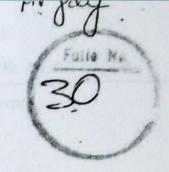
FZ 296A



Mr Giffard

cc: Private Secretary,
PS/Mr Onslow
PS/PUS
Mr Wright
Mr Ure
Mr Gillmore
Sir I Sinclair
Heads of:
UND
Defence Department
Emergency Unit

Miss Franklin, DS11, MOD

FALKLANDS: COMPARISON OF THE DRAFT AGREEMENTS OF 13 AND 19 APRIL

1. I <u>submit</u>, as requested, a note of the differences between the two texts, bringing out the main reasons why the latter is so much worse for us, together with annexes spelling out the main provisions of each text and the detailed differences. I suggest that these should be discussed very early this afternoon.

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20 April 1982

C L G Mallaby

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.. SECRET JSR 11 (Revised) TYPE: Draft/Final 1+ minute/knanalank/askannynone DRAFT: Reference FROM: TEL. NO: DEPARTMENT: Your Reference **ECURITY CLASSIFICATION** TO: op Secret Copies to: ecret Confidential Lestricted Inclassified SUBJECT: THE FALKLAND ISLANDS RIVACY MARKING Comparison of the draft agreements of 13 and 19 AprilIn Confidence 1. The provisions of the draft Anglo/Argentine AVEAT..... agreement, as it stood when Mr Haig left London on 13 April, are summarised in Annex A. The provisions the draft which he sent us on 19 April are summarised in Annex B. The differences between the two are indicated in Annex B. The most important of them are:would be a) Withdrawal. In the earlier draft, this is carried out by both the UK and Argentina within two weeks. hours have In the later draft, Argentina has two weeks to withdraw but the UK has only one. Moreover our Task . Lower be Force, but not our submarines, are required, to stand off at least 1750 nautical miles away from the 7th The UK is also required to lift the MEZ within 24 hours of the agreement. The Antroduction of two nominees of the Argentine ^ b) inistration Government into the Legislative and the Executive Councils, in addition to at least one representative

of/

Argentina effective control over 3 out of 9 members of the Executive Council and 3 out of 11 members of the Legislative Council. (Indeed two members of the Executive Council are at present appointed by the Governor; Argentina might in the future be able through the Special Interim Authority to determine the selection of either of these.)

- be taken to lift these as soon as possible. This means that they could be lifted before Argentine withdrawal was complete, although the provision that they shall be lifted simultaneously would give the UK control over the actual timing.
- d) Relations with the Mainland. The provisions in the later draft for economic and other relations with Argentina are far broader than before. They would enable Argentina to claim that her nationals should have equal rights to purchase property, establish businesses, live in the islands and so on. The purpose of this is underlined by the introduction same parameters of the possibility of compensation for islanders wishing to leave.
- e) Future Negotiations. The subject of future negotiations is stated in a way that virtually excludes a return to the status quo ante the invasion and is biased in favour of a transfer of sovereignty to Argentina.
- 3. The main reasons why the later draft is far more difficult for the UK to consider accepting than the earlier one are:-
- a) Withdrawal. The proposed arrangements are unequal

week after the signature of the agreement Argentina would have several thousand troops with equipment in the Falkland Islands, while the nearest UK forces, our submarines, would be five hours away.

- Administration. The introduction of nominees of the Argentine Government into the Legislative and Executive Councils in the Falklands would be completely undemocratic. Government at the administrative level, as well as in the Special Interim Authority, would in effect be shared between the UK and Argentina. The degree to which British administration would reestablished would be far less than in the earlier draft agreement.
- before the completion of Argentine withdrawal goes against the position of HMG that withdrawal must be the first requirement.
- d) Relations with the Mainland. The later draft onens the possibility of an influx of Argentine people and businesses and encourages Falkland Islanders to depart in the face of this influx. (Although the UK would have the right to veto proposals in this field from the Special Interim Authority, the later draft does not make clear that this would mable us to block an Argentine influx.)
- e) Future Negotiations. The exclusion of the status ouo ante the invasion from the possible outcomes of negotiations does not preserve the freedom of choice of the islanders: Although the UK would be free to refuse agreement to any outcome in the negotiations which was unacceptable to the islanders out feelow to preserve

an acceptable antenna mone) in the relevant pacyragh I he late Liept apreement. THE FALKLAND ISLANDS

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THE DRAFT ANGLO-ARGENTINE AGREEMENT : COMPARISON OF THE MAIN PROVISIONS OF THE VERSIONS OF 13 APRIL AND 10 APRIL.

- 1. When he left London on 13 April, Mr Haig took to Buenos Aires a draft agreement between the UK and Argentina which took account of his 11 hours of talks with the Prime Minister. The essence of the arrangement foreseen in the draft theh was:
 - a) Withdrawal of Argentine and British forces within two weeks from areas of 150 nautical miles radius from the Falkland Islands, South Georgia and South Sandwich Islands. On completion of the withdrawal all forces to return to normal duties.
 - b) De-militarisation. No forces to be -introduced into the areas pending a definitive settlement of the Falkland Islands problem.
- c) A Special Interim Commission consisting of one representative each from the UK, Argentina and the US to verify withdrawal and de-militarisation.
 - d) Coverage. 'Traditional local administration' including the executive and legislative Councils to continue to:
 - i) all decisions, laws and regulations adopted in future by the local administration to be submitted to the Special Interim Commission and expeditiously ratified by it unless deemed

/inconsistent

inconsistent with the

agreement.

- ii) Executive and Legislative Councils to be enlarged to include at least one representative of the Argentine population of the Islands having the normal residence qualification.
- iii) the flags of all three participating governments to fly over the Commission's headquarters.
- e) Relations with the Mainland. The Special Interim

 Commission to make recommendations to the British and

 Argentine governments to facilitate travel,

 transportation, communications and trade with

 Argentina.
 - f) Economic Sanctions. Steps to be taken to terminate them within two weeks.
 - During the interim period, defined as ending on 31 December 1982, the definitive status of the Islands to be negotiated consistently with the purposes and principles of the UN Charter; is including the principle of self-determination and therefore the wishes of the Islanders. (Before Mr Haig left London on 13 April he provided an alternative version of this part of the text which introduced references to decolonisation and to UN documents which, inter alia, stress decolonisation generally and its claimed relevance to the Falklands.

THE VERSION OF 19 APRIL

1. The revised draft agreement between the UK and
Argentina sent by Mr Haig to us when he left Buenos Aires
and changes
'on 19 April included the following main provisions:-

a) Withdrawal.

- i) Within 24 horms of the agreement, the UK to rescind the MEZ and Argentina not to conduct military operations in three zones of 150 nautical miles radius from the Falklands, South Georgia and the South Sandwich Islands
- ii) Within 24 hours of the agreement British and this also is Argentine withdrawal to begin (new).
- iii) Argentina to withdraw half its forces in 7 days and all its forces in 15 days (different).
- iv) UK to withdraw all its forces from the zones in 7 days (different). The Task Frece to stand off at least 1750 nautical miles away (new). Within 15 days units of the UK naval Task Force and submarines' to redeploy to usual operating bases or areas (duties' in the earlier version, which also referred to Argentine forces).

b) De-militarisation.

i) From the day after the agreement is signed, no introduction of British or Argentine forces into the three zones. No forces to be introduced into the zones pending a definitive settlement of the Falklands problem (as (b) in Annex A).

There is a new movinion point

Special Interim Authority. As in the earlier draft but name changed to 'Authority', and task to verify compliance with all the obligations in the agreement, not just withdrawal and de-militarisation.

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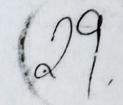
- d) Administration. As in the previous draft except that

 (II) the Argentine Government is to appoint two
 representatives each to the Legislative and Executive
 Counciles, in addition to the representative of the
 Argentine population of the Falklands foreseen in the
 earlier draft. ((II))
 There is a new provision about the police
 They are to continue under the administration of the
 two Councils 'with a representative of the resident
 Argentine population' and to be subject to the supervision of the Special Interim Authority.
 - e) Relations with the Mainland. This is much expanded.

 Movement of persons, and 'residence and ownership and disposition of property' are added to travel, transportation, communications and trade. All these are now to be promoted and facilitated on an equal basis.

 The Special Interim Authority, as in the earlier draft, is to make recommendations, but on this wider range of subjects and also on possible arrangements for compensation of Islanders wishing to depart. Two other new points are that the UK and Argentina undertake to respond promptly to such proposals and that the Special Interim Authority is to monitor the implementation of adopted proposals.
 - 'from the date' of the agreement, while in the earlier version the time limit was two weeks. Sanctions are to be terminated 'simultaneously, and without delay'.

shall start within 15 days of the signature of the agreement and be concluded by 31 December. Their subject is stated as 'modalities for the removal of the Islands from the list of non-self-governing territories' established in the UN. The principle of self-determinatio and therefore the wishes of the Islanders, are still implied by a reference to the purposes and principles of the UN Charter. But there is much other imprecise language about the rights of the inhabitants and the principle of territorial integrity 'applicable to this dispute', which Argentina would interpret as either not excluding or implying a transfer of sovereignty. The US is stated to be prepared to assist in the negotiations.



DRAFT OF AGREEMENT ON SOUTH ATLANTIC CRISIS WORKED OUT IN BUENOS AIRES APRIL 19 1982

COUNTER-PROPOSALS FOR CONSIDERATION

A.

COUNTER-PROPOSALS

The preamble and paragraphs 1 and 2 seem acceptable.

Paragraph 2.1. Delete 'rescind' and substitute 'suspend enforcement of'.

Paragraph 2.2.1 (second sentence)

Delete and substitute the following:'Within the same time period
the United Kingdom naval task
force will stand off at a distance
of at least [] nautical
miles from any of the co-ordinate
points.'

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Paragraph 2.2.2.

(a) Re-draft first sentence as follows:-

'Within fifteen days from the date of this Agreement, Argentina and the United Kingdom shall have removed all their forces, equipment and armaments from the zones'.

(b) In the same sentence, delete 'shall redeploy to their usual operating bases or areas' and substitute 'shall revert to normal duties'. В.

COMMENT

Paragraph 2 is similar in purpose to paragraph 2 of the text provisionally agreed with Mr Haig on 13 April. It would preclude introduction or deployment of UK force into the zones around South Georgia and the South Sandwich Islands after signature of the Agreement.

We take it that 'not conduct operations in the zones' means that Argentina will be precluded from using the forces she has there.

There should, so far as possible be parity on timing and distance of withdrawal. The requirement for the UK to withdraw all its forces from the zones has therefore been deleted. The principle of parity on distance of withdrawal might suggest an opening bid of 200 nautical miles, although Argentina is likely to have withdrawn some of her forces at least to the mainland, which is approximately 350 miles from the Falklands.

Consequential upon the amendment to paragraph 2.2.1. (provision has to be made for the withdrawal of UK force).

Redeployment to usual operating areas would presumably involve not only the turning back but also the dispersal of the Task Force.

After 15days

2038/1

A.

Paragraph 3 seems acceptable

Paragraph 4

Delete 'from the date of this agreement, steps' and substitute 'on completion of the steps specified in paragraphs 2, 2.1, 2.2, 2.2.1 and 2.2.2 above, the two Governments shall take measures to terminate'

Second sentence. Delete 'without delay' and insert 'at the same time' after 'shall'.

Paragraph 5
Add 'Each representative may be supported by a staff of not more than [10] persons'.

Paragraph 6(A) 2.

Delete third sentence and substitute:'The traditional local
administration shall be re-established,
including the Executive and
Legislative Councils, which shall
be enlarged to include, on the
nomination of the Special Interim
Authority, representatives of the
Argentine population whose period of
residence on the Islands is equal to
that of others entitled to representation, such representatives to be in
proportion to that population, subject
to there being at least one such
representative in each Council'.

Paragraph 6(A)
Delete fourth sentence

В.

Only of grown us.

It is highly desirable that the removal of sanctions should follow completion of withdrawal and not precede it. As a fall-back we might be able to accept 'Before completion' given that the obligation is only to take measures to terminate sanctions 'simultaneously, and without delay'.

In the final analysis, we could accept the existing text.

It is highly desirable to set a staff limitation in the agreement itself, if only to avoid a major dispute on this subject in negotiating the separate protocol creating the Authority.

This is a reversion to the 13 April text subject to the inclusion of the phrase 'on the nomination of the Special Interim Authority'. We would not want the nominations to be made by the Government of Argentine and it would seem absurd to have an election. It should be noted that the latest Haig text refers to the continuance of traditional local administration 'through the executive and legislative councils'. This could be taken to imply the non-return of British administrators (not just the Governor).

We could if necessary consider substituting 'the local police shall be re-established and shall be subject to the supervision of the Special Interim Authority, which is authorised to make proposals to the two Governments for its enlargement to include a representative of the resident Argentine population'.

Paragraph 7(A)

Delete and substitute:-

'Pending a definitive settlement, the Special Interim Authority shall make proposals to the two Governments to facilitate and promote travel, transportation, communications (including the movement of persons) and trade between the mainland and the Islands. Such proposals shall simultaneously be transmitted to the Executive and Legislative Councils/ The two Governments undertake to respond promptly to such proposals. The Special Interim Authority shall monitor the implementation of all such proposals agreed by the two Governments'.

L whose views shall be saight

Paragraph 7(B) Delete 'property'.

Paragraph 8(A)
Delete and substitute:-

'December 31, 1982, will conclude
the interim period during which
the signatories shall conclude
negotiations on mutually agreed
conditions for the definitive status
of each of the three groups of Islands
in accordance with the purposes and
principles of the Charter of the United
Nations and bearing in mind relevant
General Assembly Resolutions. The
negotiations shall begin within fifteen
days of the signature of the present
Agreement.'

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This is an essential counterproposal. We could if necessary offer to discuss the subjects of residence ownership and disposition of property in the negotiations for a definitive settlement.

We must insist that possible arrangements for compensation of Islanders who do not wish to remain is a matter for us.

Our proposed text here is basically a reversion to the first Haig text, but with some modifications. The first Haig text permitted recommendations to be made to the two Governments 'or to the Executive and Legislative Councils'. Under the text now suggested, proposals would be made to the two Governments but transmitted simultaneously to the Executive and Legislative Councils [The reference to 'movement of persons' has been included because movement of persons is covered by the 1971 communications agreement. last two sentences, taken from the second Haig text, seem fundamentally unobjectionable.

As noted on the comment on 7(A) above, we could if necessary offer to discuss this subject in the definitive negotiations.

This paragraph is fundamentally flawed, in that, when read in conjunction with the remainder of the text, it seems to envisage integration with Argentina as the only final solution for the Falklands. There is a basic difficulty in constructing an alternative formula which might just, in the final analysis, be acceptable to Argentina. Any specific reference to the 'wishes' of the Islanders would encounter Argentinian insistence that it be balanced by a reference to the principle of territorial integrity. The phrase bearing in mind relevant General Assembly Resolutions' would probably be the absolute minimum that Argentina would be prepared to accept by way of reference to UN activity; but that phrase would, in our view, include more favourable Resolutions, such as 2625 (XXV) as well as the less favourable ones.

PUS believes a key