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LEGISLATIVE PROGRAMME 1985-86 AND 1986-87

morandum by the Lord President of the Council

The Queen's Speeches and Future Legislation Committee have now considered the proposals made by colleagues for the Bills to be included in next Session's legislative programme. Our recommendations are summarised at Annex A. We have also considered awarding a small number of places in the 1986-87 programme. A full list of the 72 bids for 1985-86 and the seven bids for 1986-87 is a prex B.

SIZE OF 1985-86 PROGRAMME

- 2. 1985-86 is the mid-Session of the Parliament and the last one in which our choice of legislation is likely to be uninfluenced by the effects on the programme of a cost le General Election. We have accordingly sought to construct a programme with considerable weight and political content which will fully scoupy Parliament in a Session of normal length. In doing so, we have been to take some risks in terms of the technical management of the legislative programme and belied, yet again, our protestations to be the Parly of less legislation.
- 3. The first risk we have taken lies in the size of the programme. We have recommended a total of 33 Bills (excluding Finance, Consolidation and contingent Bills). This is larger than our starting point last Session, although that figure itself has already been overtaken by events. Amongst those we have recommended are some very contentious measures in cross-Party terms, in particular Agriculture, Education, Animals (Scientific Procedures), Shops and Civil Aviation. In addition, there are a number of large Bills which will be contentious in Party lines and which may well not be able to be introduced as soon as we would hope. The most important of these is Social Security, but Local Government and Planning (even without any legislation on Dogs) and Wages are other examples. Unless we secure the early introduction of these Bills, we shall give the Opposition the opportunity of using time against us.
- 4. Perhaps more important than the problems which we can see however, are those which at this stage are clouds on the horizon. We are that the Wages Bill may well require expansion into a more widely ranking Employment Bill. We are also aware of the pressures which may emerge later in the year for new legislation on the removal of burdens from businesses. There is also uncertainty about the extent to which

legislation on the coal industry will be required in the 1985-86 Session. And the Secretary of State for the Environment thinks that this will be the Session in which he might have to seek urgent legislation on political advertising by local authorities. We have only been able to bear these factors in mind; we cannot, and have not, made specific allowance for them within the programme which we are recommending to Cabinet. It must be to colleagues, however, that if all these eventualities require legislation, we shall almost certainly be in the position of having to abandon some of the Bills which we have selected.

- 5. In addition to the uncertainties which hang over us, we have of course a number of contingent Bills which, by definition, become essential if certain contingencies arise. It seems almost inevitable that some of these will be needed and that some will prove particularly difficult, for example the Channel Fixed Link (which will be hybrid) and Local Government (Commissioners), which is already drafted, but which will be extremely contentious.
- 6. Our selection has had to pay some account to the need to balance the programme as between different sizes and types of Bills as well as those which can be introduced in the House of Lords rather than the House of Commons. We have also been concerned that Bills should be adequately prepared this is always more difficult than my colleagues suppose. Finally, we have to take account of the realities of Parliamentary programming. We do therefore teel strongly that our suggested programme of 33 Bills is a maximum.
- 7. This does of course mean that we have had to reject a number of very significant candidates. Perhaps the most important of these is Housing. The Secretary of State for the Environment argued strongly for the introduction of legislation on the allocation of housing improvement grants and on the private rented sector. We recognise the strength of his claims in both these areas, but felt unable to accept that his Bill should have a place in this programme. Policy is a long way from being agreed and this would be a large and contentious Bibl to take late into an already crowded programme.
- 8. The second Bill of this kind is Crown Agents. A Bill to continue a power to waive interest owed by the Crown Agents to the Government is essential. To this, however, the Foreign and Commonwealth Secretary wished to add the powers to privatise the Crown Agents. In the judgment of the Committee, it did not seem likely that privatisation was a practical proposition in the timescale he was suggesting and we did not therefore feel that we could take up valuable space in the programme with this part of his legislation. We accordingly suggest that the Crown Agents Bill should be limited strictly to the essential provisions necessary to continue the waiver of interest. We do of course recognise the political problems that this will cause, but consider that on balance it would be best for the Government to take this course.
- 9. We had originally felt able to include Petroleum, but pressure on the programme convinced us that it should be replaced by Atomic Energy

Authority, which is shorter, will be ready earlier and is equally desired by the Secretary of State for Energy.

1986-87 PROGRAMME

We have provisionally selected three Bills for a place in the 1986-87 programme. This is still a relatively new feature, but I think that it has already paid dividends with the Building Societies and Financial Services Bills in the 1985-86 Session, which have reached an advanced state of preparation as a result of being given firm places last year. We concluded that Copyright, Petroleum and Criminal Justice should be given firm places now. We consider that a maximum of five places should be awarded in this way; the other two may emerge from discussion in Cabinet.

TIMETABLES

11. Finally, could I emphasise once more the importance of maintaining or improving the timetables for the preparation of Bills as set out in the detailed schedule in Annex B. If instructions are not received by Parliamentary Counsel I until late July it will almost certainly mean that Bills of any size will not be ready by the beginning of the Session. A key feature of the adequate management of the legislative programme is a fortnight of Second Readings of significant Bills at the beginning of the Session. The further we have to depart from introductions of major Bills early in the Session, the more likely we are to run into difficulties and to have to drop Bills at a late stage in their preparation. This is not only embarrassing, it is inefficient. The Lord Privy Seal must therefore be informed immediately if there is any likelihood of failure to meet the agreed timetable for the despatch of instructions.

CONCLUSIONS

- 12. I therefore invite colleagues to
 - a. approve the list of essential programme and uncontroversial Bills at Annex A;
 - b. note the contingent Bills also listed at Annex A and agree that they should be brought forward if necessary;
 - c. agree that up to five Bills should be given a firm place now in the 1986-87 programme and that Copyright, Petroleum and Criminal Justice should be included;
 - d. accept the need for all Departments to adhere or improve on the state of timetables for the preparation of Bills for which they are responsible.

Privy Council Office

22 February 1985

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BILLS RECOMMENDED FOR INCLUSION IN THE LEGISLATIVE PROGRAMME 1985-86

Essential (4)

- 1. Armed Forces
- 2. EC (Portugese and Spanish Accession)
- 3. Crown Agents (Waiver of Interest) (only)
- 4. Northern Ireland Loans

Programme (21)

- 17: Agriculture
- 20. Education
- 22: Wages
- 25. Atomic Energy Authority
- Local Government and Planning (does not include dog licencing)
- 34. Commonwealth Development Corporation (Overseas Subsidiaries)
- 35. Social Security
- 38. Animals (Scientific Procedures)
- 39. Shops
- 41. Public Order
- 46. Latent damage
- 48. Northern Ireland (Emergency Provisions) 49.
- Museum of London (Amendment)
- 50. Housing (Scotland)
- 51. Legal Aid (Scotland)
- 52. Law Reform (Parent and Child) (Scotland) 56.
- Financial Services 57.
- Consumer Goods and Services 61.
- Civil Aviation 62.
- Building Societies 63.
- Nationalised Industries

The numbers used are those identifying the Bill in Annex B 'L' indicates that the Bill may be suitable for Lords introduction.

Uncontroversial (8)

- L 64. Fellowship of Engineering and Further Education Unit (Grants)
 - 65. Superannuation (British Council and Commonwealth Institute Pensions)
 Act (Amendment)
 - 66. Irish Sailors' and Soldiers' Land Trust (Winding up)
- L 69. Family and Matrimonial (Miscellaneous Provisions)
- L 45. Public Trustee and Funds Administration
- L 70. Land Registration
- L 71. Regulation of Activities in Outer Space
- L 72. Trade Marks (Consequential Amendments)

Contingent (11)

- 5. Sex Discrimination (Amendment)
- 6. Local Government (Commissioners)
- 7. Sewerage Charges
- 8. Private Water Supplies
- 9. Australia (Request and Consent)
- 10. Territorial Sea
- 11. Arms Control Observers and Inspectors (Immunities)
- 12. Companies (Companies Registration Office and Charges)
- 14. British Shipbuilders (Borrowing Powers)
- 15. Export Credits (ECGD)
- 16. Channel Fixed Link

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

	Ess	sential_
1	MOD	Armed Forces
2	FCO	European Communities (Portuguese and Spanish Accession)
3	FCO	Crown Agents
4	NIO	Northern Ireland (Loans)
	Con	ntingent
5.	DEmp	Sex Discrimination (Amendment)
6	DOE	Local Government (Commissioners)
7	DOE	Sewerage Charges
8	DOE	Private Water Supplies
9	FCO	Australia (Request and Consent)
10	FCO	Territorial Sea
11	FCO	Arms Control Observers and Inspectors (Immunities)
12	DTI	Companies (Companies Registration Office and Charges)
13		(Withdrawn)
14	DTI	British Shipbuildiers (Borrowing Powers)
15	DTI	Export Credits (ECGD)
16	DTp	Channel Fixed Link
		ogramme
17	MAFF	Agriculture
18	MAFF	Fisheries
19	MOD	Royal Dockyards
20	DES	Education
21	DES	Academic Tenure
22	DEmp	Wages
23	DEmp	Sex and Race Discrimination (Amendment of
0.	. DEMP	Codes of Practice)
24	DEmp	Charging for Work Permits Etc
25	DEn	Atomic Energy Authority
26	DEn	Petroleum

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27	DOE	Housing
28	DOE	Local Government (Competition and Misc Provi [/Local Government and Planning]
29	DOE	Town and Country Planning
30	DOE	Finance (Miscellaneous Provisions)
31	DOE	Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (Amendment)
32	DOE	Water Metering
33	DOE	Dog Licensing
34	FCO	Commonwealth Development Corporation (Overseas Subsidiaries)
35	DHSS	Social Security
36	DHSS	Health Service
37	DHSS	Alleviation of Human Infertility
38	HO	Animals (Scientific Procedures)
39	но	Shops
40	HO	Criminal Justice
41	но	Public Order
42	но	Civil Defence (Peacetime Emergencies)
43	но	Immigration Offences (Amendment)
44	HO	Criminal Trespass
45	LCD	Public Trustee and Funds Administration
. 46	LCD	Latent Damage
47	LCD	Breach of Confidence Northern Ireland (Emergency Provisions) (Amendment)
48	NIO	Northern Ireland (Emergency Provisions)
49	OAL	Museum of London (Amendment)
50	S0	Housing (Scotland)
51	S0	Legal Aid (Scotland)
52	S0	Law Reform (Parent and Child) (Scotland)
53	S0	Salmon and Freshwater Fisheries (Scotland) Salmon and Freshwater Fisheries (Scotland)
54	S0	Education (Miscellaneous Flovis
55	S0	Disposal of Land Settlement Estates
56	DTI	Financial Services
57	DTI	Consumer Goods and Services
58	DTI	British Technology Group
59	DT_{P}	Merchant Shipping
60	DTp	Merchant Shipping Vehicle Excise Duty and Goods Vehicle Operator Civil Aviation
61	DTp	Civil Aviation
62	HMT	Building Societies
63	HMT	Nationalised Industries
		2

Uncontroversial	4
DES	Fellowship of Engineering and Further Education Unit (Grants)
DEn	Opencast Coal (Planning)
FC0	Superannuation (British Council and Commonwealth Institute Pensions) Act (Amendment)
FCO	Irish Sailors' and Soldiers' Land Trust (Winding Up)
НО	Intoxicating Substances (Supply)
НО	Street Offences
LCD	Family and Matrimonial (Miscellaneous Provisions)
LCD	Land Registration
DTI	Regulation of Activities in Outer Space
DTI	Trade Marks (Consequential Amendments)
	DES DEn FCO FCO HO LCD LCD DTI

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

73	MOD	Ministry of Defence Police
74	DOE	Clean Air
75	DHSS	Child Care
76	S0	Diligence (Scotland)
77	DTp	Highways
78	DTI	Copyright
79	HMT	Banking

Length of Bills, as described on subsequent pages

Very short: not more than 4 clauses

Short: 5 to 12 clauses

Medium: 13 to 25 clauses

Substantial: 26 to 50 clauses

Long: over 50 clauses

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

CATEGORY OF BILL: Essential

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
1. ARMED FORCES To renew the Army Act 1955, Air Force Act 1955 and Naval Discipline Act 1957 (they lapse end 1986); and to amend them and other legislation on armed forces discipline and terms and conditions of service	MOD	Commitment Quinquennial review of service discipline Acts is accepted procedure. Controversy Should be uncontroversial in party-political sense. May be opposition to some proposals.	Length - Medium. Parliamentary procedure In accordance with past practice, Committee of whole House after consideration by Select Committee. 1971 Bill started in Lords Royal Assent Must be before end 1986. Preferably before summer adjournment, to avoid continuation order which would need to be debated in both Houses.	None	Policy aim H Committee Feb 1985. Instructions Feb 1985. Introduction Nov 1985

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

CATEGORY OF BILL: Essential

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
2. EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES (PORTUGUESE AND SPANISH ACCESSION) To provide necessary legislative basis to ratify proposed Treaty of Accession for Spain and Portugal.	FCO	Controversy Accession will be generally welcomed, though may be criticism of arrangements on behalf of industries exposed to Spanish competition eg cars and steel. May be general attacks on EC; and impact of Spanish accession on Gibraltar may be raised. Official Opposition likely broadly to support, though may also support specific criticisms.	Length Very short. Parliamentary procedure Politically too important for introduction in Lords, or Second Reading Commmittee procedure. Royal Assent Bill needed after negotiations concluded and Treaty signed (official aim March 85 but more likely May/June). Royal Assent before formal accession (official aim 1 Jan 86 but more likely July). Timetable may move faster or slip.	imbursement to Spain and Portugal of medical costs of British pensioners resident in Spain. Implications for EC Budget, but no other direct charges on UK public funds. Manpower No significant implications.	to March 85). Decision in principle taken. Instructions

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GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

CATEGORY OF BILL: Essential

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
J. CROWN AGENTS To transfer parts of business to a PLC. To extend beyond 31.12.86 S of S power to waive interest owed to HMG by Crown Agents, in case full servicing of capital debt not feasible between then and establishment of PLC. [In theory the essential waiving provisions could be split off into a separate Bill, but this would present political difficulties]		Commitment House told on 23 Feb 1984 that Government intended to privatise. Controversial in light of Crown Agents' past managerial and financial history.	Length Substantial to long. Parliamentary Procedure No special procedures proposed. Royal Assent Needed by Dec 1986 (see first column)	progress towards financial viability up to 1986.	Policy Decision in principle taken. Detailed approval Feb 85. Public consultat- tion Not needed. Instructions By end April 1985 Introduction November 1985.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

CATEGORY OF BILL: Essential

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
4. NORTHERN IRELAND (LOANS) To enable the S of S to advance up to approx £2 billion to the NI Consolidated Fund for capital expenditure purposes. eg. for NI housing, electricity and education services. Replaces 1975 limit of £1 billion.	NIO n	Commitment Announced in the House on 28.11.84 (during debate on Northern Ireland Loans (Increase of Limit) Order 1984) that a new Bill would be required. Controversy Not expected to be controversial, though Mr Powell will probably take opportunity to raise constitutional relationship.	Length Very short Parliamentary procedure Normal Royal Assent desirable by January 1986 because present limit of £1 billion will probably be reached by then.	No immediate PES or manpower implications but will affect PSBR by £1 billion over next 4/5 years. EC None	Policy Agreed by Treasury Min- isters May 84 Public consul- tation None needed Instructions by end Feb. Introduction Beginning of session.

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GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

CATEGORY OF BILL: Contingent

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEP	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
SEX DISCRIMINATION (AMENDMENT SEX DISCRIMINATION (AMENDMENT Following European Court ruling, to implement fully obligations under EC Equal Preatment Directive. Covers collective agreements; internal rules of indertakings and rules overning independent rofessions; small firms and rivate households. Classified contingent in the see European Commission institutes proceedings were delay in implementation. Tot possible to deal with by order under European Communities Act 1972.]	DE	Pressure Need to avoid further proceedings by EC on failure to meet obligations. Some pressure from domestic women's lobby. Controversy Coverage of collective agreements etc likely to be unwelcome to employers, though of little practical effect (and therefore liable to attract criticism from women's lobby and Official Opposition). Coverage of small firms and private households likely to attract strong opposition from Govt back- benchers, small firms lobby and some private individuals Official Opposition and women's lobby likely to welcome it. Would help to offset special interest groups' objections to Sex and Race Discrimin- ation (Amendments of Codes of Practice) Bill (No 23), but would be correspondingly less acceptable to Conservative interests.	Length: short but diffi- cult to draft. Standard Parliamentary procedure Early Royal Assent desirable because pressure from European Commission expected.	Financial and manpower Minimal (cost of Bill team and publicity; and marginal increase in workload of industrial tribunals) EC - to bring UK law fully into line with obligations under Equal Treatment Directive.	Outline policy Ministers have not fully decided whether to proceed. Public consultations early 1985. Detailed policy June 1985 Instructions end July 1985 Introduction December 1985

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

CATEGORY OF BILL: Contingent

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLÍAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
6. LOCAL GOVERNMENT (COMMISSIONERS) Enable S of S to replace councillors by Commissioners if local authority finances and services break down. Could apply to a particular authority or generally.	DOE	Commitments No public commitment, but Ministers have indicated that if there was a serious breakdown in an authority some appropriate form of Government action would be necessary. Controversy Highly controversial, embodying as it does a major constitutional change. Both Opposition and local government would strongly oppose. However emergency which provoked introduction should assist passage of Bill by making clear the reason and need for the legislation.	Length - short Parliamentary procedure/ Royal Assent Would need to be enacted on an emergency timetable, against background of service breakdown, and come into operation immediately on Royal Assent. A Bill on specific authorities would be hybrid and hybridity procedures would need to be waived.	Financial and manpower Accurate forecasts impossible. But may need additional Central Government manpower as a back-up to the Commission; and in short term additional local taxation and possibly central funding. Local manpower levels might be reduced as means of cutting expenditure. EC None.	Policy approved 1984 by MISC 95 and E(LF) Drafting General and authority - specific Bills drafted in 1984. Further policy clearance and some amendment will be necessar but either Bill could be intro- duced at short notice.

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COVERNMENT RILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

CATEGORY OF BILL: Contingent

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
7. SEWERAGE (i) to remedy any defect in section 30 of Water Act 1973 concerning liability of consumers to pay sewerage charges. Affects multiple-occupied properties. (ii) to limit liability of water authorities to make refunds of previous charges for sewerage services. [Bill depends on implications	DOE	Controversy Not politically controversial but sensitive to those groups directly affected.	Length - Short Not suitable for special Parliamentary procedure. Royal Assent required before 31 March 1986 to take effect in water authorities' budgets for 1986/87.	None.	DOE to consult Water Auth Association Feb to April. If Bill needed, policy April to June Instructions end June Introduction at beginning of session.
of end Feb Lords judgement in SWWA v Rumble.]					

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

CATEGORY OF BILL: Contingent

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	PREPARATION
8. PRIVATE WATER SUPPLIES To apply EC Directive on Quality of Water for Human Consumption, requiring private suppliers to conform to prescribed standards and giving local authorities adequate powers of enforcement etc.	DOE	Controversy Most local authorities and official Opposition may support; but opposing interests likely to emerge.	Length - Short Parliamentary procedure Suitable for House of Lords introduction. Royal Assent desirable before November 1986, depending on EC Commission decision.	Little or no effect on public sector manpower or expenditure. Required to meet EC obligations unless EC Commission allows delay.	Policy Outline clearance by April 1985; detailed clearance July 1985. Public consultation April-June 1985.
[Need for Bill depends on July 1985 outcome of request to EC Commission for delay of up to 10 years in implementing Directive]					Instructions Ready for despatch in July or soon after EC Commission decides.
					Introduction By end of 1985.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

CATEGORY OF BILL: Contingent.

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT POLITICAL ASPECTS	S LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
9. AUSTRALIA (REQUEST AND CONSENT) To give effect to an Australian request to terminate constitutional links between Governments of UK and of the Australian States. [The links reflect the States' origin as colonies. Australian Commonwealth and States are considering ways to terminate them.)	FCO Australian Government to proceed by agreem within Australia, and expose UK to sort of difficulties encounted with Canada Bill. The Bill should be non-parand uncontroversical, some Members may raise eg Aboriginal rights; remote chance of Austrying to include a proposal unacceptable Palace.	Medium. Medium. Parliamentary Procedure May be suitable for Lords introduction. Royal Assent Timing depends upon when Australians can reach agreement and enact necessary domestic	None	Policy clearance and introduction depend on settlement of issues within Australia and formal requesto UK. Drafting Early Australian draft available. Parly Counsel has commented.
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GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

CATEGORY OF BILL: Contingent

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
To extend territorial sea of UK to 12 miles, and make consequential amendments eg to customs and continental shelf arrangements. [Could be required in connection with Channel Fixed Link]	FCO	Commitment Preparation of legislation announced June 1981. Controversy No opposition likely and broad support in Parliament expected. Might raise broader law of the sea issues Parliamentary interest in eg an off-shore pollution incident might lead to pressure for urgent introduction; but UK non-signature of Law of Sea Convention makes it difficult to introduce without specific cause.	Length Short Parl. procedure Suitable for Lords introduction. Probably too technical for Private Member or Peer. Royal Assent Once Bill introduced, long delay before Royal Assent would incur criticism.	Financial and manpower Implications thought to be negligible; but revenue sharing arrangements with the Channel Islands and IOM may be affected. EC Broader UK area would be brought within EC Rules eg on VAT. Alteration in 5 areas to waters available for EC fishermen could lead to controversy with- in EC.	Policy Main lines affecting Bill have been approved. MOD may have difficulty on timing of intro because of effects on passage through straits. Instructions well advanced

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86 AND 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: Contingent (1985/86 or 1986/87)

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
11. ARMS CONTROL OBSERVERS AND INSPECTORS (IMMUNITIES) To confer certain privileges and immunities upon inspectors and observers from participating states	FCO	Pressure If Confidence and Security Building Measures agreed at Stockholm before Nov 1986 Vienna CSCE review meeting, will be strong political pressure for early implementation. Controversy Likely to be carefully scrutinised, but in context of significant East/West security agreement both Opposition and Lords should give it a fair wind. (CSCE = Conference on Security and Co-operation in Europe)	Length: short Parliamentary procedure Introduction in House of Lords; Second Reading Committee in Commons. Royal Assent needed asap after agreement in Stockholm: probably not before summer 1986 but cannot exclude earlier date.	Financial Believe no implications. Manpower None identified EC None identified	Policy after agreement at the Stockholm, which could be Aug 85 or mid 86. No public consultation needed. Instructions as soon as polic clearance obtain Introduction as soon as drafted.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

CATEGORY OF BILL: Contingent

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
12. COMPANIES (COMPANIES REGISTRATION OFFICE AND CHARGES i. To alter functions of Registrar following Cameron report, eg on delivery of documents, public access, fees ii. To deal with consequences of ESAL case (by confirming that Registrar's Certificate is proof of registration of charge) if not overturned and if commercial pressure to do so.		Controversy Given Opposition interest in functions of Companies Registration Office, there would be political interest in this Bill.	Length: Short Parliamentary procedure Would not require any special procedure. Royal Assent Quickly would be of benefit	Should result in staff savings and reduction of costs for industry and	be required quickly. But depends whether ESAL judgement overturned and whether 1984/85 Insolvency Bill could be used instead Policy Before summer

[13. Bid withdrawn]

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

CATEGORY OF BILL: Contingent

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
14. BRITISH SHIPBUILDERS (Borrowing rowers). To raise British Shipbuilders' (BS) statutory borrowing limit.	DTI	Controversy A technical measure which will almost certainly not be opposed, but which will provide an opportunity for controversial debate on the future of BS, including privatisation.	Length Very short. Parliamentary procedure No special procedure. Royal Assent may be required by end 85, but timing vague. Depends on BS ability to stay within current limit)	Financial A purely permissive measure, with actual funding depending on separate decisions. No manpower or EC implications.	Policy clearance by end June 1985. Instructions to Counsel and drafting of Bill could be completed in good time for early introduction.

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GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

CATEGORY OF BILL: Contingent

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
15. EXPORT GUARANTEES To raise statutory limits on ECGD's commitments, to enable		Unlikely to be controversial	Length: short to medium	None	Timing uncertain. Bill only to raise statutory limits could be
continued issue of guarantees as business increases. Possibly also wider powers			Parliamentary procedure Normal		drafted quickly.
on investment insurance; further development of arrangements for financial support of UK exports; and technical adjustments.		Contract to the contract of th	Royal Assent Deadline difficult to assess. Depends almost		
			entirely on need at the time.		
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GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

CATEGORY OF BILL: Contingent

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
16. CHANNEL FIXED LINK Frontier definition, land and compensation powers necessary to enable construction of a CFL in accordance with Treaty obligations. [Will become essential if the two Governments decide to go ahead with a Treaty.]		Controversy Not party political, but likely to be controversial in Commons and Lords. Opposition likely to be mainly environmentalist, but also from ferry companies and trades unions Strong commercial pressure for speed once Bill is announced.	Length: Substantial Parliamentary procedure Would be hybrid. Royal Assent No absolute deadline. But once process is started, time will be money for promoters and Govt may have to give undertakings. Must therefore aim to complete within promoters' Development Period (12 months from accouncement to proceed). Subject to this timetable Bill might have to straddle two sessions.	Financial: No direct implications for Govt Govt manpower - nil No EC obligation, but strong Community interest.	Guidance to prospective builders to be issued in March, but time for consideration of proposals not yet decided. Bill will be required asap after agreement on a Treaty - end 1985 probably earliest for this.

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
i. To enable charging for Agricultural Development and Advisory Service (ADAS) functions: i. to enable incentives to romote conservationally ensitive farming regimes in esignated areas; iii. to change tatutory provisions relating to the Eggs Authority, or bolish it, Inclusion depends a forthcoming review, likely to end July 1985.]	MAFF	i. Follows Bell Report Sept 84. Written PQ Nov 84. Likely to be controversial. ii. Likely to attract attention and be welcomed, espec by conservation interests. Package negotiated with difficulty in Brussels. Select Committees have pressed for action on conservation, most recently in Jan 85. iii. Possibly controversial	Length - short Parliamentary procedure House of Commons introduction suggested. Timing - Royal Assent desirable by summer recess 1986, to allow consultation and making of orders to be in force by April 1987.	Financial i. Will save substantial sums (1987/88 PES cut by £20 m in anticipation). Costs of ii and iii will be absorbed within existing PES provisions. Manpower - will be contained within existing manpower ceilings. EC - ii. would implement permissive provision in an EC regulation. No other EC aspects.	i. and ii; Policy Feb/March 85; Public consultation None proposed Instructions i. end May 85 ii. end June 85 Introduction Beginning of session [Timing of iii. dependent on Eggs Authority Review.]

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
18. FISHERIES 1. To make grants to Sea Fish Industry Authority (SFIA) to promete and improve fish marketing and distribution; ii. Powers to control sale of salmon in GB; iii. A small number of amendments to the Salmon and Fresh-water Fisheries Act 1975.	MAFF	Commitments No public commitments. Controversy i. likely to be welcomed in Parliament and by fishing industry ii. Considerable pressure in Parlt for protection of stocks. Lords interest certain. Some controv but unlikely to be party political. English angling interests should welcome but Scottish problems likely. iii. Not much interest	Length - Medium Parliamentary procedure no special considerations. If Bill covered ii. and iii. only it could be introduceu in Lords. Royal Assent - no special considerations.	tions for ii. and iii. other than significant admin costs in Scotland.	Policy i. Feb 1985 ii. and iii. Feb/March Public consultation. None proposed Instructions i. early 1985. ii. end June. Introduction End of 1985 or earlier if possible

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
19. ROYAL DOCKYARDS To facilitate contract management in the dockyards, and related transfers of staff.		Controversy Likely to be controversial in Parliament. Leader of the Opposition already pledged to reverse any contractorisation in the Dockyards; and opposition likely in the areas most affected (Devonport & Rosyth). Likely to be favoured by industry, as a sign of more commercial, competitive approach to warship repair; but currently no concerted pressure for the Bill.	Length - substantial Parliamentary procedure not suitable for any special procedure Royal Assent - no special requirements.	Financial Will change financial relationship between MOD and Dockyards, entailing 1987/88 transfer of about £250M of existing pension liabilities into a new scheme. In time this would be significantly outweighed by resource savings for central government. Proposals have broad Treasury agreement. Manpower Some 19,500 will cease to be civil servants. EC Will be necessary to ensure compatibility with Acquired Rights Directive.	Policy Initial discussion at E(A) Jan 85. Hope policy clearance shortly. Then 3 months public consultation before a firm decision is announced, probably late June Instructions May 1985 (need not be held up pending consultation) Introduction at start of session.
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GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

PRIORITY AND TITLE; PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
i. Implement School Govt Green Paper, increasing parent repres, and removing LEA majorities from governing bodies; specifying parents! functions relative to head- teachers and LEAs; voluntary controlled schools to achieve aided status. ii. Extend power to pay grant to LEAs for in service training of teachers iii. Take regulatory powers re teacher performance appraisal iv. Voluntary schools, Enact owners! duty to pay insurance in respect of aided schools; exclude from grant-eligibility repairs arising from insurable damage. v. Empower LEAs to provide part-time education in schools for 16-19 year olds and to receive payment for students attending govt, sponsored courses of youth training. vi. Regulate recovery of		i. Manifesto commitment to increase parental choice and influence. Green Paper announced intention to legislate. Decision against parent majorities on gov bodies should reduce intial objections. LEAs may object to reduction in powers; parents, teachers and governors (and other interests) may press for greater powers and involvement. On controlled schools achieving aided status, objections likely from Opposition. Pressure from C of E (their schools most likely to benefit) ii. Widespread support in principle; iii. Uncertain welcome from LEAs. Strong oposition from unions. iv. Mixed welcome from Churches but otherwise politically unexceptionable v. Strong opposition from LEAs not anticipated. vi. Will ofend only high spending LEAs. vii. 1982 commitment to legislate	Length - Medium Parliamentary procedure Normal Royal Assent No special requirement (Continued from Column 1) vii. Remove req. for Central Advisory Councils for Education viii. Update reference to DES publication (Acces for Disabled People to Educational Buildings) in TCPA 1971.	Financial and Man_ power i. Estimated addit- ional expenditure of £8 m - £12 m pa, including some increase in manpower for LEAs. ii-iii. Some increas in LG manpower on implementation; no increase in central govt manpower. Effect on LEA expenditure depend- ent on scale and manner of implement- ation. iv-viii Neutral effect. Modest saving in central govt manpower conse- quent upon duties repealed or transf- erred to LEAs. EC No implications	Policy i. Approved H Dec 1984 Rest by Easter 1985 Public consult- ation Complete on i. Further consul- tation with LEAs, Churches and teachers' unions on details Feb/ March 1985. ii Complete iii Current iv - viii. None proposed Instructions By early May 1985 Introduction Early in session.

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
21. ACADEMIC TENURE	DES				
To appoint Commissioners to amend statutes etc of universities to ensure power in new contracts - to dismiss academics for reasons of redundancy or financial exigency, and where necessary for negligence and incompetence. [May be extended to ensure that universities have adequate complaints machinery.]		Commitment Announced August 1984 intention to legislate when Parliamentary time- table allowed. Controversy Will be of considerable interest to the Lords. Official Opposition strongly against. Strong campaign against can be expected from the Association of University Teachers.	Length - Medium Parliamentary procedure Possible introduction in Lords Royal Assent No special requirement.	Financial and manpower Need to finance and support 3 or 4 Commissioners for 2 or 3 years. Costs will be met within existing PES provisions. EC None.	Consultations Will be confined to university interests and are already in hand. Detailed policy May/June 1985 Instructions September 1985 Introduction January 1986

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
(i) Either to abolish the Wages Council system, or to reform it by removing young people from scope and/or otherwise reducing the Councils' powers to regulate wages and other conditions. (ii) To replace the Truck Acts (1831-1940) and related legislation with new provisions governing deductions from pay. [May be replaced by a wider Employment Bill]	No public commitments Wages Councils. A consultative document proposals for legislat on the payment of wage published October 1984 after earlier consulta Very controversial: wi strongly opposed by th Official Opposition, t unions and various pre groups. Employer opin divided on the future Wages Councils. Remov (ii) of requirement t in cash would be contre ersial.	Parliamentary procedure Standard Royal Assent No target date Ill be ne crade essure nion of val by to pay	Financial and manpower Abolition of Wages Councils would reduce public expenditure by £4.2m and save 250 staff. Reform might provide an expenditure saving of £1m. No EC aspects.	(i) Not before June/July 1985 (ii) Agreed by E(A), subject to final decision Feb/March 1985 (after consultation) on treatment of deductions for cash and stock deficiencies. Public consultation (i) due in wider policy context; timing uncertain. (ii) Consultation Oct 1984 to Feb 1985. Instructions (i) not before end July 1985; could be later (ii) April 198 Introduction of January 1986.

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
23. SEX AND RACE DISCRIMINATION (AMENDMENT OF CODES OF PRACTICE) (i) To provide powers for S of S to amend codes submitted to him by Commission for Racial Equality (CRE) and Equal Opportunities Commission (EOC). (ii) To lapse CRE/EOC codes made before amending legislation.		Intention first announced in Parliamentary Reply on 6 May 1983. No commitment given on timing. CRE to review codes within 3 years (ie by April 1987): amending powers essential by that time. Controversy Strong support on Govt side. Otherwise will depend largely on public stance of CRE/EOC. Suspicions of Govt intention Employment Select Committee recommended changes in code-making procedures. Bill would be welcomed by CBI and small firm organisations.	Length Very short. Parliamentary procedure All stages on floor of House of Commons, for speed and simiplicity. Royal Assent desirable by November 1986 but would be essential by March 1987.	Financial - none Manpower - insignificant EC - none	Policy Agreement in principle. Home Office agreement will be needed on timing. (Ministers may decide not this session.) Public consultation Not required. Decision already announced. Instructions April Introduction Beginning of session.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

CATEGORY OF BILL: Programme

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
24. CHARGING FOR WORK PERMITS ETC To enable charging of fees for applications for work permits and for first permissions to work in the UK. (Result of a Rayner scrutiny. Fees would meet costs, between £70 and £120).	DE	Public commitment to legislate at a suitable opportunity. Controversy Official Opposition likely to be neutral, but would attract special pleadings eg from the Arts and possibly attempts to debate immigration issues.	Length - short Standard Parliamentary procedure Royal Assent No target date	Financial and manpower PESC provision for 2.5 staff. Yield about £1.5m; but with some reduction in tax payments. No EC aspects.	Policy Agreed in outline: detail likely April. Public consultation None proposed Instructions May 1985 Introduction Beginning of session.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
TITLE AND PURPOSE 25. ATOMIC ENERGY AUTHORITY To enable the AEA to operate as a Trading Fund. S of S would be able to lend from the National Loans Fund within a limit and permit the AEA to borrow; and to establish a commencing debt for the Fund.	Energy	Controversy Powers proposed should not in themselves prove controversial, and Bill not likely to be strongly opposed from any quarter. But debate on the role of the AEA, which carries out nuclear R&D, may well touch on controversial issues such as nuclear safety, reactor choice etc.		FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS Financial A financial measure, agreed in principle with the Treasury. Should in time lead to greater efficiency. Manpower Minimal. EC None.	
		May be pressure for privatisation of the AEA. Not practicable at the moment, but Bill could be seen as a facilitating step.			Introduction Beginning of session.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

CATEGORY OF BILL: Programme

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
(i) Powers to ensure removal of offshore oil and gas platforms and to extend licensing regime to N. Ireland territorial waters. (ii) Rationalise petroleum royalties regime. (iii) Enable automatic creation of safety zones round offshore installations (iv) Powers to license and control offshore storage of gas. (v) Rationalise pipeline regime procedures. (vi) Privatise Government Oil Pipeline and Storage System (contingent item).]	Energy	Commitments On (ii), UK Offshore Operators' Assoc have been told Govt hope legisl in 1985/86, and Isle of Man adjustments have been promised in principle. Controversy (ii) might attract oil industry criticism but serious opposition is unlikely. (iv) might be controversial as it affects existing Crown Estate rights. (vi) likely to attract opposition on party political grounds.	Length Medium (perhaps substantial if (vi) included). Parliamentary procedure Standard . Royal Assent No specific deadline within 1985/86 Session.	Financial and manpower Minimal. EC None.	Policy To E(A) Feb 1985 Consultation Consulted oil industry already on most of relevant principles, and currently on details. Instructions Some, particularly (ii), shortly. ½ to ½ by end May. Rest by July 1985 Introduction Beginning of session.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
(i) To deal with unsatis-factory private sector housing. Replace home improvement grants and enable enveloping schemes. Powers for LA grants to developers. Simplified statutory improvement areas. LAs and Housing Associations to carry out agency services. New minimum housing standards and revised LA powers to require improvements and repairs. Amended clearance arrangements, including compensation powers and private sector involvement.	DOE	(i) No commitments yet, but pressure expected when consultative document published. Generally uncontroversial, but means testing of home improvement grants or replacement by loans will be criticised by Opposition and some LAs. No special interest in Lords.	Length Overall long (100 clauses) (i) 30-40; (ii) 6-10; (iii) up to 40, depending on scope; (iv) up to 14. Parliamentary procedure Normal. Royal Assent No specific deadline.	EC - no implications. Financial & manpower (i) Spending, mainly through LA cash limited programmes, will depend on total resources made available to them. Should be reduction in LAs' admin and marginally in Depts' costs and manpower.	(i) Policy: H approved outline 17.10.84. Public consultation Jan to March 1985. Most instructions May and June.
(ii) Disengage as far as possible from apportionment and redemption of rent charges; provide equivalent procedures for private householders! use; powers to charge for residual DOE functions. (continued on next page)		(ii) Could attract interest as privatisation measure; replacing free Government service by householders' individual responsibility for most transactions. Opposition likely to press for abolition or radical reform of system.		(ii) Should save about 12 DOE posts and up to £0.2m pa.	(ii) Policy: H approval in outline and public consultation in 1982. Instructions ready Feb 1985.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

CATEGORY OF BILL: Programme

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
HOUSING (Page 2) (iii) Private rented sector Extend assured tenancies. Restrict landlords' loopholes in Rent Acts. Tighten up on harassment and eviction. Amend right to repossession. Extend shortholds maximum to 10 years. Simplify resident landlord lettings. Miscellaneous changes.	DOE	(iii) No public commitments other than statements that private rented sector legislation under review. Relatively uncontroversial [unless more radical changes proposed].		(iii) Assured tenancies may increase housing benefits by £2m. No PES provision yet. Miscellaneous charges may save cost and manpower on Rent Assessment Panels and Rent Officer Service.	public
[NB. DOE Ministers still contemplating more radical derestriction. First proposals rejected by H in 1984.]				(iv) LA capital	(iv) Policy to
(iv) Miscellaneous Promotion of right to buy (flats etc). Privatisation of local authority stock, including new ground for possession of estates where IA intends to sell to private developer. Involvement of tenants in LA housing management.		(iv) Right to buy flats etc controversial. LA opposition to a provision maintaining joint tenants' rights if one of two secure tenants leaves.		receipts would be increased.	H Feb/March. Consultation with LA assocs only. Instructions April to June.

CONFIDENTIAL

COVEDAMENT DILLS PROPOSED FOR 1005/96

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
28. LOCAL GOVERNMENT (COMPETITION AND MISC PROVISIONS) Strengthen legislation on use of Direct Labour Organisations for building work. Extend compulsory tendering and accounting regime to egrefuse collection and cleaning. Other measures for LA value-for-money. Reforms to Local Govt Ombudsman. Repeal redundant LA power and duties [If Bills 29, 30 and 33 are not accepted, DOE propose that this Bill should be entitled LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND PLANNING and cover: i. Competition (as above) ii. Planning: Control over hazardous substances, simplified planning zones, and minor amendments to improve efficiency (from Bill 29) iii. Compensation: payment to LA staff in excess of 1947 and 1972 Acs and (contingent) Salter case on teachers (from Bill 30) iv. Capital controls (from Bill 30) v. Dog licensing (from Bill 33)		Commitment to consultation paper only. Controversial because of further constraints upon LA discretion and possible job losses. Opposition will object to private sector competition for tradit LA staff activities on general "anti-privatisation" grounds Attractive to industries likely to secure contracts, and to ratepayers generally because aim to increase value-for-money. [AS LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND PLANNING BILL - comments against relevant sections of Bills 29 and 30 and against Bill 33 also apply]	Length Medium Parliamentary procedure Normal Royal Assent No special deadline [AS LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND PLANNING BILL - i. 20 clauses ii. 15-16 clauses iii. under 5 clauses iv. 1-12 clauses v. 12-14 clauses]	comments against relevant sections of Bills 29 and 30 and against Bill 33 also aply]	Instructions By 31 May 1985 Introduction Early in Session. [AS LG AND PL BILL - i. see above ii. remaining

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
29. TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING (Page 1) To improve planning system and deal with problems in existing legislation prior to consolidation. (i) Strengthen planning control over hazardous substances (ii) Introduce simplified planning zones. (iii) Development plans. Enable S of S to direct modifications; simplify public participation; widen scope. (iv) Compensation (a) enable payment of interest in advance of final settlement. (b) Change valuation rules for land compensation; extend help for people displaced by public action to buy own homes. (c) Repeal re grants towards restoring property damaged by Government War Works. (v) Misc pre-consolidation changes to planning system, incl help for high tech industry, award of costs in written cases (promises to development industry) and repeal re Indust Devel Cerecontinued on next page)		General Preparatory work announced, but no commitment on content or timing. Much uncontroversial, but some controv and wide scope would allow unwelcome amendments. Preparation for consolidation will be welcomed on all sides. (i) Called for by Advisory Committee on Major Hazards and LA Assocs. Ministers have promised to consider and Opposition have offered to facilitate a Bill. Generally uncontrov. thoug CBI reservations. Criticistif incident meanwhile. (ii) Attractive to property world but LA and amenity group reservations Would help small businesse (iii) No major controversy Amenity groups may not welcome publicity provisions but they are precedented in Scotland. (iv) (a) NFU have been pressing. Will be generally welcomed. (b) Uncontroversial. (c) No adversomments on consultation.	Parliamentary procedure Might be suitable for Lords introduction. Timing of Royal Assent End of Session.	Manpower (i) would increase work for LAs particu- larly in early stages. Most other proposals intended to reduce workloads. EC (vii) relates to proposed Directive. Otherwise none. Financial No significant implications except as specified below. (i) Will involve some 2000 LA consents for existing hazardous installations. Thereafter slightly increased caseload for LAs, Planning Inspectorate and HSE. (ii) Intended to speed up decisions and save staff. No short term costs. (iii) No significant costs. Some small manpower savings. (iv) (a) No extra expenditure. Slight increase in	General (i) and (iv) drafted. Consultations completed on most others. Policy (ii) Feb. (Fr.) and (v) to (viii) H Feb/ early March Instructions early in session (i) Approved H 7.8.84.Draft (ii) Consultation paper May 1984 To H Feb/March and instruction shortly after. Not complex. (iii) Consultations to be completed by end Feb 1985. (iv) (a) Consultations completed. Interdepartmentally agreed.

(continued on next page)

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING (Partial Property of the property of		(v) All essentially uncontroversial, and a number will be positively welcomed. (vi) Not party controversy, but Lords likely keen interest. LAs generally welcome but some conservation bodies fear effect of relaxations. (vii) Large measure of agreement already with reps of LAs, industry, and planning and environmental interests. (vii) Arises from PAC Enquiry. Views of LAs not yet known.		work for public bodies but no identifiable increase in staff. (c) Negligible financial implications no effect on manpower. (d) Minor financial saving. (v) a no. of proposals specif designed to save finance and manpower. (vi) Some manpower savings. (vii) Practice already common in major planning cases. (viii) Will simplify recovery of costs, including some which cannot be present be recovered.	(c.) Policy approval obtained in 1979 but will be resought. (d) Consultation paper issued July 1984. (v) Consultation paper issued July 1984. (vi) In July consultation paper. (vii) Agreed by all EC except Denmark. (viii) Should know by Easter whether primary legislation desirable.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

CATEGORY OF BILL: Programme

larly as retroactive to date of Ministerial announcement. May be seen an announcement. May be seen as new attempt to constrain financial indep. of LAs. Could raise issues on compensation which Ministers decided in 1980 to withdraw. [Contingent: may need to deal with implics of Lords judgement on position of teachers in LG Superannuation Scheme: Salter Case. In Partic. affects LAs, construction industry and clients (eg homeless). Present capital controls widely believed to need overhaul. Govt reviewing present system with LA assocs. May be popular if arrangements less onerous than present system. [If Grants to London Zoo. and DOE Voluntary Bodies To place on proper statutory footing, replacing use of Appropriation Acts Iarly as retroactive to date of Ministerial announcement. May be seen as new attempt to construction financial indep. of LAs. Could raise issues on compensation in public services generally ii. Partic. affects LAs, consultal expenditure or central govt. expenditure or central or LG manpower. iii. Grants to London Zoo. May be popular if arrangements less onerous than present system. iii. Grants to London Zoo. Soo. To place on proper statutory footing, replacing use of Appropriation Acts In Partic. affects LAs, consultal expenditure or central govt. expenditure or central or LG annower. In Partic. affects LAs, consultal expenditure or central govt. expenditure or central or LG annower. In Partic. affects LAs, consultal expenditure or central govt. expenditure or central or LG annower. In Partic. affects LAs, consultal expenditure or central or LG annower. In Partic. affects LAs, consultal expenditure or central or LG annower. In Partic. affects LAs, consultal expenditure or central govt. expenditure or central or LG annower. In Partic. affects LAs, consultal expenditure or central govt. expenditure or central or LG annower. In Partic. affects LAs, consultal expenditure or central or LG annower. In Pa	TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
interest to vocal voluntary lobbies. Official Oppos- LG expenditure or manpower. bodies yet to manpower. cleared. As	30. FINANCE (MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS) (Page 1) i. Compensation To preclude payments to departing LA staff in excess of Superannuation Act 1972 and Fire Services Act 1947 levels. To repeal residual entitlements to Crombie Code of compensation which Ministers decided in 1980 to withdraw. [Contingent: may need to deal with implics of Lords judgement on position of teachers in LG Superannuation Scheme: Salter Case. ii. Capital controls To amend or repeal 1980 provisions for control of capital expenditure by LAs; and amend 1972 provisions for borrowing iii. Grants to London Zon and DOE Voluntary Bodies To place on proper statutory footing, replacing use of		i. No public commitment yet. Contentious, particu- larly as retroactive to date of Ministerial announcement. May be seen as new attempt to constrain financial indep. of LAs. Could raise issues on compensation in public services generally ii. Partic. affects LAs, construction industry and clients (eg homeless). Present capital controls widely believed to need overhaul. Govt reviewing present system with LA assocs. May be popular if arrangements less onerous than present system. iii. Govt has accepted recommendation of Select Cttee on Environment. Significant Parl interest	PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT Length: Medium Parliamentary Procedure: Not suitable for special procedure. Royal Assent	EC No implications Financial and manpower See below i. Intended to limit expenditure by LAs and other public authorities on compensation. ii. Unlikely to affect central govt. expenditure or central or LG manpower. Objective to promote better use of LA capital resources. iii. PES provision already for grants, under Appropriation Act. Will not	instructions ready in time for introduction early in session i. Policy H agreed 1984 in principle. DOE to consult Depts on detail. Aim instructions Apr/May. ii. Policy aim E(A) before Easter. Instructions on detaile scheme July or early autumn (depends how radical). iii. Policy. Zoo measures approve by H July 1984. Proposals on
ent. April/May	Appropriation Acts		interest to vocal voluntary lobbies. Official Oppos- ition likely to be indiffer-		LG expenditure or	bodies yet to be cleared. Aim instructions

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
FINANCE (MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS) (page 2) iv. Commutation To empower S of S to commute to lump sum certain minor annual housing grants and subsidies. v. 'Waiving' To remove S of S power to pay de minimis housing subsidy sums to local authorities.	iv. Consultation with LAAs already. Not controversial.		iv. No addit long term cost, but some £5m of public expenditure would be brought forward. Small staff savings. v. Small financial and admin savings.	iv. Already drafted v. Already drafted
vi. Revenue Bills To remedy LG Act 1972 drafting defects to enable sensible differential limits on amount of revenue bills LAs may issue pending receipt of rate income (Treasury item)	vi. Follows joint WP with local govt. Will pave way for increase in limit already agreed by Treasury, so unlikely to be controversial		vi. None.	vi. Policy agreement to be sought with other measures.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

CATEGORY OF BILL: Programme

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
31. WILDLIFE AND COUNTRYSIDE ACT 1981 (AMENDMENT) To strengthen protection of Sites of Special Scientific Interest (SSSIs), by closing 3 month loophole in Section 28 under which sites can be destroyed while under notice of intention to designate. [Private Member's Bill now introduced in 1984/85]	DOE	Commitments Ministers have accepted need to close loophole; conservation movement expects the Govt to deliver. Select C'ttee on 1981 Act reporting Jan/Feb. Reception: Uncontroversial. All-party support expected. Opposition likely to accept. Endorsed by farming and conservation interests.	Length: very short Parl. procedure Second Reading Committee Royal Assent Early as possible in 1985/86 session. SSSIs at risk meanwhile.	Financial and manpower Negligible EC None	Policy Agreed by PM 1984. Drafted (as a prospective Private Member Bill) Introduction Begining of Session
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TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
To permit water undertakings to experiment with metering in selected areas; to alter pipework withim consumers! property to facilitate the metering; and amend certain charging provisions of existing Water Acts. [NB could amalgamate with ill 7: Sewerage Bill]		Commitments Govt announced a joint study on 19.11.84. Needs to include full trials, which may require existing statutes to be amended. Controversy Official Opposition and pressure groups such as Shelter and Age Concern likely to oppose, as a tax on the poor.	Length: short Not suitable for special Parliamentary procedure. Royal Assent preferably by 31 Dec 1985, as trials need to proceed in Spring 1986.	Financial Cost of trials expected to be met by water industry No manpower or EC implications.	
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GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

CATEGORY OF BILL: Programme

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
33. DOG LICENSING	DOE				
To abolish requirement to license dogs in GB; and empower LA systems of local registration and dog control, financed by locally-determined charges. (Subject to outcome of consultation.)		Commitments Announcement July 1984 of intention to consult before legislation; consultation paper Nov 1984. PAC and Environment Select C'ttee have urged action to end loss to Exchequer. Controversy LAS likely to welcome. Other groups accept need for change but some advocate abolition of licensing and others increased fee. Controversial inside and outside Parliament, but on cross-Party lines. Attitude of Official Opposition uncertain.		Financial and manpower Will save about £3.7m a year. New LA schemes will be self-financing. Possible small increase in LA manpower. No EC implications.	consultation

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEP	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
CORPORATION (OVERSEAS SUBSIDIARIES) Enable CDC to establish overseas subsidiary which ould both borrow and lend o more than one country verseas (borrowing would ot count as public spending from 1987/88). Might liso need to empower Treasury or guarantee borrowing by DC's subsidiaries.		No public commitments. If no legislation, CDC supporters will criticise Government for significant reduction in CDC's finances in 1987/88 Technical, uncontroversial politically and not likely to cause especial interest. However could be used by some Members as vehicle to criticise Government's aid policy.	Length Very short. Parliamentary procedure Would appear suitable for Second Reading Committee. Royal Assent No specific deadline proposed.	Financial From 1987/88 borrowings of subsidiary would not count towards PSBR. Manpower and EC Nil.	Policy To Cabinet Committee in spring 1985. Public consultation Not needed. Instructions To Parliamentary Counsel by June 1985. Introduction Beginning of Session.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
To implement social security reviews. Major reforms to structure and scope of retirement pensions, family benefits, supplementary benefit, housing benefit, occupational pensions including personal pensions, maternity and death benefits and national insurance contributions. May rely on enabling provisions.	DHSS	High political priority. Last opportunity to implement substantial SS changes in this Parliament. Aim of legisl in 1985/86 is publicly known. Controversy Considerable interest in Parliament including in Lords, and among various pressure groups. Opposition's attitude will depend on final proposals. But can be expected to oppose at least some of Bill. General level of controversy depends on final proposals.	Royal Assent before summer recess 1986 will be essential or very desirable, depending on whether Nov 86 or April 87 set for implementation.	Financial and man- power implications will depend on final proposals. EC no significant implications.	Policy Aim MISC 111 outline approval Feb 85. Public consult— ation Green Paper March. Comments by early June. (White Paper late Detailed policy approval as necess between Easter and July. Instructions April to July. Preparation can overlap with comment period for White/Green Paper. Introduction Aim start of session

To improve control of GB expenditure on the Family Practitioner Services (FPS) by eg controlling numbers of and fixing retirement age for doctors and dentists. May include immigration controls. Plus consequential and other minor amendments in FPS legislation; and possibly other health service changes. [Both scope and timing depend on Ministerial decisions] High political priority if Ministers decide to go ahead. No public commitment yet but policy statement likely in Green Paper. Controversy Main provisions controversial politically and generally, as potentially reducing growth in FPS expenditure. Opposition likely from medical profession to main Description of the priority if Ministers decide to go ahead. No public commitment yet but policy statement procedure. Schedules. Parliamentary procedure Manpower Description Main aim probably value for money, but should save public expenditure. Parliamentary procedure Not suitable for special procedure. Description Descr	TITLE AND PURPOSE	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
Green Paper projected for first part of 1985] others.	To improve control of GB expenditure on the Family Practitioner Services (FPS) by eg controlling numbers of and fixing retirement age for doctors and dentists. May include immigration controls. Plus consequential and other minor amendments in FPS legislation; and possibly other health service changes. Both scope and timing depend on Ministerial decisions about scope and content of Green Paper projected for	Outline policy approval to be

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
i. To implement Warnock Report. Includes licensing authority for research on human embryos; making unauthorised use and handling of human embryos beyond 14 days a criminal offence; regulating trans-species fertilisation; regulating sale or purchase of human sperm, embryos etc; outlawing commercial surrogacy. Criminal sanctions recommended. ii. Legitimise children resulting from AID (Law Commission) and in vitro fertilisation, [Cover ownership of embryos] [Commercial surrogacy may be dealt with in 1984/85]	DHSS	Commitments No public commitment but pressure from all sides and strong Ministerial indication of early legisl. Controversy Highly controversial. Pressures from wide spectrum of opinion. Strong opposition to embryo research from some Govt backbenchers, churches and 'pro-life' lobby. Pressure for free vote. Official Opposition likely to support Warnock principles.	Length Medium Parliamentary procedure Might be suitable for introduction in Lords. Possible free votes. Special Standing Committee not suitable. (Warnock took evidence; positions fairly fixed; would slow down) Royal Assent desirable by end July 1986 to allow early controls.	departments; PES provisions to be made. Manpower Possibly 15 part-time licensing authority members; c.8-10 Departmental support staff.	Policy clearance March/April. Public consult- ation Warnock has considered fully. Instructions late May/early June. Introduction at beginning of session.

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
38. ANIMALS (SCIENTIFIC) PROCEDURES To replace and extend existing 1876 controls over scientific procedures on living animals in the UK, introducing a dual licensing system, for practitioners and projects, and establishing a statutory advisory committee. Likely to control rather than significantly reduce experimentation.		Commitments Manifesto commitment 1979. White Paper commitment 1983 to legislation asap; repeated periodically. Controversy Highly controversial. Opposition front bench will not resist; but strong constituency interest for most MPs and Lords will be very interested. Strong objections from anti-vivisection lobby; some pressure for legislation from science and industry and moderate animal welfare interests.	Length Medium to substantial Parliamentary procedure A possible for introduction in House of Lords, where amendment is most likely. Not suitable for Private Member or Special Standing Committee (issues fairly clear; strong opposing lobbies) Royal Assent No special considerations	Financial Treasury consulted. Costs of licensing system (£2 million per annum) to be met by fees; Govt Departments concerned to make appropriate PES provision. Manpower Small increase in Inspectorate and administrative staff; costs to be met by fees. EC Nil	Main policy approved by II April 1985. Details to II early March 1985 Main consultation complete; supplementary document, large informative, by mid-March. Instructions by end April/early May. Introduction early Nov 1985.
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GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

CATEGORY OF BILL: Programme

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
(i) To repeal provisions of the Shops Acts 1950, 1962 and 1965 in England, Wales and Scotland, eg covering shop workers' mealtimes, hours and conditions of work, and late night and Sunday opening. (ii) [Might substitute new protection for young people; recommended by Auld but not hitherto favoured by Government]	но	No formal commitments yet, but in Oct 1984 Gövt - appointed Auld Committee recommended removal of statutory restrictions on shop opening hours and special provisions for shop workers. Controversy Likely to be popular with public; resisted by some trades unions and large and small retailers; but supported by other retailers and probably catering and leisure industries. Some controv in Parlt not necess on Party lines. Opposition will make much of possible job losses. Will involve Sunday observance issues.	Length Very short or short, depending on whether introduces new protection for young people. Parliamentary procedure Not suitable for Private Members or special Committees. Strength of Commons interest suggests introduction there; but could start in Lords. Timing No specific requirement; but early implementation desirable because some shopkeepers are already 'jumping the gun' on Sunday trading.	Financial Auld Committee believe no financial implications for local authorities. Manpower No net change. EC No implications.	Policy (i) approved by H 16.1.85 (ii) to resolve asap. Public consultation Complete. Instructions (i) ready by end March. (ii) Asap after policy settled. Introduction November 1985.

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEP	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
To improve working of CJ system and provide for rictims of crime through: i) increases in maximum enalties for certain fire-rm and corruption offences ii) powers to confiscate roceeds of crime iii) powers to order eparation by offenders iv) a statutory criminal njuries compensation cheme. Might also include: v) community service for ine defaulters vi) limited redistribution f court business vii) extradition viii) overstaying by mmigrants (see also Bill 3.)]	но	Commitments Legislation on items (i), (ii) and (iv) has been promised during this Parliament. Controversy None in principle. (i) and (ii) politically attractive, especially to Govt supporters. Scope for argument (not least in Lords) over details.	Length Substantial Parliamentary procedure suitable for introduction in Lords. Royal Assent No special timing considerations.	Financial Item (i) would have no significant imp- lications. Expend- iture implications of other items being worked out in current consideration of policy. Manpower As above. EC None.	(viii) already prepared. Policy (i) and (ii) announced at Conservative Party Conference Further consultation on (ii) with H Feb. (iii to (vi) before Easter; (vii) outline approved H Jan, detail May. Public consultation on (iv) and Green Paper on (vii) in Feb; on othe White Paper probably Feb in viting comments by Easter Instructions Most by end May (iv) and (vii) by end August. Introduction Mid-November

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

CATEGORY OF BILL: Programme

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GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
42. CIVIL DEFENCE (PEACETIME EMERGENCIES) To enable local authorities to use their civil defence resources in peacetime emergencies and disasters (ie unconnected with any form of attack by foreign power). (Also proposed as a Private Member handout Bill, though not taken up in		Commitment in Manifesto. Controversy Opposition may use as a vehicle for anti-civil defence statements, but should not oppose Bill as they are in favour of contingency planning for peacetime disasters. Civil defence interests support the Bill.	Length Very short. Parliamentary procedure If not taken up by Member in Ballot it would not be approproate for Second Reading Committee in present climate. Timing of Royal Assent No special considerations	None	Policy Approved by H 1984. Public consultation Not necessary Instructions have been issue to Parliamentar Counsel.
984/85)					Introduction Beginning of Session.
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GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

CATEGORY OF BILL: Programme

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
43. IMMIGRATION OFFENCES (AMENDMENT)	НО	Commitments None	Length Very short.	None	Policy Approved by H
To close a loophole in enforcement of the immigration control by making the offence of overstaying a continuing one. (A House of Lords		Controversy Likely to be opposed by immigration lobby	Parliamentary procedure Suitable for introduction in the Lords. Timing of Royal Assent No special considerations.		Public consult- ation Not necessary.
judgment has made it impracticable to prosecute many people who overstay their leave to remain in the UK.)			No special considerations.		Bill drafted, ready for introduction at beginning of Session.
(Also proposed as a possible component of Criminal Justice Bill, No 40, and alternatively as a Private Member handout Bill. As such it was introduced in 1983/84 but blocked, and was not taken up in 1984/85.)					
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TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
44. CRIMINAL TRESPASS To create a new offence of knowingly trespassing on residential premises without reasonable excuse. (Also proposed as a Private Member handout Bill)		Pressure Considerable pressure, including from the Government's own supporters, to extend the criminal law to protect people in their homes from intruders. Controversy The Bill may attract criticism as a departure from the tradition that trespass is normally dealt with at civil law, and on the grounds that a new offence has not been shown to be necessary.	Length Short. Parliamentary procedure Suitable for introduction in the Lords and perhaps Second Reading Committee procedure. Timing No special timing considerations.	None	Policy Approved by H on 1.11.83. Public consultation Not necessary Bill drafted, ready for introduction at beginning of Session.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

CATEGORY OF BILL: Programme

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
45. PUBLIC TRUSTEE AND FUNDS ADMINISTRATION (i) To pave the way for a single office to replace the courts and various offices within the Lord Chancellor's Department in administering private estates, funds and trusts. (ii) To relieve the Public Trustee of some of his statutory obligations under the Public Trustee Act 1906. (iii) To transfer the function of managing (as opposed to protecting) the estates of mental patients from the Court of Protection to the new unified office. [Now proposed for 'uncontroversial' category.]	LCD	Commitments No public commitments or statements made yet. Controversy Not of general public interst. Opposition's interest will depend on detail eg whether Public Trustee withdraws from management of Parliamentary and other pension funds; but not likely to object to overall purpose. On (iii), MIND (the National Association for Mental Health) has criticised the Court of Protection in the past and is unlikely to oppose main purpose. But long title will need to be carefully drawn to minimise attempts to use the Bill as a vehicle for implementing their ideas.	Length Short. Parliamentary procedure Suitable for introduction in the Lords. Possibly suitable for Second Reading Committee, depending on attitude of Opposition (see under "Political Aspects"). Not suitable for Private Member since the Bill is concerned with the machinery of government. Royal Assent No special considerations.	not at present quantifiable.	Policy H Committee approval will be sought in February 1985. Public consult- ation No general consultation needed. Judiciar would be consult- ed briefly just before introd- uction. Instructions Ready for delivery April 1985. Introduction Beginning of session.

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
To implement Law Reform Committee Report on Limitation of Actions in Negligence Cases involving Latent Damage. Extends imitation period by 3 years fter discovery of actual amage, but introduces total ar 15 years from initial breach of duty. Overs both building and construction and professional dvice eg on wills and nvestments.		Controversy Hard to measure. Favourable initial reaction from consumers' point of view. Pressure may come from building and construction industries. Proposals represent a compromise which may prove acceptable.	Length Short. Parliamentary procedure Suitable for introduction in the Lords. Possibly suitable for Second Reading Committee depending on attitude of official Opposition. Timing of Royal Assent No special considerations.	greater certainty of the law. EC No implications.	Public consultation Dec 1984 to Mar 1985. Departmental Ministers to reach decisions around Easter. Policy To H Committee May 1985. Instructions End June 1985 (though hope earlier). Introduction Early in session

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

CATEGORY OF BILL: Programme

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
To implement Law Commission recommendations. Would create a statutory tort of breach of confidence in place of existing common law provisions. To encompass disclosure of unlawfully obtained information, treating it as having been imparted in confidence.	LCD	Bill not highly controversial in itself. But could attract controversial amendments eg on official secrets and industrial espionage.	Length Medium. Parliamentary procedure Possibly suitable for introduction in the Lords: Timing of Royal Assent No special considerations.	None	Consultation By Law Commission when preparing report. Policy To H Committee March 1985. Instructions Draft prepared by Law Commission Any supplementary instructions by May 1985.
					Introduction Beginning of session.

CATEGORY OF BILL:

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
48. NORTHERN IRELAND (EMERGENCY PROVISIONS) (AMENDMENT) To make civil rights changes in the EPA 1978 in light of April 1984 review by Sir George Baker and of decrease in violence. In particular to consolidate police arrest power, cutting custody to 48hrs, S of S power to extend 5 days. Test of reasonableness for army and RUC search and arrest. Improve compensation system. More cases triable by jury. Tests for granting bail. [Remove power of detention without legal process].		Commitments General expectation that Govt will act on Baker as soon as possible. International obligations (UN and European Convention on Human Rights) to remove special powers as normal conditions return. Controversy Official Opposition, civil rights group and those critical of Govt NI policie disappointed that Baker not more liberal, and that Govt are delaying. Likely to propose large number of amendments. Some Govt backbenchers and Unionists likely to criticise Govt for weakening measures to counter terrorism. Lords interest from Peers concerned with NI and civil rights.	Royal Assent desirable before July 1986 to avoid need for concurrent debate on further 6 monthly Order to renew the		Policy H corresp due Feb/March 1985. Public consultation Not needed following Baker. Propose state intentions at July renewal of EPA order. Instructions Basically amendments to present statutes. Aim end April. Introduction Nov 1985 (so that Second Reading could coincide with early Dec 1985 debate on order to renew EPA 1978).

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
49. MUSEUM OF LONDON (AMENDMENT) To divide GLC's present responsibilities for funding Museum equally between Government and City of London; and one or two incidental provisions including objectives for the Museum. [The 1984/85 Local Govt Bill currently provides for \$\frac{2}{3}\$ Govt and \$\frac{1}{3}\$ City financing. To be separate Bill because of potential bybridity.]	OAL	Informal commitments to the City and the Museum. Should be uncontroversial once the Local Govt Bill has become law, since the only parties affected (Government, City and Museum) all agree; but will be a hangover of 1984/85 Bill to abolish GLC.	Length Short. Parliamentary Procedure Could be suitable for Lords introduction and Second Reading Committee. Not suitable for Private Member. Potentially hybrid Royal Assent By 1 April 1986 (otherwise Government becomes responsible for whole of present GLC contribution, for which there is no provision)	Expenditure. Saves £0.8m per annum Government expenditure (ie one-half of GLC's share). No manpower or EC aspects.	Policy approved by MISC 95 in 1984, in context of Local Govt Bill. No public consultation needed. Instructions by early April 1985 (they depend on discussions on 1984/85 Bill) Introduction At beginning of Session.

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
(i) Tenants rights/right to buy. Extend RTB to housing association and regional council tenants; give public sector tenants a right to shared ownership; SofS directions to LAs re conditions attached to rates; cost floor rules on sale price of modernised houses; general tidying up. (ii) Privatisation of public sector stock etc. Enable LA to repossess rented house; enable housing associations to build for sale; facilitate joint venture schemes between developers and LAs; disposal of surplus houses to private	SO		Length Substantial. Parliamentary procedure Not suitable for Lords introduction or Scottish Standing Committee. Royal Assent No specific time constraint.	EC Nil.	Policy Due H March-May. Consultation Feb to April. Instructions in instalments April onwards. Introduction Nov 85.
sector and transfers to community co-operatives. (iii) Tenants rights in public some succession; rationalise/external allocation rules must satisfy. (iv) Miscellaneous. Right of approximation and successions.	nd requ	nirements which LA			
housing of homeless people, rati and housing association provision	onalise				1
[Stands independently from Engla Partly to catch up with previous right to buy and tenant successi	Englar	Wales Housing Bill - No 27. nd and Wales changes, eg on			

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

CATEGORY OF BILL: Programme

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
51. LEGAL AID (SCOTLAND) To rationalise existing criminal and civil legal aid arrangements in Scotland by integrating admin within single non-departmental public body (NDPB), improving control and accountability.	S0	No public commitments. Controversy May attract opposition from those who object to closer scrutiny of public expenditure or who fear reduction in availability of legal aid.	Length Substantial. Parliamentary procedure Introduction in Commons preferable. Suitable for Scottish Grand Committee. Royal Assent No specific deadline.	Financial Additional cost of establishing NDPB offset partly by savings in transfer from Law Society. Tighter control of criminal legal aid likely to generate around £2 million savings. Increase in NDPB manpower, but transfer to it of financial assessment function will reduce civil service numbers.	Policy Aim H Feb 1985. Consultation document may be needed early 1985. Instruction Can be started in spring. Introduction Aim Dec 1985 but may prove difficult.
				EC None.	

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TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
52. LAW REFORM (PARENT AND CHILD) (SCOTLAND) To implement SLC Report on Illegitimacy re consequences of birth out of wedlock, rights and duties of parents, determination of parentage and law of guardianship.		Non-controversial politically. Support for implementation, particularly from Scottish Council for Single Parents. No public commitments	Length: Medium Parl Procedure Suitable for introduction in Commons or Lords and perhaps for Second Reading in Scottish Grand Committee. Not suitable for private member.	No EC implications.	Policy H clearance sought 25.1.85 Draft Bill prepared by SLC of most aspects, but some amendment will be required. Instructions April/May Introduction at beginning of session.
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GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

CATEGORY OF BILL: Programme

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COVEDAMENT DILLS PROPOSED FOR 1085/86

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOI PREPARATION
54. EDUCATION (MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS) (SCOTLAND) Miscellaneous Scottish educational changes. In particular – 1. Merge Scottish Vocat Educ Council and Scottish Exam Board ii. Provide for commercial activities in FE Colleges.		Commitments None Controversy Several items could be very controversial eg ix. and be opposed by supporters of teachers associations etc.	Length: Medium Parl Procedure Suitable for introduction in either House Royal Assent No specific deadline	Financial viii. would involve authorities in additional expenditure if significant increase in number of school councils were recommended. xi. in theory, PES provision could be reduced if charging for nursery education were allowed; and increased if charging for muscial instrument tuition were restricted. Manpower No significant implications, except	Consultations complete on (i) to (viii); not needed on the rest. Policy H approval to be sought by Mar/April 1985. Instructions May 1985
rii. Prevent automatic provisional registration of independent schools. Iv. Amend Education (Scotland) Act 1980, esp respecial educational needs. Iv. Remove or modify sumbersome procedures for dismissal of teachers. (No corresponding English provision; employment procection legisl seems sufficient for teachers.) Iv. Transfer minor capital grants for village halls etc to Scottish community Education Councils SCEC).	ni fi	ational voluntary bodies or recreational, sporting and social activities and activities. iii. Possible follow-un to chool Councils consultative aper. c. Clarify rights of oman Catholic Hierarchy to pprove teaching appointments	xiv. Remove "tenure" from the remit of the SJNC(FE). xv. Raise £500 limit for		Mar/April 1985.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

CATEGORY OF BILL: Programme

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
55. DISPOSAL OF LAND SETTLEMENT ESTATES i. To allow disposal of estates acquired for land settlement purposes. ii. To repeal provisions on powers of entry.	SO	Commitments None for i. General commitment to ii. by PM in House. Controversy i. May arouse some controversy. Opposition likely to resist; SNFU and Crofters Commission to be neutral; crofting community to oppose strongly. ii. Should not be controversial, although could be criticised as whittling away small-holding legislation by backdoor.	Length: Short Parliamentary procedure Suitable for Lords introduction and possibly Scottish Grand Committee. Royal Assent Desirable by end of 1985/86 session to enable complete disposal to proceed.	Disposal of the estates will bring in approx £4m over 10 years. Manpower Savings of 12 civil service posts when all estates are disposed of. EC	Policy H Committee early 1985 Public Consultation None proposed Instructions Probably early May. Introduction Early November.

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TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
56. FINANCIAL SERVICES	DTI	<u>Commitments</u>	Length:	Financial	Policy
To replace Prevention of Fraud (Investments) Act 1958 and the prospectus provisions of the Companies Act 1948; provide new statutory frame- pork governing authorisations to carry on "investment rusiness"; regulate persons tarrying on such business; and related purposes including the authorisation of unit trust schemes, restrictions on circulars, and criminal/civil sanctions. ALREADY GRANTED PLACE IN 1985/86]		No firm ones, but public and parliamentary expectations: and Ministers have publicly hoped for legislation in 1985/86. Gower Report recommending legislation published in Jan 1984. Controversy Should be generally well received. But constitutional issues, legal complexities of interest to Lords and complaints of insufficient accountability for regulating bodies. Pressure groups will urge varying means of achieving objectives. No section of EC wholly for or against.	Parliamentary procedure Not suitable for or requiring any special procedure. Royal Assent Not necessary before 1 January 1987 but desirable earlier to provide maximum "running in".	Manpower Likely to require increase in enforcement staff but should be offset by savings elsewhere. EC Not required to fulfil any existing commitments but might avoid need for separate legislation to implement foreseen ones.	Paper 29.1.85 . Instructions Bulk by end Feb.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
(i) Safety of Goods Impose on suppliers special duty to ensure goods safe in accordance with sound modern standards. Strengthen powers of enforcement on manufacturers and importers and clarify their responsibilities. Empower enforcement officers to seize or freeze goods believed unsafe. Enable Customs & Excise to transmit information to enforcement authorities, and enable latter to seize goods at ports. Amend H & Saf Work Act accordingly and in light of experience. Other minor amendments and repeals. (ii) False and misleading price indications To make legisl. simpler and more effective. New general prohibition on false or misleading price indications, with criminal sanction Also powers for S of S to draup statutory code of practiand/or make regulations.	nb.	(i) Commitments Review of consumer safety legisl. announced 1981. Widespread concern about weaknesses re dangerous goods. Pressure from consumer lobby and LAs; further delay highly embar- rassing. Controversy Expected to be well received in both Houses and generally by Opposition. Criticisms that insufficient to protect the consumer. Appeal to most sectors of the community with the possible exception of importers. (ii) Govt. has announced intention to proceed but no actual commitment. Political controversy un- likely, but may be resisted by certain sectors of retai trade if feel that marketing freedom is threatened. Both (i) and (ii) would help to implement report on Scrutiny of Legislative and Administrative Burden	e	None n.	Public consultation completed in 1984. Policy on (i) cleared E(A) on 27.11.84 (ii) cleared H 4.2.85. Instructions end March. Introduction at start of session

and Administrative Burdens.

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GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
58. BRITISH TECHNOLOGY GROUP Allow winding up of NEB and vesting of remaining securities in BTG, which will be legally constituted as successor to NEB and NRDC. Secast NRDC powers and unctions in form appropriate to BTG's current role. Take lowers to permit rivatisation of BTG at some uture date.		No public commitments Controversy Winding up likely to be opposed by Labour Oppostion. Recasting NRDC powers should not be controversial, but powers to permit BTG privatisation will be.	Length: Medium No special Parliamentary procedure appropriate. Royal Assent By end of session.	Not significant.	Policy Aim April Instructions end June Introduction Could be early isession, but advantage in later introd.
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GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

CATEGORY OF BILL: Programme

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
i. Major marine pilotage reorganisation; abolition of Pilotage Commission and 55 pilotage authorities. ii. Modernise registration of merchant ships and bring registration of ships in Dependent Territories under proper control. iii. Replace receiver of wreck service by up to date provisions. iv. Miscellaneous amendments to merchant shipping legislation to save money and resources.	DTp	i. Has high political priority: admin of pilotage law is extremely difficult and contentious, and imposes unnecessary costs on shipping industry. Controversy i. Likely to be warmly supported by shipping and port industries, who are anxious for reform. Possibly controversial but not in party political terms; opposition likely from some pilots. ii. to iv uncontroversial.	Length: Long i. 25 clauses iiiv. 35 clauses Parliamentary procedure Ordinary Royal Assent No deadline but desirable Spring 1986: existing legislation on pilotage virtually unworkable.	Financial and manpower i. offers long term savings to shipowners. ii. to iv. will allow about 25 staff savings and modest financial savings. No EC aspects.	i: Public consultation Mid Dec 84-mid Feb 1985. Policy End April. Instructions End June. Introduction Nov. ii. to iv: consultation completed and instructions ready.

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TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEP	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
AND GOODS VEHICLE OPERATORS (i) To strengthen enforcement of Vehicle Excise Duty (VED), enabling police to impound unlicensed cars and requiring penalties of 6 months each duty. Improve administration of vehicle trade and first licensing, and ermit sale of registration numbers. (ii) To simplify, clarify and consolidate legislation on licensing operators of goods vehicles; including unlimited period of validity for licences. (ii) above might be taken as an uncontroversial Bill.]	DTp	(i) Enforcement proposals represent Govt's response to PAC report and public concern. Likely to revive debate on VED abolition (decision of Labour Govt 1978). Major proposals raise controversial legal and constitutional issues. (ii) Mainly uncontroversial but unlimited licenses may raise arguments.	Lenth: Long (i) 15-20 clauses (ii) 30-35 clauses Parliamentary procedures Unsuitable for special procedures. Some of VED provisions would be suitable for Finance Bill. Royal Assent No particular target date.	Manpower (i) Enforcement proposals carry implications for police (maximum 100), Dtp/Police support (maximum 150) and courts a (maximum 12) Financial Cost of £5m pa will be more than offset by revenue from fees and duty collected. (ii) Significant manpower savings in DTp, reduced administrative burden on industry.	Policy on (i) by April 1985; (ii) earlier. Public consultation None proposed. Instructions June-July 1985; Introduction January 1986.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

CATEGORY OF BILL: Programme

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
i. To restructure or introduce private capital into British Airports Authority (BAA). ii. To require local authorities owning airports with turnover of more than £1m to convert them into companies. [Item vi of the Nationalised Industries Bill - no 63 - would provide power to privatise individual BAA airports]	DTp	Publicly stated intention on i. and, possibly, ii. Manifesto statement-convert as many airports as possible into companies. International interest ensuing from obligation under international convention and treaties. Controversy Controversy Controversial, extent depending on proposals. Official Opposition to resist. Considerable Parliamentary interest expected. Scottish dimension. Unpopular with LAs.	Length: medium (depending on whether Nationalised Industries Bill, no 63, in programme) Parliamentary procedure Normal Royal Assent Desirable by Sept 1986 to allow initial reconstruction before end 1986/87.	Financial Proceeds of any sale to Exchequer in 1986/87. Manpower and EC None identified.	Policy May 1985 Public consultati White Paper Summer 1985. Instructions July 1985 Introduction December 1985.

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CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEP	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
62. BUILDING SOCIETIES To amend Building Soceities BS) legislation as proposed n Green Paper "Building ocieties: a New Framework". ALREADY GIVEN PLACE IN 085/86]	НМТ	Commitments Have been various public statements that Govt hope to legislate in 1985-86. Controversy Will be welcomed by BS movement, and general objective of extending BS powers commends widespread support. But particular proposals may be opposed by interest groups affected by new competition: eg solicitors, estate agents, sub-postmasters. No indications yet of likely attitudes of Opposition parties, but Labour may object in general to move towards financial conglomerates.	Length: Long Parliamentary procedure No special procedure. Unsuitable for handing to Private Member or Second Reading Committee. Unlikely to be suitable for introductionin Lords. Royal Assent by end of Session; but important for Ministerial workload that Bill through Commons before Finance Bill starts	Financial and manpower Some increase in manpower at Registry of Friendly Societies but cost more than offset by proposed power to charge for prudential supervision. EC Will consolidate into primary legislation requirements of First Credit Institutions Directive (currently in Regulations under EC Act). Will need to take account of position on a Mortgage Credit Directive proposed by the Commission	Public consultation already on Green Paper. Policy due ES late Feb 1985. Instructions First instalment delivered; remainder in instalments by April. Introduction beginning of Session.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

CATEGORY OF BILL: Programme

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
63. NATIONALISED INDUSTRIES To consolidate and modernise aspects of NI statutes. i. extension of coverage of borrowing limits and powers ii. comprehensive powers	HMT	Commitments Public commitments to legislate. Will assist implement Manifesto commitments on privatisation and requiring NIs to work to clear guide-lines.	Length: Medium, with extensive schedules. Parliamentary procedure Normal, Need for sponsor Departments to be	None.	Consultation To be completed Feb. Policy After consultation To E(NI) early March. Approval for
over accounts and reports. iii. powers to set statutory financial targets. iv. powers to restructure balance sheets; consolidate existing powers over reserves. v. more flexible but consistent provisions on terms of appointment of Board members.		As a whole, controversial politically with Official Opposition opposing vi. especially. NI Chairmen have expressed overall opposition but may modify during further consultations.	Royal Assent No specific target date, but needs to be through Commons before Finance Bill starts.		vii, now being sought. Instructions in March/April, for revision of clauses on (i) to (vi) already drafted by Counse. Introduction At very beginning session is essential.
vi. allow general restructuring, introduction of private capital and sale of assets and activities. (Could be used to privatise part of an NI). vii. amend of Nationalised Industry Consumer Council (NICC) legislation in conformity with 1982 Strategy for Reform.					essential.

TITLE AND PURPOSE DEPT POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
AND FURTHER EDUCATION UNIT (GRANTS) To enable S of S to pay grant-in-aid to Fellowship of Engineering (from the Science Vote) and Further Education mit. Nould replace current use of Expropriation Acts, which Preasury object to as a Dermanent arrangement. Hight form part of another Edill.	Length - very short Parliamentary procedure Normal Royal Assent No special requirement.	None None	Policy Consultation not needed. Public consultation None needed Instructions early 1985 as necessary. Introduction November 1985

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

CATEGORY OF BILL: Uncontroversial

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
(i) Remove need for S of S to authorise NCB opencast mining and his power subsequently to grant deemed planning permission (thereby transferring planning responsibilities to the normal minerals planning authorities (ii) Retain for max. 5 years existing system of compulsory rights orders which enable NCB to gain access to land in cases where the owner or tenant would not otherwise agree.)	Commitments in June 1983 Govt response to report on coal and the environment of the Commission on Energy and the Environment (CNE); and also in the Conservative election manifesto. Controversy (i) Main pressure for action has come from LA assocs and groups and individuals affected by opencast working. Proposals did not excite controversy when CNE Report was debated in the Commons and Lords (ii) Retention of compulsory rights orders system could be opposed by Government's own side, particularly in the Lords.	Length Short Parliamentary Procedure Suitable for introduction in the Lords Royal Assent No special considerations	Small manpower savings in D/Energy Financial and EC None identified	Policy (i) approved 5 May 1983 by the Prime Minister (ii) agreed in S of S Energy and S of S Environment corresp. early 1983. Public consultation All interested parties consulted July 1984. Instructions sent June 1984 Introduction early in session

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
65. SUPERANNUATION (BRITISH COUNCIL AND COMMONWEALTH INSTITUTE PENSIONS) ACT (AMENDMENT) To bring pensions for BC and CI staff within the Civil Service Pension Scheme.	Con- Admi No of Trad cons wors Supp	public commitments yet. troversy in reform. opposition foreseen. des Unions not yet sulted; but no sening of terms. orters of BC and CI cted to approve.	Length Very short. Parliamentary procedure Suitable for Second Reading Committee. Not suitable for introduction in Lords or by a Private Member because of financial character. Royal Assent Early enactment desirable because investment decisions for the pension funds are prejudiced by delay.	Financial No net effect. Value of pension funds would be paid to Exchequer; future pensions paid from public funds; and the institutions would contribute annually from their FCO grants-in-aid. Manpower No increase in civil service manpower. Some saving to the organisations. EC None.	Policy Due March 1985. Instructions April 1985 Consultation with Unions etc. complete by July 1985. Introduction November 1985

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

CATEGORY OF BILL:

Uncontroversial

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
66. IRISH SAILORS' AND SOLDIERS LAND TRUST (WINDING UP) Authorise Trust to repay monies invested by HMG and N Ireland and Eire Governments to distribute future surpluses and to wind up once last house sold. (The Trust has now fulfilled its purpose of housing servicemen from 1914-1918 War.)	FCO	Commitments Final decisions not yet taken by respective governments. Controversy Once parties to decision agree, no grounds for controversy.	Length Short. Parliamentary procedure Suitable for Second Reading Committee. Royal Assent No specific deadline.	Financial Of the £5m capital, refunds of £1.6m to UK and £0.7m to Eire are proposed. Until remaining houses sold, Trust's expected surplus of £100,000 pa to be divided on a basis not decided. No manpower or EC aspects.	Discussions between Governments and with Trustees in progress. Winding up agreed in principle, discussion of details continuing. Policy possibly June. Instructions August.

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
67. INTOXICATING SUBSTANCES (SUPPLY) To make it an offence to supply intoxicating substances to young persons for the purpose of inhalation (glue sniffing). (Also proposed as a Private Member handout Bill. As such, has been taken up in 1984/85).	но	Not controversial. Widespread support for proposals. Some would like to see them go further.	Length Very short. Parliamentary procedure Suitable for Lords introduction and Second Reading Committee. Royal Assent No special timing considerations.	Financial Minimal implications for police arising from enforcement. No manpower or EC implications.	Policy Approved by H 1984. Public consultation Not necessary. Bill drafted, ready for introduction at beginning of Session.
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GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

CATEGORY OF BILL: Uncontroversial

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
To penalise kerb crawling: the soliciting of women by men for the purpose of prostitution (or for any sexual purpose if the woman is put in fear) Based on recommendations by Criminal Law Revision Committee. (Also proposed as a Private Member handout Bill, and taken up in 1984/85)		Members on both sides of the House would welcome measures to deal with kerb crawling.	Length Short. Parliamentary procedure Suitable for Lords introduction and Second Reading Committee Royal Assent No special timing considerations.	None	Policy Approved by H 1984. Public consultation No necessary. Bill drafted, ready for introduction at beginning of Session.

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEP	POLITICAL ASPECTS ,	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
69. FAMILY AND MATRIMONIAL (MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS) To implement 3 Law Commission Reports: (i) Child Custody Conflicts (to be published shortly). Complements current Bill on international child abduction by providing for mutual recognition and enforcement of orders between UK jurisdictions. (ii) Declarations on Status. Simplifies the law on declaratory relief in cases of family status (eg legitimacy and adoption) affected by overseas marriages etc. (iii) Foreign Nullity Decrees. Repeals, replaces and expands the legislation on recognition of foreign matrimonial decrees.	LCD	All the provisions thought to be uncontroversial. Have attracted support in the legal profession.	Length Long: (i) 43 clauses, (ii) 12 clauses. (iii) 13 clauses. Parliamentary procedure Suitable for introduction in Lords and possibly for Second Reading Committee, depending on attitude of Opposition. Timing of Royal Assent No special consideration.	orders there. EC No implications.	when preparing

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

CATEGORY OF BILL: Uncontroversial

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
70. IAND REGISTRATION To implement Law Commission recommendations to simplify the Land Register with regard to leasehold registered land, eg by extending compulsory registration and abolishing minor interests index.	LCD	A completely uncontroversial step in the current programme of simplifying conveyancing.	Length Short Parliamentary procedure Suitable for introduction in the Lords and for Second Reading Committee. Timing of Royal Assent No special considerations	nationally. Will be absorbed within current land registry resources.	Consultation By Law Commission when preparing report. Policy To H Committee by end Feb 1985.
				EC No implications.	Instructions By April 1985. Already drafted by Law Commission minor amendments
					only may be required. Introduction Beginning of session
					Session

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
71. REGULATION OF ACTIVITIES IN OUTER SPACE Enactment in UK law of Treaty on Outer Space, Agreement on Rescue of Astronauts, Convention on International Liability for Damage caused by Space Objects, Convention on Registration of Objects launched into Outer Space. Will require private satellite owner to insure, and create licensing and supervisory framework.	DTI	Pressure Required before launch of British private satellite in 1987/88 to provide direct broadcasting TV service. Some international pressure for UK legislation now. Controversy Essentially apolitical, though may be used as excuse to discuss space policy in general.	Length: short Parliamentary procedure Could be introduced in Lords, and have Second Reading Committee. Royal Assent By end of session	Financial and manpower None likely. No EC commitment.	Consultation With advisory body Feb 1985. Policy March 1985. Instructions May 1985. Introduction Early in session.
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GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1985/86

CATEGORY OF BILL:

Uncontroversial

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
72. TRADE MARKS (CONSEQUENT-IAL AMENDMENTS) To amend references to trade marks in various existing Acts to take account of Trade Marks (Amendment) Act 1984.	DTI	Pressure Needs enactment before 1984 Act comes into force. Govt must implement it by 1.10.87 and is under pressure to do so earlier. Controversy No party political implications. Likely to have wide support, like 1984 Bill.	Length: Short or very short, with a very long schedule. Parliamentary procedure Could be combined with another short Bill of consequentials; but not aware of any candidates. Royal Assent: Any time in session.	None	Policy by end March No public consultation Instructions by end May Introduction early in session.

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TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
OLICE TO provide proper legal asis for Ministry of efence Police (MDP), and to odify relevant legislation ander which they operate including the Police and riminal Evidence Act 1984)	MOD	Pressure Need for legislation is long outstanding; now more critical due to changed threats to MOD establishments. Commons Defence Committee Report on Physical Security of Military Installations in the UK recommended legislation during the present Parliament. Controversy Not generally controversial but problems on particular issues eg with Opposition and CND re escorting of nuclear convoys.	Length Short (subject to the effects of the Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984, which is being examined). With a schedule of amendments/repeals. Parliamentary procedure No special procedure Royal Assent No specific deadline	None seen at present, but subject to outcome of Departmental review of MDP.	PREPARATION Policy Departmental review expected to report in summer 1985. Policy clearance November 1985. Public consultation None needed. Instructions January 1986 Introduction Beginning of 1986/87 session

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: Programme (1986/87)

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
74. CLEAN AIR To revise control of air pollution, and implement EC legislation. Includes atmospheric emissions from industry and elsewhere; provision of information to public about air quality; and amendment and updating of existing legislation, including nuisance provisions of Public Health Act 1936.	DOE	Commitments Govt committed in 1982 to review legisl. Delay has led to criticism from LAs and clean air pressure groups. Controversy Not controversial but will arouse great interest, particularly in Lords. Opinion split between LA and environmental interests on one hand and industry on the other, rather than on political lines. Should bring credit to the Government.	Length Substantial to long Parliamentary procedure Not suitable for special procedure. Royal Assent preferably by 30 June 1987 (see EC implications).	Finance and manpower uncertain. Subject to policy decisions. EC Will provide for implementation by 30 June 1987 of EC Directive requiring emissions from certain categories of works to receive prior approval. May also be needed to comply with Directive on lead in air and more stringent controls on sulphur dioxides and smoke.	Policy To E(A) or H in time for consultation end March to June/July. Detailed policy summer/autumn 1985. Instructions to Counsel end 1985

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TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
75. CHILD CARE To Codify law on care and protection of children (based on conclusions, due July 1985, f joint working party between fficials and Law Commission) and on day care. Essentially o improve and simplify xisting system, eg routes or taking into care, effect f orders.		Commitment WP follows July 1984 report of Select Committee on Social Services. Strong implication that space will be found in 1986/87 but no public commitment. Controversy Much professional and pressure group support for new legisl to simplify present confused statutes for parents, social workers and lawyers. Extent of controversy unclear at this stage. Need for Bill likely to be acknowledged in Parl; absence would be criticised and could intensify pressure for more radical changes including court jurisdiction. Some interest in Lords but main concern in Commons Opposition may press for universal free day care.	Length Substantial Parliamentary procedure Uncertain whether suitable for Second Reading Committee. A possible for Special Standing Committee, but Select Committee, Working Party and Government will have traversed ground. Suitable for Lords introduction. Royal Assent No specific deadline.	local authorities unclear at this	Public consultation on WP report Oct/Dec 1985. (Ministers first need to conside July report carefully.) Policy clearance Feb 1986. Instructions Working Party papers include analysis by Law Commission team Full instruction April 1986. Introduction beginning of 1986/87 session

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: Programme 1986/87

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
76. DILIGENCE (SCOTLAND) To reform law on enforcement of civil court decrees, principally for debt, broadly in line with SLC Report on Diligence (due mid 1985).	S0	Commitments Strong political pressure for reform. Govt has implicitly undertaken to implement asap. Manifesto for Scotland promises to reform law on warrant sales: 86-87 session last chance to fulfil. Controversy Likely to be welcomed but some controversy may be aroused by particular proposals.	Length Long Parliamentary procedure Suitable for introduction in Commons. Scottish Grand Committee procedure (possibly in Edinburgh) would be suitable. Royal Assent No specific deadline.	Financial and man- power Not known but not expected to be substantial. EC None	[If Report is available mid 198] Policy Uncertain Consultation by SLC. Further consultation needed, probably in summer/early autumn 1985. Instructions on any amendments early 1986 Introduction beginning of 86/87 session

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
i. Improvements in arrangements for land acquisition and noise insulation. ii. Improvements in Inquiry procedures (links with other types of Inquiry). ii. Pruning of unnecessary dmin procedures, saving ivil Service time.	DTp	Commitments Implicit in present Ministerial policy. (i) and (ii) are likely to be necessary for achieving desired road improvements in London and other urban areas. Controversy An inherently controversial subject, but i. likely to be welcomed as the price		AND EC ASPECTS Financial Any effects will depend on detailed proposals. But do not intend that they should be the basis of bids for additional resources. Manpower iii. to save Civil Service time.	PREPARATION Policy To H Committee in stages June to Nov 85 Public consultat as necessary shortly before H Committee. White Paper Nov/Dec 85
iv. Public Utilities Street Works Act reforms, to co-ordinate digging of noles in roads.		for ii.		EC None.	Instructions By January 1986. Introduction At start of 86/87 Session.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
Co reform law of Copyright, Designs and Performers' Protection.	DTI	Commitments Reform foreshadowed since 1973, and for some years Ministers have promised legislation asap Controversy Likely to be generally welcomed in both Houses. Some provisions controversial, but not on on party- lines. Groups representing copy- right interests as well as other bodies (eg Infor- mation Technology Advisory Panel) have been pressing for early legislation.	Length: long Parliamentary procedure Suitable for introduction in Lords. Royal Assent Could be at any time in session.	Financial Local government expenditure of about £50,000 per year. No DTI PES provision. Manpower Possibly 2 extra staff as secretariat for extended Copy- Right Tribunal. EC No current commitment. Commission may begin a harmonisation exercise on some aspects of copyright in 1985.	Public consultation Green Paper on a blank tape levy end Jan 1985. Consultation complete by May 1985. Policy by August 1985 Instructions by January 1986 Introduction beginning of 1986/87 session

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
To amend and update Banking Act 1979. Will reflect experience in administering it and subsequent developments in the EC; correct technical shortcomings; and make any changes emerging from current review of tenking supervision in hight of Johnson Matthey rescue (likely to finish by Spring 85).	ШМТ	Commitments No public commitment, but Chancellor has declared intention if necessary in light of review. Controversy Considerable political interest, though highly technical. Both sides of House likely to welcome as improvement in supervisory powers and techniques; Opposition may claim does not go far enough. Not known how banking sector will react.	Length Depends on outcome of review. Between 'short' and 'substantial': Parliamentary procedure If Bill is technical introduction in Lords may be advisable; but think this unlikely. Royal Assent No special considerations, but desirable to complete all Commons stages before Finance Bill starts.	Financial and manpower Should have no PSBR or manpower implications. EC Will accord fully with present EC legislation; and resolve doubts about conformity on several minor points.	Policy Probably autumn 1985. Public consultation White Paper Oct/ Nov 85. (Some prior informal consultation proposed.) Instructions 1st instalment end Jan 86; resi uncertain depending on outcome of inquiry and length of Bill. Introduction Beginning of 1986/87 session.

