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CABINET

LEGISLATIVE PROGRAMME 1986-87 AND 1987-88

Memorandum by the Lord President of the Council

The Queen's Speeches and Future Legislation Committee (QL) have now considered the proposals made by colleagues for the Bills to be included in next Session's legislative programme. Our recommendations are summarised at Annex A. A full list of the 55 bids for 1986-87 and the five bids for 1987-88 is at Annex B.

SIZE OF 1986-87 PROGRAMME

- 2. We were very conscious in making our choice that the 1986-87 Session could be affected by a General Election. If the Election were towards the end of the Session, we would hope to be able to salvage a good deal of the legislation then going through Parliament, and this would best be achieved by putting forward a component of solid, relatively non-controversial, measures which the Opposition would be prepared to facilitate. On the other hand, the programme clearly needs to reflect the ongoing thrust of Government policy, with no slackering of purpose.
- 3. The Committee believed that, in any event, it was essential to limit the size of next Session's programme in order to relieve the pressure on backbenchers. This Session is already showing the difficulties of getting through large volumes of legislation and, as a General Election approaches, Members of Parliament will be eager to spend more time in their constituencies. We cannot expect to continue to push through the large amount of legislation which has been a feature of the last two Sessions.
- 4. We therefore concluded that the 1986-87 programme should be limited to 27 Bills. This is significantly lower than in recent years, but there will also of course be the inevitable additions during the year. In addition, we were very conscious of the potential impact of the channel Fixed Link Bill. This is due to be introduced later this Session but, as a hybrid Bill, it can be carried over from one Session to the next and the indications are that it will use up substantial time in the 1986-87 Session.

CONTENT OF THE PROGRAMME

5. As always, QL looked for a balance between Bills which would further our policies, but which would prove very controversial; those which are worthy but not exciting; and those which are short and can be slipped into the crevices of a Parliamentary programme. We also looked for the usual balances between introductions in the House of Commons and the Lords, and between different Departments.

6. We started with the five Bills which had alredy secured advanced places as a result of Cabinet's decisions last year. These are Petroleum, Criminal Justice, Northern Ireland (Emergency Provisions) (Amendment), Copyright and Intellectual Property, and Banking. The second and last of these are essential for the furtherance of our social and economic policy aims and would be especially important in presenting the programme.

- 7. We draw particular attention to Water Authorities Privatisation, which will provide for a further substantial tranche of privatisation, and is therefore presentationally very significant. While we thought it right to put this Bill forward to maintain the momentum of this part of our policies, the Committee had a good deal of anxiety about it, because of its size and complexity and the risks of its passage and implementation becoming entangled in Election timing. Colleagues will recognise the strain a Bill of this size puts upon the programme, and the need for any necessary policy decisions to be taken as early as possible.
- 8. We have also included Local Government Finance (Reform) Scotland, which will build the framework for the new local government financial system in that country, and Local Government, which will reform the local authority capital control machinery and encourage contracting out in local government. In addition, we have included Fire Precautions and Crowd Safety, which will give effect to the recommendations of the Popplewell Inquiry; Broads, which will please the environmental lobby; and Consumer Goods and Services, which will please the consumer lobby.

UNSUCCESSFUL BIDS

9. We inevitably excluded many good candidates. Perhaps the most important are Industrial Relations, Child Care, Licensing (Amendment) and Dartford Crossing. On the first of these, which would remove the legal basis for the closed shop, we felt that the tide of industrial relations was now so much in our favour that it would be counter-productive to legislate again so quickly. Child Care is a very attractive Bill, but there are financial implications which have not yet been resolved, and it is a very long Bill both to draft and to take through Parliament. This is the sort of Bill which would be a good candidate for the 1987-88 Session. If it is not on the Statute Book by the General Election it should certainly feature in our Manifesto. Licensing (Amendment) has a great deal to commend it, but it will arouse some implacable opponents. We doubted if it would be wise to proceed with it so close to an Election and so soon after the Shops Bill. The provision of a new Dartford Crossing is certainly an important element in our road programme and legislation would

be necessary for any scheme which involved tolls as currently proposed. But the present position on the policy is not so clear as to encourage us to take a decision to include it at this stage.

1987-88 PROGRAMME

We considered the advance place bids for 1987-88 on the basis of our sual criteria, that large and complex Bills which require a considerable petrod of preparation benefit from having an assured place a year earlier than otherwise would have been the case. There is, of course, a particular problem with the 1987-88 Session, which must be the last year of the Parliament and will inevitably be truncated. Nevertheless, the advance place scheme will be of value, since even if the Session does not take place we will have in an advanced state of preparation Bills which could be introduced after the Election. Child care is a good example of a Bill which could either hope to secure rapid passage through Parliament in a truncated 1987-88 Session, or, if this did not prove possible, could feature in our Manifesto. But, on balance, the Committee felt that it would be preferable to put off taking decisions about the advance places until Cabinet has settled the shape of the 1986-87 programme. We are not making any recommendations, about advance places at this stage.

TIMETABLE

ll. Finally, I wish to emphasise the particular importance of ensuring that Bills are prepared and ready for introduction as soon as possible after the start of the next Session. We must attempt to deal with as much as possible of our programme in the earlier part of the Session, and this is especially true of the more controversial Bills. This means taking policy decisions as early as possible and being restrained in adding new subject matter to the bids accepted by Cabinet.

CONCLUSIONS

- 12. I therefore invite colleagues to
 - a. approve the list of Essential, Programme and Uncontroversial Bills at Annex A;
 - b. note the Contingent Bills listed in Appea B and agree that they should be brought forward if necessary;
 - c. note the Committee's view that up to five advance places should be given to Bills for the 1987-88 Session, but that these decisions should be taken in the context of Cabinet's decisions on the 1986-87 Session;

d. accept the need for all Departments rigorously to observe timetables for preparing the Bills for which they are responsible.

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Privy Council Office

24 February 1986

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BILLS PROPOSED FOR INCLUSION IN THE LEGISLATIVE PROGRAMME 1986-87

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)1. (D/En) Coal Industry Short

PROGRAMME

	(MOD) Ministry of Defence Police	Short
L	14. Petroleum	Medium
	16. (DOE) Water Authorities' Privatisation	Long
	17. (DOE) Local Government	Medium
	18. (DOE) Broads	Medium

L 20. (FCO) Diplomatic and Consular Premises Control Short
L 21. (FCO) Territorial Sea Short
22. (DHSS) Social Security Medium

26. (HO) Criminal Justice Long

L 27. (HO) Fire Precautions and Crowd Safety Substantial
L 30. (LCD) Family Law Reform Substantial

35. (NIO) Northern Ireland Emergency Provisions)

(Amendment) Medium

37. (LPS) Parliamentary Pensions

37. (LPS) Parliamentary Pensions Medium
38. (SO) Local Government Finance Reform (Scotland) Substantial

39. (SO) Debtors (Scotland)
40. (SO) Criminal Justice (Scotland)
41. (DTI) Consumer Goods and Services

41. (DTI) Consumer Goods and Services

42. (DTI) Copyright and Intellectual Property

Long

47. (HMT) Banking

Long

UNCONTROVERSIAL

33. (MPO) Parliamentary Commissioner (Extension of Jurisdiction)

49. (MAFF) Fisheries Amendment

49A.(DOE) Birmingham Olympics

L 51. (LCD) Recognition of Trusts

L 52. (LCD) Minors' Contracts

L 53. (LCD) Rights of Reverter

L 54. (PCO) Chevening Estate

Short

Long

Substantial

Sign

Short Short

Short

Short

Note: The numbers used are those identifying the Bill in Annex B'L' indicates that the Bill may be suitable for Lords introduction.

LEGISLATIVE PROGRAMME 1986/87

ESSENTIAL

1. (D/En) Coal Industry

CONTINGENT

- 2. (ECGD) Export Guarantees
- (DOE) Local Government (Commissioners)
- 4. (FCO) European Communities (Intergovernmental Conference)
- 5. (DTI) British Shipbuilders (Borrowing Powers)

PROGRAMME

- (MAFF) Flood Defence
- (MOD) Ministry of Defence Police
- (DES) Education (Corporal Punishment)
- (DES) Academic Tenure
- 10. (DES) Vocational Qualifications
- 11. (D/Emp) Industrial Relations
- 12. (D/Emp) Health and Safety at Work (Amendment)
- 13. (D/Emp) Work Permits (Charging)
- 14. (D/En) Petroleum
- 15. (DOE) Environment
- 16. (DOE) Water Authorities Privatisation
- 17. (DOE) Local Government
- 18. (DOE) Broads
- 19. (FCO) Crown Agents
- Premises Control
- 21. (FCO) Territorial Sea
- 22. (DHSS) Social Security
- 23. (DHSS) Child Care
- 24. (DHSS) Alleviation of Human 46. (D/Tp) Dartford Crossing Infertility
- 25. (DHSS) Health Services
- 26. (HO) Criminal Justice
- 27. (HO) Fire Precautions and Crowd Safety

PROGRAMME (Cont'd)

- 28. (HO) Civil Protection in Peacetime
- 29. (HO) Licensing (Amendment)
- 30. (LCD) Family Law Reform
- 31. (LCD) Breach of Confidence
- 32. (LCD) Land Registration
- 33. (MPO) Parliamentary Commissioner (Extension of Jurisdiction)
- 34. (MPO) Aliens (Employment) (Amendment)
- 35. (NIO) Northern Ireland (Emergency Provisions) (Amendment)
- 36. (OAL) Museums (Miscellaneous Provisions
- 37. (PCO) Parliamentary Pensions
- 38. (SO) Local Government Finance Reform (Scotland)
- 39. (SO) Debtors (Scotland)
- 40. (SO) Criminal Justice (Scotland)
- 41. (DTI) Consumer Goods and Services
- 20. (FCO) Diplomatic and Consular 42. (DTI) Copyright and Intellectual Property
 - 43: (DTI) Post Office
 - 44. (DTI) Companies (Audit)
 - 45. (D/Tp) Merchant Shipping

 - 47. (HMT) Banking
 - 48. (HMT) Customs and Excise Management (Powers)

UNCONTROVERSIAL

- 49 (MAFF) Fisheries Amendment
- 49a. (DOE) Olympic Games
- (Financial Indemnity) Bill (DHSS) Retail Tobacco Sales.
- 51. (LCD) Recognition of Trusts
- 52. (LCD) Minors' Contracts
- (LCD) Rights of Reverter
- 54. (PCO) Chevening Estate
- 55. (DTI) Statistics of Trade (Amendment)

ADVANCE PLACE 1987/88

- (MAFF) Food Bill
- (DOE) Tenants Protection
- (FCO) Antarctic Material
- (DTI) Weights and Measures
- (D/Tp) Road Traffic

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: ESSENTIAL

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
(i) Social Grants To obtain fresh legislative authority for the payment of coal industry social grants following the expiry of existing powers at end March 1987. (ii) Redundant Mineworkers' Payments Scheme To extend beyond March 1987 the period during which payments under existing schemes may be made and increase the limit on aggregate payments, and possibly to extend the power to make schemes. (iii) Capital Reconstruction To obtain legislative authority for the reconstruction of the NCB's capital finances in the light of a likely inability fully to service their existing capital.	ENERGY	a. The Bill is likely to arouse considerable interest in the House of Commons and a major debate on the future of the industry is to be expected at Second Reading. However, as the Bill's provisions will be directed towards the improvement of the NCB's financial position, the Opposition is unlikely seriously to question the Bill's purpose. D. The financial nature of the Bill precludes significant House of Lords amendments.	Royal Assent: Required by the end of February 1987 in order to allow for the	fulfil an EC commitment.	POLICY APPROVAL: April/May 1986 INSTRUCTIONS TO PARLIAMENTARY COUNSEL: June 1986 INTRODUCTION: November 1986

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: Contingent

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
2. EXPORT GUARANTEES	ECGD	Unlikely to be contro- versial	Length:	None	Timing uncertain. Bill
To raise statutory limits on ECGD's commitments, to enable		versiai	Short to medium		only to raise statutory limits
continued issue of guarantees as business increases.			Parliamentary Procedure		could be drafted quickly.
Possibly also wider powers on investment insurance;			Normal		44103117
further development of arrangements for financial			Royal Assent		
support of UK exports; and technical adjustments.			Deadline difficult to assess. Depends almost entirely on need at the time.		
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GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: CONTINGENT

been given to the introduction of the Bill. But Ministers have indicated that if there was a serious breakdown in an authority and to appoint Commissioners in the event of breakdown of finances and services. The Bill could either be general or apply to a specific authority. Been given to the introduction of the Bill. But Ministers have indicated that if there was a serious breakdown in an authority then some appropriate form of Government action would be needed. Legislation on these lines would be highly controversial embodying as it does a major constitutional change. Both the Opposition and the local government would strongly oppose the provisions. The emergency which led to the introduction of the Bill. But Ministers have indicated the Bill will need to be enacted on an emergency timetable against the background of service backdown and come into operation immediately on the sellow order to be restored in a local authority suffering from financial or service breakdown, additional local taxation (and possibly central some amendment to either Bill by the short term. Local manpower as a back-up to the Commission. As the Bill is designed to allow order to be restored in a local authority suffering from financial or service breakdown, additional local taxation (and possibly central some amendment to either Bill by the short term. Local manpower levels might be reduced as a means of reducing expen-	TITLE AND PURPOSE.	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
	(COMMISSIONERS) BILL To enable the Secretary of State to dismiss the councillors of a local authority and to appoint Commissioners in the event of breakdown of finances and services. The Bill could either be general or apply	DOE	been given to the introduction of the Bill. But Ministers have indicated that if there was a serious breakdown in an authority then some appropriate form of Government action would be needed. Legislation on these lines would be highly controversial embodying as it does a major constitutional change. Both the Opposition and the local government would strongly oppose the provisions. The emergency which led to the introduction of the Bill should however assist its passage by making clear the reason and need for the	Short. The Bill will need to be enacted on an emergency timetable against the background of service breakdown and come into operation immediately on Royal Assent. An authority-specific Bill would be hybrid and hybridity procedures would need to be waived.	There may need to be additional central government manpower as a back-up to the Commission. As the Bill is designed to allow order to be restored in a local authority suffering from financial or service breakdown, additional local taxation (and possibly central funding) may be necessary in the short term. Local manpower levels might be reduced as a means of reducing expenditure. However, it is impossible to make accurate forecasts under this heading. There are no EC implications identi-	Both general and authority- specific Bills were drafted in the 1983/84 Session. The policy was considered by MISC 95 and E(LF) and the general Bill by L Committee. Further policy clearance and some amendment to either Bill will certainly be necessary, but either could be introduced at short notice.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: CONTINGENT

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
4. EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES (INTERGOVERNMENTAL CONFERENCE) To give effect to the amend- ments to the Community Treaties which are expected to result from the Inter- governmental Conference.	FCO	The official Opposition and some Conservatives will probably oppose even the limited strengthening of powers of Community institutions resulting from the amendments to the EEC Treaty.		Financial and man- power effects minimal. Bill gives effect to an EC Agreement.	As soon as the Treaty text is in final form, which is expected by early 1986, Ministerial policy decision can be taken. Instructions to Counsel can be issued soon afterwards. Bill expected to be ready for introduction November 1986.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: CONTINGENT

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
5. BRITISH SHIPBUILDERS (BORROWING POWERS) To adjust the statutory Borrowing Limit and to write down the public dividend capital currently invested in the Corporation.	DTI	Controversy A technical measure to reconstruct BS' finances following privatisation of their warship-building interests will almost certainly not be opposed, but will provide an opportunity for controversial debate on the Corporation's future.	Length Very short. Parliamentary Procedure No special procedure Royal Assent May be required by end '86 - timing depends on BS ability to live within current limits.	Financial A purely permissive measure with actual funding depending on separate decisions.	Clearance by end June 1986. Instructions to Counsel and drafting could be completed in good time for early introduction if necessary.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
To implement the changes to be agreed by Ministers following the Green Paper on the Financing and Administration of Land Drainage, Flood Protection and Coast Protection.	MAFF	No public commitment for a Bill has been given. Reception in House and country will depend on its content.	Length - will depend on content, but unlikely to be less than 30 clauses. No special procedure. Timing - needs to be kept in parallel with Bill privatising Water Authorities.	Covers expenditure on grant aid. Savings in administrative expenditure and manpower likely to result but cannot yet be quantified. Nor can PES or PSBR implications.	Aim to get policy approval by end March '86 No further public con- sultation. Instructions
It may include (depending on Ministerial decision) some or all of: simplifying provision of grant aid for land drainage and coast protection; providing for payments by beneficiaries. Simplifying administrative structure of land drainage. About two-thirds of Bill linked to Water Privatisation.				EC aspect - nil	Instructions to Counsel by July at the latest, possibly earlier depending on outcome of Ministerial consideration. Introduction Bill to be introduced early
					in the Session Needs to be introduced in parallel with the Bill privatising Water Authorities.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
7. MINISTRY OF DEFENCE POLICE To provide proper legal basis for Ministry of Defence Policy (MDP), and to codify relevant legislation under which they operate (including the Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984). This would not involve any extension of MOD Police powers except in some minor uncontroversial instances.		Need for legislation is long outstanding; now more critical due to changed threats to MOD establishments. Commons Defence Committee Report on Physical Security of Military Installations in the UK recommended legislation during the present Parliament.	Length Short (subject to the effects of the Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984, which is being examined). With a schedule of amendments/ repeals. No special Parliamentary procedure required. Royal Assent No specific deadline.	None seen at present, but the subject to outcome of Departmental review of MPD.	Departmental review reported in September 1985. General policy clearance early 1986. No Public Consultation necessary but, further working up of details with other Government departments and other organi- sations involved.
					Instructions; Mid-June 1986 Introduction; Beginning of 1986/87 Session

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR- PREPARATION
8. EDUCATION (CORPORAL PUNISHMENT BILL) (i) To secure compliance with the ruling of the European Court of Human Rights in the case of Campbell and Cosans in February 1982 by giving parents of pupils in maintained schools, non-maintained special schools and, in certain circumstances, independent schools the right to exempt their children from corporal punishment in school. (ii) The Bill will need to -a. provide for the registration of parental wishes; b. define corporal punishment; c. provide a civil remedy for breaches of exemption arrangements. (iii) The Bill will be a UK Bill.	DES	(i) The Bill will be essentially the same as that introduced in the Commons on 11 January 1985 which, having passed through all its stages in the Commons and through Committee Stage in the Lords, was subject to a successful wrecking amendment at Lords Report Stage and was subsequently not proceeded with. (ii) The Bill will be opposed by Opposition Parties and probably by some Government supporters. (It is however, the only acceptable alternative to enforced abolition of corporal punishment.)	Parliamentary Procedure Normal. (Not suitable	Financial and Manpower Additional costs will be slight and manpower implications minimal. No EC implications.	amendments.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
To appoint Commissioners to amend the statutes etc of universities. a. to ensure that they have power - for new contracts - to dismiss academics for reasons of redundancy or financial exigency; and b. to revise where necessary the provisions governing dismissal for negligence and incompetence.	DES	Intention to legislate when timetable allowed, agreed by H, announced August 1984, repeated in Higher Education Green Paper, May 1985. Will be of interest to the Lords. Official opposition against. Strong campaign against can be expected from the Association of University Teachers.	Medium. Possible introduction in Lords.	Only cost that of financing and supporting 3 or 4 Commissioners for 2 or 3 years. Costs will be met within existing PES provision.	Outline policy clearance July 1984. Consultations, confined to university interests, are already in hand Detailed clearance March, April 1986. Instructions to Counsel by mid-June. Introduction January 1987.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
To establish, fund and staff a Vocational Qualifications Council to advise the relevant Secretaries of State on the approval of vocational qualifications. To empower the Council to make levies on bodies awarding approved qualifications. To empower the Secretaries of State to require that local education authorities shall not provide courses leading to non-approved qualifications; and that public bodies shall have regard to holders of approved qualifications in their recruitment and promotion policies.	DES	Although consistent with widely-supported DES/DE/DTI approach, major bodies affected, including chartered examining bodies and professional bodies might resist strongly.	Short/medium Royal Assent desirable by July 1987 (Ministers may wish initially to establish the body, under the Companies Acts or otherwise, at an earlier date, and the seeking of the additional powers through legislation is contingent on inadequate voluntary progress towards rationalisation of qualifications).	Exchequer cost should be some £2 million per annum reducing through levies/ payments to the VQC. Staff should be of the order of 50, but possibly some savings in MSC. Some EC directives already bear on the structure of qualifications for certain professions; further EC legislation possible, but the proposal does not per se cut across any EC requirements.	clearance by end of July 1986. Instructions to Counsel by earl October. Ready for introduction by end March 1987.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
To extend trade union members' rights and protections vis-a-vis their unions. To outlaw the pre-entry closed shop. To prevent discrimination in recruitment on grounds of trade union membership or non-membership. To withdraw immunity from industrial action to enforce a closed shop.	DE	Ministers, including the Prime Minister, have indicated that Legislation in this area may be required but have given no commitment. The Bill will be contro- versial and will be strongly attacked by the official Opposition. The TUC will strongly oppose. No strong appeal to employers, but likely to attract significant support from the general public	Length - medium. Not suitable for, nor requiring, any special procedure.	None	Policy Clearance from E(A) May 1986. Publication of Green Paper June 1986. Instructions July 1986. Introduction November/ December 1986.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

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12. HEALTH AND SAFETY AT WORK (AMENDMENT) A deregulatory measure to - amend or repeal restrictions on hours of work of young people may be particularly controversial and liable to mis-representation. - include other desirable changes flowing from a present study of possibilities for deregulation - repeal of employment agency licensing arrangements DE Will be supported by business but attacked by the Opposition, and trade unions. Action on young people may be particularly controversial and liable to mis-representation. May be suitable for Lords introduction. Way be suitable for Lords introduction. Introduce early in	ions er/

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
13. PERMITS (CHARGING BILL) To enable the charging of fees for applications for work permits and for first permissions to work in the UK.	DE	Public commitment to legislate at a suitable opportunity. Official Opposition likely to be neutral, but would attract special pleadings, eg from the Arts, and possibly, attempts to debate immigration and unemployment issues.	Short. Standard procedure. No target date.	2.5 staff needed. PSBR should be reduced by about £1.5 million. No EC aspects.	Policy agreed in principle; the detailed charges would be established by Order but would need to be agreed before the Bill's introduction. Instructions May 1986. Introduction at the beginning of the Session.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
i. Powers to ensure the removal of offshore Oil and Gas installations and to validate licensing regime to Northern Ireland waters; ii. clarify and amend petroleum royalties regime, in line with previous changes in PRT; iii. enable automatic creation of safety zones round offshore installations; iv. powers to license and control offshore storage of gas (contingent); v. rationalise pipeline regime procedures; vi. repeal an unused control on construction of refineries; vii. to discontinue publication of a Parliamentary Continental Shelf Report.	DEn	ii. might attract oil industry criticism but serious opposition unlikely; iv. might be controversial; affects interests of the Crown Estate; an administrative solution might be found; vii. might attract political opposition, but the Report is not very useful.	Medium (probably 15-20 clauses + 2-3 schedules). Parliamentary procedure Possible Lords introduction. Royal Assent Desirable as soon as possible to enable early operation of ii.	Financial and Manpower Minimal manpower small net benefit to PSBR from ii; EC None.	Policy To E(A) January 1986. Consultation Already consulted oil industry on relevant principles. Instructions Aim is to have all instructions ready in February 1986. Introduction Beginning of Session.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURFOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
i. To modernise Clean Air legislation, make local authority and central government controls more consistent, improve the availability of information about air pollution and implement EC legislation; ii. To rationalise Waste Disposal legislation and remedy defects, notably by enhancing producer responsibility, registering waste carriers, improving local authority enforcement and improving restoration and aftercare of sites; to put the Hazardous Wastes Inspectorate on a statutory basis, provide for recovery of local authorities' costs of control, and empower Ministers to charge for authorisations/registrations under the Radioactive Substances Act 1980.	DOE	Most of the proposed changes are non-controversial and expected to be welcomed on all sides of the House. Ministers have already promised legislation on a number of the Bill's provisions. Main extension of regulation is on hazardous waste disposal procedures have been subject to considerable criticism by Royal Commission, House of Lords Select Committee, and others. Other regulatory proposals are mostly tidying-up and clarification rather than new requirements.	Possibly suitable for House of Lords introduction. Would need to receive Royal Assent by 1/7/87 for strict compliance with EC legislation requirements.	Marginal extra burden for local authorities and HGV licensing authorities but any increase should be largely offset by new charging powers. Resource implications for central government are small. Clean Air provisions are required in order to meet EC requirements coming into effect on 1.7.87.	Feb/Mar Policy clearance April. Instructions to Counsel beginning May. ii. Policy broadly agreed. Public consul- tation Feb/ April. Final policy clearance

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
ENVIRONMENT (cont'd) (iii) To amend the Control of Pollution Act 1974 (Part II) dealing with water quality, to rationalise effluent discharge controls, provide a statutory basis for quality objectives and ensure the Secretary of		Bill should be broadly welcome to environmental/ conservation lobbies who may however say it does not go far enough especially on waste disposal. May be opposition to landscape conservation		AND EC ASPECTS	(iv) (cont'd) Instructions mid-June. (This is only a small part of the Bill; approx 5 clauses and a schedule)
State's reserve powers of direction; (iv) To enpower local authorities to make Landscape Conservation Orders for the protection of scenic land in National Parks, and possibly in the wider landscape.		provisions from farming and forestry interests.			Introduction November 1986

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

PRIORITY AND TITLE; PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
PRIVATISATION To restructure water authorities as PLCs, to enable their flotation and to regulate their charging and standards of service through a licensing authority. Will include provisions* - to adapt statutory water companies to the new regime; - to end local authorities' sewerage agency arrangements; - to adapt controls over water pollution to privatisation, and to strengthen them [- to retain land drainage within the public sector;]* - to enable trials of water metering to be carried out; - to clarify the legal basifor Government prescription of drinking water standards, and ensure that these may be applied to private supplies; - to modernise the law on water supply, sewerage and water abstractions; - for various charging consequentials of privatisation. * if not in Flood Defence Bill (6)		Highly controversial: opposition strongly opposed and pledged to renationalise. At White Paper launch on 5.2.86, very little criticism on Government side but some Conservative opposition, especially in Lords, likely. Growing support amongst Water Authorities Reaction of environmental lobby awaited. CBI and NFU hitherto sceptical, Institute of Directors in favour.	privatisation timetable to be followed.	Net effect unquantified. Staff required for regulatory body. Cost likely to be borne from licensing fees charged to privatised authorities Possible loss of ERDF grants.	consultation documents to follow.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
17. LOCAL GOVERNMENT	DOE		Length: Medium	EC: No implications	
To extend compulsory tendering and accounting regime to other local authority services eg refuse collection and cleaning. To strengthen present powers of action against behaviour aimed at protecting Direct Labour Organisation from competition.		Numerous Ministerial declarations of intent to legislate. Severe back bench pressure. Very controversial:- Further constraints upon LA discretion (all-Party opposition at local level) and possible job losses. (Hostile Trades Union campaign already being planned). Opposi- tion will object to "unfair" private sector competition for traditional LA staff activities. Attractive to private firms likely to secure contracts, and to ratepayers generally because of increased value-for-money.	Parliamentary Procedure: Normal Royal Assent: See below	Expenditure and Manpower: After transitional period, competition measures should significantly reduce LA expenditure and also produce some manpower savings. Minor Central Government manpower implications.	Approved in principle E(A) 16.10.84. Details proposals required clearance by H Committee. Consultations Formally complete but a further round may be tactically pruder during 1986. Instructions by end of June.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
Local Govt. (cont'd) b. Capital Controls To amend or repeal provisions of the Local Government, Planning and Land Act 1980 for control of capital expenditure by local authorities, and amend provisions of Local Government Act 1972 for control of their borrowing, in order to secure more workable system.	DOE	Particularly affects local authorities, construction industry and clients (eg homeless). Present capital controls widely believed to need overhaul. Government reviewing system with local authority associ- ations. Popularity or otherwise depends on public perception of onerousness and operabi- lity of new system.	Royal Assent needed before April if new system is to apply to 1987/88.	No EC or manpower implications. No implications for central government expenditure. Intended to promote better use of local authority capital resources.	(b) Policy 2 main options approved by (E(L in November 1985 for consultation in Local Govern- ment Finance Green Paper. Gre Paper agreed at Cabinet on 9 January for publication on 28 January. Gree Paper will ask for early commen on capital contr sections (by mid-April). Leading option (control of gros capital expendi- ture) could be ready for instru- tions to Counsel by end June 1986 Introduction November 1986

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
Purpose: To establish a statutory authority with comprehensive powers to manage both land and water space in the Norfolk and Suffolk Broads.	DOE	A private bill was endorsed in principle by Ministers - to have been promoted by area's local authorities. Speaker's counsel ruled draft bill unsuitable for introduction as private bill - now proposed as public hybrid bill. Likely to be opposed by sectional interests but not politically controversial.	Possibly suitable for introduction in House of Lords. 112 clauses and 7 schedules. (If re-drafted on new instructions First Parliamentary Counsel believes the size could be considerably reduced).		Policy R Committee's approval in principle obtained subjectoresolution of differences with DTp over navigation provisions. Submission to on timing of introduction expected in January 1986. Instructions First Parliamentary Counsel consider completely new instructions will be needed

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
To transfer the business now conducted by the Crown Agents under the Crown Agents Act 1979 to a PLC and to make provision for the subsequent sale of the equity to the private sector.	FCO	After Ministerial consultation, the Minister for Overseas Development told the House on 23 February 1984 that the Government intended to privatise Crown Agents. Any measure of privatisation is likely to attract some opposition.	Substantial length. Committee proceedings on floor of House for at least part of the Bill. Royal Assent highly desirable before end of Session.	No PES provision has been made. Whether any capital sum would need to be provided and, if so, its amount cannot yet be determined; this will depend on the present Crown Agents' progress towards financial viability. There are no manpower or EC aspects.	Outstanding policy points should be decided by Ministers by March 1986. No public consultation is needed. Instructions to Parliamenta Counsel by April 1986. Bill ready for introduction be November 1986.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
20. DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR PREMISES (CONTROL) To require diplomatic missions to obtain the Secretary of State's consent before premises can be regarded as premises of the mission (and hence inviolable) under the Diplomatic Privileges Act 1964; to		The Bill would follow the Ministerial announcement that legislation was under active consideration set out in para 39(d) of the White Paper on Diplomatic Immunities and Privileges (Cmnd 9497). Likely to be popular in Parliament in view of	Length Short (5 or 6 clauses) Parliamentary Procedure Could be a candidate		Policy Approval has already been given by the Home and Social
provide for withdrawal of such consent in certain circumstances; and to empower the Secretary of State to acquire title (and hence dispose of) former mission premises. Similar provision would be made in respect of consular premises.		current antipathy towards diplomatic immunity; and uncontroversial in party political and public terms. Could be publicly identified as applying to former Embassy buildings of Cambodia, Iran and Libya.	Royal Assent Desirable by Summer recess 1987, in view of existing problems posed by former diplomatic premises (especially Cambodia, where squatters could obtain title by adverse possession in 1988). Libyan premises could also be a problem	Manpower, EC No implications.	Public consultation Not intended. Instructions Are agreed and ready for despatch as soon as a firm place in the programme has been allocated
					Introduction Beginning of session.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE Priority 3	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
	FCO	Commitment Preparation of legislation announced June 1981 Controversy No opposition likely and broad support in Parliament expected. Might raise broader Law of the Sea issues. Legally desirable that we have 12 mile limit by time construction	Length Short Parl. procedure Suitable for Lords introduction. Probably too technical for Private Member or Peer.		

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
22. SOCIAL SECURITY	DHSS	Commitment High political priority.	Length Short/medium.	Financial and manpower Implications will	Policy To be settled in the train of the
To carry forward any residual changes necessary in social security system		Controversy	Parliamentary procedure Not suitable for special	depend on final proposals.	1985 Bill. Instructions
following this year's Bill. To implement any PES savings requiring primary		Considerable interest in Parliament including Lords, and among	Procedures. Royal Assent	No significant	July to October
legislation.		Opposition's attitude	Before Summer Recess 1987 will be very	implications likely.	Aim early in
		and general controversy depends on final proposals. But some	desirable for an April 1988 implementation.		session.
		likely to be opposed.			

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
23. CHILD CARE [AND FAMILY SERVICES] PURPOSE: To improve and clarify law on child care and protection and provision of services for families with young children following Govt WP* report. In particular: (i) Renewed emphasis on support to families with children, assimilating scattered provisions; regulation of private arrangements for care of children; greater partnership with parents by local authorities in caring for children; better review and protection of handicapped children away from home. (ii) Action to improve handling of child abuse: tighter duty of investigation, new powers to remove children at risk of future harm and to make conditions on parents with children remaining at home; power to		Commitment WP report follows July 1984 report of Select Committee on Social Services. Strong implication that we will try for 1986-87 space but no public commitment. Controversy/Support Controversy unlikely to be great. Much professional and pressure group support for new legislation; many will press for 'family court' as well as some may oppose any interim change. Public support likely, especially on child abuse changes. Need for Bill likely to be acknowledged in Parliament; absence would be criticised. Some interest in Lords but main concern in Commons. Opposition may press for universal free day care.	Length Long Parliamentary procedure Suitable for Lords Introduction. Not recommended for Special Standing Committee, because Select Committee on Social Services has already examined Law and likely to return to issue in autumn 1986. The WP and the Government have also gone over the ground throughly and consulted widely. Royal Assent No specific deadline.	Financial and manpower A joint LA/Govt WP is examining costs. Net implications for finance and manpower likely to be small, spread between LAs Legal Aid and court administration. EC EC	

^{*} WP = Inter Departmental Working Party, DHSS, HO, LCD and Law Commission

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
regulate placement of children in care 'home on trial'; right of appeal for LAs against magistrates court decision. (iii) Fairer treatment of parents and other relatives: reducing max length of emergency removal from home before court challenge from 28 days to 7; full rights of participation in court hearing for parents and more involvement of other relatives; advance dis- closure of case against the parents; ending administr-			PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	AND EC ASPECTS	PREPARATION
ative process for taking parental rights without recourse to court; new appeal right against mag. court decisions for parents as well as child; right for parents and grandparents to contest reasonableness of					
access given to children in care (in part to meet European Court of Human Rights).					

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL:

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
iv) Modernisation of outdated legislation on registration of private day are facilities and supervision of private ostering; andpossibly					
v) Major simplification and harmonisation of nnecessarily confused tatutes to give clear egal powers and esponsibilities to all concerned.					
ill cover central areas of hild care except adoption, ustodianship and the rosecution of juvenile ffenders.					

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
24. ALLEVIATION OF HUMAN INFERTILITY (Warnock Report)	DHSS				
Establishment of licensing authority; regulation of research on human in vitro embryos and prohibition beyond 14 days after fertilisation; making		Ministers have said they aim to introduce legis- lation as soon as practicable. Will be of intense interest to both Houses.	Medium length (probably between 20 and 25 clauses). Might be suitable for introduction in House	No EC commitment. Annual UK cost of licensing authority up to £0.5m, to be met by central depts;	Policy clearance late June/July 1986; firm instructions to Parliamentary Counsel late
unauthorised use and handling of human embryos beyond 14 days a criminal offence; prohibition of transfer of embryo used for research to a woman; regulation of transspecies		Official opposition likely to be supportive in principle on basis of free vote. Will be highly controversial, with pressures from wide	of Lords. Desirable to obtain Royal Assent by end July 1987.	PES provision to be made. Possibly 15 part-time members; c8-10 Departmental support staff.	Ready for intro- duction early in 1986/87 Session Could be delayed if Warnock Select Committee
fertilisation and making any unlicensed use (and placing a human embryo in the uterus of another species for gestation) a criminal		spectrum of opinion. Parts likely to be strongly opposed by some churches and 'pro-Life' lobby.			established thi Session.
offence; regulation of sale or purchase of human gametes and embryos and making unauthorised sale or purchase a criminal offence; prohibition of					
right of ownership in a human embryo and regulation of use and disposal of stored embryos; amend Surrogacy Arrangements Act					
stored embryos; amend					

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CATEGORY OF BILL:

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
non-commercial surrogate pregnancy agencies and m making health professionals assisting surrogate pregnancies criminally liable. [Legitimate AID children;]* create pre- sumption of husband's consent to AID unless contrary proved; deny parental rights to donors of gametes and rights of succession and inheritance to AID or IVF children not in vitro at time of father's death; determine primogeniture of IVF children by date and time of birth.					
*At present also included in	the bid	for Family Law Reform Bill	(LCD)		
At present arso incruded in					

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR- PREPARATION
 25. HEALTH SERVICES BILL To implement changes discussed in the Green Paper on Primary Health Care, mainly: to improve control over the number and distribution of doctors, dentists and pharmacists in the family practitioner services; to introduce a compulsory retirement age for doctors and dentists; to make possible alternative ways of providing primary care; to enable family practitioners committees to contract with some pharmacists to provide supplementary services; to amend Dental Act to enable non-dentists to manage dental services. (There will be other changes) 		Green Paper likely to be published early in 1986. Unlikely to give commitment on introduction or timing of legislation. Main provisions likely to be controversial politically and generally as potentially reducing levels of expenditure on the FPS. Opposition likely from the medical profession and possibly the dental profession.	Length: Medium [to substantial] Procedure: not suitable	A small increase in Departmental manpower may be required, but the overall effect will be to save public expenditure. Savings already included in PE projections for England.	Public consultation: January-May 1986
of a miscellaneous sort in the family practitioner					

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
26. CRIMINAL JUSTICE					
To enhance courts' sentencing powers; improve working of criminal justice system; and provide for victims of crime. To include principally: (i) increases in maximum penalties for certain firearms and corruption offences; (ii) enhance of courts' powers to order compensation and forfeiture; (iii) a statutory criminal injuries compensation scheme (iv) redistribution of court business; (v) making overstaying by immigrants a continuing offence; (vi) enhances extradition arrangements. The Bill might also include: (vii) extension to other offences of proposes powers to freeze and confiscate drug traffickers' assets; (viii) power to order reparation by offenders to victims;		Legislation on items (i), (ii), (iii), and (vii) has been promised during this Parliament. (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv) are politically attractive especially to Government supporters. Some provisions are likely to prove controversial and to attract opposition from the legal profession, depending on the degree of change finally introduced. (x) was rejected by the Lords in the Prosecution of of Offences Bill.	Assent.	Financial and manpower implications of (i), (v) and (ix) are negligible. Implications of other changes are being considered further. No EC aspects.	Policy (i), (ii), (iv), and (v) approved by H. Further work on (iii) following Octobe H discussion. (vii) and (viii) agreed by H in principle. (vi) being considered by H in correspondence. H to be consulted shortly on terms of White Paper reference to (ix) - (xiii) Public Consultation White Paper on Bill as a whole and Consultation documents on details of (vi) (viii) and (ix) early in 1986. Instructions By end of

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CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
26. CRIMINAL JUSTICE (Cont)				
(ix) revision of powers to impose custodial sentenced on young offenders.					January (on (i) - (viii)). Introduction
<pre>(x) review of over-lenient Crown Court sentences; (xi) new prison ajudication procedures;</pre>					Mid-November
<pre>(xii) revised arrangements for fraud trails; (xiii) altering arrangmenets for challenging jurors.</pre>					

COMFIDENTIAL NB: Items sidelined are changes to the Bill originally proposed - QL (85) 1 Revise refers

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

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CROWD SAFETY uncontroversial and Opposition attitude likely to be neutral. Crowd safety aspects linked with fire precautions Act 1971 with a more cost-effective discriminating, efficient and flexible system of fire precautions which will rely on guided and inspected compliance rather than direct regulatory certification; to remove anomalies in the current legislation; and to implement the safety recommendations of the final report (expected) uncontroversial and Opposition attitude likely to be neutral. Crowd safety aspects linked with fire likely to be neutral. Crowd safety aspects likely to be neutral. Suitable for Lords introduction. No EC implication. No EC implications. Royal Assent desirable before Summer Adjournment if any new proposals are to be implemented in time for Autumn football etc seasons.	TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
Committee of Inquiry into Crowd Safety and Control at Sports Grounds (Popplewell Inquiry). Growd Safety and Control at Sports Grounds and there are no indication of strong opposition.	To replace the Fire Precautions Act 1971 with a more cost-effective discriminating, efficient and flexible system of fire precautions which will rely on guided and inspected compliance rather than direct regulatory certification; to remove anomalies in the current legislation; and to implement the safety recommendations of the final report (expected before end of 1985) of the Committee of Inquiry into Crowd Safety and Control at Sports Grounds		uncontroversial and Opposition attitude likely to be neutral. Crowd safety aspects linked with fire precautions and urge speedy Government response especially since crowd control aspects of Popplewell will have been dealt with in Public Order Bill of 1985/86 session. Fire precautions scheme long under discussion with outside interests, and subject of detailed consultative document to which response is required by end 1985. Legislation is expected, and there are no indication of strong	4/5 fire precautions 1/5 safety. Suitable for Lords introduction. Royal Assent desirable before Summer Adjournment if any new proposals are to be implemented in time for Autumn football etc seasons.	central and local government expenditure No additional expenditure or manpower implication.	Instructions June 1986. Introduction

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CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
28. CIVIL PROTECTION IN PEACETIME To enable local authorities to use their civil defence tesources in connection	НО	Manifesto commitment. Difficult to judge Opposition reaction. Labour Party is hostile to present civil defence policy but not to	Very short 3 Clauses	No financial, manpower or EC implications. Resource provided	The Bill has been drafted. It has been taken up by
with peacetime emergencies.		contingency planning for peacetime emergencies. Opposition would probably make sceptical comments about civil defence and perhaps allege an attempt to camouflage civil defence activity, but probably not oppose. Civil defence interests are strongly in favour.		under civil defence legislation will not be increased on account of this Bill.	Sir Nicholas Bonsor who came sixth in the ballot for Priv Members' Bills this session. If not enacted in Private Memb time this session it could be re-introduced as a Government Bill at the start of the 1986/87 session

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
29. LICENSING (AMENDMENT) To relax the restrictions on permitted opening hours of licensed premises and registered clubs in England and Wales.	Home Office	No public commitment given. Likely to receive wide support. Could be of some interest to House of Lords. Opposition attitude uncertain, but likely to support in principle. Will be controversial with anti-alcohol lobby. possibly with medical profession and some employees. Pressure for Bill comes from licensed trade and tourism, catering and leisure industries. No particular sectional appeal.	Short. A candidate for introduction in the Lords, but interest in the Commons suggests introduction there.	None.	Policy clearance H Committee agreed in principle on 3 December that a relaxation in licensing law was desirable but postponed a final decision on policy pending further evidence of tangible support for reform. H to consider further (probably after Easter '86) in the light of a report from the Home Secretary. Timing of instructions dependent on policy approval but should not
					take long to prepare.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87 .

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
This Bill gives effect to Law Commission Report No 118. It removes the adverse legal consequences of illegitimacy [and makes provision concerning the status of children conceived by artificial means.]* * Also currently contained in		Uncontroversial. It will give effect to announced Government intentions. The proposed change in status will ensure compliance with ECHR. The provision on the status of children conceived by artificial means was recommended by Warnock.	Length: Medium (42 clauses and 5 Schedules) Parliamentary procedure: Introduction in the Lords. Possibly suitable for Second Reading Committee in the Commons. Timing: No special considerations fertility.	None	Policy: H Committee approval obtained on 1st August 1983 Instructions Bill already drafted. Only minor consequential amendments required. Introduction Beginning of 1986/87 Session

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CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
The Bill will implement the recommendations of the Law Commission in their Report No 110. It will create a statutory tort of breach of confidence in place of the existing common law provisions. The new tort will encompass the disclosure of unlawfully obtained information, such information being treated as having been imparted in	LCD	The Bill as annexed to Law Commission No 110 is not highly contro- versial in itself. However it is expected to attract proposals for amendment both from other Departments and from many sources throughout its passage in both Houses.	Length: 23 clauses, no Schedules. Timing of Royal Assent No special considerations. Parliamentary Procedure Possibly suitable for introduction in the Lords	No implications.	Policy H Committee approval obtaine in February 1985 Instructions A draft of the Bill is annexed to Law Commission No 110. Any supplementary instructions by June 1986.
confidence.					Introduction Beginning Session 1986/87.

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CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
The Bill will implement the recommendations of the Law Commission in their Report No 148. It will make available to public inspection details of entries in the Land Register which are at present kept secret.	LCD	The Bill as annexed to Law Commission No 148 is relatively uncontroversial. It will help to simplify conveyancing. It will be supported by the freedom of information lobby. But some will oppose the disclosure of certain information, such as the amount of mortgage to which the property is subject.	Length: 3 clauses, 1 Schedule. Timing of Royal Assent No special considerations. Parliamentary Procedure Suitable for introduction in the House of Lords.	Financial/Manpower Slight increase for the Land Registry which can be absorbed within existing resource constraints. EC - No implications.	Policy H Committee approval will be sought in February 1986. Instructions By March 1986. Clauses already drafted. Minor amendments may be needed.

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CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
(EXTENSION OF JURISDICTION) (a) To extend the jurisdiction of the Parliamentary Commissioner for Administration to listed Non-Departmental Bodies. (b) To amend the provisions in the Parliamentary Commissioner Act 1967 relating to the appointment and removal of the Parliamentary Commissioner.	MPO	PQ announcing CMND 9563 (Observations on 4th Report of Select Committee on PCA 1983/4) noted legislation to be introduced in due course to amend PCA Act 1967 (Hansard Col. 311, 8 July 1985). Likely to be welcomed on all sides of the House, as it covers Select Committee recommendations; but may be pressure for other extensions of jurisdiction.	Clauses, one schedule. Possibly suitable for Second Reading Committee procedure in that the policy itself is uncontroversial. The subject of the Bill contains an area which	Financial and Manpower: there may be a modest increase in PCA manpower and hence financial needs from 1987-88; estimates are not yet available but seem unlikely to involve more than 10% increase over the PES period above the current provision of £1.9m. No PES provision has yet been sought because of the uncertaintly.	to Parlia- mentary

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CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

		POLITICAL ASPECTS	PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
34. ALIENS (EMPLOYMENT) (AMENDMENT) To amend the Aliens (Employment) Act 1955 to enable certificates of exemption to be issued to aliens seconded to the Civil Service under inter-	Cab. Off- ice (MPO)	uncontroversial	Very short. suitable for intro- duction in the Lords. Assent as early as possible in order to regularise the secondment programme.	None	Policy clearance end April. Instructions early June. Aim introduction at start of Session
governmental agreements. Contingent on an administrative solution not being found.					
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GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
35. Morthern Ireland (Emergency Provisions) (Amendment) To make changes in the EPA 1978 in light of the review by Sir George Baker and of decrease in violence in NI. In particular to repeal existing police arrest power to detain without charge for up to 72 hours; to insert test of reasonableness in police and army powers: to liberalise bail provisions, to tighten provisions on admissibility of confessions and to improve compensation system. Since agreement was given by Cabinet last March it has been decided to add sections to the Bill controlling the private security industry in Northern Ireland legislation equivalent to the "terrorism provisions" in the Police and Criminal	NIO	Commitment Government is committed to legislate in the life of this Parliament. Controversy Official Opposition, Civil rights groups and those critical of Govt NI policies disappointed that Baker not more liberal, and that Govt are delaying. Likely to propose large number of amendments. Some Govt Unionists likely to criticise Govt for weakening measures to counter terrorism. Lords interest from Peers concerned with NI and civil rights. Legislation to control security industry likely to be welcomed as cutting off	Length Short/Medium Parliamentary procedure No special procedure. Not suitable for Lords introduction. Royal Assent Desirable before July 1987 to avoid need for concurrent debate on further 6 monthly Order to renew EPA 1978.		
Evidence Act 1984.		important source of parliamentary finance.			Introduction Nov 1986 (so that Second Reading could coincide with debate in Dec 1986 to new EPA 1978

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CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
Provisions To replace direct Exchequer Votes by grant-in-aid funding for National Museums and Galleries; to correct anomalies in the application of the Firearms Act 1968 as it affects museums; and to make some minor non- controversial technical amendments. Subject to consultation the Public Accounts Committee, the intention would be to implement the change to grant-in-aid administratively under the general cover of the Appropriations Acts. But subsequent specific statutory cover will be needed.		Needed to legitimise change to grant-in-aid. Mainly uncontroversial: the aim is to allow the bodies to keep their receipts, thus giving them a greater incentive to maximise income from non-government sources. But offial opposition might oppose the Bill arguing that it is a covert means of promoting admission charges.	Short; probably not suitable for Lords introduction because of the money element. Royal Assent desirable by 1 April 1987	None	Policy clearance by March/April 1986; Consultation with Public Accounts Committee before March 1986; Instructions by June 1986; Introduction, November 1986.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
37. PARLIAMENTARY PENSIONS To put the Parliamentary Pensions Scheme in a new statutory framework, which would enable subsequent changes to be made by secondary legislation	PCO/ HMT	No public commitment: although unlikely to be particularly controversial in themselves, proposals are bound to arouse interest because they relate to the House.	Short/Medium. May be suitable for Committee Stage on the floor of the House. No specific date for Royal Assent.	There are no financial manpower or EC aspects.	Dependent on passage of Social Security Bill: Policy approval in principle given by H 29 Feb. Detailed policy clearance will be sought from H once the fina policy in the Social Security Bill has been established. No public consultation on proposals; Instructions June. Introduction beginning of th Season.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
38. LOCAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE REFORM (SCOTLAND) - to abolish domestic rates over a period and phase in community charge	so	Highly controversial	Perhaps 25-50 clauses. Introduction in the Commons. 2nd Reading on floor of House	Significant financial and public sector manpower effects likely No EC Implications	Policy agreed by Cabinet. Instructions July Introduction Dec 1986
- to alter basis of non- domestic rates			Royal Assent by June 1987		
- to alter Rate Support Grant system					
- to provide for a register of residents in each local authority area					
- to provide a power for local authorities to set and collect community charge, including a 'last resort' power for S of S to cap the level of charge					
- and various ancillary provisions					

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
To reform the law on enforcement of civil court decrees, principally for debt, in accordance with the proposals made by the Scottish Law Commission in their Report on Diligence and Debtor Protection (Scot Law Com No 95) published on 14 November 1985, with such Government amendments as are considered appropriate following detailed consideration of the proposals by the Government and interested bodies, who are being consulted.	SCA (on behalf of Lord Advo- cate)	There has been strong political pressure for reform of the law in this area. The Manifesto for Scotland for the General Election 1983 contains a promise to reform the law on the subject of warrant sales. The 1986-87 Session will be the last chance to fulfil that undertaking. Legislation is likely to be welcomed but some controversy may be aroused by particular proposals.	Long. (The Commission's draft Bill has 130 Clauses and 9 Schedules.) Suituable for introduction in the Lords. Scottish Grand Committee procedure (possibly in Edinburgh) would be suitable.	the Commission's	Government has set until mid- March for public consultation on the Commission's proposals. The amount of change needed will depend on the outcome of consultations.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
40. CRIMINAL JUSTICE (SCOTLAND) Forfeiture of proceeds of drug trafficking; Measures to reduce workload on High Court; Amendments to criminal law including art and part guilt of statutory offences; compensation orders for victims of crime.	SO	No commitment; But Scottish legislation will be expected following the Drug Trafficking Offences Bill in 1985/86. Its main content is unlikely to be very controversial politically.	introduction in Lords	Financial and Manpower aspects de minimis: EC aspects Nil.	Policy clearance April/May. No general consultation envisaged: Instructions June 1986 Introduction November.
TOT VICTIMS OF CLIME.					

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
i. Safety of Goods Impose on suppliers requirement to ensure consumer goods are safe in accordance with sound modern standards. Strengthen powers of enforcement on manufacturers and importers and clarify their responsibilities. Empower enforcement officers to seize or freeze goods believed unsafe. Enable Customs & Excise to transmit information to enforcement authorities. Amend H & Saf. Work Act accordingly and to take account of enforcement problems experienced with current provisions. Related and consequential amendments and repeals.	CES	i. Review of consumer safety legislation announced 1981. White Paper published 1984. Widespread concern about weaknesses re dangerous goods. Heavy pressure from consumer organisations and LAs; yet further delay highly embarrassing (legislation on this was expected in each of the last two sessions). Expected to be well received in both Houses and generally by Opposition. Some criticism that it should go further to protect the consumer. Appeal to most sections of the Community, including business, with the possible exception of some importers.	Length: Substantial Suitable for introduction in the House of Lords.	No financial or manpower implications Item ii. implements EC Directive (85/374/EEC)	Public consultation on i. an iii. completed in 1984. Consultative document on precise implementation of ii. issued on 26.11.85. Responses requested by 19.2.86. Policy on i. cleared E(A) on 27.11.84 and on iii. cleared H on 4.2.85. Final clearance on ii. and on any consequential changes to be sought in March 1986. Instructions on i. and iii. were sent to Counsel at end of March 1985 (when Bill was expected to be in 1985/86 Session).

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
ii. Product Liability Implement EC Directive on product liability, making producers strictly liable for damage caused by their unsafe products (probably subject to the "development risk" or "state of the art" defence). iii. Misleading Price Indications Make legislation simpler and more effective. New general prohibition on misleading price indications, with criminal sanctions. Also powers for S of S to draw up statutory code of practice and/or to make regulations.		ii. Subject fits closely with i. above, and is expected to be implemented together. General principles expected to be well received in both Houses. Opposition (and consumer organisations) will want it to go further eg by dispensing with state of the art defence. Industry (and some backbenchers) however may want it restricted as far as possible. iii. Government announced intention to proceed in March 1985. Political controversy unlikely. Proposals broadly welcomed by consumers and by much of the trade.			Instructions on ii. with any appropriate changes to i. and iii., will be ready by end-April. Introduction at start of Session

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
		Both i. and iii. would help to implement report on Scrutiny of Legis-lative and Administrative Burdens. Cabinet agreed last June to give preferential treatment to a Bill on these subjects in consideration of the 1986/87 Programme.			

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
42. COPYRIGHT AND OTHER INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY i. To reform law of Copyright, Designs and Performers' Protection; ii. To reform law on litigation; and iii. To hive-off the Patent Office and reform the law on patent 'agents' and solicitors' right of representation, and employee inventors.	DTI	Following decision to give Bill an advance place, Ministers have frequently expressed hope that legislation will be possible in 1986/87. Likely to be generally welcomed in both Houses. Some provisions controversial but not on party lines.	Long. Suitable for introduction in Lords. Royal Assent could be at any time in Session.	Manpower Possibly 2 extra staff as secretariat for extended Copy- right Tribunal 12-13 staff for patent litigation (Costs recovered from patent fees) EC No current commitment Commission may begin a harmonisation exercise on some aspects of copyright in 1986.	Policy clearance January 1986 (most) and April (patent agents) Instructions to Parliamentary Counsel on copyright design and performers protection reform and patent litigate by end-January 1986. Instructions of hiving-off the Patent Office and employee inventors by end-March 1986 instructions of patent agents end-June 1986. Introduction November.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
43. POST OFFICE To facilitate privatisation of GIROBANK. - if legislation necessary for this purpose opportunity taken to legislate - to permit capital restructuring - to extend Counters powers and open Services to the private sector - to make minor administrative changes to status of POUNC	DTI	Controversial because of privatisation implications	Short to medium.	Financial implications likely to be neutral. Manpower - nil. EC aspects - nil.	The timing is dependent on the timing of the Girobank privatisation. The provision might possibly be required this Session. It will be known by May 1986 if legislation is essential for privatisation by which time Ministers' police decisions on other changes will be known.
					Policy clearance June (E(N)) Instructions September Introduction January.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
44. COMPANIES (AUDIT) To amend the Companies Act implement outcome of current review of audit requirements for small companies insofar as primary legislation is required for that purpose.	DTI	Unlikely to be politically controversial but opinion within the accountancy profession and in commercial circles generally is very divided.	Short. Possibly suitable for introduction in the House of Lords.	None.	Policy clearance expected in February. Instructions by 31 May. Introduction in November 1986.
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GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
i. Major marine pilotage reorganisation; abolition of Pilotage Commission and 48 pilotage authorities. ii. Modernise registration of merchant ships and bring registration of ships in Dependent Territories under proper control. iii. Replace receiver of wreck service by up to date provisions. iv. Miscellaneous amendments to merchant shipping legislation to save money and resources	DTp	Pressure i. Has high political priority; Ministers are committed to seeking early place in programme admin of pilotage law is extremely difficult and contentious, and imposes unneccessary costs on shipping industry. Controversy i. Will be warmly supported by shipping and port industries, who are anxious for reform. Possibly controversial but not in party political terms; opposition likely from some pilots. ii. to iii. uncontroversial. iv. mainly uncontroversial	Length: Long i. 25 clauses ii iv 35 clauses. Parliamentary procedure Lord 's introduction. Royal Assent No deadline but desirable Spring 1987: existing legislation on pilotage virtually unworkable.		i. Public consultation Completed.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
(i) To empower a private undertaking to construct and operate an additional tunnel or bridge across the Thames at Dartford; (ii) To facilitate the acquisition of any land or other rights necessary for (i); (iii) To transfer the existing tunnels from Kent and Essex CCs to the undertaking at (i); (iv) To empower the undertaking to levy and retain tolls and to control their level.		Commitments Ministerial statement of intent to encourage a private sector project to relieve pressure on the existing crossing. Controversy The relief of congestion will be generally welcomed, but opposition likely from members of both sides to Tolling, particularly by private company.		Financial/Manpower The project would be financed by the private sector. DTp would monitor the work but would not need additional finance or manpower for that task. EC implications None.	Policy To E(A) Committe October 1986 following assessment of competitive proposa Instructions November 1986 Introduction April 1987

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
To introduce changes in the system of banking supervision established by the 1979 Banking Act, including: (i) Board of Banking Supervision to create a new board to strengthen the banking supervision role of the Bank of England (ii) System of Authorisation of banks to create a single set of authorisation criteria which all institutions must meet, plus some consequential changes (iii) Role of Auditors to increase co-operation and discussion between bank supervisors and auditors. (iv) Supervisory Information and Statistics to strengthen the Bank of England's powers to obtain information and to create a criminal offence of knowingly or recklessy misleading the supervisor		Commitments White Paper cleared for publication in late December 1985 will propose legislative change as a matter of some urgency. Earlier statement by Chancellor in House (20 June 1985 col 454) announced intention of bring a Banking Bill before the House as soon as possible. (a) likely reception in House welcomed by all parties as an improvement (b) likely Opposition reaction does not go far enough (c) Political Controversy Will arouse interest vis a vis Johnson Matthey and possibly 'fraud in City'		Financial Minimal, (Treasury will continue to pay costs of Appeals Tribunals) Manpower Minimal, (Treasury will provide Appeals Tribunal secretariat) EC Bill will clear all known points of non- conformity with EC legislation	Policy Clearan Main issues covered at Meeting with the Prime Minister 28 October 198 These issues, together with rest of propose cleared with colleagues on E(A) by circulation of draft White Paper on 2 December 198 Instructions Full conceptuate framework and 90 per cent of Instructions the end-February 1986. Introduction Ready by mid-N ember 1986.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE BANKING CONT'D	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
(v) Large Exposures to Individual Customers to ensure that the Bank of England is notified of such concentrated risks (vi) Appeals to bring the system of appeals more into line with similar systems including replacing the role of the Chancellor with a Tribunal (vii) Disclosure of Information to provide for disclosure of information between super- visory authorities, to other government departments (ex- cluding Revenue departments) and to professional advisers and their representative bodies (viii) Changes of Control to require prospective con- trollers of authorised institutions to obtain the Bank of England's consent before proceeding		(d) Pressure for Bill General political pressure post-Johnson Matthey, but no particular interest group lobbying for Bill (e) Sectional Reaction Bankers will oppose disclosure of information to government departments and possibly others (viii) Some auditors and banks will oppose aspects of the proposed new role of auditors (iii) City may react adversely to proposed control of bank takeovers (viii)			

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE BANKING CONT'D	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
(ix) Miscellaneous					
A number of less substantial					Contract to the second
improvements to banking	3. 1.49				73947 Page 1
legislation will also be					
included covering: - defini-					ALCOHOL:
tions of deposit and					The state of
deposit-taking, grounds for					
revocation of authorisation,					
conditional licences,					the first out to
partnerships, control of					Fr. 275
banking names, the deposit					
protection scheme, overseas	1000				13-1
banks, loans to directors				A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	
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GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
48. CUSTOMS AND EXCISE MANAGEMENT (POWERS) (i) confirmation of powers (being exercised) to deal with smugglers who conceal drugs internally - without these powers there is likely to be a major loophole in defences against drug smuggling. (ii) modification of powers in Customs and Excise Management Act 1979 following recommendations by Committee on Enforcement Powers of the Revenue Depts.	C & E	Powers relating to drugs likely to be generally welcomed, but could be some objections on civil liberty grounds. The more general powers to be modified are more technnical but could raise questions of civil liberties (perhaps particularly in House of Lords).	(i) only - Short (i) and (ii) - medium Royal Assent desirable as soon as possible (the longer the loophole in the defences against drug trafficking lasts, the more it will be used). (i) is suitable for inclusion in Criminal Justice Bill. ii. in Finance Bill if space permits.	Minimal increases in cash and manpower costs should be at least outweighed by increased effectiveness and difference. Not related to any EC commitment.	Policy (i) - end Februa (ii) - June Consultation For operational reasons would not want to publicise drug smuggling loophole. On (ii) public consultation has taken place a White Paper on proposals in Autumn 1986. Instructions by March 1986 for (i), September 1986 for (ii). Introduction January 1987

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: UNCONTROVERSIAL

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
49. FISHERIES AMENDMENT To make grants to the Sea Fish Industry Authority for promoting and improving the marketing and distribution of fish.			Very short - 1 Clause. Suitable for Second Reading Committee. Royal Assent before November 1987 desirable because money will be paid in 1985, 1986, 1987 and possibly 1988 and 1989.	Expenditure for 1984/85 was £1.0m. PES provision for 1985/86 £2.9m and 1986/87 £4.0m. No Manpower implications. Not required to fulfil EC commitment but proposals for financial assistance	Policy clearance early 1986. No public consultation necessary Instructions to Parliamentary Counsel - May 1986 ready for introduction - November 1986.
		c) Pressure from fishing industry for financial assistance, so likely to attract widespread support from the industry, whilst raising questions over continuing support in		have been cleared by the Commission.	
		1988 and 1989.			

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: UNCONTROVERSIAL

PRIORITY AND TITLE; PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
49a. OLYMPIC GAMES (FINANCIA INDEMNITY) BILL To indemnify Birmingham City Council against loss on the total cancellation of the Olympic Games should the city be successful in it bid for the 1992 Games.	DOE	Uncontroversial in party political terms. The intention to introduce the Bill, should the Birmingham bid be successful, was announced on 21.2.86 in answer to a PQ from Sir Reginald Eyre MP. Failure to provide this degree of support for Birmingham would invite wide public criticism. The final decision on which city is to host the Games will be made by the International Olympics Committee (IOC) in October 1986.	Very short (possibly only one clause). Suitable for Second Reading Committee procedure.	The indemnity offered will be for losses in excess of £100 million but might amount to up to £450 million on Birmingham's own estimates.	given by H on 11 February.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: UNCONTROVERSIAL

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
50. RETAIL TODACCO SALES (CHILDREN AND YOUNG PERSONS) To bring all tobacco products offered for retail sale within existing provisions governing the sale of cigarette or cigarette papers to persons apparently under 16 years of age (ie S.7 Children and Young Persons Act 1933: S.18 Children and Young Persons (Scotland) Act 1937; by S.3 Health and Personal Social Services (NI) Order 1978).	DHSS	major purpose would be to control sale of "Skoal Bandits" a new smoking tobacco in a sachet,	Very short Suitable for House of Lords introduction Suitable for offering to Private Member successful in ballot.	None	Policy clearance Spring 1986. Short consultation period. Instructions to Counsel Summer 1986.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: UNCONTROVERSIAL

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
	LCD		Length: Approx 10 clauses and 2 Schedules.	None	Policy:
To enable the UK to ratify the Hague Convention on the Law Applicable to Trusts and		in 1985 and therefore desirable in the interests of the UK to ratify as	Parliamentary Procedure		H Committee approval will b sought in
on their Recognition.			Suitable for introduction in the House of Lords and Second Reading Committee		March 1986 Instructions
			in the Commons. Royal Assent		By end April 19
			No special considerations.		

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: UNCONTROVERSIAL

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
52. MINORS' CONTRACTS This Bill would implement the recommendation in Law Commission Report No 134. It would remove existing anomalies with regard to the enforcement of contracts by and against minors.	LCD	It is unlikely that the Bill will have any undesirable political repercussions; consultation by LCD indicates general support for the Bill.	Length: 5 clauses Parliamentary Procedure Suitable for introduction in the House of Lords. Timing of Royal Assent	Financial/Manpower No implications EC - No implications	Policy H Committee approval obtained on 3rd April 1985 by letter.
			No special considerations.		Bill is already drafted.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: UNCONTROVERSIAL

PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
3. RIGHTS OF REVERTER		The Bill will be welcomed by ecclesiastical	Length: approx 6 clauses and 1 Schedule.	Financial/Manpower	Policy:
his Bill originates in Law commission Report NO 111.		groups and charities as representing an acceptable compromise based on the	Parliamentary Procedure	Insignificant EC -	H Committee approval
croblem (mainly under the chool Sites Act 1841) which		recommendations of the Law Commission.	Suitable for introduction in the House of Lords	No implications	obtained on 9th July 1985 by letter.
rises when land donated for ne purpose ceases to be sed for that purpose, and			and Second Reading in Committee procedure in the Commons.		Instructions
here there is a proviso that he land will revert to the riginal donor in such			Timing of Royal Assent		Instructions to Counsel in July 1985
ircumstances.			No special consideration.		Introduction
					Early in 1986/ Session.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: UNCONTROVERSIAL

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
54. CHEVENING ESTATE BILL to amend the Trust Instrument set out in the Schedule to the Chevening Estate Act 1959 in such a way as to simplify the management of the estate and to enable the revival of UK interest in the estate before it eventually goes to the National Trust.	FCO	No public commitment. Unlikely to give rise to much interest in the House.	Very short. The Schedule will contain 6 specific amendments to the Trust Instrument. Suitable for introduction in the Lords. The Bill is prima facie - hybrid. This should not however delay its progress as the private interest affected have agreed not to petition. No specific data for Royal Assent.	There are no financial, manpower or EC aspects.	Policy approval has already been given (LordPresident letter to the Lord Privy Seal of 5 November 1984.) No public consultation. Bill already partly drafted. Instructions for the remainder April Introduction at the beginning of the Session.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87

CATEGORY OF BILL: Uncontroversial

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
55. STATISTICS OF TRADE ACT 1947 (AMENDMENT) BILL (i) To allow release after 30 years of statistical information currently statute barred. (ii) To bring the Act up to date by taking account of present day data collection and processing arrangements. (iii) To permit the transfer by the Department of specified statistical data to Northern Ireland Departments, the Highlands and Islands Development Board and the Bank of England.	DTI	No public commitments about introduction or timing. Government has agreed in principle that greater public access to statistical data desirable (White Paper "Modern Public Records" Cmnd 8531). Bill unlikely to arouse particular interest in Parliament, by the Opposition, or to be controversial. Unlikely to be opposed by data suppliers (eg CBI) who have been consulted. The bill would facilitate the collection and transfer of information used for the preparation of the national accounts. It would also benefit academics and researchers	Short. Most suitable for Second Reading Committee. Introduction in House of Lords.	have retrospective effect and any (small	Outline policy clearance early February 1986. Detailed clearance late May 1986. Consultations with CBI March-April 1986. Instructions: October 1986. Introduction: May 1987.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1987/88

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME (Advance Place)

	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
A successor to the Food Act 1984 - a Consolidation Act covering much older legislation - which controls the composition and labelling of food, food bygiene, unfit food, the sale of food and control of food premises, markets and the production, distribution and sale of milk. This Bill would introduce changes recommended during the recent review of primary food legislation in the UK, and would also rationalise and simplify many of the provisions in the current Act.	MAFF	Politically uncontroversial	About 90 clauses and perhaps 10 schedules; 20-25 of these clauses could be transferred from the current Act without amendment. Introduction in the House of Lords.	Nothing above what is already required. EC: none.	Policy clearance in Jan 1986. Instructions to Counsel before January 1987.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1987/88

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME (Advanced Place)

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
57. TEMANTS PROTECTION To provide additional protection for tenants in privately owned blocks of flats. Legislation to give effect to recommendations of Nugee Committee which reported on 14 November 1985.	DOE/ Welsh Office/ LCD	Nugee Committee recommendations welcomed on both sides of the House. Electorally popular. Possible criticism from Opposition that more far-reaching measures are needed.	Length: Up to 20 clauses and 2 or 3 schedules. Parliamentary Procedure Normal. Royal Assent No deadline.	May lead to some increase in workload for the Courts. No EC implications.	Ministerial decisions on policy in Spring 1986; Instructions ready by January 1987.

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1987/88

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME (Advance Place)

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
58. ANTARCTIC MINERALS To give effect to the Treaty (at present under negotiation) regulating Antarctic minerals development	FCO	No public commitment on timing has been given. Parliamentary interest in Antarctic matters in general is greater in the House of Lords. The Bill is potentially controversial, both because of the intrinsic subject and because of intrinsic subject and because of outside environmental concerns.	desirable before the end of the 1987/88 Session in order to enable the		Depends on the conclusion of the Treaty negotiations (at present unlikely before early 1987 at earliest)

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1986/87 AND 1987/88

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME (ADVANCE PLACE)

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
To amend Weights and Measures Law by a. allowing the SoS to accredit manufacturers and others to verify fitness for use for trade of weighing and measuring equipment b. making manufacturers responsible for the conformity of their equipment with an approved design c. laying a duty on local authority Trading Standards Depts to inspect equipment in use for trade at reasonable intervals d. correcting anomalies and revising provisions to reflect current technology and treading practices both in regulations relating to equipment and to transactions in goods	DTI	were recommended in the Report of the Committee on Metrological Control (Cmnd 9545). The Government has already welcomed these recommendations in principle the White Paper "Lifting the Burden" because of their self-regulatory nature. The recommendations ahve been overwhelmingly supported by all interested parties during the public consultation exercise. All amendments a. to d. are expected to be weel received in Parliament and strongly supported by the trader, consumers and enforcement authorities	Length - medium Parly Procedure: Suitable for introduction in the Lords Royal Assent: No specific deadline	Financial and Manpower aspects Minimial in PES period EC Implications: None	Policy clearan Summer 1986 Public Consultation Completed November 1985 Firm instructi to Parly Couns January 1987 Ready for introduction Beginning of Session

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1987/88

CATEGORY OF BILL: PROGRAMME (ADVANCE PLACE)

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
i. Goods Operator Licensing To simplify, clarify and consolidate legislation on licensing operators of goods vehicles (including unlimited period of validity for licences, and exclusion of certain operators from the requirement to hold licences).	DTp	i. The relaxation of goods operator licensing requirements is consistent with the Government policy of lifting the regulatory burden on small firms. It would be controversial with the anti-lorry environmentalists on both sides of Parliament.	Lenth Substantial: i. Up to 50 clauses ii. 8-10 clauses iii. 15-20 clauses Parliamentary procedures	i. Significant man- power savings in DTp. Reduced administrative burden on industry.	i. Policy March/April 198 Public consultation May/June 1986 Instructions November/
Amendment of Road Traffic Act 1972 to enable UK to meet EC obligation to harmonise further member states' car, goods vehicle and bus driver licensing; to permit replacement of multiple licensing authorites by Secretary of State along; and to make minor amendments to provision on driving tests and issue of licences.		ii. Ministerial public commitment that bus driver licensing should cover all buses carrying 17 or more passengers. Consultation in 1986 on proposed new directive should ensure any potential for controversy has been dealth with.	1988 to allow lead time on computer programming, administrative reorganisation, and secondary legislation to meet operative date for driver licensing changes of 1 January 1990.	ii. Manpower Centralisation of licensing expected to produce manpower savings of 20 in 1991 rising to 80 in 1993. Financial Manpower savings may be offset in part by cost of additional data handling equipment, but too early to say.	ii. Policy Clearance End October 198 Instructions End January 198

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1987/88

ROAD TRAFFIC (Cont'd)

TITLE AND PURPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENGTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
				EC Aspect In 1986 a second directive will propose further measures of harmonisation which will remove grounds for UK's present non-compliance with EC directive 80/1263.	
<pre>(iii) Amendments to Road Traffic Act Various amendments to make improvements in regulations or procedures in the following areas: - MOT testing: validity of first certificate - bus and coach certification procedures - goods vehicle plating - control of motorcycle replacement silencers</pre>		(iii) Mainly uncontroversial. Some of the proposals have strong support from industry or consumer groups.		(iii) No significant implications	Public consultation In stages up to September 1986 Policy In stages up to November 1986 Instructions January 1987

GOVERNMENT BILLS PROPOSED FOR 1987/88

ROAD TRAFFIC (Cont'd)

TITLE AND PUKPOSE	DEPT	POLITICAL ASPECTS	LENTH; PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE; ROYAL ASSENT	FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND EC ASPECTS	TIMETABLE FOR PREPARATION
- sale of unroadworthy motor vehicles					
- speed limit order making powers for new lit roads					
- motor rallies on public footpaths					
 vehicle and component type approval tests by independent test houses 					
- road accident third party liabilities					
					Introduction
					Start of 1987/88 session.