

# Foreign and Commonwealth Office London SW1A 2AH

19 January, 1983

Deer John,

#### New Japanese Economic Measures

On 13 January the Japanese Government announced a new package of economic measures covering the tariff reductions announced just before Christmas (which the Japanese Foreign Minister discussed with the Prime Minister earlier this month), relaxation of import restrictions, improvement of testing and certification procedures, import promotion, industrial cooperation and government procurement. In addition Prime Minister Nakasone issued a strong and direct public statement (copy enclosed) calling on the Japanese to welcome foreign goods and avoid excessive exports.

The Foreign and Commonwealth Secretary thinks that it would be useful if he were to send a message to Mr Abe, on the lines of the attached draft, welcoming the measures in principle while at the same time seeking to nail the Japanese down on their future programme of work on trade problems. This would serve both to give encouragement to the Japanese to continue their efforts, and to make clear that these will be judged by results.

In view of her close interest in the subject, Mr Pym thought that the Prime Minister might like to see the draft message before it issues.

I am copying this letter to John Rhodes (Department of Trade).

(J E Holmes)

Private Secretary

Your ever

A J Coles Esq Private Secretary 10 Downing Street

CONFIDENTIAL

### STATEMENT OF PRIME MINISTER NAKASONE

ON

#### THE PROMOTION OF EXTERNAL ECONOMIC MEASURES

#### January 13, 1983

Today, the world economy is confronted with acute difficulties, with simultaneous economic stagnation worsening in many parts of the world and with increasing unemployment, there is rising protectionism. The continuation of the free trading system which has sustained the post-war economic development of the world has become endangered. If we fail to respond commensurately to these challenges, we will be faced with the danger that the very basis of the stability and prosperity of the democratic, free world economies will be undermined. In the face of these difficulties, Japan, which together with the United States and Europe carries an important responsibility in sustaining the world economy, must make an active and leading contribution befitting its international position.

Under these circumstances, Japan had taken a series of measures to accelerate the opening of her market, such as unilateral reduction of tariffs and simplification of import testing procedures. These measures have been designed with the overall aim of firmly maintaining the free trading system and contributing to the revitalization of the world economy through achieving an expansion of trade on a balanced basis. In addition to these previous measures, we have decided on a new set of actions including the substantial reduction of tariffs on items of interest to our trading partners, an across-the-board review of standards, certification systems, etc, which may lead to the amendment of laws, and the improvement and strengthening of the system for settling trade-related grievances.

In parallel with such market-opening measures, we will continue to work towards the steady recovery of our economy based primarily on the expansion of domestic private demand. At the same time, for the development of our harmonious external economic relations, it is essential that we further increase manufactured imports and avoid the excessive concentration of exports of certain products.

I underline the crucial importance of these earnest efforts on the part of both the Government and people of Japan to ensure that these measures prove truly effective and fruitful. I realize that the accelerated opening of our market entails difficulties, but I appeal anew to the broad spectrum of the Japanese people to lend their understanding and cooperation in maintaining firmly the posture of welcoming foreign manufactured goods and investment without discrimination. We need to continue to cultivate the image of a "Japan which is open to the world".

I also hope that our trading partners, on their part, fully appreciate these ongoing and continuing efforts of Japan and cooperate with us for the maintenance and strengthening of the free trading system.

We have encountered many difficulties in the past, but we have surmounted them with wisdom and determination and have built the prosperity of today. I am convinced that we can certainly overcome the current challenge if we place our faith in the vigor of the societies of the free world and join our hands together to tackle the problems before us.

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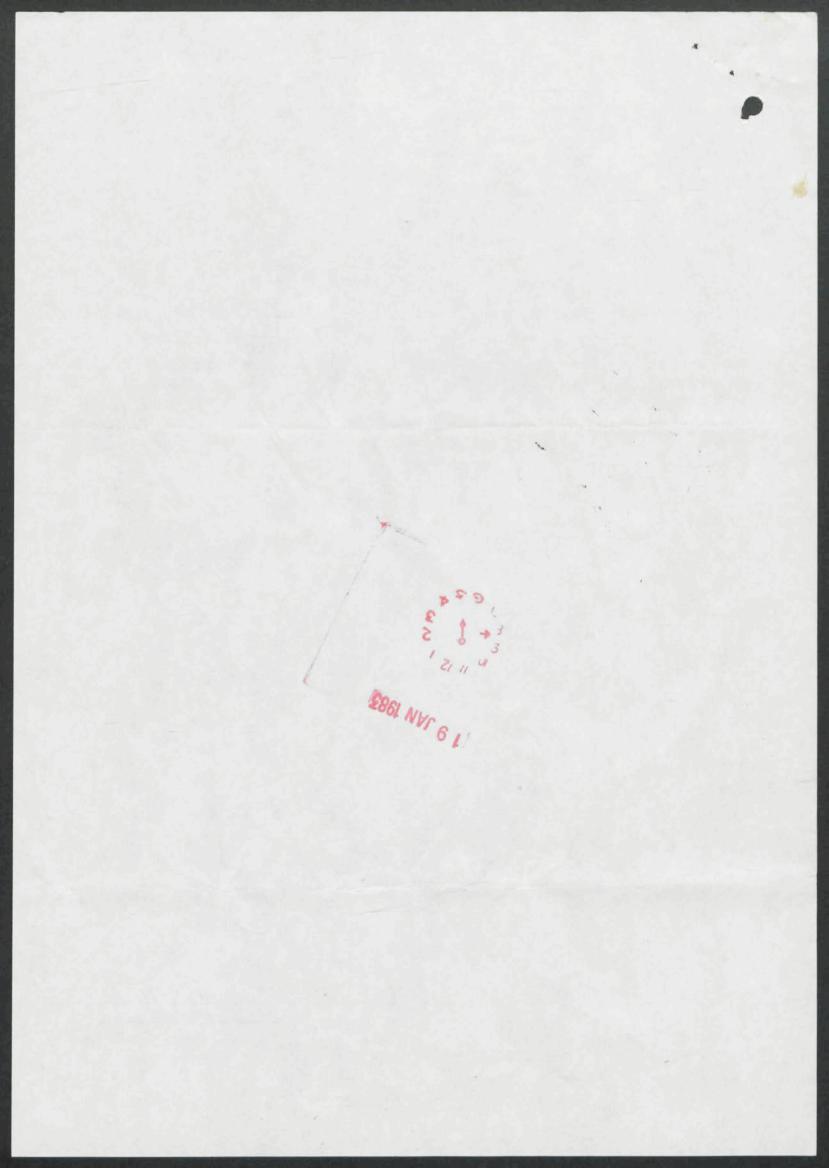
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1 <<<< 2 recognise its responsibility to sustain both the world economy and 3 the free trading system. They reflect very closely the views 4 Mrs Thatcher expressed to Mr Suzuki when she was in Japan in 5 September. We were therefore pleased to see that early in his 6 new Administration Mr Nakasone has taken the initiative in giving 7a personal lead in these two directions. We much look forward to g seeing effective results stemming from these measures and from the gappeal which Mr Nakasone has made to the Japanese people to support 10 the government's initiative." 11 Ends 12 13 PYM 14 NNNN 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 111 31 11 32 33 34 NNNN ends Catchword

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## Foreign and Commonwealth Office London SW1A 2AH

25 January 1983

Dea John,

#### New Japanese Economic Measures

Thank you for your letter of 19 January enclosing the Department of Trade's proposed draft reply for the Prime Minister to send to Mr Esaki. We are content with the draft which indeed complements the Foreign Secretary's proposed message to Mr Abe.

I am copying this letter to John Rhodes (Dept of Trade).

Your eve (J E Holmes) Jel Holes

Private Secretary

A J Coles Esq 10 Downing Street

Sapan Bre 10 DOWNING STREET From the Private Secretary 19 January 1983 NEW JAPANESE ECONOMIC MEASURES Your letter of today's date encloses a draft of a message which the Foreign and Commonwealth Secretary proposes to send to the Japanese Foreign Minister. John Rhodes' letter of 18 January, a copy of which I enclose, proposes a draft letter from the Prime Minister to Mr. Asaki about the same subject. I should be grateful to know whether both you and the Department of Trade find both drafts acceptable. I am copying this letter to John Rhodes. A.J. COLES John Holmes, Esq., Foreign and Commonwealth Office