

Ottawa - 7<sup>th</sup> start of 1<sup>st</sup> cycle of  
annual summit

Ramboillet,

Puerto Rico

London

Bonn

Tokyo

Venice

-

President Reagan

→ Richard

M. Suzuki, Sr Spadolini, M. Thorn

attending for first time.

Charles Schmid, with some

maximum & informed discussion

Differences over global negotiations on Gas trade

Pres. Reagan - wants to achieve  
a better understanding on  
U.S. interest rates (for in time)

and endorsement of open market

Schmidt -  
— avoid protectionism  
— fight inflation  
— avoid large scale deficit financing

Petrucci -  
— to firm on Japanese trade  $\rightarrow$   
+ for approach to 3rd world.  $\rightarrow$

Suzuki - multilateral approach to trade issues

Unemployment risen by 5 million in OECD area  
since 1978. Unrest rates in non-financial + U.S.  
OECD says - could rise by another 2% to  
26 million by end 1982

U.S. current account moved from deficit  
 $\rightarrow$  broad balance between 1978 - 80.

Interest Rates - ok or near record levels

U.S.	<u>3 month rate</u> 18%
Japan	7½ %
U.K.	13 2.
France Netherlands (Canada)	18-20%      to prevent currency depreciation
Germany	13 2 (very high interest rates)

[Over last 12 months D.M. Franc - like depreciated against dollar by 40-45% starting by 20%  
yen Canadian dollar by 4-5%]

Committee of Central Banks  
 Governors - interest rates should  
 be reduced without relaxing  
 anti-inflation policy by substantially  
reducing government deficits.

## Global Negotiations

N/S not homogeneous

e.g. Saudi Arabia

N - Communist Countries  
=

Politically - although decolonisation virtually complete - developing countries highly volatile.

Bilateral aid - is generally more responsive to donor's ec./political / & for. policy interests ∴ preferable

Multilateral "more efficient means of integrating developing countries into international system"

Drugs - 2 problems for 80's

energy

food

who population growth. 90% of increase in world's population at end of century will be in 3rd world

Borrowing. IMF LIBRD interest rate

Interest rate already below world market rates.

Have already cancelled debts of 17 poorest countries

pt. 5. Venice summit had been insisted that the integrity of the World Bank & IMF must be maintained and that those institutions must continue to be governed by and to stick to their rules.

Relationships with developing countries come under

4 heads

1) official aid / multilateral / private sector / trade.

Private sector aid would develop better if there were a code of practice on treatment of private capital

Trade Industrial countries had to agree to take substantial prop's of their products - e.g. textiles for developing countries without the volume

Schmidt - We should be upfront of  
MS problems.

Welcome to the Muslim countries  
had regarded invasion of Afghanistan as  
offense against all Muslim states.

OPEC countries gave more than 0.7% of GNP  
in aid  
"but they had <sup>misused</sup> aided the  
hungry by the increase in oil prices.

Population explosion being commented in public  
discussion.

"Popes or Bishops might break against  
family planning but he was in favour  
of it."

Necessary to engage in talks on global negotiations  
even though little prospect of success

Agreed with me that international financial institutions  
should not be regarded as charities. Suppose  
oil exporting countries like Saudi - should be  
given greater share in international institution.

Pres. Reagan

Sorry USA had to delay  
Contributions to rapid increase of IBRD.

U.S. had to get themselves on their feet again.  
Had inherited high interest rates (from Carter)

Somalia - if increases in imports causing problems,  
→ should be dealt with under the rules of  
the GATT,

Schmidt - Reckless had avoided by saying -  
negotiation policies in the 70's

- had led to 6m unemployed in Germany

~~by Feb 1982~~  
No  
Cited of U.S. interest rates.

Germany's problems exacerbated by previous  
world E.C. Summits eg. in 1978.

Also banks had ~~over~~ acquired (Europe)

\$36 billion in 1977 in support of U.S. dollar

Real interest rates in Germany now higher  
than "any time since the birth of Christ"!

Being forced up because of international  
network of capital markets & financial flows

Inflation did not reduce unemployment  
it caused unemployment

Fed. Govt had to control public borrowing  
so as to give freedom of manoeuvre to  
lower interest rates

Would be forced to cut budget expenditure

Partenariat - France July 1973

Unemployment 7%.

"economic system partly responsible".

must act in co-operation.

Policy should be coordinated in EEC  
& G7.

Will discuss between social partners

← longer working week, shorter working hours,  
so forth (!!!) (of debts)

Large amount of goods coming from Japan