SECRET AND PERSONAL UNTIL 2/30PM ON AUGUST 13

MR MIDDLETON

Rad figure, though Mr Burns

Bad figure, though Mr Britton

Mr Tumbull Shine has whates Mr Shields

The Lankester -No 10

cc Chancellor Financial Secretary Mr Lankester - No 10.

MONEY SUPPLY IN JULY: FIRST GUESS

I attach a note by the Bank giving a first estimate of monetary growth in banking July. £M3 is estimated to have increased by 2.2%, much in line with our forecast. After the surge in April, followed by a flat two months, M1 has again risen sharply by 3%. We will be investigating these figures further and reporting next week.

T LENNON 24 July 1981 E millions, seasonally adjusted

Estimates based on the figures provided by the weekly reporting banks show a rise in £M3 of 1,570 (2.2%) in banking July. This increase is exactly in line with the rise predicted at the monthly forecast. If confirmed by the full banking figures next week it would indicate an annual rate of growth since February 1981 of 17.3%.

MI is estimated to have risen by 920 (3.0%). The monetary base was flat this month and has risen at an annual rate of only 1.6% since February. Tentative figures for PSL1 and PSL2 show rises of 2.2% and 1.8% respectively.

The attached table compares changes in the counterparts and EM3 with the forecast. The CGBR at 2,280 was much in line with the forecast (HMT are estimating the strike effect at between 1,500 and 1,750, slightly higher than forecast). However, within the CGBR, on-lending was markedly different from the MRC Forecast with 460 extra borrowing by the rest of the public sector, mainly by public corporations. Underlying own-account borrowing appears to have been significantly less than expected. The higher on lending is more than offset in the other public sector's direct contribution, which was contractionary by around 560 compared with the expansionary +300 that was forecast. Thus on the face of it the underlying PSBR seems to have been much lower than forecast. Net purchases of CG debt by the non-bank private sector, at 680, were 100 less than forecast. Within this, gilts raised 180 (240 less than forecast, but banks and discount houses appear to have bought heavily in the last week), National Savings raised 230 and there were sales of CTDs of 210.

SECRET 2

Sterling lending to the private sector rose by 330, a little more than the forecast rise of 220; within the total, Issue Department sold 180 commercial bills. (The bill leak is estimated to have riser by 45.) Lending in sterling to overseas rose very sharply, by 490. Overseas sterling deposits also rose sharply, by 300, so this may reflect a further expansion of offshore inter-bank type transactions. The residual between DCE and \$M3 was -290. Identified external items excluding switching by banks, account for -540 which suggests the residual may include a reversal of last month's erratic increase in NNDLs.

Financial Statistics Division Money and Banking Aggregates Group HO-4 24 July 1981

A S Watson (4757)

£ millions seasonally adjusted

作为国际产生的发射和影響等高级的工程的扩展		Apple ir	rst Estimate (a)			Forecast			
CGBR CG Debt:	Treasury Bills National Savings	-175 - 65 -230		,280		-415 - 25 -150	+2	2,220	
	CTDs etc	-205	-	675		-190	-	780	
Other pub	lic sector: LA PC	*	-	560		+140 +160	+	300	
Bank lend	ing to:								
overseas	sector (inc Issue bil	ls)	+	325 485 ,855			+	215 250 ,205	
finance	and foreign currency)) its liabilities ')		+1	290	(+2.2%)		-	515 125 ,565	(+2.2%)
Notes and Private se	coin actor sight deposits		-	45 965 920	(+3.0%)				

⁽a) Including some transactions which could not be attributed to individual weeks in Table 3W/1.