

PRIME MINISTER
To see

Treasury Chambers, Parliament Street, SWIP 3AG 01-233 3000

my

PRIME MINISTER

PUBLIC EXPENDITURE FIGURES

You may like to have on your return a completed "scorecard" of the cuts in programmes for 1980-81 as agreed by Cabinet. There are still one or two loose ends to be tied up, but I do not expect the picture shown by the attached table to change very much. The cuts amount to nearly £3.5 billion (nearly 5 per cent of the former programmes) plus a reduction of £0.3 billion in planned borrowing by the nationalised industries.

the (familiar) listatlached Ms

2. On top of that, Cabinet agreed to reduce the contingency reserve for 1980-81 to £750 million; and to aim at asset disposals of \pounds_2^1 billion, and savings of £150 million from the CSD exercise on staff savings.

So the total reductions are:-

£ million at 1979 Survey prices

Reductions in programmes	3435
Reductions in nationalised industries' borrowing	300
Reduction in contingency reserve	777
Sales of assets	500
Target for civil service savings	150
TOTAL (rounded)	5160

/3. This



- This falls short of my original target of £6½ billion 3. by £1340 million. On present estimates for 1979-80 (which are still very uncertain at this stage) it should mean that expenditure in 1980-81 will be about the same as, or a little lower than, 1979-80.
- This does not of course mean that the ratio of expenditure to GDP will necessarily be similar in the two years. The relative price movement is currently expected to add ½ per cent to the real cost of public expenditure in 1980-81, as a consequence of the "catching-up" settlements in the public services. The ratio also depends on the movement of the GDP: if GDP falls in 1980-81, this will increase the proportion of GDP represented by public expenditure. It was for these reasons that I proposed reducing expenditure by £61 billion.
- 5. Some of the programmes are affected by economic factors such as unemployment or interest rates. We will have to look at the estimates for these programmes again in the light of the autumn economic forecasts and there may be some further adjustment in them then.
- I am copying this minute to Sir John Hunt. 6.

(G.H.) 6 August, 1979

early warning that public expeditive may still rise as a proportion of GPP from 79/90 to 80/81 - by 1/2-2%??

= 8 AUG 1979

PUBLIC EXPENDITURE

£ million at 1979 Survey Prices

	1979/80	1980/81	
р	ost-budget plans	"Cuts" on inherited plan	Plans after "cuts" agreed
Defence	7,927	-115	8,062
Aid	956	-115	896
FCO (other)	311	- 13	295
EEC Budget	787	+236	1,023
MAFF	1,036	- 43	964
Forestry	65	- 5	57
Industry	1,004	-187	960
Trade	191	- 12	179
ECGD	-153	+170	170
Employment	1,096	-513	1,139
Energy	315	7	315
Transport	2,675	-250	2,422
Housing	4,592	-1000	4,266
PSA	343	- 54	332
DOE (other)	2,529	-225	2,501
Home Office	2,085	+ 24	2,151
Lord Chancellor	141	- 4	150
Education & Science	8,258	-437	7,966
Arts & Libraries	364	- 28	350
DHSS (Health and personal social			
services)	8,095	-203	8,136
DHSS (Social Security)	19,384	-222 -192	19,587
HMSO	99	- 10	90
COI	32	- 3	25
Scottish Office	3,845	-222* -256	3,770*
Welsh Office	1,152	-110* -107	1,201*
Northern Ireland	2,008	- 88* - 90	1,942*

TOTAL -3,436

^{*}The "cuts" for Scottish Office, Welsh Office and Northern Ireland still have to be finally settled - they will come back to Cabanet on Thursday.

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Leen Pul

9 August 1979

Public Expenditure Figures

The Prime Minister has seen and noted the Chancellor of the Exchequer's minute to her of 6 August setting out the total reductions in the public expenditure programmes for 1980-81.

I am copying this letter to Martin Vile (Cabinet Office).

NJS

R.

Tony Battishill, Esq., HM Treasury.

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