MINISE BAST: ANYANGE COPIES W 22 PS (6) PSAG WCE FS/FUS SIR J LEATY YR EGERTON. NO 10 DOWNING STREET SIR J BULLARD E/NEVAD CABINET OFFICE D10 ED/LED ED/UND · M. E/ NAD FD/CONSULAR DEPT IMMEDIATE PUSD (2) NEWS D ADVANCE COPY RESIDENT CLERK CONFIDENTIAL FM WASHINGTON 252330Z MAY, 1984 TO IMMEDIATE F C O TELEGRAM NUMBER 1640 OF 25 MAY INFO IMMEDIATE UKDEL SALON DE PROVENCE, (FOR SECRETARY OF STATE'S PARTY) BAGHDAD, TEHRAN, JEDDA, OTHER GULF POSTS, PRIORITY UKMIS NEW YORK, UKDEL NATO, PARIS, ANMAN, TEL AVIV, CAIRO, DAMASCUS AND BEIRUT. THE GULF: US POLICY SUMMARY 1. FURTHER CONFIRMATION THAT THE AMERICANS DO NOT INTEND TO INTERVENE MILITARILY IN THE GULF WITHOUT AN EXPLICIT PUBLIC REQUEST FROM THE GULF STATES AND ALLIED SUPPORT. SALE OF STINGERS TO SAUDI ARABIA, INCLUDING THE EARLY DELIVERY OF 200 MISSILES, IS LIKELY TO PROCEED. DETAIL 2. MINISTER CALLED ON ASSISTANT SECRETARY MURPHY THIS MORNING TO HEAR HIS LATEST THINKING ON THE GULF IN THE LIGHT OF HIS VISIT TO OMAN AND SAUDI ARABIA EARLIER IN THE WEEK. MURPHY EMPHASISED THAT THE US HAD NO INTENTION OF PLUNGING IN. HE DID NOT EXPECT THE GCC TO SEEK THE INTERVENTION OF ANY OUTSIDE POWER. THE PRESIDENT'S STRONG VIEW WAS THAT AMERICAN INTERVENTION WAS OUT OF THE QUESTION IN THE ADSENCE OF A PUBLIC REQUEST AND ALLIED SUPPORT. SPEAKER O'NEILL (WHO IS QUOTED IN THE PRESS AS SAYING BRITISH AND FRENCH PARTICIPATION WOULD BE ESSENTIAL) TOOK THE WIDELY-HELD (BUT ERRONEOUS) VIEW THAT THE SITUATION IN THE GULF WAS THE CONCERN OF THE WESTERN EUROPEANS AND JAPAN RATHER THAN THE US.

- 3. THOMAS ASKED ABOUT US DISCUSSIONS WITH THE FRENCH. MURPHY SAID THAT THESE HAD NOT PROGRESSED VERY FAR AND THAT THERE WAS NO QUESTION OF CONTINGENCY PLANNING. CONFIDENTIAL TALKS, KNOWLEDGE OF WHICH WAS VERY CLOSELY HELD, HAD HOWEVER TAKEN PLACE OVER THE PAST 4-5 YEARS BETWEEN THE FRENCH COMMANDER IN DJIBOUTI AND THE US NAVAL COMMANDER IN THE GULF. THE AMERICANS ASSUMED THAT THE FRENCH WOULD NOT ACKNOWLEDGE PUBLICLY THAT THEY WERE PARTICIPATING IN ANY COORDINATED OPERATION, BUT THAT THEY WOULD BE THERE IN THE CRUNCH: THEY DID AFTER ALL HAVE THE SECOND LARGEST WESTERN NAVAL FORCE IN THE INDIAN OCEAN.
- 4. MURPHY AVOIDED A DIRECT ANSWER WHEN THOMAS ASKED WHETHER THE AMERICANS HAD IT IN MIND TO APPROACH THE FRENCH ABOUT THEIR ARMS SUPPLIES TO IRAQ. HE RECALLED THAT THE US HAD INITIALLY OPPOSED ARMS SUPPLIES TO BOTH SIDES, BUT THAT THE EMPHASIS HAD SHIFTED TO CHOKING OFF SUPPLIES TO IRAN IN THE LAST QUARTER OF 1983 WHEN IT HAD BECOME CLEAR THAT THE IRAQIS WERE INTERESTED IN PEACE AND THAT THE IRANIANS WERE RECALCITRANT. HE REITERATED THAT THE AMERICANS WERE NOT SUPPLYING ARMS TO EITHER SIDE AND WERE CONTINUING TO INVESTIGATE CAREFULLY ALLEGATIONS THAT US WEAPONS WERE STILL FINDING THEIR WAY TO IRAN.
- 5. THOMAS COMMENTED THAT THE NEED TO KEEP OPEN SOME WESTERN LINES OF COMMUNICATION TO IRAN AND TO AN EVENTUAL SUCCESSOR REGIME WAS AN IMPORTANT CONSIDERATION IN OUR THINKING. MURPHY SAID THAT IRAN'S STRATEGIC IMPORTANCE WAS RECOGNISED IN WASHINGTON: NOBODY WANTED TO LOSE IRAN FOR THE LONG TERM. BUT THERE WAS NO PRESSURE AT PRESENT FOR ANY US OVERTURE TO THE PRESENT IRANIAN LEADERSHIP WHICH WOULD, IN ANY CASE BE UNRECEPTIVE: MEMORIES OF THE HOSTAGE CRISIS WERE STILL TOO STRONG AND THE REGIME'S REPUGNANT EXCESSES. HE ADDED THAT THERE WAS LITTLE AFFECTION IN WASHINGTON FOR THE IRAQI LEADERSHIP EITHER.
- 6. MURPHY HAD BEEN EXASPERATED BY THE LEAKS IN WASHINGTON CONCERNING PRESIDENT REAGAN'S MESSAGE TO KING FAHD. HE DESPAIRED OF PEOPLE (HE IMPLIED IN THE WHITE HOUSE) WHO GOT THEIR KICKS BY DISCLOSURES TO THE PRESS. ON THE SUBSTANCE, THE SAUDIS MAIN REQUEST HAD BEEN FOR THE EARLY DELIVERY OF STINGER TO FILL AN OBVIOUS GAP IN THEIR AIR DEFENCES. THEY WOULD BE USED TO PROTECT ONSHORE · INSTALLATIONS AND POSSIBLY ON SAUDI NAVAL VESSELS IF THESE WERE USED ON ESCORT DUTIES. THE ADMINISTRATION WERE RESUBMITTING TO CONGRESS THE PROPOSAL TO SELL 1200 STINGERS. OF WHICH 200 WERE LIKELY TO BE DELIVERED UNDER THE PRESIDENT'S ENERGENCY AUTHORITY BEFORE THE CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION PERIOD HAD ELAPSED. MURPHY RECOGNISED THAT THIS RISKED BRUISING FEELINGS ON THE HILL BUT THOUGHT THIS DANGER OUTWEIGHED BY THE MANIFEST URGENCY OF THE REQUIREMENT. THE ADMINISTRATION'S SOUNDINGS ON THE HILL SUGGESTED THAT MAJORITY OPINION FAVOURED THE SALE IN PRESENT CIRCUMSTANCES THOUGH THERE WERE STILL THOSE WHO WERE OPPOSED TO ANY ARMS SALES TO THE MIDDLE EAST AND OTHERS WHO WERE CONCERNED AT THE POSSIBLE THREAT TO ISRAEL.
 - 7. MURPHY SAID THAT GENERAL TIXIER WOULD BE GOING TO SAUDI ARABIA THIS WEEKEND TO FOLLOW UP POINDEXTER'S VISIT LAST MONTH. BUT THE IDEA OF CONTINGENCY TALKS WAS GNLY INCHING FORWARD. THE SAUDIS