GSL YRS OM BUT TIC OR JWF 6 152 LV0 505/11 UU FCO RR PARIS ER WASHINGTON RS BONN RR UNDEL NATO RR UKDEL EEC AR UKDEL IMF/IBRD WASHINGTON GR 1140 CONFIDENTIAL FM BELGRADE 113840Z NOV 83 TO IMMEDIATE FCOOD TELNO 302 OF 11 NOVEMBER 1983 INFO ROUTINE PARIS, WASHINGTON , BONN, UKDEL NATO, UKDEL EEC, UKDEL IMF IBRD WASHINGTON VISIT OF THE YUGOSLAY PRIME MINISTER TO BRITAIN 15 18 NOVEMBER. 1. FOR YUGOSLAVIA, MRS PLANINC'S VISIT TO BRITAIN IS THE MOST IMPORTANT FOREIGN TRIP SHE WILL HAVE HADE SINCE SHE BECAME PRIME MINISTER IN MAY 1982. HER OBJECTIVES WILL BE: (A) TO SEEK A REAFFIRMATION OF SRITISH INTEREST IN THE MAINTENANCE OF YUGOSLAVIA'S INDEPENDENCE AND NON-ALIGNMENT, AND TO EXCHANGE VIEWS ON EAST-WEST RELATIONS AND OTHER MAJOR INTERNATIONAL ISSUES WITH THE PRIME MINISTER AND YOU: (B) TO EXPLAIN HER GOVERNMENT'S LONG-TERM PLANS FOR MAJOR REFORMS IN THE STRUCTURE OF THE YUGOSLAY ECONOMY AND THE INTERNAL POLITICAL PROBLEMS SHE FACES IN IMPLEMENTING THEM, AND TO SEEK AN EXPRESSION OF BRITISH POLITICAL SUPPORT FOR HER POLICIES: (C) DO DISCUSS THE NEED FOR WESTERN FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE IN MEETING YUGOSLAVIA'S DEBT SERVICING OBLIGATIONS FOR 1984, TO EXPLAIN HER GOVERNMENT'S OBJECTIONS TO A PARIS CLUB RESCHEDULING , AND TO SEEK BRITISH COOPERATION: (D) TO ASK FOR BRITISH HELP IN FACILITATING A FURTHER INCREASE TO YUGOSLAV EXPORTS TO BRITAIN AND THE COMMUNITY AS A WHOLE THEORIGH & RELAXATION. WHERE POSSIBLE, OF IMPORT RESTRICTIONS

TO YUGOSLAV EXPORTS TO BRITAIN AND THE COMMUNITY AS A WHOLE THROUGH A RELAXATION, WHERE POSSIBLE, OF IMPORT RESTRICTIONS AND BY OTHER MEANS.

FOREIGN POLICY QUESTIONS

2. HER PREDCCUPATION WITH THE ECOHOMY HAS LEFT MRS PLANING LITTLE TIME FOR PERSONAL INVOLVEMENT IN FOREIGN POLICY, BUT SHE WILL BE FULLY DRIEFED TO EXPRESS YUGOSLAVIA'S DEEP CONCERN ABOUT THE PRESENT STATE OF EAST-WEST RELATIONS. THE YUGOSLAVS SEE THE SOVIET UNION AS THE MAJOR THREAT TO THEIR INDEPENDENCE, AND FEAR THAT GROWING EAST-WEST TENSION MAY EVENTUALLY INCREASE SOVIET TEMPTATIONS TO MEDDLE IN THEIR AFFAIRS, PARTICULARLY IF INTERNAL POLITICAL TENSIONS AMONG THE CONSTITUENT REPUBLICS OF THE FEDERATION WERE TO OFFER THE RUSSIANS SOME ROOM FOR MANGEUVPE. THEY ARE ROBUST AND REALISTIC (AND PRETTY WELL INFORMED) IN THEIR ASSESSMENT OF THE SOVIET LEADERSHIP BUT THEIR VULNERABLE POSITION DELIGES THEM TO PRESERVE A FAIRLY EVEN-HANDED PUBLIC STANCE IN EAST-WEST RELATIONS. THEY ARE ALSO FRANKLY CRITICAL OF THE TONE-OF PRESIDENT REAGAN'S PUBLIC PRONOUNCEMENTS ABOUT THE SOVIET UNION WHICH THEY SEE AS BOUND TO INDUCE A DANGEROUS MOOD OF TRUCULENCE IN MOSCOW. THEY ARE WORRIED ABOUT THE RISK OF SUPER-POWER CONFRONTATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST, 14 PARTICULAR AS A RESULT OF THE AMERICANS BEING PROVOKED INTO DIRECT INTERVENTION. ON THIS AND OTHER THIRD-WORLD PROBLEMS (CENTRAL AMERICA, INDO-CHINA, NAMIBIA , ETC) THEY ARE MUCH INFLUENCED BY THEIR DEVOTION TO THE NON-ALIGNED MOVEMENT (NAM) AND THEIR CLOSE POLITICAL AND COMMERCIAL LINKS WITH COUNTRIES AND OTHER LEADERS OF THE THIRD WORLD. THEY HAVE CONSISTENTLY PLAYED A MODERATING ROLE IN THE NAM AND THE G77 AND, THOUGH THEIR INFLUENCE HAS INEVITABLY DECLINED SINCE TITO'S DEATH, THEY DESERVE ENCOURAGEMENT IN THIS FOLE.

YUGOSLAY ECUNOMY

^{3.} UNDER A SERIES OF INEFFECTUAL SOVERNMENTS DURING TITO'S LAST YEARS THE YUGOSLAV ECONOMY HAS GOT INTO A SERIOUS MESS, AND MRS PLANING AS THE FIRST POST-TITO PRIME MINISTER IS DOING HER BEST TO RESCUE IT WITH THE AID OF A RELATIVELY ABLE TEAM OF TECHNOCRAT MINISTERS. SHE HAS BUILT UP A REPUTATION AS A TOUGH AND COURAGEOUS POLITICIAN CAPABLE OF DEFENDING A COHERENT FEDERAL POLICY AGAINST BITTER RESISTANCE FROM REGIONAL VESTED INTERESTS AND HAS ACQUIRED A GOOD DEAL OF PERSONAL POPULARITY. SHE IS WELL AWARE OF THE CAUSES OF THE ECONOMIC CRISIS (DECENT-RALISATION OF ECONOMIC POWER UNDER THE 1974 CONSTITUTION, INEFFICIENT AND WASTEFUL OVERINVESTMENT, AND FRAGMENTATION OF INDUSTRIAL MANAGEMENT THROUGH THE SELF-MANAGEMENT SYSTEM LEADING TO LOW PRODUCTIVITY, LACK OF COORDINATION AND UNCONTROLLED WAGE AND PRICE INCREASES) AND IS FULLY COMMITTED TO THE BROAD PROGRAMME OF ECONOMIC "STABILISATION" SET OUT BY THE KRAJGHER COMMISSION TO CORRECT THESE FAULTS. BUT THOUGH THIS PROGRAMME HAS BEEN ENDORSED BY THE FEDERAL ASSEMBLY AND PARTY LEADERSHIP ITS IMPLEMENTATION IS BEING SERIOUSLY HAMPERED BY FIERCE OPPOSITION FROM SHIFTING COALITIONS OF REGIONAL INTERESTS AND THE GOVERNMENT SEEMS RECENTLY TO BE GETTING LESS THAN WHOLEHEARTED SUPPORT FROM THE PARTY AND STATE PRESIDENCIES IN WHICH THESE INTERESTS ARE STRONGLY REPRESENTED. IT WILL HELP MRS PLANING TO PUSH HER POLICIES THROUGH IF SHE CAN DEMONSTRATE THAT WITHOUT THEM YUGOSLAVIA

THROUGH IF SHE CAN DEMONSTRATE THAT WITHOUT THEM YUGOSLAVIA RISKS LOSING THE POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC SUPPORT FROM THE WEST ON WHICH ITS INDEPENDENCE AND SURVIVAL DEPEND.

BALANCE OF PAYMENTS

4. THERE HAS BEEN A MARKED IMPROVEMENT IN EXPORTS TO THE CONVERTIBLE AREA IN 1983. THIS IS LARGELY DUE TO A MASSIVE DEVALUATION OF THE DIMAR BUT ALSO TO A DELIBERATE POLICY OF URIENTING YUGOSLAY INDUSTRY TOWARDS EXPORT MARKETS, AND THERE IS THEREFORE A REASONABLE CHANCE THAT THE TREND CAN CONTINUE. IMPORTS DROPPED SHARPLY THIS YEAR, LEADING TO STAGNATION IN PHODUCTION AND SEVERE SHURTAGES OF SOME COMMODITIES. THEY ARE BOUND TO RISE IN 1984, BUT YUGOSLAVIA MAY NEVERTHELESS ACHIEVE A SURPLUS ON CURTENT ACCOUNT BY THE END OF 1984 AFTER A DEFICIT OF US DOLLARS 1.4 BILLION IN 1932 - A CONSIDERABLE ACHIEVEMENT WON AT THE EXPENSE OF A SERIOUS FALL IN THE STANDARD OF LIVING. NONETHELESS DEET SERVICING OBLIGATIONS IN AT LEAST THE NEXT TWO YEARD CANNOT BE NET WITHOUT INTERNATIONAL HELP, AND THE YUGOSLAVS ARE DETERMANED TO PAY THEIR DELTS. THEY ARE HOWEVER EQUALLY DETERMINED TO AVOID A GENERAL RESIDENCE OF THE OPERATION . WHICH THEY NOULD SEE AS A SIGN OF LAUK OF WESTERN CONFIDENCE AND AS A POLITICAL REBUFF AND WHICH WOULD THEREFORE ALMOST CERTAINLY LEAD TO THE RESIGNATION OF CRS PLANING'S GOVERNMENT. THEY REALISE THAT ANY 1984 ASSISTANCE PROGRAMME WILL NEED TO CONTAIN A LARGE ELEMENT OF REFINANCING, BUT WILL HOPE FOR A SYMPATHETIC RESPONSE TO THEIR REQUIREMENT, ENDORSED BY THE IMF, FOR SOME NEW CREDITS TO ENABLE THEM TO RESTRUCTURE INDUSTRY ON MORE PRODUCTIVE LIVES AND TO STRENGTHEN THEIR RESERVES.

TRADE

S. YUGOSLAV EXPORTS TO BRITAIN AND OTHER EC COUNTRIES HAVE DONE WELL THIS YEAR BUT THERE ARE STILL SUBSTANTIAL TRADE DEFICITS AND MRS PLANING WILL NO DOUBT PLEAD FOR AN EASING OF TRADE RESTRICTIONS. SHE IS HOWEVER WELL AWARA THAT THE MAIN REQUIREMENT IS FOR GREATER YUGOSLAV EFFORTS AT MARKETING THEIR EXPORTS, AND UNDERSTANDS THE NEED FOR COMMUNITY COUNTRIES TO PROTECT SENSITIVE INDUSTRIES. SHE WILL I THINK BE CONTENT WITH A SYMPATHETIC HEARING.

PERSONAL

6. A SMALL, NEAT WOMAN WITH AN AIR OF QUIET AUTHORITY, MRS
PLANING HAS A REFRESHINGLY CLEAR AND DIRECT MANNER AND AVOIDS
THE CLUMSY AND POMPOUS JARGON SO COMMON IN GOVERNMENT LEADERS.
SHE WORKS LONG HOURS, AND THE YUGOSLAV SYSTEM REQUIRES HER TO
SPEND AN INORDINATE AMOUNT OF TIME IN CONSULTATION AND PERSUASION
AT MEETINGS OF THE ASSEMBLY AND NUMEROUS INTER-REPUBLICAN
COMMITTEES. BATTLING FOR HER POLICIES IN THESE CONDITIONS HAS BEEN
A TIRING BUSINESS BUT SHE STILL MANAGES TO LOOK FRESH AND WITH
LUCK WILL KEEP GOING FOR THE REST OF HER FOUR-YEAR TERM.