c.c. Mr. Whitmore Mr. Wolfson

NOTE FOR THE RECORD

Mr. Prior called on the Prime Minister at 1630 hours this afternoon, and made the following points:-

- (i) Reappointment of Mr. Jim Mortimer as Chairman of ACAS.

 Mr. Prior said that he had been unable to secure from

 Mr. Mortimer the letter on the future terms of reference
 for ACAS which he and the Prime Minister had hoped for;
 nonetheless, he still thought that Mr. Mortimer should be
 reappointed. The important point was that Mr. Mortimer
 accepted that ACAS should lose its "statutory
 recognition" function; and this was set out in a
 letter which Mr. Mortimer had sent him. The Prime
 Minister said she would like to see this letter before
 agreeing to the reappointment.
- (ii) Clegg. Mr. Prior reported that he had seen the Clegg
 Commission's recommendations on the first 5 references.
 These showed increases of less than 2% for the lowest
 grades, which was very encouraging; the overall increase
 (over and above the 9%) came to 12% because very large
 increases were recommended for higher grades. The
 Commission had not been able to make recommendations on
 over-manning which the Prime Minister said was
 unfortunate. (Mr. Prior said that these figures were
 extremely sensitive, and should not be used.)

(iii) Public sector industrial relations and management.

Mr. Prior said that he was becoming increasingly worried about the weakness of management in the public services, particularly in the Civil Service. Senior managers had not been supported by Ministers over the past 5 years, and there was considerable evidence of "infiltration".

If the Prime Minister agreed, he would like to discuss

the matter with Lord Soames. The Prime Minister assented.

worried that the Treasury were aiming for excessive public expenditure cuts. In his view, the Treasury forecasts for the PSBR were too pessimistic. Other leading forecasters - particularly Mr. Bryan Reading's group - were forecasting a lower PSBR figure for 1980/81. It would be disastrous for industry if public expenditure was cut too much. The Prime Minister pointed out that the forecasters could be wrong in a downward direction as easily as in an upward direction, and she was sure that outside forecasts had been fully taken into account by the Chancellor. In any case, she did not accept the premise that public expenditure cuts would damage industry: industry would only recover if resources were freed from the public sector to the private sector.

R.