO SEE THE HOSTAGES. THERE WAS MORE ACTIVITY ROUND THE AMERICAN EMBASSY LAST NIGHT THAN I HAVE SEEN FOR SOME TIME. MARCHES HAVE SEEN CALLED FOR TO-OAY, MITH A VARIETY OF AIMS (THANKSIVING FOR KHOMEINI'S WEALTH, SUPPORT FOR THE TWO STAGE ELECTION, SUPPORT FOR THE STUDENTS TO CONTAIN AN APPEAL TO THE PEOPLE AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT. SO FAR HOWEVER THE RESPONSE TO BOTH DOES NOT SEEN SIGNIFICANT.

3. THE SURRENDER, IF IT IS CARRIED THROUGH, SURMOUNTS ONE
MAJOR HURDLE FOR BANI SADR, HOW TO OBTAIN PHYSICAL CONTROL
OF THE MOSTAGES WITHOUT BLOODSHED. I DID HIM AN INJUSTICE IN MY
TUR AND AM ENCOURAGED NOW TO THIMK THAT THE ASSESSMENT IN
MY TEL NO 221 WILL BE BORNE OUT. AS I AM SURE THEY ARE AWARE,
IT WILL BE IMPORTANT FOR THE AMERICANS TO CONTINUE TO RESTRAIN
PUBLIC EXPRESSION OF THEIR NATURAL HOPES, FROM THE IRANIAN
POINT OF VIEW, THE POSITIVE ASPECT TO BE PICKED OUT, I SUGGEST,
IS THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE AUTHORITY OF THE GOVERNMENT WHICH,
AS THE ELECTION OF BANI SADR SHOWED, CARRIES THE SUPPORT
OF THE OVERWHELMING MAJORITY OF IRANIAN VOTERS.

GRAHAM

GRS 380

NNMM

IRAN: ADVANCE COPIES 43

(x-26)

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MR R WADE GERY
MR LE CHEMINANT
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DIS (CHANGELOR
MR P. R BARRATE MR D. S HANCOCK)

MR C W MARAYON) BARK CF
MR P B EDCXY) ENGLAND

MR R R WILLIAMS CRES DOT
MR W WHIGHTON DEPT OF TRADE
MR C BENJAMIN DOI

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FM TEHRAN GGGGGGZ MA

TO IMMEDIATE FCO

TELEGRAM NUMBER 25% OF 6 MARCH BØ are Empirimed. It is witnesty HIFO HAMBHATE MASHINGTON AND UKHIS NEW YORK. a very light whicher.

This predates the aposts on the later . I hope the latter are confirmed . It is witently

WASHINGTON TEL NO 972 : US/IRAN.

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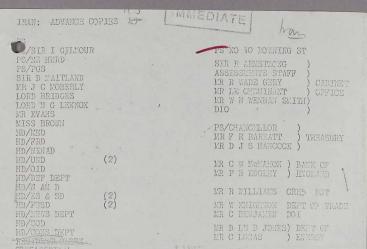
And

- 1. I LEARN PRIVATELY THAT BARRING AN UNFORESEEN LAST MINUTE DEVELOPMENT, THE COMMISSION OF ENQUIRY WILL BE LEAVING THIS AFTERMOON AT 1500 HOURS LOCAL FOR NEW YORK, WITHOUT HAVING SEEN THE AMERICANS DETAINED IN THE US EMBASSY. NO ANNOUNCEMENT HAS BEEN MADE OF THIS TO THE PRESS, ALTHOUGH THERE ARE A LOT OF RUMOURS. IT IS NOT CLEAR, AND THE COMMISSION STAFF ARE SAYING NOTHING, WHETHER THE COMMISSION WILL MAKE A REPORT. THIS DECISION PRESUMABLY WILL BE TAKEN IN CONSULTATION WITH WALDHEIM.
- 2. THIS CUTCOME TO THE COMMISSION'S WORK HERE CANNOT BUT BE A MAJOR SETBACK TO BANI SADR, ALTHOUGH ON THE SURFACE AT LEAST HE WILL HAVE LESS DIFFIGULTY IN FUDGING THE ISSUE MITH DONESTIC PUBLIC OPINION, IF HE WISHES TO PLAY IT THAT WAY, THAN VOLUB BE THE CASE IN A MESTERN COUNTRY. THE TEXT OF WALDESTING OF THE CONTINUE WAS BURNESSED BERN BUILD FOR A MESTERN COUNTRY.

THAN WOULD BE THE CASE IN A MESTERS COUNTRY. THE TEXT OF WALDREWN'S TATEMENT SETTING UP THE COMMISSION HAS NEVER BEEN PUBLISHED MERE SO FAR AS I KNOW, AND THE MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS HAVE DENIED IN A FORMAL STATEMENT THAT IRAN EVER AGREED 'IN WRITING' THAT THE COMMISSION SHOULD SEE THE HOSTAGES, IT IS NOTABLE THAT BANI SADR'S OWN STATEMENTS RECENTLY ON THE ISSUE HAVE BEEN LEGS CATEGORIC THAN GOTBZADEH'S. UNDERNEATH HOWEVER, BANI SADR'S CATEGORIC THAN GOTBZADEH'S. UNDERNEATH HOWEVER, BANI SADR'S THINK THAT WHILE HE HAS BEEN ABLE TO CARRY THE REVOLUTIONARY COUNCIL, HE HAS NOT BEEN ABLE TO PERSUADE KHOMEINI HIMSELF TO GO BEYOND THE AMBIGUOUS STATEMENT HE MADE ON 23 FEBRUARY (MY TEL MO 261).

- 2. IT WOULD SEEM THAT BANK SADE HOW HAS THREE OPTIONS. HE SUPPORTERS IN THE REVOLUTIONARY COUNCIL. OR HE COULD GRASP THE NETTLE EITHER BY TAKING SOME DECISIVE ACTION AGAINST THE STUDENTS. THOUGH IT IS DIFFICULT TO SEE WHAT FORM THIS COULD TAKE GIVEN THE UDRELLABILITY IN A CONFRONTATION OF THIS OF THE PASDARAN AND THE ARMY AND THE RISK THAT THE HOSTAGES MIGHT BE MARMED, OR .. BY PERSUADING KHOMEIN! TO COME OUT UNAMBIGUOUSLY ON HIS SIDE. IN WHICH AS I HAVE SAID ABOVE HE APPEARS SO FAR TO HAVE FAILED. OR FINALLY, HE COULD PUT A GOOD FACE ON THINGS, FALL BACK ON KHONEINI'S STATEMENT OF 20 FEBRUARY AND TRY TO ORGANISE AN EVERWHELMING MAJORITY FOR HIMSELF IN THE ASSEMBLY WHEN IT FINALLY MEETS (EVEN HERE WE APPEARS TO HAVE BEEN OVERRULED BY THE REVOLUTIONARY COUNCIL IN HIS KNOWN PREFERENCE FOR A SINGLE-STAGE ELECTION), I THINK HE WILL CHOOSE THE LAST COURSE WHICH FOR THE REASONS GIVEN IN THE PREVIOUS PARAGRAPH WILL NOT BE TOO DIFFICULT IN THE SHORT TERM.
- 4. I AM MEETING MY EC COLLEAGUES ON THE AFTERNOON OF 8 MARCH.

 WE SHALL CONSIDER FURTHER THE IDEA OF MESSAGES FROM HEADS
 OF STATE OR GOVERNMENTS (YOUR TEL NO 157). I SHALL ALSO SUGGEST
 THAT WE SHOULD TRY TO SEE BANI SADR, PROBABLY ACTING THROUGH
 THE PRESIDENCY ALONE (PARA 2 OF TUR). I SHALL ALSO SUGGEST THAT
 THE FRG AMBASSADOR SHOULD USE HIS GOOD RELATIONSHIP NITH TABATABAT
 TO PUT THE SAME MESSAGE OVER, THAT AMERICAN PATIENCE IS WEARING
 VERY THIN, THE TROUBLE IS THAT FOR THE REASON GIVEN IN PARA 3
 OF MY TEL NO 244, IRANIANS DO NOT BELIEVE THAT THERE IS ANYTHING
 THE AMERICANS CAY DO.



MIPT

- 1. REDDAWAY TELEPHONED HADIPOUR THIS MORNING TO ASK WHETHER SUBIC HAD ANY REPLY TO HIS PREVIOUS MESSAGE (TEHRAN TELNO 214). HADIPOUR SAID SUBIC HAD MERELY COMMENTED POK!, WHICH SEEMS IMPROBABLE.
- 2. REDDAWAY SAID HE HAD TWO LETTERS FOR SUBIC. HADIPOUR SUGGESTED HE POST THEM, BUT WHEN REDDAWAY EXPRESSED LACK OF CONFIDENCE IN THE IRANIAN POSTAL SERVICES AND OFFERED TO DELIVER THEM, AGREED TO MEET HIM AT THE BACK GATE OF THE US COMPOUND IN NUCHE BIJAN. THIS ENTRANCE IS CLEARLY THE ONE USED BY THE "STUDENTS" THEMSELVES, AND WITH THE EXCEPTION OF A FEW PASDARS THE NUCHE WAS DESERTED.
- 3. HADIPOUR'S GREETING WAS FRIENDLY AND THE CONVERSATION GOODRUMOURED, BUT HIS ATTITUDE TOWARDS THE HOSTAGES HAD NOT SOFTENED. HE AGREED HOWEVER TO PASS ON THE TWO LETTERS AND SAID HE WOULD GET SUBIC TO SIGN THE RECEIPT FOR THEM THAT

REDDAMAY HAD BROUGHT WITH HIM, REDDAMAY IS TO RETURN FOR IT AT 3 P.M. ON 9 MARCH. HE DID NOT EXPLAIN THE NEED FOR THE DEL

IN A CONVERSATION ABOUT THE EXCELLENT WEATHER, HADIPOUR SAID THE HOSTAGES HAD BEEN SWIMMING. WHEN REDDAWAY SAID THIS WAS TORTURE, SINCE THE WATER WOULD BE ICY, HADIPOUR SAID HE AND OTHER STUDENTS HAD ALSO BEEN IN. REDDAWAY OFFERED TO BRING ANY INNOCENT ITEMS SUCH AS FRUIT OR CLOTHES THE HOSTAGES MIGHT NEED, BUY HADIPOUR ASSURED HIM THAT THEY HAD ALL THE NECESSITIES ISLAM PRESCRIBED FOR PRISOMERS. REDDAWAY POINTED OUT THAT NONE OF THEM HAD SEEN METRINKO. HADAPOUR REFERRED TO ONE OF THE **REVELATIONS** WRITTER BY METRINKO WHO HE SAID HAD HAD CONTACT WITH GENERAL PALIZBAN. HE HAD BEEN IN IRAN FOR B YEARS AND, ACCORDING TO SOME OF THE ""STUDENTS", SPOKE TURKISH AND KURDISH AS WELL AS PERSIAN.

mentioned by

REDDAWAY REFERRED TO A RECENT NEWSWEEK ARTICLE SUGGESTING A Vance REDDAWAY SAID THIS WAS NOT GOOD ENOUGH: FRIENDS WERE ANXIOUS. HAD POUR WOULD NEITHER CONFIRM NOR DENY THE REPORT BUT SAID THAT IF METRINKO WAS AMONG THE HOSTAGES, HE WAS WELL, BUT WHEN REDDAWAY ATTEMPTED TO GET CONFIRMATION OF HIS PRESENCE BY REFERRING TO THE PETITION METRICKO HAD ALLEGEDLY SIGNED IN NOVEMBER, HABIPOUR SAID, ''YOU SHOULD NOT DEPEND ON THIS TOO MUCH ? . HE SAID THE VARIOUS VISITORS TO THE EMBASSY HAD SEEN THE HOSTAGES AND KNEW THEY WERE WELL: THEY HAD HAD NO COMPLAINTS ABOUT THEIR TREATMENT. THROUGHOUT THE 15 MINUTES THIS CONVERSATION LASTED, "'STUDENTS" WERE ENTERING AND LEAVING THE COMPOUND, ALL APPARENTLY UNARMED AND CARRYING FILES AND TEXT BOOKS. HADIPOUR CONFIRMED THAT THEY WERE GOING TO CLASSES AND WOULD BE TAKING THEIR EXAMS, AS WOULD HE.

PAN: ADVANCE COPIES 45

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TO IMMEDIATE FCO

TELEGRAM NUMBER 244 OF 5 MARCH

AND TO IMMEDIATE WASHINGTON AND UKMIS NEW YORK.

MY TELNO 213 (NOT TO NEW YORK): HOSTAGES

 REDDAWAY CONTRIVED TO MEET HADIPOUR, ONE OF THE "STUDENTS"; AT THE US EMBASSY TODAY.

- 2. REDDAWAY ASKED ABOUT A VISIT TO THE HOSTAGES BY THE UN COMMISSION. HADIPOUR SAID THE IMAM HAD MADE IT CLEAR THAT THE COMMISSION'S WORK CONCERNED THE RETURN OF THE SHAH AND NOT. THE RELEASE OF THE HOSTAGES: THERE WAS NO QUESTION OF A VISIT. WHEN ASKED WHETHER THE STUDENTS WOULD OBEY A DIRECT ORDER FROM KHOMEINI, HADIPOUR SAID IT WAS INCONCEIVABLE THAT KHOMEINI WOULD GIVE SUCH INSTRUCTIONS. HE DISMISSED COTBZABEY'S STATEMENT THAT KHOMEINI HAD ENDORSED THE REVOLUTIONARY COUNCIL'S DECISION ON A MARCH THAT THE COMMISSION SHOULD SEE THE HOSTAGES. WE HAVE PASSED THIS ON TO YAMIN.
- 3. REDDAWAY SAID HE HOPED THE WHOLE PROBLEM WOULD SOON BE
 RESOLVED. HADIPOUR LAUNCHED INTO A LECTURE ON THE NEED
 FOR THE SUPERPOWERS TO LEARN THAT THEY COULD NOT INTERFERE IN
 OTHER COUNTRIES, AND THEIR INABILITY TO RESOLVE THIS PROBLEM
 DESPITE THEIR MILITARY MIGHT. IT DID NOT MATTER THAT THE
 ""STUDENTS" WERE OUT-GUINED: THEY DID NOT FEAR DEATH. AMERICA
 HAD THE KITTYHAWK, THE MARINES ETC: ALL WERE USELESS.

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FM TEHRAN Ø41050Z MAR 80 TO PRIORITY FCO

TELEGRAM NUMBER 238 OF 4 MARCH .
INFO WASHINGTON, UKMIS NEW YORK, BONN AND ROME.

P S TO P M NO 10 DOWNING ST

US/IRAN

1. THE ITALIANS HAVE TWICE COME IN FOR ADVERSE COMMENT BY BANI SADE OVER THEIR FAILURE TO RESPOND TO A HUMANITARIAN APPEAL FOR SPARE PARTS FOR CHINONOK HELICOPTERS, FOR USE IN THE KHUZESTAN FLOODS. THE ITALIANS ARE IN A DILEMMA, SINCE THE HELICOPTERS AND THE SPARES ARE MANUFACTURED UNDER LICENCE FROM BELL HELICOPTERS AND AGUSTA BELL HAVE BEEN TOLD, IN TERMS, THAT IF THEY SUPPLY THEY WILL LOSE THEIR WORLD-WIDE LICENCE.

2. IN ANOTHER DEVELOPMENT, I LEARN THAT ONE OF THE PRESIDENTS OF THE DEUTSCHE BANK HAS BEEN IN TEHRAN TO DISCUSS A COURT CREER IN FRANKFURT ATTACHING MONIES PAID BY THE TWO GERMAN OIL COMPANIES VEBA AND UKA WESSELING TO NIOC IN RESPECT OF CONTRACTED OIL LIFTINGS, AT THE SUIT OF THREE AMERICAN AND ONE BRITISH COMPANIES WHO ARE OWED MONEY BY OSCO, THE WHOLLY-OWNED SUBSIDIARY OF NIOC. NIOC IT SEEMS SEE DANGER THAT THEIR EARNINGS MAY BE PURSUED WHEREVER THEIR CLIENTS MAKE PAYMENT, AND MEANWHILE, ALTHOUGH THE QUANTITIES ARE SMALL, I.E. 15,000 B/D EACH, ARE SUSPENDING SHIPMENTS TO THE TWO GERMAN OIL COMPANIES.

3. PLASTOW, A SENIOR OFFICIAL IN THE NATIONAL WESTMINSTER'S EXTERNAL BRANCH, HAS BEEN IN THERAN. HE TOLD ME ON 13 MARCH THAT NATWEST HAVE BEEN APPROACHED BY BOEING TO HANDLE ON BOEING'S BEHALF THE RECEIPT OF SOME 42 MILLION DOLLARS IN PAYMENT FOR A SPECIAL BOEING 747 ORDERED BY IRAN. NATWEST HAVE BEEN IN TOUCH WITH THE BANK OF ENGLAND, WHO APPARENTLY RAISED NO OBJECTION. TO MY MIND, HOWEVER, EVEN THOUGH THIS PROPOSAL COMES FROM BOEING, FOR NATWEST TO ACT AS THE AGENT COULD PUT THEM EFFECTIVELY IN BREACH OF US REGULATIONS. I SAID THIS TO PLASTOM, WHO CONFIRMED THAT NATWEST ARE TAKING LEGAL ADVICE.

GRAHAM

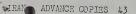
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PS/CHANCELLOR MR F R BARRATT MR D J S HANCOCK

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MR C W MeMAHON) BANK OF MR P B EDGLEY) ENGLAND

MR R WILLIAMS CRE5 DOT
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FM TEHRAN 041020Z MAR 80

TO IMMEDIATE FCO

TELEGRAM NUMBER 237 OF 4 MARCH

INFO IMMEDIATE WASHINGTON PRIORITY UKMIS NEW YORK

WASHINGTON TELNO 322 AND MY TELNO 232 (PARA): US/IRAN

1. AT A MEETING OF EC HEADS OF MISSION THIS MORNING, THE FRENCH CHARGE, WHO IS SEEING PETTITI REGULARLY, SAID THAT DESPITE THE PUBLIC STATEMENTS THAT THE REVOLUTIONARY COUNCIL HAD AGREED TO THE COMMISSION SEEING THE HOSTAGES, THE MATTER WAS 'COMPLETELY BLOCKED', THE 'STUDENTS' TAKING THE LINE THAT THEY WOULD ONLY OBEY KHOMEIN], WHO REMAINS SO FAR SILENT. THE COMMISSION HAVE ANMOUNCED A DEADLINE OF THIS EVENING FOR THE RECEIPT OF ANY FURTHER DOCUMENTS ABOUT IRAN'S GRIEVANCES AGAINST THE SHAH, AND ACCORDING TO THE FRENCH CHARGE HAVE MADE UTTE CLEAR TO TO THE IRANIANS WITH WHOM THEY ARE DEALING THAT ALLURE TO ARRANGE FOR THEM TO MEET THE HOSTAGES WILL HAVE A

QUITE CLEAR TO TO THE IRAMIANS WITH WHOM THEY ARE DEALING THAT FAILURE TO ARRANGE FOR THEM TO MEET THE HOSTAGES WILL HAVE A VERY ADVERSE EFFECT ON WORLD PUBLIC OPINION. INDEED IT IS A QUESTION WHETHER IN THOSE CIRCUMSTANCES THEY WOULD BE WILLING TO PRODUCE A REPORT ON IRAN'S GRIEVANCES.

- 2. THE FRENCH CHARGE PUT FORWARD TWO HYPOTHESES. THE MORE OPTIMISTIC, HE SAID, WAS THAT THIS HITCH WAS PART OF AN INTERNAL IRANIAN POWER STRUGGLE BETWEEN BANI SAOR AND THE STUDENTS: THE MORE PESSIMISTIC, THAT THE STUDENTS, AND PERHAPS KHOMEINI HIMSELF (HENCE HIS RELUCTANCE TO COMMIT HIMSELXA ODINWYKMMYISIT) KNEW THAT ONE OR MORE OF THE HOSTAGES WAS EITHER IN A VERY BAD WAY OR DEAD. IT IS A FACT THAT AT NO TIME SINCE THE TAKING OF THE AMERICAN EMBASSY HAS ANY VISITOR SEEN THE WHOLE COMPLEMENT OF AMERICANS DETAINED, AND IN RELATION TO ONE OF THEM IN PARTICULAR (METRIMKO), THERE HAS BEEN NO EVIDENCE OF HIS EXISTENCE SINCE A ROUND ROBIN LETTER SIGNED BY A NUMBER INCLUDING HIM, IN NOVEMBER.
- 3. IN A GENERAL DISCUSSION OF WHAT TO DO NEXT THE FRG AMBASSADOR PROPOSED THAT WE SHOULD SUGGEST TO OUR GOVERNMENTS A LOBBYING EXERCISE THROUGHOUT THE WORLD TO PERSUADE HEADS OF STATE TO SEND INDIVIDUAL MESSATES TO KHOMEINI URGING HIM TO RELEASE THE AMERICANS DETAINED HERE. HE BELIEVED THAT SUCH MESSAGES WOULD HAVE A GREATER IMPACT ON KHOMEINI THAN A RESOLUTION, FOR EXAMPLE, THE UN GENERAL ASSEMBLY, SINCE TO KHOMEINI THE UN IS MERELY AN EMANATION OF THE US. HE ALSO SUGGESTED THAT IT WOULD BE BETTER IF THIS LOBBYING CAME FROM THE EC RATHER THAT FROM THE AMERICANS. (SUBSEQUENTLY RITZEL TOLD THE ITALIAN AND DANISH AMBASSADORS AND MYSELF THAT THE IDEA HAD BEEN FLOATED BY MY VANCE WHEN HE WAS LAST IN BONN).
- 4. IT WAS THE GENERAL FEELING OF MY COLLEAGUES THAY AT THE LEAST
 WE SHOULD WAIT BEFORE EMBARKING ON ANY INITIATIVE OF THIS
 KIND UNTIL THE COMMISSION OF ENQUIRY HAD REACHED A CONCLUSION ONE
 WAY OR THE OTHER. TO SET IT IN HAND NOW WOULD IN A SENSE BE
 PRE-JUDGING THE OUTCOME OF THE COMMISSION'S EFFORTS. THE FRENCH
 CHARGE ARGUED STRONGLY THAT ANY FURTHER INITIATIVE WAS IN THE
 HANDS OF THE AMERICANS AND THAT THE EC HEADS OF MISSION IN TEHRAN
 SHOULD NOT INVOLVE THEMSELVES.
- 5. MY OWN VIEW IS THAT WE MIGHT HAVE DIFFICULTY IN DRUMMING UP
 A REALLY LARGE NUMBER OF "SPONTANEOUS" INDIVIDUAL MESSAGES.
 WHEREAS MOS IF NOT ALL GOVERNMENTS WOULD BE WILLING TO VOTE FOR
 A RESOLUTION CALLING FOR THE RELEASE OF THE HOSTAGES, IN THE UN
 OR SOME PUBLIC BODY, THERE BEING SAFETY IN NUMBERS, MANY MIGHT BE
 RELUCTANT TO EXPOSE THEMSELVES TO POSSIBLE RETALIATION THROUGH AN

UCTANT TO EXPOSE THEMSELVES TO POSSIBLE RETALIATION THROUGH AN INDIVIDUAL MESSAGE. NEVERTHELESS I AGREE WITH MY GERMAN COLLEAGUE THAT THE UN RESOLUTIONS HAVE VIRTUALLY NO IMPACT ON KHOMEINI: AND I NOT (PARA 5 OF THE RECORD OF MR HURD'S MEETING WITH HIM INABU DHABI ON 23 JAN) THAT MUHAMMAD BIN RASHID BELIEVED THAT THE AMERICANS SHOULD LET OTHER MUSLIMS SPEAK TO THE IRANIANS AND SHAME THEM INTO A SETTLEMENT.

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3 March 1980

I am replying on the Prime Minister's behalf to thank you for your letter to her of 3 March, enclosing a message from President Bani Sadr. President Bani Sadr's message has, of course, been brought to Mrs Thatcher's immediate attention.

Dr G A Afrooz

KR8

3 March 1980

The Prime Minister has received a reply from President Bani Sadr to her message of congratulations on his election. I enclose the text.

M. O'D. B. ALESSANDER

R M J Lyme Esq Foreign and Commonwealth Office

148

SUBJECT

PERSONAL MESSAGE TERIAL No. T 45 80

سفارت جمهوري اسلامي ايران

Embassy of the Islamic Republic of Iran

No:

London, March 3rd, 1980.

I have the honour to transmit to Your Excellency the following message from the President of the Islamic Republic of Iran:

HER EXCELLENCY MRS. MARGARET THATCHER M.P., PRIME MINISTER OF GREAT BRITAIN,

I WOULD LIKE TO EXPRESS MY APPRECIATION FOR YOUR KIND MESSAGE OF CONGRATULATIONS ON MY ELECTION AS THE PRESIDENT OF THE ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF IRAN. I TAKE THIS OPPORTUNITY TO CONVEY MY BEST WISHES FOR YOUR GOOD HEALTH AND FOR THE WELFARE AND PROSPERITY OF THE PEOPLE OF GREAT BRITAIN.

ABOLHASSAN BANI SADR PRESIDENT OF THE ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF IRAN "

With assurances of my high esteem.

The Right Honourable Margaret Thatcher M.P., Prime Minister, 10, Downing Street, London, S.W.1

SIR F ARMSTRONG
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WR W N WENBAN SMITH)
DIO

PS/CHANCELLOR
MR F R BARRATT
MR D J S HANCOCK

MR C W MCMAHON) BANK OF
MR P B EDGLEY) ENGLAND

MR R WILLIAMS CRE5 DOT MR W KNIGHTON DEPT OF TRAI MR C BENJAMIN DOI

MR D LE B JONES) DEPT OF MR C LUCAS) ENERGY

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CONFIDENTIAL

FM WASHINGTON 262340Z FEB 80
TO IMMEDIATE F C O
TELEGRAM NUMBER 861 OF 26 FEBRUARY
INFO IMMEDIATE TEHRAN UKMIS NEW YORK.

RESIDENT CLERK

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US/IRAN: TEHRAN TELNO 212 TO F C O.

- 1. A PIECE DULY APPEARED IN TODAY'S WASHINGTON POST ON THE LINES FORESHADOWED BY RANDALL (PARAGRAPH 2 OF TELEGRAM UNDER REFERENCE) - EXTRACT IN M | F T.
- 2. AARON, BRZEZINSKI'S DEPUTY IN THE NSC TOLD FRETWELL THIS WORNING THAT THE LATEST DEVELOPMENTS, ESPECIALLY THE KHOMEINI STATEMENT, CONSTITUTED A SET-BACK BUT DID NOT INVALIDATE THE PROCESS OF REGOTIATION IN WHICH THE AMERICANS MERE ENCAGED. THE UN COMMISSION OF ENQUIRY HAD NOT BEEN INTENDED TO PLAY A DIRECT ROLE IN SECURING THE RELEASE OF THE HOSTAGES: IT WAS SUPPOSED TO ESTABLISH THE FACTS CONCERNING IRANIAN COMPLAINTS ABOUT THE SHAH ETC. THIS WOULD GO AMEAD AND THE COMMISSION WOULD REPORT TO WALDHEIM. THE US WOULD REFRAIN FROM COMMENTING UNTIL THE APPROPRIATE TIME. HE WAS CONSCIOUS OF THE DELICACY OF BANI SADR'S POSITION AND HENCE OF THE UNCERTAINTIES IN RELATION TO THE HOSTAGES. BUT HE DID NOT CONSIDER THAT THE WHOLE OPERATION HAD GONE WRONG.

BUT HE DID NOT CONSIDER THAT THE WHOLE OPERATION HAD GONE WRONG, HE MENTIONED IN PASSING THE FEAR THAT SOME OF THE CANDIDATES FOR THE NEW IRANIAN PARLIAMENT WOULD CAMPAIGN ON THE ISSUE OF GETTION THE SHAH BACK, BUT DID NOT DWELL ON THIS POINT.

HENDERSON

NNNN

IRAN

PS
PS/SIR I GILMOUR
PS/MR HURD
PS/MR HURD
PS/TUS
SIR D MAITLAND
MR J C MOBERLY
LORD BRIDGES
LORD N G LENNOX
MR EVANS
MISS BROWN
HD/MSD
HD/FRD
HD/NENAD
HD/NENAD
HD/DF DEPT
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HD/DES & SD (2)
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HD/PUSD (2)
HD/OOD
HD/CONS DEPT
RESIDENT STEATH

PS MO 10 DOWNING ST

SIR R ARMSTECNG
ASSESSMENTS STAFF
MR R WADE GERY
MR LE CHEMINANT
LR W N WENBAN SMITH
DIO

OFFICE

PS/CHANCELLOR)
MR F R BARRATT)
MR D J S HANGOOK)
TREASURY

. MR C W McMAHON) BANK OF MR P B EDGLEY) ENGLAND

MR R WILLIAMS CRE5 DOT
MR W KNIGHTON DEPT OF TRADE
MR C BENJAMIN DOI
MR D LE B JONES) DEPT OF
MR C LUCAS ENERGY

ADVANCE COPY

CONFIDENTIAL
FM TEHRAN 261335Z FEB
TO PRIORITY FCO
TELEGRAM NUMBER 213 OF 26 FEBRUARY 80
INFO PRIORITY WASHINGTON .

مام

HOSTAGES: TEHRAN TEL NO 71. On of the badan of the "students".

- 1. REDDAWAY CONTACTED MADIPOUR (SEE TUR) AT THE US EMBASSY BY
 TELEPHONE ON 26 FEB. IN THE COURSE OF THEIR CONVERSATION
 HADIPOUR, WHOM REDDAWAY CONSIDERED SUPPRISINGLY AFFABLE
 GIVEN THEIR PREVIOUS MEETING, AGREED TO PASS A PERSONAL MESSAGE
 TO ONE OF THE HOSTAGES (FCO TELNO 82, NOT TO WASHINGTON).
- 2. HADIPOUR SOUNDED RESOLUTE AND IN GOOD SPIRITS. ASKED WHEN
 HE THOUGHT THE OCCUPATION WOULD END, BECAUSE THE MAJLES
 WAS NOT AFTER ALL DUE TO MEET FOR A LONG TIME AND THE WHOLE
 BUSINESS MUST BE CETTING PRETTY TEDIOUS, HADIPOUR SAID THE STUDENTS
 HAD PLENTY OF TIME AND 'COULD GO ON FOR YEARS'. ASKED HOW
 THEY WERE FEEDING THE HOSTAGES, WHICH MUST BE EXPENSIVE, HADIPOUR
 SAID THEY WERE USING STOCKS FROM THE EMBASSY STORES AND FORESAW
 NO PROBLEMS ON THAT SCORE.

SAID THEY WERE USING STOCKS FROM THE EMBASSY STORES AND FORESAW NO PROBLEMS ON THAT SCORE.

3. REDDAWAY ASKED WHETHER THERE WAS ANY CHANCE OF HIS TALKING
TO ANY OF THE HOSTAGES, UNDER ANY CONDITIONS IMPOSED BY THE
"STUDENTS", FOR HUMANITARIAN REASONS, HADIPOUR WAS ABSOLUTELY
EMPHATIC: "'NO WAY" WAS THIS POSSIBLE: THE STUDENTS HAD TAKEN
A FIRM LINE ON VISITORS AND REDDAWAY COULD NOT BE AN EXCEPTION.

GR AH AM

NNNN

HD/UND HD/DEF DEPT HD/N AM D

HD/CONS DEPT

PS NO 10 DOWNING ST ASSESSMINTS STAFF PS/CHANCELLOR MR F R BARRATT MR D J S HANCOCK) MR C W McMAHON) BANK OF LR P B EDGLEY) ENGLAND MR R VILLIAMS CRES DOT AR W KNIGHTON DEPT OF TRADE MR D LE B JONES) DEPT OF MR C LUCAS) ENERGY

ADVANCE CUPY

CONFIDENTIAL FM TEHRAN 250855Z FEB 80 TO PRIORITY FCO TELEGRAM NUMBER 208 OF 25 FEBRUARY INFO PRIORITY WASHINGTON AND UKMES NEW YORK

ZUHAIR YAMIN TOLD ME LAST NIGHT, EMPHASISING THAT HE WAS SPEAKING IN CONFIDENCE AND THAT HE HOPED I WOULD NOT SPREAD IT TO DIPLOMATIC COLLEAGUES OR THE PRESS, THAT HE WAS CONFIDENT AFTER KHOMEINI'S STATEMENT OF 23 FEBRUARY (MY TUR) THAT THE UN PARTY WOULD LEAVE IRAN EITHER WITH THE DETAINED AMERICANS IN THEIR CARE OR WITH A FIRM UNDERTAKING THAT THE AMERICANS WOULD BE RELEASED A FEW DAYS LATER. HE INTERPRETS KHOMEINI'S STATEMENT AS A CLEAR MESSAGE TO THE STUDENTS THAT WHATEVER THE MERITS OF WHAT THEY HAVE DONE HITHERTO, DECISIONS ON WHAT HAPPENS NEXT ARE NOT FOR THEM: THAT IT IS THE PEOPLE NOW WHO WILL DECIDE, THROUGH THEIR ELECTED REPRESENTATIVES, THE MAJLES AND THE PRESIDENT. HE DREW MY ATTENTION TO A STATEMENT BY THE STUDENTS PUBLISHED ON 24 FEBRUARY IN WHICH THEY DECLARED THAT THEY WOULD " ALWAYS YIELD TO THE WILL ... OF THE PEOPLE ". HE SEES KHOMEINI'S : STATEMENT AS AN " HONOUR ABLE" BOWING OUT AND BELIEVES THAT

ELECTIONS, WITH KNOMEINI GIVING SILENT REPEAT SILENT, APPROVAL FROM HIS SICK BED. YAMIN ARGUED, THAT A PUBLIC ASSEMBLY WAS THE WORST BODY YOU COULD IMAGINE TO TAKE A DECISION TO RELEASE THE HOSTAGES, SINCE EACH MEMBER WOULD TRY TO OUTBID THE OTHER: BANI SADR COULD NOT RISK THAT.

- 2. YAMIN SAID THAT PRESIDENT CARTER WOULD SHORTLY BE MAKING
 A STATEMENT EXPRESSING SATISFACTION WITH THE WAY THINGS
 WERE COING (THIS FORECAST AT LEAST HAS BEEN FULFILLED). HE
 ALSO SAID THAT, DESPITE STATEMENTS ATTRIBUTED TO THE STUDENTS
 AND OTHERS, THE COMMISSION WOULD BE SEEING THE HOSTAGES, POBABLY
 SOON. FINALLY, HE SAID THAT HE BELIEVED THAT THE COMMISSION'S
 REPORT ON THE SHAH'S AND THE AMERICANS' MISDEEDS WOULD TURN OUT
 TO BE PRETTY THIN, SO THAT THERE WOULD BE NO PROBLEM FOR THE
 AMERICANS (THOUGH I TAKE IT THAT THE COMMISSION WILL HAVE TO BE
 CAREFUL TO SAY ENOUGH TO PRESERVE BANI SADR'S POSITION).
- 3. I AGREE WITH YAMIN THAT KHOMENNI'S STATEMENT DOES EFFECTIVELY
 CUT OUT THE STUDENTS FROM FUTURE DECISION-MAKING. I SEE
 DIFFICULTY HOWEVER INF FOLLOWING HIM IN READING IT AS GIVING BANI
 SADR A FREE HAND. NEVERTHELESS, IT MAY BE THAT BANI SADR FEELS
 SUFFICIENTLY CONFIDENT OF HIS POSITION TO GO BEYOND KHOMEINI'S
 WORDS IN THAT WAY. AND TO SEEK POST FACTO (UNDERLINED) ENDORSEMENT
 FROM THE ASSEMBLY, WHEN IT IS ELECTED. THERE IS TO BE A RALLY
 THIS AFTERNOON (WEATHER PERMITTING IT IS SNOWING), THE VARIOUS
 SEGMENTS OF WHICH ARE TO CONVERGE ON THE AMERICAN EMBASSY, WHERE ...
 BANI SADR WILL ADDRESS THE CROWN. IF YAMIN'S SCENARIO IS CORRECT,
 THIS COULD SYMBOLIZE HIS TAKING OVER THE HELM. WHEN I SAW
 TAGHAVI WHO DOUBLES THE ROLE OF A DIRECTOR GENERAL IN THE MFA
 AND CHEF DE CABINET TO BANI SADR, THIS MORNING ON OTHER BUSINESS,
 HE SAID THAT BANI SADR REGARDED THE SOLUTION OF THE AMERICAN
 HOSTAGE ISSUE AS HIS FIRST PRIORITY, SINCE IT WAS AN IMPEDIMENT
 TO ALL THE OTHER THINGS THAT NEEDED TO BE DONE.
- 4. THE WHOLE OPERATION, WHATEVER READING IS COGZBEIKA, DEMANDS
 CAREFUL HANDLING OF THE PRESS. STATEMENTS THAT ARE TOO
 MBIGUOUS AND ORIENTAL WILL TEND TO BE UNSATISFACTORY FOR AMERICAN
 AND WORLD OPINION; BUT ANGRY REACTION TO IRANIAN STATEMENTS ON
 THE ONE HAND, OR EXCESSIVE OPTIMISM ON THE OTHER COULD FORCE.
 BANI SADR'S HAND AND CAUSE HIM TO DENY WHAT IS IMPUTED TO HIM.
 NEVERTHELESS THE UN HERE ARE GIVING MINIMUM GUIDANCE TO THE
 FRESS. I ASSUME FROM THE LOW-KEY AMERICAN PRESS REACTION SO
 FAR THAT THE STATE DEPARTMENT ARE GIVING THE NECESSARY GUIDANCE
 AT THEIR END.

PS NO 10 DOWNING ST

SIR R ARMSTRONG
ASSESSMENTS STAFF

MR R WADE GERY

MR LE CHEMINANT

MR WIN WENDAN SMITH

DIO

PS/CHANCELLOR

MR F R BARRATT

MR R G LAVELLE

MR C W MGMAHON) BANK OF

MR P B EDGLEY) ENGLAND

MR R WILLIAMS CRE5 DOT

MR W KNIGHTON DEPT OF TRADE

MR C BENJAMIN DOI MR D LE B JONES) DEPT OF

IMMEDIATE

ADVANCE COPY) ENERGY

CONFIDENTIAL DESKBY 260930Z

PS/MR HURD '

LORD N G LENNOX MR EVANS MISS BROWN

FM WASHINGTON 252358Z FEBRUARY 1980

TO IMMEDIATE F C O

TEL NO 837 OF 25 FEB.

INFO IMMEDIATE TEHRAN, UKMIS NEW YORK, CABINET OFFICE (FOR CHIEF ASSESSMENTS STAFF).

TEHRAN TELNO 201: US/IRAN.

IN REACTION TO KHOMEINI'S MESSAGE TO THE NATION, PRESIDENT CARTER HAS CAUTIONED THE PRESS AGAINST MOVING FROM QUOTE EXTREME OPTIMISM TO EXTREME PESSIMISM UNQUOTE AT EVERY EVENT IN IRAN. SOME PROGRESS WAS BEING MADE AND THERE WERE QUOTE VERY SENSITIVE AND VERY DIFFICULT EFFORTS UNQUOTE THE DETAILS OF WHICH HE COULD NOT DISCUSS.

2. DESPITE THESE BRAVE WORDS, AND THE SICK LINE (MY TELNO 817) ABOUT EXPECTING SOME NEGATIVE STATEMENTS, THE IRAN WORKING GROUP AT THE STATE DEPARTMENT AND THEIR COLLEAGUES AT CIA ARE GLOOMY IN THEIR ASSESSMENTS TODAY. STATE DEPARTMENT TELL US THAT THEY WERE NOT EXPECTING THE KHOMEIN! STATEMENT, AND ARE TRYING TO RE-ASSESS THE PROSPECTS, THOUGH THEY HAVE NOT GIVEN UP HOPE OF THE UN COMMISSION BEING BOTH ABLE TO HEAR IRANIAN GRIEVANCES AND MAKE REAL PROGRESS IN BRINGING ABOUT THE HOSTAGES' EARLY RELEASE. THEY WOULD BE MOST GRATEFUL FOR ANY FURTHER ASSESSMENTS SIR J GRAHAM CAN OFFER.

GRATEFUL FOR ANY FURTHER ASSESSMENTS SIR J GRAHAM CAN OFFER.

3. THE CIA (HEAD OF THEIR IRAN TASK FORCE) QUESTION WHETHER RHOMEINI HAS EVER BEEN WILLING TO REACH AN AGREEMENT, THEY SEE PARALLELS WITH THE POSITION A YEAR AGO WHEN A DEAL BETWEEN BAKHTIAR AND KHOMEINI WAS THOUGHT TO HAVE BEEN DONE. CIA HAVE HAD NUMEROUS REPORTS OVER THE LAST FORTNIGHT THAT KHOMEINI'S HEALTH IS DETERIORATING. CIA DOCTORS DO NOT THINK HIS LIFE IS IMMEDIATELY THREATENED, BUT ARE IMPRESSED BY THE GRAVE NATURE OF THE REPORTS, AND BY THE FACT THAT KHOMEINI IS FORBIDDEN TO SEE VISITORS. ONE SENIOR ANALYST (NOT A DOCTOR) HAS TOLD US HE IS BEGINNING TO THINK IT MIGHT BE A MATTER OF WEEKS.

4. CIA ANALYSTS FEEL BAN! SADR IS ALMOST A CARBON COPY OF BAZARGAN IN THAT HE SEEKS CONCESSIONS FROM THE US AND SIMPLY POCKETS THEM.
CIA WOULD BE GRATEFUL FOR ANY COMMENT ON THE VIEW THAT BAN! SADR AND AHMAD KHOMEIN! ARE CLOSE, IN THE LIGHT OF INDICATIONS THAT AHMAD KHOMEIN! MAY BE SETTING UP HIS OWN POWER BASE BY DEVELOPING CONTACTS WITH THE MILITANTS AND WITH KHOEIN!.

5. CIA ANALYSTS THINK THE ONLY POSITIVE NEW ELEMENT IS THAT KHOMEINI HAS SET SOMETHING OF A TIME-LIMIT IN HIS REFERENCE TO THE MAJLIS, THOUGH THEY POINT OUT THAT HE HAS ALSO SAID IN EFFECT THAT THE MAJLIS WOULD SECURE CONCESSIONS FROM THE US. THEY BELIEVE THE MAJLIS WILL NOT QUOTE GET OUT IN FRONT UNQUOTE OF KHOMEINI.

HENDERSON

MNNN

SECRET

Subject as USA: May 1979 Virit 6 VK by M Vance

PARTIAL RECORD OF A DISCUSSION BETWEEN THE PRIME MINISTER AND THE US SECRETARY OF STATE, MR. CYRUS VANCE, AT 10 DOWNING STREET ON THURSDAY 21 FEBRUARY AT 2000 HOURS

IRAN

The <u>Prime Minister</u> asked Mr. Vance about the stage which had been reached in the negotiations for the release of the US hostages.

Mr. Vance said that an understanding had been reached with the Iranian Government. The membership of a Commission which would investigate the Shah's period in office had been agreed. It would work in private. It would go to Tehran almost at once. Whilst there it would listen to evidence produced by the Iranian Government. It would meet the hostages to establish that they were alive and in good health. These preliminary activities would last about a week following which it would draft a preliminary document.

When the document was complete, the Commission would meet the Revolutionary Council in Tehran and tell them that before the document could be taken back to New York, the hostages would have to be handed over to the custody of the Iranian Government and lodged either in a hospital or in the foreign ministry with Mr. Laingen. The Commission would not return to New York until the hostages had been handed over

Once the hostages had been handed over, the Commission would return to New York and communicate the preliminary document to the Secretary General. It would be published within two days. The hostages would be released by the Iranian Government on the day that the document was published. The American Government were therefore hoping that the hostages might be released within about two weeks. Of course there was a risk of slippage but in any case the hostages should be free long before the end of March.

/Mr. Vance said

 $\underline{\text{Mr. Vance}}$ said that he had two worries about the arrangements that he had described:-

- a) He was still not sure that the Iranian Government had the authority to secure the release of the hostages from the students. He had repeatedly tried to secure from the Iranians a detailed account of how they would deal with the students but had so far failed to get any satisfaction; and
- b) One member of the US Embassy staff seemed to be unaccounted for. No letters or other communication had been received from him. Since he was a particularly active man and was known to have resented his imprisonment particularly strongly, there was concern lest he had tried to escape and had been killed in doing so. If it turned out that he was dead, the. American Government would be placed in a position of acute difficulty. (Mr. Vance laid great stress on his wish that knowledge of this problem should be limited to the Prime Minister and the Foreign and Commonwealth Secretary).

And

PS
PS/SIR I GILMOUR
PS/MR HURD
PS/PUS
SIR D MAITLAND
MR J C NOBERLY
LORD BRIDGES
LORD N G LENNOX
LER EVANS
MISS BROWN
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RESIDENT CLERK

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SIR R ARMSTRONG | ASSESSMENTS STAFF | CABINET | MR R WADE GERY | CABINET | MR LE CHEMINANT | OFFICE | MR W N WEMBAN SMITH | DIO

PS/CHANCELLOR | MR F R BARRATT | TREASURY | MR D J S HANCOCK | MR C W McMAHON | BANK OF | MR P B EDGLEY | ENGLAND | MR R WILLIAMS CRE5 DOT | MR W KHIGHTON DEET OF TRADE | MR C BENJAMIN DOI | MR D LE B JONES | DEPT OF | MR C LUCAS | ENERGY

GR 250

CONFIDENTIAL

FM WASHINGTON 132043Z FEBRUARY 80

TO PRIORITY FCO

TELEGRAM NUMBER 700 OF 13 FEBRUARY

INFO PRIORITY TEHRAN, UKMIS NEW YORK, EEC POSTS.

MY TELNO 689: US/IRAN - HOSTAGES.

1. WHEN ! CALLED ON ASSISTANT SECRETARY SAUNDERS THIS MORNING, I ASKED HIM ABOUT THE PRESS CONFERENCE THAT PRESIDENT CARTER IS SCHEDULED TO GIVE THIS EVENING (WHICH IS WIDELY EXPECTED TO BE ABOUT IRAN). HE SAID THAT, QUOTE UNLESS THINGS GO WRONG IN THE NEXT HOURS UNQUOTE, THE PRESIDENT WOULD PROBABLY ANNOUNCE SOME ADVANCE ON THE WALDHEIM UN COMMISSION IDEA.

2. SAUNDERS SAID THAT WITH BANI SADR'S ELECTION THERE WAS AT LAST QUOTE SOMEONE AT THE OTHER END OF THE LINE UNQUOTE OF THE VARIOUS CHANNELS THE US HAD TO IRAN. FOR THE MOMENT BANI SADR'S INTERESTS AND THOSE OF THE US APPEARED TO COINCIDE AT LEAST AS THE HOSTAGES WERE CONCERNED. BOTH NEEDED THEIR RELEASE, IF FOR DIFFERENT REASONS. THE QUOTE STUDENTS UNQUOTE AND THE LEVER-

FAR AS THE HOSTAGES WERE CONCERNED, BOTH NEEDED THEIR RELEASE, IF
FOR DIFFERENT REASONS. THE QUOTE STUDENTS UNQUOTE AND THE LEVERAGE THEY EXERCISED THROUGH THE HOLDING OF THE HOSTAGES THREATENED
DANI SADR'S TASK OF ESTABLISHING HIS AUTHORITY. BUT BEHESHTI'S
STATEMENT THIS MORNING AND THE QUOTE STUDENTS UNQUOTE OWN ANNOUNCEMENT THAT THEY WOULD HAND OVER THE HOSTAGES IF KHOMEINI TOLD THEM
TO WERE BOTH ENCOURAGING ADDITIONAL SIGNS THAT BANI SADR WAS
SUCCEEDING.

3. SAUNDERS CONCLUDED BY STRESSING THAT HE HAD BEEN INVOLVED IN ENOUGH NEGOTIATIONS OF THIS DELICACY NOT TO COUNT ON ANYTHING UNTIL IT HAPPENED. HE ALSO REVEALED THAT HIS ABSENCE FROM WASHINGTON HAD BEEN IN NEW YORK AND HIS REFERENCES TO THE WALDREIM UN COMMISSION IDEA SUGGEST THAT THIS REMAINS THE MOST PROMISING FORMULA IN AMERICAN EYES.

HENDERRSON

MNNN

FFMU DDVGR:

MONF0061/13

WINNYOUS/13

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TRAN: ADVANCE COPIES 42 ASSESSMENTS STAFF MR R WADE GERY MR W N WENBAN SMITH) LORD N G LENNOX MR F R BARRATT MR D J S HANCOCK) MR C W MGMAHON) BANK OF MR P B EDGLEY) ENGLAND HD/N AM D MR R WILLLIAMS CRE5 DOT MR W KNIGHTON DEPT OF TRADE HD/PUSD MR C BENJAMIN DOI MR D LE B JONES) DEPT OF MP C LUCAS) ENERGY RESIDENT CLERK GR 650

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INFO PRIORITY WASHINGTON AND UKMIS NEW YORK. MY TELS NOS 156 AND 157 : US/IRAN.

TELEGRAM NUKBER :61 OF 13 FEB 80

SECRET

FM TEHRAN 130805Z FEB TO PRIORITY FCO

- 1. THE SWISS AMBASSADOR, WHOM I MET LAST NIGHT, IS THE SOUL OF DISCRETION, BUT PUTTING TOGETHER ONE OR TWO THINGS THAT HE SAID, I HAVE COME TO THE CONCLUSION THAT CONTACTS BETWEEN THE AMERICANS AND BANI SADR ARE MORE ADVANCED THAN I HAD BEEN INCLINED TO BELIEVE (PARA 3 OF MY TELNO 132).
- 2. PUTTING THE BITS TOGETHER, IT SEEMS THAT BANE SADR, WITH THE ACTIVE SUPPORT OF QOTBZADEH, FOR WHICH THE LATTER IS LIKELY TO RECEIVE HIS REWARD BY BEING RETAINED AS FOREIGN MINISTER, HAS OBTAINED THE UNANIMOUS SUPPORT OF THE REVOLUTIONARY COUNCIL FOR A SCENARIO TO BE SUBMITTED TO KHOMEINI WHICH WOULD INVOLVE THE ESTABLISHMENT OF SOME FORM OF COMMISSION OF ENQUIRY, THE HANDING OVER OF THE HOSTAGES TO SOME MORE ACCEPTABLE AND CONTROLLABLE BODY, AND, PRESUMABLY THEIR RELEASE WHEN THE ENQUIRY REPORTS. I FORMED THE IMPRESSION THAT THE UNIS NOT INVOLVED DIRECTLY IN THESE CONTACTS BUT THAT THE SWISS AMBASSADOR IS HIMSELF THE INTERMEDIARY. GIVEN THE DIFFICULTIES

ANY CONFESSION OF SUPERBUSTIONAL BODY FITHER PARTICIPATING

AMBASSADOR IS HIMSELF THE INTERNEDIARY, GIVEN THE DIFFICULTIES

OF ANY GOVERNMENT OR INTERNATIONAL BODY EITHER PARTICIPATING IN AN ENQUIRY WHILE THE HOSTAGES ARE STILL HELD OR ACCEPTING AND HOLDING THE HOSTAGES THEMSELVES, AS IN EFFECT TRUSTEES FOR THE IRANIANS, I BELIEVE THAT THE SCENARIO FAVOURED MUST INVOLVE AN ENQUIRY COMPOSED OF INDEPENDENT INTERNATIONAL FIGURES AND THE TRUSTEE FOR THE HOSTAGES MUST BE THE IRANIAN ARMED FORCES OR SOME SIMILAR ORGANISATION (PERHAPS THE SEPAH PASDARAN, THE REVOLUTIONARY GUARDS).

- 3. THE PROPOSALS PUT FORWARD IN THE NAME OF SEAN MCBRIDE BY ALBALA (PARAGRAPH 4 OF MY TEL NO 132) APPARENTLY INVOLVED AN OPEN-ENDED AND WIDE-RANGING COMMISSION, WITH NO TIME LIMIT, AND NO AGREED PROGRAMME FOR A RELEASE. THEY ARE REGARDED HERE AS A SOVIET PLOY FED IN THROUGH ALBALA, WHO I AM TOLD IS IN FACT A MEMBER OF THE FRENCH COMMUNIST PARTY. THE SWISS AMBASSADOR SAYS THAT THEY HAVE BEEN SEEN THROUGH AND SCOTCHED, LARGELY THROUGH THE AGENCY OF QOTBZADEH (ONE OF THE DEBTS BANI SADR OWES HIM).
- 4. IF THE ABOVE IS ON THE RIGHT LINES, THERE IS A GOOD DEAL OF PUBLIC COMMENT WHICH PERHPAS FALLS INTO PLACE, FOR EXAMPLE BEHESHT! WAS REPORTED YESTERDAY TO HAVE TOLD THE PRESS THAT KHOMEINI WAS THE FINAL ARBITER OF THE FATE OF THE HOSTAGES, THAT THE STUDENTS' ACTION AGAINST THE AMERICAN EMBASSY WAS NOT 'ON BEHALF OF THE GOVERNMENT OR THE REVOLUTIONARY COUNCIL OR THE IMAM", THAT IN A SENSITIVE ISSUE SUCH AS THIS NO ONE IS EXPECTED TO MAKE A DECISION WITHOUT REFERRING IT TO THE IMAM, AND THAT THE STUDENTS WOULD FOLLOW THE IMAM'S PATH 'OR WILL BE MADE TO DO SO ". OOTBZADEH IN AN INTERVIEW WITH ITN MADE A SOMEWHAT SIMILAR POINT ABOUT COMPELLING THE STUDENTS IF IT BECAME NECESSARY. BANI SADR, IN THE INTERVIEW WITH LE MONDE (MY TEL NO 157), SAID THAT AN AGREED PROPOSAL HAD BEEN FORWARDED TO KHOMEINI, WHOSE DECISION HE EXPECTED IN TWO DAYS, AND THAT "WE WOULD NEVER RESORT TO VIOLENCE AGAINST YOUNG PATRIOTS, BUT IN THE EVENT OF DISAGREEMENT WOULD TRY TO PERSUADE THEM''.
- 5. FINALLY IN A PRESS CONFERENCE YESTERDAY, THE "STUDENTS", WHO APPEAR VERY MUCH ON THE DEFENSIVE, REJECTED ANY INTERNATIONAL COMMISSION OR ENQUIRY BUT SAID THAT THEY WOULD NEVER DO ANYTHING AGAINST KHOMEINI'S WISHES, AND ADDED AT ANOTHER POINT, "THE IMAM HAS NOT CHANGED HIS POSITION (NEXT WORD UNDERLINED) YET (MY UNDERLINING) ON THE RELEASE OF THE HOSTAGES. IF THE PRESIDENT HAS A DIFFERENT OPINION, THEN LET HIM TAKE IT UP WITH THE IMAM".

HAS A DIFFERENT OPINION, THEN LET HIM TAKE IT UP WITH THE IMAM'.

6. I HAVE IDSCUSSED THESE IDEAS IN CONFIDENCE ONLY WITH THE DANISH AMBASSADOR AND IN AGREEMENT WITH HIM DO NOT PROPOSE TO AIR THEM, STILL LESS ATTRIBUTE ANY EVIDENCE FOR THEM TO THE SWISS AMBASSADOR, WITH MY COMMUNITY COLLEAGUES. EQUALLY I THINK IT WOULD BE WRONG FOR US TO INDICATE TO THE AMERICANS THAT WE HAVE HAD ANY HINT FROM THE SWISS AMBASSADOR ALONG THESE LINES. IF I AM RIGHT, THEY HAVE CHOSEN DELIBERATELY NOT TO TAKE US INTO THEIR CONFIDENCE AND I SHOULD NOT WISH TO GET HIM INTO TROUBLE.

GRAHAM

NNNN

GR 190
RESTRICTED
FM TEHRAN 100835Z FEB 80
TO ROUTINE FCO
TELEGRAM NUMBER 148 OF 10 FEBRUARY
IMPO WASHINGTON

Prime Minister

MAPu/2 -

MY TELEGRAM NO 93: KHOMEINI

- 1. A MAN CLAIMING TO BE THE BROTHER OF KHOMEINI'S HEAD NURSE AT THE REZA'! HOSPITAL TOLD A MEMBER OF MY STAFF ON THE SKI SLOPES YESTERDAY THAT KHOMEINI'S HEART IS NOT HIS MOST SERIOUS MEDICAL PROBLEM, BUT THAT IT PREVENTS DOCTORS FROM COPERATING ON A KIDNEY AILMENT AND PROSTATE CONDIDITION. HE HAS AFEVER AND THERE WAS LITTLE LIKELIHOOD THAT HE WOULD EVER AGAIN BE AMYTHING BUT A SEMI-INVALID.
- 2. CERTAINLY KHOMEINI HAS LOOKED VERY FEEBLE IN HIS RECENT BRIEF TELEVISION APPEARANCES, AND HIS DELIVERY OF SHORT PUBLIC STATEMENTS HAS BEEN WEAK AND TIRED. THE CONTRAST WITH HIS APPARENT VIGOUR THIS TIME LAST YEAR IS STRIKING. HIS DOCTORS SAID ON 9 FEBRUARY THAT HIS CONDITION WAS STABLE AND HE WAS FIT ENOUGH TO WALK AROUND, BUT HAVE ADVISED HIM TO STAY IN HOSPITAL.

GRAHAM

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Checked that Press office not attending.

Foreign and Commonwealth Office

London SWIA 2AH

8 February 1980

Dew Michael

Iranian Anniversary Celebrations

The Iranian Embassy in London will be holding a reception on 11 February. The Foreign and Commonwealth Secretary believes that it would not be appropriate for Ministers or senior officials to be seen attending such a celebration on Iranian Embassy premises while the American Embassy hostages are still being held.

At the same time, however, we do not wish to prejudice our chances for improving relations with Iran once the hostages are released. Lord Carrington has decided therefore that the right response would be to limit official attendance at the Iranian reception to those who deal with the Embassy at working level. As far as the FCO is concerned, this will in practice mean attendance is only by officers of First Secretary rank and below. The Foreign and Commonwealth Secretary attaches importance to the public service as a whole observing a common line and therefore suggests that attendance by officials in other Government Departments should be limited to the rank of Principal and below, and to the equivalent rank in the case of officers in HM Forces.

Our posts overseas are being similarly advised. We are also trying to secure agreement by the other members of the European community that this should be a common line.

I should be grateful if the recipients of this letter would ensure that everyone in their Department who needs to know is made aware of this policy.

I am sending copies of this letter to the Private Secretaries to the members of the Cabinet and to David Wright (Cabinet Office).

Private Secretary

M O'D B Alexander Esq 10 Downing Street

I LAN: ADVANCE COPTES 43

PS/SIR I GILMOUR
PS/PUS
PS/PUS
SIR D MAITLAND
MR J C MOBERLY
LORD BRIDGES
LORD N G LENNOX
MR EVANS
MISS BROWN
HD/MED
HD/MED
HD/MID
HD/DID
HD/DEF DEPT
HD/N AM D
HD/ES & SD
HD/ENS

PESIDE TOWNS

PS NO 10 DOWNING STAFF

SIR R ARMSTRONG
ASSESSMENTS STAFF

MR R WADE GERY
THE CHEMINANT
MR W N WENBAN SMITH
DIO

PS/CHANCELLOR
MR F R BARRATT
MR D J S HANGOCK

MR C W MCMAHON) BANK OF
MR P B EDGLEY) ENGLAND

MR R WILLIAMS CRES DOT
MR W KNICHTON DEPT OF TRADE
MR C BENJAMIN DOI

MR D LE B JONES) DEPT OF 1

MR C LUCAS

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TO PRIORITY FCO
TELEGRAM NUMBER 131 OF 6 FEBRUARY
INFO PRIORITY WASINGTON, NEW DELHI, MOSCOW, PEKING, UKMIS NEW
YORK, CAIRO, TELEVILLE AVIV AND ISLAMABAD

NEW DELHI TELNO 165 TO YOU: US FOREIGN POLICY

ON THE BASIS OF THE TWO PRECEDING TELEGRAMS, I VERY MUCH AGREE WITH SIR J. THOMSON'S GENERAL POINT IN PARA 8 OF TUR. AS FAR AS IRAN IS CONCERNED, IT IS GOING TO BE A LONG TIME, EVEN AFTER THE RELEASE OF THE AMERICAN EMBASY STAFF, BEFORE AMERICAN OFFERS OF SUPPORT, AID AND FRIENDSHIP, IMPLICIT IN A FRAMEWORK OF COOPERATION FOR SECURITY, CAN BE ENTERTAINED BY ANY IRANIAN POLITICIAN. THIS WILL NOT PRECLUDE A COMMERCIAL RELATIONSHIP AND IF THE IRANIANS REQUIRE FURTHER MILITARY EQUIPMENT AND SPARES FROM THE AMERICANS, THEY WILL REPRESENT THIS AS A PRACTICAL NECESSITY TO MAINTAIN THEIR AMERICAN EQUIPMENT, AND AS A PURELY COMMERCIAL TRANSACTION WITH NO IDEOLOGICAL TIEG. THE US WILL HAVE TO BE READY TO ENCAGE IN PATIENT, FOREDEARING

RELATIONSHIP AND IF THE IRANIANS REQUIRE FURTHER MILITARY
EQUIPMENT AND SPARES FROM THE AMERICANS, THEY WILL REPRESENT
THIS AS A PRACTICAL NECESSITY TO MAINTAIN THEIR AMERICAN EQUIPMENT,
AND AS A PURELY COMMERCIAL TRANSACTION WITH NO IDEOLOGICAL TIES.
THE US WILL HAVE TO BE READY TO ENGAGE IN PATIENT, FOREBEARING
AND SUBTLE DIPLOMACY FOR MANY MONTHS, PERHAPS YEARS, KEEPING
THEIR IDEAS FOR COOPERATION, ESPECIALLY IN THE SECURITY FIELD,
WERY MUCH TO THEMSELVES, AT LEAST AS THEY INVOLVE IRAN. AT
HEART THE IRANIANS ARE NO LESS ALARMED BY THE SOVIET THREAT
THAN PAKISTAN OR SAUDI ARABIA APPEAR TO BE, BUT FOR THEM TO ASK
FOR AMERICAN HELP IS OUT OF THE QUESTION.

2. OTHER WEST EUROPEAN POWERS, INCLUDING ESPECIALLY THE FRG
AND FRANCE, BUT ALSO OURSELVES, WILL BE BETTER PLACED TO
MAKE THE RUNNING HERE IN THE IMMEDIATE FUTURE (ONCE THE HOSTAGE
ISSUE IS OUT OF THE WAY), BUT THEY TOO WILL HAVE TO PURSUE THE
PROCESS OF REESTABLISHING POLITICAL LINKS BETWEEN IRAN AND THE
WEST CAUTIOUSLY AND, AT ALL COSTS, WITHOUT PUBLICITY, LEAVING
THE IRANIANS TO MAKE THE RUNNING.

FCO PLEASE PASS SAVING TO KABUL.

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FM WASHINGTON Ø50138Z FEB 80 TO IMMEDIATE F C O TELNO 574 OF 4 FEBRUARY 1980 INFO PRIORITY TEHRAN ROUTINE UKREP BRUSSELS UKMIS NEW YORK OTHER EEC POSTS OTTAWA AND CAMBERRA.

MY TELNO 537: US/IRAN - ECONOMIC SANCTIONS

1. CGOPER (UNDER-SECRETARY, ECONOMIC AFFIARS) TOLD DEREK THOMAS TODAY THAT VANCE HAD DECIDED NOT TO ISSUE THE NECESSARY REGULATIONS TO IMPOSE SANCTIONS ON 4 FEBRUARY. AS OF THIS MORNING NO DATE HAD BEEN SET FOR THEIR ISSUE.

HENDERSON

RECORD OF A CONVERSATION BETWEEN THE PRIME MINISTER AND THE PRIME MINISTER OF AUSTRALIA, MR. MALCOLM FRASER, AT NO.10 DOWNING STREET ON 4 FEBRUARY, 1980, AT 12 NOON

Present:

Prime Minister

Foreign and Commonwealth Secretary

Sir Robert Armstrong

Sir Michael Palliser

Sir Frank Cooper

Mr. Hugh Cortazzi

Mr. Michael Alexander

The Rt. Hon. Malcolm Fraser

The Hon, Michael MacKellar

Sir G. Yeend

Mr. P. Henderson

Mr. W. Pritchett

Mr. R. Fernandez

Post-Afghanistan Situation

In reply to a question from the Prime Minister, Mr. Fraser said that he had detected in the United States a new sense of determination and unity. A number of senior American politicians (Mr. Fraser mentioned Messrs. Muskie and Javits) had told him that the sense of cohesiveness in the country and the determination not to be pushed around was greater than at any time since the war. Nonetheless the position of the United States remained a lonely one. They felt the need for friends and for support. Failing this, there was a risk that they would once more become introspective and self-questioning, and that the leadership they were now giving would falter. The Administration intended to build up the country's defensive capability. They were talking of making additional deployments in the Indian Ocean. At the same time there was a sharp realisation of the limits of their conventional power in that part of the world. A start had been made with the commitments given in President Carter's State of the Union Message, but much work would be needed to make those commitments credible. There would be a role here for a number of countries.

/ The Australian

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The Australian Foreign Minister, Mr. Peacock, on his recent trip to South East Asia, had found the Governments there prepared to take a robust attitude - at least in private. However, they were conscious of the weakening of the American commitment to the area which had occurred in the latter stages of the Vietnam war, and which they associated with President Nixon's statement on Guam. They were doubtful about the United States' determination to face up to the Soviet Union. Once they had brought themselves to believe in this, they would be prepared to be more robust in public. Mr. Peacock had also seen Mrs. Gandhi. She had taken a less helpful line with him than she had done in her press conference after her meeting with the Foreign and Commonwealth Secretary. She had delivered a tirade against the United States whose role in Vietnam she had said was no different from that of the Soviet Union in Afghanistan. Mr. Fraser said that he expected continuing difficulties with India and Pakistan. The Foreign and Commonwealth Secretary said that Mrs. Gandhi was anti-American but not necessarily pro-Soviet. She was afraid of the Chinese. She had told President Giscard that she intended to play a leading role in the non-aligned movement. The Foreign and Commonwealth Secretary said that in his view there would be a considerable role for Western Europe and Australia in keeping India in play. The Americans had so far played the hand clumsily. The latest evidence of this was in the delegations they had sent to Delhi and Islamabad. Mr. Clifford was a considerably less significant figure that Mr. Brzezinski

The <u>Prime Minister</u> said that she agreed with what Mr. Fraser had said about the United States. It was essential that the West stick together in the face of recent events. The Soviet Union's action in Afghanistan did not represent a change of policy. But it had served to reveal that policy to the world at large. What was now required was continuing condemnation and continuing watchfulness. It was no use expecting that the Soviet Union would change its policy. But resistance to the Soviet Union demanded that the West should stand together. We should highlight the threat to the right of the non-aligned to determine their own destiny.

CONFILM LAL Mr. Fraser

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Mr. Fraser repeated that he saw the critical element in the situation as being the need to bring home to the Russians the reality of President Carter's State of the Union Message. He did not himself see how the United States could in the present circumstances defend the Persian Gulf. There would be attractions for the Russians in a move against the Gulf now. The Foreign and Commonwealth Secretary said that he did not think the immediate danger was the military one. The Soviet presence in Afghanistan gave them greatly enhanced possibilities for subversion, e.g. in Iran or South Yemen. The Prime Minister commented that the West had been very slow to focus on the need to develop techniques of counter-subversion. There was a considerable difference in the susceptibility of democratic and totalitarian states to subversion. Successful resistance by the countries of the Middle East to subversion would require an effort on their own part. Mr. Fraser said that whether

the immediate challenge was subversive or military, he was concerned that the West's failure to respond would lead the states in the Middle East to regard the West as a spent force. Once they had reached that conclusion they would look for an accommodation with the Soviet Union. Moreover, the judgement of the Soviet Union as to how far they could force matters in the Middle East was not to be relied upon. It looked as though they had miscalculated the effects of the invasion of Afghanistan. They could easily make another miscalculation about the ability and will of the Americans to resist a move, for example, into Iran. The Foreign and Commonwealth Secretary said that Messrs. Kissinger and Bush did not agree that the Soviet invasion had been the result of a miscalculation. They argued that the Russians knew they at present enjoyed superior military strength, and that the next two or three years would offer them a unique opportunity to exploit that superiority. Mr. Fraser repeated that whichever analysis was correct, the vital thing now was to ensure that President Carter's position was credible.

/ Mr. Fraser

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Mr. Fraser asked about the attitudes of the Europeans. He argued that the threat in Europe was now less pressing than that elsewhere. In Europe the demarcation lines were clearly drawn. Elsewhere the situation was less well defined. and the options for Soviet action and mischief-making were much greater. Moreover, whereas action in Europe would certainly meet a united response by the Allies, this was much less likely in other parts of the world. The Foreign and Commonwealth Secretary said that he had spent some time in the previous two days discussing the situation with the French Foreign Minister. M. Francois Poncet. The French analysis was exactly the same as his own. The only difficulty was that they did not wish to be seen to be following the lead of the Americans. In retrospect, it had perhaps been a mistake not to have summoned a meeting of the Foreign Ministers very shortly after the invasion of Afghanistan and to have attempted to elaborate a joint reaction before individual Western Governments had taken up their positions. As regards the Germans, their position was different in certain important respects to the other Western Allies: the Germans had to deal with the problem of the GDR, of Berlin, of Ostpolitik and of the impending elections. They agreed with our analysis, but might not respond in the same way. Both France and Germany clearly recognised the Soviet threat to the Middle East oil fields, to the Straits of Hormuz and to access to the Red Sea.

In response to a question from the Prime Minister about the next steps, Mr. Fraser said that Australia intended to play its part. They would be participating in extended patrolling and surveillance of the Indian Ocean from Tangeh and Butterworth. (The Australians had been planning to withdraw from Butterworth next year following the acquisition of new fighter aircraft, but were now reconsidering the situation.) They would probably be expanding their armed forces generally. A decision in principle had been taken. They would be building up their own naval bases, and might be offering the Americans the use of one in Western Austral

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They would be offering additional exercise facilities for the Americans in Australia. (Mr. Fraser specifically mentioned facilities for the B52 bomber.) They would be offering additional training for members of ASEAN. Australian civil aid to the small nations of the South Pacific would be stepped up, and opportunities for the Russians to interfere there reduced. Permission for Soviet cruise ships to operate in the area had been withdrawn. The Australian Government would also like to discuss with the American and British Governments the possibility of drawing up an embargo on the export of certain strategic raw materials similar to that operated under the COCOM rules in the sphere of high technology.

Mr. Fraser asked whether something could be done to breathe life into the 5 power defence arrangements. He had not spoken to the other signatories, but he thought that they would welcome the resuscitation of the agreement. There might be an increase in the number of visits by British naval vessels or a ship might be based in the area. Annual consultations might take place. The steps might not in themselves amount to much, but they would help to convince the ASEAN nations that the West meant what it said. Frank Cooper recalled that communique signed by the 5 powers in 1971. provided for a consultation among them in the event of a threat in the area. British military involvement in the region was at present very small. We carried out some training, and had participated in two exercises in the previous year. We intended to increase our naval presence somewhat this year. The options for the immediate future were either to increase the amount of training we carried out, which was a matter of priorities; or to increase the level of consultation, which was only meaningful if it led to something concrete. The Prime Minister said that the matter should be looked at. It could be of importance in what was at present essentially a psychological war. Mr. Fraser agreed that it was in this context that even modest action could be useful at present. No one was talking of re-establishing the joint task force. But more exercises, more visits and more consultation could be valuable. He noted

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in this connection that the forthcoming meeting of ANZUS had been brought forward and transferred from New Zealand to Washington.

The Prime Minister asked about the role of Japan. Despite that country's great wealth, Japan was not at present contributing to the defence of the free world.

Mr. Fraser said thateven today visits by Japanese military vessels to ASEAN or Australian ports would cause difficulties. But there was no reason why they should not be active in the North West Pacific, and thereby free American ships for action elsewhere. Mr. Brown had argued strongly for this during his recent visit to Tokyo. A growing body of opinion in Japan was inclined to agree. The Japanese would be participating in exercises with the Canadians and Australians later in the year. Anything the British Government could do to encourage the Japanese in this direction, as well as in the direction of increasing their civil aid to the smaller Pacific States, would be welcome. It would of course be important to consult the ASEAN countries at every step.

Reverting to the Middle East, the Foreign and Commonwealth Secretary commented on the ambivalence of attitudes in the Middle East to United States military involvement there. On the one hand, Middle East Governments wanted the backing of the United States Government; on the other hand, they were reluctant to provide bases. Saudi Arabia would offer nothing; Oman might offer facilities, but would not be prepared to have any "white faces" there; Somali and Kenya might be prepared to do something; Diego Garcia was too far away. When one was considering the question of European re-involvement in South East Asia, it should be borne in mind that the Americans might wish to re-involve the Europeans in the Middle East as well. Sir Frank Cooper noted that the American attitude was very ambivalent at present. For many years they had been arguing that the Europeans should concentrate on Europe. Now, recognising how little they knew about the regions where the threat was increasing, they were seeking to interest the

College / Europeans

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Europeans in problems outside Europe. Sir Michael Palliser said that the Arab/Israel dispute inevitably complicated the situation in the Middle East. The Foreign and Commonwealth Secretary said that the Americans had completely misunderstood the Arab reactions to the Camp David process. Mr. Linowitz was still hoping that pressure on the Israelis would make an autonomy agreement possible. But in fact such an agreement would have no effect on the Arabs. They wanted the Palestinian problem solved, and did not believe that this could be done on the Camp David basis. The Americans were blamed by the Arabs for the Israeli occupation of Arab lands, and as a result were equated with the Russians. Mr. Fraser wondered whether the Americans could not be persuaded to move towards the Arab position. Mr. Vance had accepted in discussion with him during his visit to Washington the need to be firmer than ever with Israel. The Foreign and Commonwealth Secretary said that he had been pressing the Americans for some time on this.

Iran

Mr. Fraser said that the Americans were approaching the hostage issue much more coolly now than previously. They were placing their hopes on the new President, Mr. Bani. Sadr. They were not looking for further action before the forthcoming elections in Iran. The Foreign and Commonwealth Secretary noted that Mr. Cutler had, earlier in the day, been optimistic about the chances of progress.

The discussion ended at 1310, and the participants adjourned for lunch. The discussion there is recorded separately.

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RESTRICTED 5R 630 RESTRICTED TEHRAN Ø4Ø53ØZ FEB TO IMMEDIATE FCO TELEGRAM NUMBER 116 OF 3 FEBRUARY 80 INFO IMMEDIATE CABINET OFFICE (DIO MODUK (DI4 AND DS11) CRE 5 WASHINGTON UKMIS NEW YORK . INFO PRIORITY ABU DHABI, ANKARA, BAGHDAD, BAHRAIN, DOHA, DUBAL, ISLAMABAD, JEDDA, KABUL, KUWAIT, MOSCOW, TOKYO MUSCAT. NEW DELH! AND EEC POSTS.

MY TEL NO 112 : SITUATION IN IRAN.

- PROVINCES. THE LOCAL PRESS HAS REPORTED HEAVY FIGHTING IN SEVERAL KURDISH TOWNS, KURDISH FORCES HAVE APPARENTLY RAZED TO THE GROUND THE PASDARAN HEADQUARTERS IN KAMYARAN(SEE TUR), AND IN RETALIATION PASDARAN BACKED BY THE ARMY HAVE SHELLED THE TOWN. HELICOPTER GUNSHIPS AND PHANTOMS ARE CLAIMED TO HAVE FIRED ON OTHER VILLAGES IN THE AREA, AND TANKS REPORTEDLY COMMANDED BY PASDARAN (WHO HAVE HITHERTO HAD ONLY LIGHT WEAPONS) HAVE SHELLED BIJAR. AT LEAST FOUR PASDARAN (POSSIBLY AS MANY AS 20) HAVE DIED IN CLASHES IN PAVEH.
- 2. THE KURDISH RELIGIOUS LEADER, HOSSEINI, AND QASSEMLOU, KDP. HAVE CALLED ON KHOMEINI TO INTERVENE AND RESTORE ORDER. QASSEMLOU BLAMED THE PASDARAN FOR THE FIGHTING. FORUHAR, A MEMBER OF THE GOVERNMENT GOODWILL DELEGATION, SAID ON 1 FEBRUARY THAT THE PASDARAN AND ARMY HAD TAKEN ADVANTAGE OF KHOMEINI'S ILLNESS AND THE REVOLUTIONARY COUNCIL'S CONSEQUENT FAILURE TO ACT, AND HAD BLOCKED ANY PROGRESS TOWARDS A QUICK SETTLEMENT. FORUHAR HAD PREVIOUSLY BEEN THE MOST CONSISTENTLY OPTIMISTIC MEMBER OF THE DELEGATION, WHICH HAS BEEN FURTHER WEAKENED BY THE TEMPORARY LOSS OF KHOMEINI'S SON-IN-LAW, ESHRAGHI, WHO IS IN HOSPITAL AFTER A HEART ATTACK. A CLUE TO THE TROUBLE MAY HOWEVER LIE IN A STATEMENT BY ANOTHER MEMBER OF THE DELEGATION SAHABI, WHO SAID AFTER A MEETING OF THE REVOLUTIONARY COUNCIL ON 30 JAN THAT THE DELEGATION'S ''PLAN'' DIFFERED FROM THE KURDISH REPRESENTATIVE DELEGATION'S PROPOSALS. AND WAS BASED ON THE VIEWS OF ''INDIVIDUALS AND PERSONALITIES''. THIS TENDS TO CONFIRM MY BELIEF THAT THE GOVERNMENT HAVE BEEN TRYING TO GO BEHIND HOSSEINI AND THE KDP IN AN ATTEMPT TO MUSTER A RIVAL GROUP -

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- 3. MOINFAR YESTERDAY SAID THAT TWO EXPLOSIONS ON 2 FEBRUARY HAD SET FIRE TO PIPELINES BETWEEN AHWAZ AND ABADAN. HE ADMITTED THAT THE EXPLOSIONS WERE THE WORK OF SABOTEURS BUT CLAIMED THAT THEY HAD NOT AFFECTED PRODUCTION.
- 4. THE ISFAHAN REFINERY IS REPORTED TO HAVE COME ON STREAM, AT A RATE OF 70,000 BARRELS A DAY (PLANNED CAPACITY IS 200,000 BPD).
- 5. TEHRAN. IN AN INTERVIEW ON 1 FEBRUARY, BANI SADR SAID THAT VOTING IN THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION REFLECTED POPULAR DISSATISFACTION WITH THE RECORD OF THE REVOLUTIONARY COUNCIL. WHOSE METHODS AND COMPOSITION BOTH NEEDED CHANGING. SINCE THE ELECTIONS THERE HAS BEEN A CONTINOUS POWER STRUGGLE BETWEEN BANI SADR (WHO HAS BEEN IN BED WITH FLU) AND THE BEHESHTI FACTION. WHICH HAS CENTRED ON BANI SADR'S SWEARING-IN AS PRESIDENT (SEE TUR). BANI SADR INTENDS TO TAKE THE PRESIDENTIAL OATH BEFORE KHOMEINI TOMORROW. KHAMENE'I HAS SAID HE SHOULD STICK TO THE LETTER OF THE CONSTITUTION AND AWAIT THE FORMATION OF THE MAJLES. BANI SADR ALSO INTENDS TO ADDRESS THE RALLY TOMORROW AT BEHESHT . ZAHRA CEMETERY MARKING THE OPENING OF THE WEEK OF CELEBRATIONS OF THE HEJIRA AND THE ANNIVERSARY OF THE REVOLUTION (MY TEL NO 39). DESPITE A CALL FROM KHOMEINI YESTERDAY THAT THE CLERGY WORK FOR CONTINUED NATIONAL UNITY AND DISCIPLINE, HIS ELDER BROTHER, AYATOLLAH PASANDIDEH, LAHOUTI, AND ALAMEH NOURI, HAVE COME OUT FIRMLY FOR BANI SADR AGAINST BEHESHTI.
- 6. BANI SADR HAS SAID HE WILL NOT ENDORSE ANY CANDIDATES IN THE ELECTION FOR THE MAJLES, SINCE THE PEOPLE SHOULD MAKE THEIR OWN CHOICE.
- 7. DEMONSTRATIONS. THE MARCH ON 1 FEBRUARY (SEE PARA 8 OF TUR)
 DREW AN ESTIMATED 100,000 PEOPLE, ALTHOUGH THE PRESS SPEAKS
 OF ONE MILLION. A DEMONSTRATION WAS CALLED FOR 9.00 A.M. TODAY
 OUTSIDE THE CANADIAN EMBASSY. IT IS NOT CLEAR WHO WAS ORGANISING
 IT. AND IT SEEMS TO HAVE BEEN A FIASCO. THE ''STUDENTS'' HAVE
 CANCELLED AN ANTI-AMERICAN MARCH THEY HAD CALLED FOR TOMORROW
 (A PUBLIC HOLIDAY), ALLEGEDLY TO AVOID A CLASH OF TIMING WITH
 THOSE CELEBRATING THE HEJIRA.

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- 8. RAFSANJANI ANNOUNCED ON 31 JANUARYLZHAT TO THWART COUNTER-REVOLUTIONARIES, ESTABLISH SECURITY FOR EMBASSIES AND CONSULATES, AND PREVENT DISRUPTION OF TRAFFIC, WOULD-BE DEMON-STRATORS SHOULD INFORM THE MINISTRY OF THE INTERIOR (OR LOCAL GOVERNMENT OFFICE IF OUTSIDE TEHRAN) OF THEIR INTENTIONS 48 HOURS IN ADVANCE, AND OBTAIN WRITTEN PERMISSION.
- 9. HOSTAGES. THE PARS NEWS AGENCY YESTERDAY ANNOUNCED THE ARRIVAL NEXT WEEK OF A ''SPECIAL DELEGATION FROM THE US'' AT THE INVITATION OF THE ''STUDENTS''. THIS IS PRESUMABLY A REFERENCE TO ADAMS AND THOMAS, OF THE AMERICAN INDIAN MOVEMENT. IN A QUERULOUS OPEN LETTER TO KHOMEIN! THE ''STUDENTS'' COMPLAIN THAT ILL-INTENTIONED PEOPLE HAVE SEIZED THE OPPORTUNITY OF HIS LLNESS TO TRY TO UNDERMINE THEM, AND REASSERT THAT ''FOLLOWING YOUR ORDERS'', THE US MUST HAND OVER THE SHAH AND HIS PROPERTY. THERE IS NO REFERENCE TO THE 6 AMERICANS SPIRITED OUT BY THE CANADIANS AND APART FROM GHOTBZADEH'S EXCHANGES BY PRESS CONFERENCE WITH THE CANADIAN GOVERNMENT, THAT EPISODE HAS EXCITED REMARKABLY LITTLE ATTENTION AMONG IRANIANS.

GRAHAM

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TO GET IT ACROSS TO VANCE THAT IT WAS NOT GOING TO BE A STARTER TO GET THE ALLIES TO IMPLEMENT THE WHOLE RANGE OF SANCTIONS, AS IF THE UN SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION HAD BEEN ADOPTED. THE PRESENT

GET THE ALLIES TO IMPLEMENT THE WHOLE SAUGE OF SANCTIONS, AS IF THE UN SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION HAD BEEN ADOPTED. THE PRESENT INTENTION WAS TO ASK THE ALLIES TO IMPLEMENT THEM AS FAR AS THE !! DEMESTIC LEGAL CONSTRAINTS WOULD ALLOW. THOSE WHO HAD AGREED TO VOLUNTARY FINANCIAL MEASURES WOULD IN ADDITION BE ASKED TO RE-INFORCE THESE TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT POSSIBLE. THIS TO SOME EXTENT REFLECTED COOPER'S VIEW THAT THE RIGHT COURSE WOULD HAVE BEEN TO CONCENTRATE ON THE SELECTIVE TRADE EMBARGO AND THE FINANCIAL RESTRAINTS (PARAS 2(A) AND (C) OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION). 3. BRIDGES WAS ASKED WHETHER OUR POSITION ON ECONOMIC SANCTIONS HAD DEVELOPED SINCE CHRISTOPHER'S VISIT TO LONDON. HE EXPLAINED THAT WHEN MINISTERS HAD LAST CONSIDERED THIS THEY HAD DECIDED THAT NO FURTHER WORK SHOULD BE DONE ON SANCTIONS, GIVEN THE FORTHCOMING PRESIDENTIAL ELECTIONS IN IRAN AND THE ISLAMIC CONFERENCE. THE CUESTION WOULD NO DOUBT NEED TO BE LOOKED AT AGAIN IN THE LIGHT OF ANY NEW AMERICAN REQUEST. HE ASKED WHETHER ACCOUNT HAD BEEN TAKEN IN THE U.S. REGULATIONS OF THE POSITION OF U.S. SUBSID-TARIES OVERSEAS. COOPER SAID THAT THIS PROBLEM HAD BEEN FULLY RECOGNISED AND THE ARGUMENT FOR AND AGAINST THERE INCLUSION HAD CONE TO AND FRO. WHEN HE HAD LAST SEEN THE DRAFT REGULATIONS, U S SUBSIDIARIES OVERSEAS WERE NOT COVERED. BUT HE COULD NOT BE CERTAIN THAT THEY HAD NOT SINCE THEN BEEN ADDED BACK IN. 4. COOPER'S ACCOUNT GAVE AN IMPRESSION OF SOME CONFUSION AND DISARRAY IN WASHINGTON OVER THIS ISSUE. VEST, WHO WAS ALSO PRESENT, COMMENTED THAT HE THOUGHT THE ADMINISTRATION WERE NOW AT THE TURNING POINT BETWEEN INSTANT REACTIONS AND MORE MATURE AND CAREFULLY THOUGHT OUT POLICIES. HE ADDED THAT HE HAD BEEN PRESENT AT A DISCUSSION YESTERDAY BETWEEN VANCE AND THE AUSTRALIAN PRIME MINISTER. VANCE HAD MADE IT CLEAR THAT THE EMPHASIS IN US THINKING WAS NOW PRIMARILY OF THE IMPLICATIONS OF THE SOVIET INVASION OF AFGHANISTAN. IT WAS ON THIS THAT THE US WOULD LOOK TO ITS ALLIES FOR STRONG SUPPORT. HE HAD PLACED LESS EMPHASIS ON IRAN AND TOLD MR FRASER SIMPLY THAT THE US WOULD RESORT TO SANCTIONS "IN DUE COURSE''. THIS SEEMS DIFFICULT TO RECONCILE WITH THE ACCOUNT GIVEN IN PARA 1 BUT IT SERVES TO ILLUSTRATE THE HOUR TO HOUR UNCERTAINTY IN HANDLING THESE IMPORTANT ISSUES HERE.

HENDERSON

PART

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30.1.80

PART begins:-

Washington 537 1.2.80