Dos Sintos - 24/8

CONFIDENTIAL UK EYES ONLY CONFIDENTIAL
DESKBY 241800Z
FM LUANDA 241510Z AUG 82
TO IMMEDIATE FCO
TELEGRAM NUMBER 411 OF 24 AUGUST
INFO IMMEDIATE WASHINGTON UKMIS NEW YORK MAPUTO

ANGOLA/NAMIBIA/CUBA: PRESIDENT DOS SANTOS

- 1. PRESIDENT DOS SANTOS SUMMONED ME TODAY FOR 45 MINUTES ALONE EXCEPT FOR AN INTERPRETER.
- 2. HE SAID HE HAD BEEN MOST GRATEFUL FOR THE PRIME MINISTER'S MESSAGE AND THE AMBASSADOR'S SPECIAL RETURN TO DELIVER IT. HE WOULD HAVE LIKED TO TRANSMIT THE REPLY TO MR KENNEDY BUT IN VIEW OF THE URGENCY OF WHAT HE HAD TO SAY HAD SUMMONED ME.
- BEEN MADE AND THAT ONLY TWO MAIN ISSUES REMAINED: THE ELECTION STSTEM AND DATE FOR A CEASEFIRE. ALL OTHERS HAD BEEN AGREED WITH SOUTH AFRICA ACCORDING TO THE CONTACT GROUP. THIS WAS POSITIVE NEWS. BUT ACCORDING TO INDICATIONS RECEIVED DISCUSSIONS ON IMPLEMENTATION WOULD NOT GO FORWARD WITHOUT A SOLUTION TO THE PRESENCE OF CUBANS IN ANGOLA. IN THAT CONTEXT THE ANGOLANS HAD HAD RECENT DISCUSSIONS WITH AMBASSADOR WISNER AND THE PRESIDENT HAD ALSO DISCUSSED THIS IN MAPUTO THE DAY BEFORE WITH PRESIDENT MACHEL. BECAUSE MACHEL HAD RECEIVED MESSAGES FROM THE US AND BRITAIN ABOUT THE CUBAN PRESENCE HE WOULD ALSO BE CONTACTING HEADS OF US AND BRITISH MISSIONS IN MAPUTO. ON THE CUBAN ISSUE ANGOLA'S STAND WAS VERY CLEAR AND HAD BEEN CONVEYED TO THE AMBASSADOR WHEN HE HAD BROUGHT THE PRIME MINISTER'S MESSAGE.
- 4. PRESIDENT DOS SANTOS WISHED ME TO TRANSMIT THE FOLLOWING TO THE PRIME MINISTER.
- D. ANGOLA DID NOT UNDERSTAND WHY AN ISSUE WAS BEING MADE OF WITH-DRAWAL OF THE CUBANS. WHY HAD IT BEEN TRANSPOSED INTO A PROBLEM?

 IN ANGOLA'S VIEW THERE NEVER HAD BEEN A PROBLEM. ANGOLA HAD NEVER SAID THAT THE CUBANS WOULD NEVER LEAVE. THE CUBANS THEMSELVES HAD ALSO NEVER SAID THAT. FOR ANGOLA THE ISSUE HAD NEVER BEEN A PROBLEM BECAUSE THEY HAD NEVER BEEN ALLOWED TO RESOLVE THE ISSUE IN PEACE. WHENEVER ANGOLA HAD INTENDED TO REDUCE CUBAN FORCES SOUTH AFRICA HAD INTENSIFIED MILITARY ACTIVITIES. THIS HAD HAPPENED IN 1976 IN PRESIDENT NETO'S TIME WHEN THE SOUTH AFRICANS HAD INTENSIFIED AGRESSION WHEN HE WAS TALKING TO CASTRO. IN 1980 AFTER A PROGRAMME OF WITHDRAWAL HAD BEEN DISCUSSED WITH CUBA SOUTH AFRICA HAD ATTACKED LUBANGO.
- 7. IN THIS STAGE OF NEGOTIATIONS ANGOLA OF COURSE LACKED CONFIDENCE BECAUSE OF SUCH PAST ATTACKS. WHO COULD ASSURE ANGOLA TODAY AGAINST ATTACK?
- 8. ANGOLA OBSERVED THAT NEGOTIATIONS FOR A NAMIBIA SETTLEMENT HAD ADVANCED TO SUCH A STAGE THAT AN AGREEMENT WAS POSSIBLE. ANGOLA WAS READY TO GIVE HER FULLEST CONTRIBUTION, EG AS REGARDS SWAPO AND THE IMPLEMENTATION OF 435. IF THIS HAPPENED A NEW SITUATION WOULD BE REACHED.

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- 10. SECONDLY THEY HAD DISCUSSED WALVIS BAY WITH THE AMERICANS. ANGOLA ACCEPTED THAT IT WOULD BE A SOUTH AFRICAN ENCLAVE POST INDE-PENDENCE BUT WANTED TO BE SURE THAT NO FORCES FROM THERE WOULD ATTACK ANGOLA. THE FACT WAS THAT WITHIN NAMIBIA THERE WOULD STILL BE THE PRESENCE OF SOUTH AFRICAN TROOPS POST INDEPENDENCE. . 11. A THIRD FACTOR EXPLAINED TO THE AMERICANS HAD BEEN THAT AFTER INDEPENDENCE THE NAMIBIAN GOVERNMENT WOULD ONLY BE STRONG POLITIC --ALLY. AS A NEW GOVERNMENT THEY WOULD HAVE NO ARMED FORCES, POLICE. SECURITY FORCES OF BORDER POLICE AND IT WOULD TAKE TIME TO ACHIEVE THEM.
- 12. FOR OBVIOUS REASONS ANGOLA WAS CONCERNED ABOUT THE ISSUE OF WITHDRAWAL OF THE REMAINDER OF CUBAN TROOPS WHICH ACTED AS A DETER-RENT. AFTER INDEPENDENCE NAMIBIA WOULD ESTABLISH NORMAL RELATIONS WITH ANGOLA AND A MODUS VIVENDI WOULD BE CREATED WITH REGARD TO SOUTH AFRICA.
- 13. THIS WAS THE WAY THAT THE ANGOLANS LOOKED AT THE ISSUE. THERE WAS NO LACK OF GOODWILL BUT A WISH TO SAFEGUARD ANGOLA'S SOVEREISNTY AND SECURITY AGAINST EXTERNAL AGRESSION. AS REGARDS INTERNAL PRO-BLEMS THESE WOULD BE SOLVED WITHOUT EXTERNAL INTERFERENCE. 14. IF THERE WAS EXTERNAL AGRESSION ANGOLA WOULD NOT BE ABLE TO DEFEND HERSELF. IF BRITAIN WAS ATTACKED BY FOREIGN FORCES SHE COULD CALL ON HER FRIENDS IN NATO. FEW COUNTRIES COULD DEFEND THEMSELVES. IN THE FALKLANDS ISSUE WE HAD HAD AT LEAST THE POLITICAL SUPPORT OF THE UNITED STATES. ANGOLA LIVED IN FRIENDSHIP WITH OTHER COUN-TRIES: THEY HAD CALLED ON THEIR FRIENDS TO GUARANTEE THEIR SOVER-EIGNTY. ANGOLA WAS NOT ALIGNED AND RELATIONS BETWEEN ANGOLA AND CUBA WERE ON THE BASIS OF TWO NON-ALIGNED COUNTRIES. ANGOLA WAS NOT A MEMBER OF THE WARSAW PACT. ANGOLA HAD ASKED FOR EXTERNAL MILITARY SUPPORT IN 1975 BECAUSE SOUTH AFRICA HAD INVADED. AN EXTERNAL FORCE. WITHOUT EXTERNAL AGRESSION AND INTERFERENCE ANGOLA COULD SOLVE HER PROBLEMS.
- 15. TO SUM UP ANGOLA AND CUBA THOUGHT THAT THEY SHOULD DISCUSS THE WITHDRAWAL OF CUBANS WHEN THE SITUATION WAS FAVOURABLE. THEY COULD OBSERVE THE SITUATION EVOLVING GRADUALLY. AS SOON AS THE FIRST REDUCTION HAD TAKEN PLACE CUBA AND ANGOLA COULD ESTABLISH A NEW CALENDAR. THE PRESIDENT WISHED TO REAFFIRM THAT THE IDEA OF A CALENDAR HAD ALREADY BEEN THERE. THE PROBLEM WAS THAT ANGOLA HAD NEVER BEEN ALLOWED TO FULFIL THE PROGRAMME BECAUSE OF EXTERNAL FORCES. 116 CONFIDENTIAL -1-

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16. AFTER DELIVERING THIS ORAL MESSAGE THE PRESIDENT REFERRED TO THE MESSAGE FROM THE U.S. STATE DEPARTMENT RECEIVED BEFORE THE WISHER VISIT (WASHINGTON TELNO 022 TO LUANDA) AND ASKED THAT WE TRANSMIT A REPLY. SEE MIFT (NOT TO ALL).

17. I PROMISED TO TRANSMIT THESE MESSAGES URGENTLY. I APOLOGISED THAT THE AMEASSADOR WAS NOT ABAILABLE PERSONALLY. NEVERTHELESS THE PRESIDENT COULD REST ASSURED THAT OUR FULLEST EFFORTS WERE AVAILABLE TO ASSIST IN ACHIEVING A NAMIBIA SETTLEMENT AND PEACE. THE MESSAGE FROM THE PRIME MINISTER AND THE AMBASSADOR'S SPECIAL RETURN WERE CLEAR INDICATIONS OF OUR TOTAL COMMITMENT.

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19. I ALSO REFERRED TO THE FOREIGN OFFICE STATEMENT ON RECENT SOUTH AFRICAN ACTIONS IN SOUTH ANGOLA. WE HAD CONDEMNED THIS VIOLENCE AT THIS DELICATE JUNCTURE AND MADE CLEAR OUR VIEW THAT NO PARTY SHOULD TAKE MILITARY ADVANTAGE OF THE PERIOD BEFORE A CEASE-FIRE: RATHER THEY SHOULD OBSERVE RESTRAINT. WE DID NOT KNOW WHAT SOUTH AFRICA WAS UP TO AT PRESENT IN THE SOUTH BUT MY IMPRESSION WAS THAT IT HAD BEEN LIMITED AND-INTENDED TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF OPPORTUNITIES, EG VIS A VIS SWAPO, RATHER THAN A PRECURSOR TO A MAJOR OPERATION.

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21. SEE COMMENT IN SECOND IFT.

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(REPEATED AS REQUESTED)

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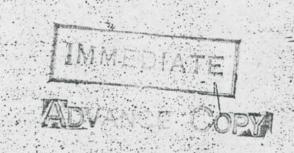
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RESIDENT CLERK

MR A J S GOODALL CABINET OFFICE
PS/No.10 DOWNING STREET





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Leianda i mechago to (19 in CONFIDENTIAL CONFIDENTIAL DESKBY 241800Z FM LUANDA 241530Z AUG 52 TO IMMEDIATE FCO TELEGRAM NUMBER 412 OF 24 AUGUST AND TO IMMEDIATE WASHINGTON HIFO IMMEDIATE UKMIS NEW YORK US/AMGOLA: PRESIDENT DOS SANTOS 1. PRESIDENT DOS SANTOS REFERRED TO THE MESSAGE FROM THE STATE DEPARTMENT RECEIVED THROUGH THE EMBASSY PRIOR TO THE STATE DEPARTMENT RECEIVED THROUGH THE EMBASSY PRIOR TO
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NAMIBIA: ADVANCE COPIES MR A J S GOODALL CABINET Eliffrações a estas de terminos medicados fora dos PS/MR ONSLOW PS/No.10 DOWNING STREET HD/S Af. D HD/C Af D - HD/UND HD/NEWS D HD/ PUSD RESIDENT CLERK CONFIDENTIAL DESKBY 241800Z FM LUANDA 241530Z AUG 82 TO IMMEDIATE FCO TELEGRAM NUMBER 412 OF 24 AUGUST AND TO IMMEDIATE WASHINGTON INFO IMMEDIATE UKMIS NEW YORK MIPT US/ANGOLA: PRESIDENT DOS SANTOS PRESIDENT DOS SANTOS REFERRED TO THE MESSAGE FROM THE STATE DEPARTMENT RECEIVED THROUGH THE EMBASSY PRIOR TO AMBASSADOR WISNER'S VISIT (WASHINGTON TELNO 022 TO LUANDA) WHICH INCLUDED REFERENCE TO CBI. HE SAID ANGOLA HAD MORE OR LESS AGREED THE ITEMS RELATING TO THE CBI WITH THE U S BUT THERE WAS A PROBLEM OF GEOGRAPHIC PARALLELS. THE U S DELEGATION HAD SUGGESTED AS A COM-PROMISE THE LINE OF DEFENCE OF MOCAMEDES AS THE POINT FOR WITH-DRAWAL OF CUBAN FORCES AND PLAN SWAPO FORCES WITHIN ANGOLA. THE PRESIDENT WISHED ME TO CONVEY TO THE U S GOVERNMENT THAT HE ACCEPTED THE MOCAMEDES LINE OF DEFENCE AS A COMPROMISE SOLUTION. 2. THE PRESIDENT ALSO WISHED ME TO CONVEY THAT HE AGREED THAT THERE SHOULD BE A MEETING OF MILITARY OFFICIALS IN CAPE VERDE TO FINALISE DETAILS OF THE PROGRAMME OF THE PERIOD OF CESSATION OF HOSTILITIES BEFORE IMPLEMENTATION. GRATEFUL WASHINGTON INFORM THE STATE DEPARTMENT. I DID NOT ASK ABOUT TIMING OR PRACTICAL DETAILS AS REGARDS CAPE VERDE. YOU SHOULD ALSO TELL THE STATE DEPARTMENT THAT THE CAPE VERDE AMBASSADOR DELIVERED A MESSAGE TO THE PRESIDENT YESTERDAY FROM PRESIDENT PEREIRA OF CAPE VERDE. FCO PSE PASS DEWAR NNNN

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NAMIBIA: ADVANCE COPIES 13

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PS/MR ONSLOW

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SIR J LEAHY

MR SQUARE

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RESIDENT CLERK

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2. IT WAS CLEAR THAT THE PRIME MINISTER'S MESSAGE HAD MADE AN IMPACT. YOU MAY WISH TO CONSIDER A FURTHER ENCOURAGING REPLY.

3. PART OF THE PRESIDENT'S INTRODUCTORY HISTORICAL EXPLANATION OF THE ANGOLAN POSITION MAY HAVE BEEN DUE TO HIS DISCOVERY THAT WE HAD LOBBIED MACHEL NEVERTHELESS DOS SANTOS WAS IN GOOD HUMOUR AND VERY RELAXED AND REASONABLE EVEN CHUCKLING AT SOME POINTS WHEN DESCRIBING THE COINCIDENCES BETWEEN ATTEMPS AT CUBAN WITHDRAWAL AND RENEWED SOUTH AFRICAN ATTACKS.

4. THE EXACT SCENARIO AS PAINTED IN PARA 15 OF T U R WAS NOT CLEAR BUT EVEN TO SAY THAT ANGOLA WOULD CONSIDER WITHDRAWAL OF SOME CUBANS WHEN SOUTH AFRICAN FORCES HAD REACHED 1500 STRONG WITHIN NAMIBIA IS A REAL ACHIEVEMENT FOR THE NEGOTIATIONS. THIS MESSAGE TO THE PRIME MINISTER SEEMS AN APPEAL TO US TO UNDERSTAND ANGOLA'S WORRIES AND THE LIMITS TO THE CONCESSIONS SHE CAN

REASONABLY MAKE.

5. YOU WILL NO DOUBT WISH TO CONSIDER WHATEVER BRIEFING THE AMERICANS HAVE GIVEN IN LONDON AND WASHINGTON BEFORE DECIDING THE LINE TO TAKE WITH THE AMERICANS. ON THE FACE OF IT THIS

THE LINE TO TAKE WITH THE AMERICANS. ON THE FACE OF IT THIS IS REAL PROGRESS AND WE SHOULD ENCOURAGE THEM NOT TO PUSH TOO MUCH FURTHER.

FCO PLEASE PASS

DEWAR

HNN

MR A J S GOODALL CABINET OFFICE

PS/No.10 DOWNING STREET

MOVANCE COPY

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