Prime Munister (2)
Hus 4/10 Telephone 01-273 4400 GTN 273 4400 4 October 1982 The Rt Hon Sir Geoffrey Howe, QC, MP Chancellor of the Exchequer HM Treasury Parliament Street LONDON SW1P 3AG Dear Chancellor.

In the light of the sympathetic industrial action which was taken

by over 30,000 civil servants on 22 September and given that the National Health Service dispute is continuing, we considered last week what further action we should take. As discussed, I believe that the time has now come to tell all civil servants, formally, of the Government's policy towards sympathetic action by its

rightly in my view, is more in the nature of an explanation of the

position rather than a collective warning to the Civil Service as a whole. Nevertheless it makes it clear that in future individual warning letters will not be issued so that departments can move

industrials as well as non-industrials, as soon as possible and I should be grateful to know, not later than midday on Wednesday,

I am copying this letter to the Prime Minister, to Members of the Cabinet, to the Attorney General and Lord Advocate, to the Minister

CONFIDENTIAL

Approved by the how hing Seal and signed on her behalf.

Our officials have prepared the attached draft circular which,

immediately to disciplinary procedures in appropriate cases.

I want to issue a note on these lines to all civil servants,

for Overseas Development and to Sir Robert Armstrong.

SYMPATHETIC INDUSTRIAL ACTION

whether anyone has any comments.

Suckery (Private Secretary)

BARONESS YOUNG

employees and explain the reasons for it.



Members of staff may be aware that some civil servants face disciplinary proceedings as a result of their unauthorised absence in connection with the dispute about NHS pay; and that others have been given a letter making it clear that they will be liable to disciplinary proceedings if they are again absent without authority in connection with a similar dispute.

- 2. This circular outlines, for the information of all staff, the Government's policy towards action taken by civil servants in relation to this or any other dispute which is not about Civil Service conditions.
- 3. Unauthorised absence normally breaks an employee's terms and conditions of service, and is a disciplinary offence. Where the unauthorised absence is in pursuit of direct industrial action (that is where labour is withdrawn in furtherance of a dispute about Civil Service conditions) those concerned automatically lose pay and allowances, but it has not been the normal practice to take disciplinary proceedings against the offence of unauthorised absence as such. This practice has not been altered.
- 4. However, the position is different when civil servants are absent without permission in connection with disputes which are not related to Civil Service matters (the dispute about pay in the National Health Service, for example). In those cases, civil servants who are absent without authority are liable to disciplinary proceedings in accordance with the rules set out in /departments to complete as necessary/.
- 5. Those civil servants who are now subject to the disciplinary procedures as a result of their unauthorised absence on 22 September had this position brought to their attention in writing. They were given a letter following their first unauthorised absence, making it clear that they would be liable to disciplinary proceedings if they again went absent for a similar reason. No disciplinary action was instituted following the first offence, and the point of the letter they received was to remove any possible misunderstanding about absence in connection with a dispute outside the Civil Service. In view of the explanation of the position on this matter given in this circular, it will not be the practice to issue individual warning letters in future.

NATIONAL HEALTH





NAPM MUSE/10

Treasury Chambers, Parliament Street, SWIP 3AG 01-233 3000

5 October 1982

J Buckley Esq Private Secretary Management and Personnel Office Whitehall LONDON SWIA 2AZ

Dear In,

## SYMPATHETIC INDUSTRIAL ACTION

I am writing to confirm that, as I told Douglas Board this morning, the Chancellor has no comments to offer on the draft circular enclosed with Lady Young's letter to him of 4 October.

I am copying this letter to the Private Secretaries of those Ministers who received copies of Lady Young's letter.

Mangari O'Man

MISS M O'MARA Private Secretary



Prime Minister (2)
Hus 8/10

Treasury Chambers, Parliament Street, SWIP 3AG

J Buckley Esq Private Secretary to the Lord Privy Seal Management and Personnel Office Old Admiralty Building LONDON SW1A 2AZ



7 October 1982

Dear Jim,

NHS PAY DISPUTE - TUC DAY OF ACTION (22 SEPTEMBER 1982)

My letter of 23 September promised final figures of the number of staff involved in last week's TUC day of action, and of the number known to be taking sympathetic industrial action for the second time. I now enclose a table of figures, which you may wish to draw to the attention of the Lord Privy Seal.

The main points are as follows. The total number of civil servants involved was 32,045. Of these, 16,484 were industrials, and 15.561 were non-industrials. 146 staff (all non-industrials) are known to have been taking sympathetic industrial action for the second time.

Some departments who had large numbers of staff absent without authority on 22 September have yet to complete detailed analysis of the length of absences during the day, but a general pattern has emerged. Roughly one-third were absent for periods between 1 hour and half a day; rather more than one-third were absent for less than 1 hour; and rather less than one-third were absent for the whole day.

You might also be interested to know that we have been in touch with other employers in the public sector to discover how they handled absences by their employees on 22 September. Most were affected, although the level of absences varied, for example, from stoppages in 80 per cent of the coal industry to negligible absences on the railways. Although firm information is not yet available in one or two sectors (particularly local authorities

and electricity boards), the general picture is that the response of public sector employers other than ourselves was to deal with the absences on sympathetic action by stopping pay for the period of absence; and there is no sign that any other measures were taken. There was one exception to this picture: 134 employees at British Steel's Machynys plant in South Wales were locked out on the day following the sympathetic action, but this was a decision by local management in the absence of any industry-wide pelicy.

I am copying this to Michael Scholar (No 10), to Private Secretaries to the Ministerial heads of departments, and to Richard Hatfield (Sir Robert Armstrong's Office).

H J BUSH Private S

I make the second of the secon	-			10000	
DEPARTMENTS	No of staff absent	Up to 1 hour	between 1 hour and 1 a day	for the whole day	No of double offenders
Ministry of Agriculture, non-industrials and Food industrials	29	0	.56	3	Nil
H-i Customs & Excise	750	375	309	66	17
Ministry of Defence non-industrials industrials	530 13,600	180	314 700	36 4,700	Nil
pepartment of Employment	2,879	50 pc	40pc	10pc	56.
) speriments of the Environment & Transport	955	40pc	59pc	1 pc	4
Separtment of Realth & Social Security.	3,092	37	2,730	325	49
non-industrials industrials	· 250	26	266	1	Nil.
Departments of Industry and Trade industrials	350 232	122	175	285	1
Inland Revenue	3,754	445	2862	447	9
Land Registry	109	0	109	0	Nil
Lord Chancellor's Department	74	7.	65	2	Nil
Department for National Savings	1,003	.0	0	1,003	Nil
Property Services Agency non-industrials industrials	157 278	182	127	126	Nil Nil
Scottish Office	210	0	195	15	3
Scottish Courts Administration	. 45	0	32	13	Nil
non-industrials industrials	34 49	23 15	35	8 29	NiI Nil
ielah Office	. 80	22	57	1	Nil
Management and Personnel Office	2	0	1	1	Nil
Other Government Departments (Annex A)	3,510	412	823	2,275	5
TOTAL	32,045	11,868	10,544	9,633	146
Other departments not included in Quarterly Staff Return	712	197	249	266	ral )

Not all departments have yet completed analysis of length of absence of staff involved (columns 2-4) and therefore the totals are not quite precise.

(ANNEX A)	staff absent	1 hour	and a day	day	dout offen- ders
Intervention Board for Agricultural Produce	1	0	1	0	Nil
Cabinet Office .	Nil	-	-	- 9	Nil
Victoria and Albert Museum	30	2	28	0	Nil
Science Museum	23	20	3 -	0	Nil
National Investment and Loans Office	Nil	-		-	Nil
Registry of Priendly Societies	5	0	. 5	0	Nil
Royal Mint non-industrials industrials	.734	0	0	734	Nil
Tressury Solicitor	Nil.	_	- 3	-	Nil
Department of Education and Science	80	66	. 13	1	Nil
Department of Energy	Nil .	-	-	2	Nil
Ordnance Survey	204	202.	1	1	Nil
Foreign & Commonwealth Office (including GCHQ)	120	0	120	0	Nil
Oversess Development Administration	267	17	2	248	Nil
Public Trustee Office	2	0	2	0	Nil
Jublic Record Office	. 29	. 7	17	5	Nil
Central Office of Information industrials	• 1-	0	6	1	Nil
Covernment Actuary	Nil	1-19	-	-	Nil
Her Majesty's Stationery Office industrials	67 1,514	Nil 21	25 297	42 1,196	Nil
Northern Ireland Office	Nil	-			Nil
Paymaster General's Office	Nil	-	-	-	Nil
Ceneral Register Office Scotland	20	0	20	0	1
Registers of Scotland	94	0	94	0	4
Scottish Record Office	9	. 0	9	0	Nil
Office of Population Censuses and Surveys	26	. 5	19	2	Nil

Visit a comment	staff absent	1 hour	and and and	whole day	offer ders
Export Credits Guarantee Department	196	. 38	138	20	Wil
Office of Fair Trading '.	Nil		-	-	Nil
Charity Commission -	50	27	22	1	Nil
Crown Estate Office non-industrials industrials	Nil 4	. 4	-0 -	- 0	Nil Nil
Crown Office Scotland and Procurator Fiscal Service	23	. 0	1 *	22	Nil
Director of Public Prosecutions	Nil	-		-	Nil
Law Officers Department .	Nil	-	-	-	Nil
Lord Advocate's Department .	Nil '	-	-	-	Nil
Privy Council Office	Nil	- 1	-		Nil
TOTAL	3,510	412	823	2,275	5