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10 DOWNING STREET

LO3APK CCESO

19 November 1985

From the Private Secretary

ANGLO/IRISH AGREEMENT: PARLIAMENTARY DEBATE

I enclose a copy of the current draft of the Prime Minister's speech opening the Debate on the Anglo/Irish Agreement next week. I am about to begin on further revision taking account of the Prime Minister's comments.

I should be grateful for any further comments which you, or Christopher Mallaby, to whom I am copying this letter and enclosure, have at this stage.

I should also welcome your advice on the following points:-

- I The Prime Minister would like some good quotes from both the "Way Ahead" and the "New Irish Forum Report" on the rejection of violence and the need to take account of the hopes and fears of other communities.
- II The Prime Minister recalls some document or study group report in which Peter Utley played a prominent part. I am afraid that I cannot identify it more specifically. But I daresay that it will ring a bell with someone. Could you please let me have a copy.
- The Prime Minister is considering citing examples of what we hope to achieve from improved security co-operation. It may be that we cannot go beyond Article 9a of the Agreement. But if it were possible to say more it would be helpful to have some suggested lines.
 - The Prime Minister is considering saying rather more than in the present draft about the Government's record in getting rid of discrimination in observing a fair balance between the communities in the appointments to public bodies. Could you provide me with a short paragraph on this please?

/I am not

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I am not sure how you will wish to divide these tasks between yourself and the Cabinet Office. Could I please leave it to you to discuss with Christopher Mallaby? As always, I have to say that we need the material in rather a hurry in the hope of being able to put a new version of the speech to the Prime Minister on Thursday night.

I am copying this letter and enclosure to Christopher Mallaby (Cabinet Office).

CHARLES POWELL

Jim Daniell, Esq., Northern Ireland Office. DRAFT SPEECH FOR THE PRIME MINISTER

SPIAEZ

TO OPEN THE DEBATE ON NORTHERN IRELAND

MR. SPEAKER, AS I INFORMED THE HOUSE LAST WEEK,

DR. GARRET FITZGERALD, THE TAOISEACH, AND I

MET IN NORTHERN IRELAND ON 15 NOVEMBER TO

SIGN AN ANGLO-IRISH AGREEMENT.

UNIONIST POSITION A WIDER AND FIRMER

RECOGNITION THAN EVER BEFORE AND BY ENABLING

THE NATIONALIST COMMUNITY TO FEEL THAT THEIR

CONCERNS WOULD BE FULLY HEEDED, THE AGREEMENT

WOULD HELP TOWARDS RECONCILIATION, STABILITY

AND PEACE.

MR. SPEAKER, I WANT FIRST TO DESCRIBE WHAT THE AGREEMENT DOES.

THEN, IN VIEW OF SOME OF THE WILDER CLAIMS

THAT WE HAVE HEARD - MANY OF THEM MADE BEFORE

THE TERMS OF THE AGREEMENT WERE KNOWN - I

SHALL MAKE CLEAR WHAT IT DOES NOT DO.

FIRST, THE AGREEMENT INCORPORATES IN A FORMALLY BINDING

INTERNATIONAL ACCORD A RECOGNITION BY THE

IRISH GOVERNMENT THAT THE STATUS OF NORTHERN

IRELAND WILL REMAIN UNCHANGED AS LONG AS THAT

IS THE WISH OF A MAJORITY OF THE PEOPLE OF

NORTHERN IRELAND.

ALSO FOR THE FIRST TIME, IT INCORPORATES

FORMAL IRISH RECOGNITION THAT THE PRESENT

WISH OF A MAJORITY IS FOR NO CHANGE IN THAT STATUS.

THE AGREEMENT ALSO ACKNOWLEDGES THE INTEREST OF THE

IRISH REPUBLIC IN THE AFFAIRS OF THE NORTH.

THAT INTEREST IS NOT NEW.

THE NATIONALIST COMMUNITY IN NORTHERN IRELAND

AND ITS CONSTITUTIONAL ELECTED

REPRESENTATIVES HAVE LONG LOOKED TO DUBLIN TO

LEND SUPPORT TO THEIR VIEWS.

THAT IS A REALITY.

IT IS NOT GOING TO CHANGE AND WE CANNOT

PRETEND IT DOES NOT EXIST.

IN THIS AGREEMENT WE ACKNOWLEDGE THAT

REALITY.

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AND WE SEEK TO CHANNEL IT IN A WAY THAT WILL HELP BOTH OUR COUNTRIES.

FOR IN THE PAST THE IRISH INTEREST HAS OFTEN BEEN EXPRESSED IN CRITICAL OR NEGATIVE TERMS.

THAT DOES NOT HELP US.

IT DOES NOT HELP OUR RELATIONS WITH THE IRISH GOVERNMENT.

IT CERTAINLY DOES NOT HELP HARMONY BETWEEN
THE COMMUNITIES OF NORTHERN IRELAND.

GOVERNMENT TO ADVANCE VIEWS AND PROPOSALS ON

MATTERS RELATING TO NORTHERN IRELAND

CONSTRUCTIVELY AND METHODICALLY.

AND IT COMMITS BOTH GOVERNMENTS WHEN

DIFFERENCES DO ARISE TO MAKE DETERMINED
EFFORTS TO RESOLVE THEM.

FINALLY, IT ALSO COMMITS OUR TWO GOVERNMENTS

TO WORK CLOSER TOGETHER ON A WIDE RANGE OF

SECURITY, ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL MATTERS.

I SHALL LOOK AT THE AGREEMENT IN MORE DETAIL IN A MOMENT.

BUT FIRST I MUST SAY SOMETHING ABOUT WHAT IS NOT IN THE AGREEMENT.

IT DOES $\underline{\text{NOT}}$ AFFECT THE STATUS OF NORTHERN IRELAND WITHIN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

THE AGREEMENT DOES NOT SET US ON SOME IMAGINED SLIPPERY SLOPE TO IRISH UNITY.

I REGARD IT AS ABSOLUTE NONSENSE TO CLAIM

THAT IT DOES.

ARTICLE 1 ECHOES THE PROVISION IN SECTION 1

OF THE NORTHERN IRELAND CONSTITUTION ACT
THAT NORTHERN IRELAND REMAINS PART OF THE

UNITED KINGDOM AS LONG AS A MAJORITY THERE SO

WISH.

THAT AGAIN IS A RECOGNITION OF REALITY.

THE GUARANTEE FOR THE MAJORITY LIES IN THE

FACT THE THEY ARE A MAJORITY.

THE PRINCIPLE OF CONSENT MUST PREVAIL IN NORTHERN IRELAND.

IT IS A PRINCIPLE THAT NEITHER I NOR ANY
GOVERNMENT LED BY ME WILL FORSAKE.

THE SECOND THING I WANT TO MAKE CLEAR IS THAT THE

AGREEMENT DOES NOT DETRACT FROM BRITISH - OR
FOR THAT MATTER IRISH - SOVEREIGNTY.

HOWEVER THIS AGREEMENT IS INTERPRETED, IT

CANNOT BE HELD TO UNDERMINE OUR SOVEREIGNTY.

WE, THE UNITED KINGDOM GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABLE

TO PARLIAMENT, REMAIN RESPONSIBLE FOR THE

GOVERNMENT OF NORTHERN IRELAND.

YES, WE WILL LISTEN TO THE VIEWS OF THE IRISH GOVERNMENT.

YES, WE WILL MAKE DETERMINED EFFORTS TO ACCOMMODATE THOSE VIEWS.

INDEED WE WELCOME IDEAS AND SUGGESTIONS

PARTICULARLY FROM A COUNTRY WITH WHICH WE

HAVE UNIQUELY CLOSE RELATIONS.

BUT AT THE END OF THE DAY DECISIONS NORTH OF

THE BORDER WILL CONTINUE TO BE MADE BY US AND SOUTH OF THE BORDER BY THE IRISH GOVERNMENT.

SOVEREIGNTY IS FULLY PRESERVED.

THIS AGREEMENT WAS REACHED ONLY AFTER LONG AND CAREFUL

CONSIDERATION OF HOW TO MOVE FORWARD IN

NORTHERN IRELAND, WHERE FOR TOO MANY YEARS WE

HAVE FAILED TO LIGHT THE BEACON OF HOPE FOR

THE FUTURE.

AT THE HEART OF THAT FAILURE HAS BEEN A FAILURE TO RECONCILE THE TWO COMMUNITIES IN NORTHERN IRELAND.

ON THE ONE HAND THE UNIONIST COMMUNITY, FIRMLY LOYAL BOTH TO THE CROWN AND TO THE UNITED KINGDOM.

THEY REPRESENT A PROUD TRADITION OF DEVOTION

TO THE UNION WHICH EVERYONE IN THESE ISLANDS

SHOULD RESPECT - AND WHICH THIS AGREEMENT

DOES RESPECT.

THEY HAVE A RIGHT TO OUR SUPPORT.

THEY HAVE A RIGHT TO BE SECURE IN THE

KNOWLEDGE THAT WE WILL NOT TRY TO FORCE THEM

INTO NEW CONSTITUTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS AGAINST

THEIR WILL.

THE AGREEMENT CONFIRMS THAT SECURITY.

ON THE OTHER HAND IS THE NATIONALIST COMMUNITY, WHO

THINK OF THEMSELVES AS IRISH IN TERMS OF

THEIR IDENTITY, THEIR SOCIAL AND CULTURAL

TRADITIONS AND THEIR POLITICAL ASPIRATIONS.

THIS HOUSE CAN RESPECT THEIR IDENTITY TOO AND THEIR ASPIRATIONS, EVEN THOUGH WE MAY NOT
SEE THE PROSPECT OF THEIR BEING FULFILLED.

IT IS RECONCILIATION BETWEEN THESE TWO COMMUNITIES AND

THE ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF THE RIGHTS OF THE TWO

MAJOR TRADITIONS THAT IS THE GOAL OF THIS

AGREEMENT.

AND IT IS A GOAL THAT THE PEOPLE OF THE

UNITED KINGDOM AND THE IRISH REPUBLIC - WHO

HAVE TOGETHER WATCHED WITH SORROW AND HORROR

THE AGONIES OF NORTHERN IRELAND OVER THE PAST

ONE-AND-A-HALF DECADES - WILL, I AM SURE,

WHOLE-HEARTEDLY SUPPORT.

THE AGREEMENT

MR. SPEAKER, MUCH OF WHAT I HAVE JUST SAID IS SUMMED UP

IN THE PREAMBLE TO THE AGREEMENT.

IT SETS OUT THE COMMITMENT OF THE UNITED

KINGDOM AND THE IRISH REPUBLIC TO WORK FOR

RECONCILIATION; OUR UTTER AND TOTAL REJECTION

OF VIOLENCE; OUR RECOGNITION AND RESPECT FOR

THE SEPARATE IDENTITIES IN NORTHERN IRELAND;

OUR ACCEPTANCE OF THE RIGHT OF EACH TO PURSUE

ARTICLE 1 OF THE AGREEMENT MAKES IT ABUNDANTLY CLEAR

THAT THIS AGREEMENT PRESENTS NO THREAT

WHATSOEVER TO UNIONISTS' HEARTFELT DESIRE TO

REMAIN PART OF THE UNITED KINGDOM, FOR THE

ITS ASPIRATIONS BY PEACEFUL MEANS.

REASONS I HAVE EXPLAINED.

ARTICLE 2 BUILDS UPON THE FRAMEWORK OF THE ANGLO-IRISH INTERGOVERNMENTAL COUNCIL THAT WAS SET UP AFTER MY SUMMIT IN NOVEMBER 1981 WITH MR. HAUGHEY AND HAS BEEN DEVELOPED SINCE DR. FITZGERALD BECAME TAOISEACH. IT ESTABLISHES AN INTERGOVERNMENTAL CONFERENCE CONCERNED WITH ASPECTS OF NORTHERN IRELAND AFFAIRS AND THE DEVELOPMENT OF CROSS-BORDER CO-OPERATION. THIS CONFERENCE WILL CONSIDER ON A REGULAR BASIS POLITICAL, SECURITY AND LEGAL MATTERS, INCLUDING THE ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

SECURITY MATTERS WILL BE CONSIDERED TOGETHER

WITH CROSS-BORDER CO-OPERATION.

THE MATTERS OF CONCERN TO THE CONFERENCE ARE

SPELT OUT IN ARTICLES 4 TO 10.

THIS HOUSE, MR. SPEAKER, IS SUFFICIENTLY AWARE OF THE

METTLE OF THIS GOVERNMENT TO KNOW THAT WE

WOULD NOT HAVE CONSENTED TO ANY ARRANGEMENT

THAT WOULD GIVE ANOTHER COUNTRY AUTHORITY

OVER ANY PART OF THE UNITED KINGDOM.

RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE DECISIONS AND

ADMINISTRATION OF GOVERNMENT WILL CONTINUE TO

REST WITH HER MAJESTY'S GOVERNMENT WHO WILL

REMAIN ACCOUNTABLE TO PARLIAMENT.

THIS IS A FUNDAMENTAL POINT.

THERE CAN BY NO MISUNDERSTANDING.

MOREOVER CO-OPERATION IN THE INTERGOVERNMENTAL CONFERENCE WILL BE A TWO-WAY STREET.

THE IRISH GOVERNMENT WILL BE ABLE TO PUT ITS

VIEWS AND PROPOSALS ON MATTERS AFFECTING

NORTHERN IRELAND.

WE FOR OUR PART SHALL BE ABLE TO PURSUE

ISSUES OF CONCERN TO NORTHERN IRELAND,

NOTABLY CO-OPERATION IN THE FIGHT AGAINST

TERRORISM.

ONE POINT IN THE AGREEMENT IS WORTH A SPECIAL MENTION.

THE INTERGOVERNMENTAL CONFERENCE WILL CONCERN

ITSELF WITH THE MATTERS SET OUT IN THE

AGREEMENT AS LONG AS THERE IS NO RETURN TO

DEVOLUTION IN NORTHERN IRELAND.

IF DEVOLUTION IS RESTORED - AND IN THE

AGREEMENT THE IRISH GOVERNMENT SUPPORTS OUR

COMMITMENT TO SEEK AN ACCEPTABLE FORM OF

DEVOLVED GOVERNMENT - THEN THOSE MATTERS THAT

BECOME THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DEVOLVED

GOVERNMENT WILL NO LONGER BE CONSIDERED IN

THE INTERGOVERNMENTAL CONFERENCE.

WE HOPE THAT THE AGREEMENT WILL ENCOURAGE THE

ELECTED REPRESENTATIVES OF BOTH COMMUNITIES

TO COME TOGETHER TO FORM A LOCAL

ADMINISTRATION ACCEPTABLE TO BOTH.

THIS HOPE HAS BEEN SPECIFICALLY ENDORSED BY
THE IRISH GOVERNMENT.

AND BEFORE I LEAVE THE AGREEMENT I SHOULD DRAW THE

PARTICULAR ATTENTION OF THE HOUSE TO ARTICLES

9 AND 10 WHICH PROMOTE CROSS-BORDER

CO-OPERATION.

NO-ONE IN THIS HOUSE WILL, I BELIEVE,

QUESTION THE DESIRABILITY OF EXPLORING WAYS

OF IMPROVING CO-OPERATION BETWEEN OUR TWO

GOVERNMENTS - PARTICULARLY IN THE FIELD OF

SECURITY - OR THE PRIORITY WHICH WILL BE

GIVEN TO THIS ASPECT OF THE WORK OF THE

CONFERENCE.

FINALLY, ARTICLE 10 RECORDS OUR INTENTION TO CO-OPERATE

ON ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT.

IT ALSO REFERS TO THE POSSIBILITY OF SECURING

INTERNATIONAL SUPPORT FOR THIS WORK.

THE BENEFITS

MR. SPEAKER, I BELIEVE THAT THIS AGREEMENT HOLDS OUT

TWO MAIN BENEFITS.

BOTH ARE VALUABLE.

THE FIRST OF THE BENEFITS IS THE DEVELOPMENT OF OUR

RELATIONSHIP WITH THE REPUBLIC.

I HAVE ALREADY REFERRED TO THAT.

THE PROCESS BEGUN IN 1981 HAS BEEN

SIGNIFICANTLY EXTENDED.

BOTH OUR COUNTRIES WILL BENEFIT.

BUT ALSO THERE IS THE BENEFIT FOR THE TWO COMMUNITIES

IN NORTHERN IRELAND.

I BELIEVE THAT ANY OBJECTIVE OBSERVER WILL

COME TO SEE THE AGREEMENT NOT AS FAVOURING

ONE SIDE OR THE OTHER, BUT AS BENEFITING

NORTHERN IRELAND AS A WHOLE - AND THEREFORE

ALL THE PEOPLE OF THESE ISLANDS.

IT CONFIRMS AND CLARIFIES THE ATTITUDE OF BOTH

GOVERNMENTS TO NORTHERN IRELAND'S PRESENT

STATUS.

THERE CAN BE NO GROUNDS FOR UNCERTAINTY NOW.

THAT MUST BE IN THE INTERESTS OF STABILITY.

IT PROMISES CLOSER CO-OPERATION BETWEEN THE TWO GOVERNMENTS.

THAT MUST BE HELPFUL.

IN THE SECURITY FIELD, ENHANCED CO-OPERATION

CAN HELP US TO MAKE FURTHER PROGRESS IN

RIDDING NORTHERN IRELAND OF THE MENACE OF

TERRORISM.

CONSTRUCTIVE, ORDERLY WAY, AVOIDING WHAT HAS
SOMETIMES HAPPENED IN THE PAST, NAMELY
CRITICAL RESPONSES TO EVENTS WITH NEITHER
SIDE PROPERLY UNDERSTANDING THE POSITION OF
THE OTHER.

THAT CAN ONLY BE AN IMPROVEMENT.

IT RECOGNISES THE IDENTITY, RIGHTS AND ASPIRATIONS OF BOTH COMMUNITIES.

IT ACKNOWLEDGES THAT THERE CAN BE DIFFERENCES
IN WHAT EACH COMMUNITY WANTS IN THE LONG
TERM.

ACCOMMODATES THOSE DIFFERENCES, RATHER THAN

ATTEMPTING TO STEAMROLLER ONE SIDE INTO

ACCEPTANCE OF THE OTHER'S VIEW.

CAN ANYONE FIND FAULT IN THAT?

FINALLY, THE AGREEMENT OFFERS A GUARANTEE TO THE

MINORITY IN NORTHERN IRELAND THAT THEIR VIEWS

WILL BE HEARD, THEIR RIGHTS WILL BE RESPECTED

AND THAT THEY HAVE A VITAL ROLE TO PLAY.

NATIONALIST COMMUNITY THAT GOVERNMENT

DESERVES THEIR SUPPORT, TO BRING THEM TO PLAY

THEIR PART IN CONFRONTING AND DEALING WITH

THE HOST OF DIFFICULT ISSUES THAT EXIST IN

NORTHERN IRELAND.

AND IF WE SUCCEED IN THAT AIM, IT IS NOT JUST THE MINORITY WHO BENEFIT.

ALL IN NORTHERN IRELAND BENEFIT FROM THE

SEA-CHANGE THAT WILL OCCUR IN INTER-COMMUNAL

RELATIONS AS THE TWO COMMUNITIES WORK

TOGETHER FOR A MORE STABLE, PEACEFUL AND

PROSPEROUS SOCIETY.

IN THE LAST ANALYSIS, THAT IS THE GREATEST PRIZE TO BE WON.

GENERAL POLICY

BUT, MR. SPEAKER, AS I SAID EARLIER, THIS AGREEMENT

CANNOT WORK MIRACLES.

IT IS NOT ON ITS OWN GOING TO BE ENOUGH.

I MAKE NO SUCH CLAIMS FOR IT.

NOR, I KNOW, WOULD THE TAOISEACH.

NO, IT MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A CONSIDERED, DETERMINED

AND CO-ORDINATED DRIVE TO DEAL WITH THE OTHER

ISSUES THAT FACE US IN NORTHERN IRELAND.

AND THAT DRIVE MUST REST ON CLEAR AND

CONSISTENT PRINCIPLES OF JUSTICE, EQUITY AND

FAIRNESS.

IN ALL WE DO, WE MUST INSIST ON OBSERVANCE OF THE RULE OF LAW, PROTECTION OF INDIVIDUAL

RIGHTS, AND RESPECT FOR THE NEEDS OF THE TWO
COMMUNITIES IN NORTHERN IRELAND.
CERTAINLY THERE MUST BE NO SECOND-CLASS
CITIZENS ANYWHERE IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

SO, ON THE ECONOMIC FRONT, WE MUST CONTINUE TO PAY SPECIAL ATTENTION TO NORTHERN IRELAND'S NEEDS.

DURING DIRECT RULE, SPENDING ON ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL PROGRAMMES HAS RISEN FROM £590 MILLION IN 1972-73 TO £3,600 MILLION LAST YEAR - AN INCREASE OF OVER 50 PER CENT IN REAL TERMS.

THESE RESOURCES HAVE BEEN USED TO SECURE MUCH NEEDED IMPROVEMENTS IN INFRASTRUCTURE,

SERVICES AND THE FABRIC OF SOCIETY IN

NORTHERN IRELAND.

THERE COULD BE NO MORE EFFECTIVE WAY OF

GIVING THE LIE TO THOSE WHO SAY THAT HER

MAJESTY'S GOVERNMENT DOES NOT CARE ABOUT THE

PROBLEMS OF NORTHERN IRELAND AND ITS PEOPLE.

OUR CONCERN WILL CONTINUE.

IN THE SECURITY FIELD OUR EFFORTS WILL ALSO CONTINUE.

AND HERE, OF COURSE, WE EXPECT THE NEW AGREEMENT TO BEAR FRUIT.

THANKS TO THE MAGNIFICENT WORK OF OUR

POLICEMEN AND SOLDIERS, WE HAVE ALREADY MADE

GREAT STRIDES.

THOSE WHO GO TO NORTHERN IRELAND TODAY FIND

IT UNRECOGNISABLE FROM THE DARK DAYS OF THE

EARLY SEVENTIES.

THE SECURITY STATISTICS TELL THEIR OWN STORY.

WE STILL HAVE MUCH TO DO.

WE CANNOT REST UNTIL TERRORISM IS ELIMINATED

FROM NORTHERN IRELAND.

BUT OUR SECURITY FORCES CAN TAKE NEW HEART

FROM THE PROMISE OF A GREATER SECURITY

CO-OPERATION THAT WILL FLOW FROM THE

AGREEMENT.

AS FOR POLITICAL DEVELOPMENT WITHIN NORTHERN IRELAND,

THAT IS WHERE WE HAVE LITTLE TO SHOW.

THIS GOVERNMENT, LIKE ITS PREDECESSORS, SEEKS

A RETURN TO DEVOLVED GOVERNMENT IN A FORM

THAT IS BROADLY ACCEPTABLE ACROSS THE TWO

COMMUNITIES.

THAT PRINCIPLE OF ACCEPTABILITY IS

INESCAPABLE IF ANY NEW SYSTEM OF DEVOLVED

GOVERNMENT IS TO BE WORKABLE.

AND IT IS ENDORSED IN THE AGREEMENT.

WE ARE THEREFORE EVEN MORE FIRMLY COMMITTED

TO THAT PATH AND WILL CONTINUE TO SEEK A WAY

OF BRINGING THE PARTIES TOGETHER SO THAT

PROGRESS CAN BE MADE.

WE HOPE THAT ALL THE CONSTITUTIONAL PARTIES

IN NORTHERN IRELAND WILL JOIN US IN THIS

ENDEAVOUR.

PERORATION

I HAVE EXPLAINED, MR. SPEAKER, THE REASONS WHY WE HAVE

ENTERED UPON THIS ENTERPRISE, AND THE
BENEFITS THAT I BELIEVE IT CAN BRING.

I HOPE THAT THE MEMBERS OF BOTH COMMUNITIES

IN NORTHERN IRELAND WILL COME TO SHARE MY

VIEW OF THOSE BENEFITS.

OUR COMMON OBJECTIVE IS PEACE AND PROGRESS IN NORTHERN IRELAND.

I HAVE HEARD STATEMENTS MADE BY SOME PEOPLE ABOUT THIS

AGREEMENT WHICH BEAR NO RELATION TO WHAT IS

IN IT.

I BELIEVE THAT THOSE STATEMENTS WERE MADE

BECAUSE THOSE CONCERNED HAD DECIDED TO FIND

FAULT WITH THE AGREEMENT REGARDLESS OF WHAT

WAS IN IT.

SO NOW, EVEN THOUGH THEY MAY HAVE FOUND THAT

IT DID NOT MATCH THEIR OWN ADVANCE

SCARE-STORIES OR LIVE UP TO THEIR CHERISHED

MYTHS, THEY FIND THEMSELVES LOCKED INTO

OPPOSITION IRRESPECTIVE OF THE AGREEMENT'S

MERITS.

I CAN ONLY HOPE THAT THEY WILL RECONSIDER,

NOW THAT THEY KNOW THE REALITY OF THE

SITUATION.

I HAVE ALSO HEARD THE DEMANDS THAT WE SHOULD SUBMIT

THIS INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT TO SOME TEST

OF ACCEPTABILITY IN NORTHERN IRELAND.

MR. SPEAKER, RELATIONS BETWEEN SOVEREIGN

STATES ARE A MATTER FOR THE GOVERNMENTS OF

THOSE STATES, ACCOUNTABLE TO THEIR PARLIAMENTS.

NORTHERN IRELAND IS PART OF THE UNITED KINGDOM, AND THIS HOUSE REPRESENTS ALL THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED KINGDOM.

THE PEOPLE OF NORTHERN IRELAND MUST ACCEPT WHAT FLOWS FROM THAT.

THAT INCLUDES ACCEPTANCE OF THE POLICIES OF FREELY ELECTED GOVERNMENTS OF THE UNITED KINGDOM, ENDORSED BY PARLIAMENT, IN RESPECT OF RELATIONS WITH OTHER GOVERNMENTS - INCLUDING THE IRISH REPUBLIC.

MR. SPEAKER, THE AGREEMENT OFFERS TO THE PEOPLE OF

NORTHERN IRELAND A REAL HOPE OF MAKING

PROGRESS TOWARDS LASTING PEACE AND POLITICAL

STABILITY - IF MEN AND WOMEN OF GOODWILL TAKE

ADVANTAGE OF THE CHANCE IT OFFERS.

I BEG TO MOVE.