OFFICE OF THE COMMONWEALTH SECRETARY-GENERAL MARLBOROUGH HOUSE PALL MALL LONDON SW1Y 5HX 16 September, 1981 Ny Dean ? 16. You will shortly be receiving from Willy Brandt a letter which he and I are addressing to the Presidents and Prime Ministers attending the Cancun Summit. I thought, however, I should send you an advance copy. It is among the shorter messages you will receive on Cancun and almost certainly the least technical. I hope, however, it addresses itself to the central question "What can we do at Cancun?" and answers it in a way that you would find practical and helpful. I had a very good meeting with Julius Nyerere in Paris on Monday night and was extremely pleased with his wholly constructive and non-confrontationist approach to the Melbourne meeting. I am greatly looking forward to working with you there again in a Commonwealth environment that can, I hope, continue to point the way forward for the wider world community. With warm personal good wishes, Shridath S. Ramphal The Rt. Hon. Margaret Thatcher, MP, Prime Minister of Great Britain, 10 Downing Street, LONDON, S.W.1. enc.

ICIDI INDEPENDENT COMMISSION ON INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT ISSUES COMMISSION INDEPENDANTE SUR LES PROBLEMES DE DEVELOPPEMENT INTERNATIONAL Chairman WILLY BRANDT Président 11 September, 1981 We write to you in our individual capacities, but also as persons from the North and South respectively who, through the work of the Independent Commission on International Development Issues, believe profoundly that North-South issues demand from our global society a programme of urgent, concerted and sustained action. experience convinces us also that the convergence of interests of North and South and their fusion with the mandates of moral purpose are real enough to encourage hope for consensus on such a programme. We feel, therefore, that while the Cancun summit confronts issues of considerable gravity, it can do so without a sense of hopelessness. The very fact of the meeting encourages hope. It is the first occasion in history when the political leadership of so large a part of human society meets to jointly confront the dangers facing mankind. And these dangers are real. The conjuncture of a major world economic recession with both persistent North-South failures and heightened East-West tensions in these early years of the 80s highlights serious deficiencies in our internationalism; deficiencies in the areas of perception, of ideas, of institutions and, not least, of political will. No one is blameless; but all are endangered. The Cancun summit provides a unique opportunity for precisely the kind of political dialogue by which a new start can be inspired. In the Report of the Commission we tried to convey the situation of crisis threatening our human society: the desperate plight of hundreds of millions of the world's poorest people, the political instability that deteriorating economic conditions are inducing, the way in which the fate of the developed and developing countries is inextricably .../2

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Clearly, however, after nearly eight years of an intensive North-South dialogue that yielded only marginal consensus, and in the current economic turmoil and accompanying distress, something more is needed than agreement to resume negotiations. The parties to such negotiations must enter them with a will to succeed. We believe that the prospects of success can be significantly enlarged if the participants at Cancun themselves truly agree on the political and economic importance - indeed, essentiality - to all countries of these negotiations being successfully pursued. Such a commitment would represent a major advance, and one that is of critical importance to all future progress.

In this context, we think it important that leaders at Cancun specifically include in their commitment a pledge that their negotiators will work assiduously for agreement on practical and effective measures in the areas under negotiation eschewing rigid positions on all sides and promoting a new and constructive dialogue. The most promising advances made at Cancun will only be sustained if the political will that makes them possible is carried over into the negotiating process itself.

We urge as well that it would be of practical importance in enlarging success in North-South negotiations if leaders at Cancun were to agree to take all appropriate steps to strengthen public awareness of North-South issues in their respective countries and, more particularly, to develop a consciousness of the importance to all countries, North and South alike, of a successful outcome to the negotiations. North-South consensus will come more easily if encouraged by the people of all societies; indeed, it will not be possible without their support.

5. 4. To preserve the potential of Cancun: Particularly in the light of a successful beginning at Cancun we urge on you that, at least during the period of great danger through which the world is now passing, the potential of Cancun for contributing to human progress is not lost. We are convinced that you can help the process of North-South negotiations and that it is in the interest of all countries and peoples that you should. To this end, we hope you will keep open the possibility of meeting again - together, and with such others as may be agreed - to take account of North-South relations as they develop in the light of your commitments at Cancun, and to examine the ways in which you might further contribute to their continuing improvement. Cancun is in one sense an occasion of last resort in the face of serious failures in the development dialogue. However, it arises not merely out of desperation, but also out of an awareness of the degree to which all parts of our human society depend upon each other and, therefore, need to agree with each other on the essential elements of a tolerable existence for all people. Cancun, in this sense, is not an end but a beginning. With deep respect, Willy Brandt Shridath Ramphal