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Thank you for your message of 26 April, your good wishes for the Tokyo Summit and for sharing with me your views on Middle East issues.

The British Government remains steadfastly committed to promote a just and lasting settlement of the Arab/Israel dispute, based on the twin principles of the Palestinian right to self-determination and Israel's right to security. I strongly supported King Hussein's efforts to achieve progress. I shall continue to look for practical ways of moving the process forward again, particularly during my forthcoming visit to Israel. I agree that the economic problems facing a number of Middle Eastern countries also require our attention, though not as a substitute for finding political solutions to political problems.

We remain committed to seeing the withdrawal of all unauthorised foreign forces from Lebanon, and we support the efforts of the UN Secretary General to secure agreement to the deployment of UNIFIL to the international border in accordance with Security Council Resolution 425. I was able to discuss this with Senor Perez de Cuellar during his recent visit to London and shall pursue the matter when I go to Israel.

10 DOWNING STREET From the Private Secretary 15 May 1986 MESSAGE FROM THE SECRETARY GENERAL OF THE ARAB LEAGUE Thank you for your letter of 14 May enclosing a draft reply from the Prime Minister to Mr. Klibi's recent message. The draft has been somewhat amended and I enclose a signed letter to Mr. Klibi. Subject to any further comments you may have, it may be despatched. CHARLES POWELL

Robert Culshaw, Esq., Foreign and Commonwealth Office.

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Foreign and Commonwealth Office London SW1A 2AH 14 May 1986 Dear Charles Message from Secretary General of Arab League 26.4.80 I enclose the original of the message to the Prime Minister from Mr Klibi, Secretary General of the Arab League, reported in Tunis telegram 107, with a draft reply. I propose that if the Prime Minister is content with the draft, it should be delivered by our Ambassador in Tunis. Jours evor, (R N Culshaw) Private Secretary C D Powell Esq 10 Downing Street

## OUT TELEGRAM

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	21	during my visit to Israel later this month.						
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	23	dispute based on						
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	25	determination and Israel's right to security. I am convinced						
111	26	that these are the only sound foundations for the region's future						
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1	28	commendable efforts to achieve progress and regret that more						
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## OUT TELEGRAM (CONT)

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Precedence Caveat Classification PRIORITY CONFIDENTIAL <<<< <<<< for practical ways of moving the process forward again. to also I am also concerned at the serious economic problems facing We are doing what we many countries in the area. Linamed them, and will also play our full part in the appropriate at Toky multilateral institutions. But I agree that this is only one in facet of the many challenges governments in the region face, and that political problems require political solutions. 8 We have consistently called for the withdrawal of all unauthorised foreign forces from Lebanon. Britain voted in 10 favour of Security Council Resolutions 508 and 509. We firmly 11 believe that UNIFIL can play a vital role in restoring stability to South Lebanon. We support the efforts of the UN Secretary General to secure agreement to the deployment of UNIFIL to the resolution 425. I was she to discuss the with 1 go to Israel at the continuing conflict between Iran and Iraq is no less also tragic and has exacted an appalling toll of death and suffering. of pers We wholeheartedly support the continuing efforts of the UN Cueller Secretary Generat, which we believe hold out the best hope of OUT bringing the fighting to an early end. We, and our partners in the Twelve, have given our support to SCR 581 and urged that it Lupe is accepted immediately and in full.

I was rough that we were all to greatly welcomed the agreement at the Summit on measures to 24 combat terrorism, particularly state-sponsored terrorism. is a challenge which I believe we must face together, through we lame determined international cooperation, and in parallel with March 8 efforts to resolve the conflicts and instability on which the ayard or terrorist thrives W I know that Geoffrey Howe attaches great importance to 10 Kyo discussing all these issues with you and that he is inviting you Eu-411 to visit London in July, at the beginning of our Presidency. I gent // hope that we will also have an opportunity for a talk then. to alled Ends. 34 distribution order see Page Catchword

3/1669 26 AVR. 1986 وَنِينَ فِي عَلِيمَا الْعَلَامِينَ عِلَيْنِ عِلْمُ عَلِيمَا الْعَلَامِينَ عِلْمُ الْعَلَامِينَ عِلْمُ



Madam Prime Minister,

Allow me, first of all, to convey my best wishes for the success of the forthcoming Summit of the Seven most industrialized countries. We nurture great hopes that your meeting will pave the way to durable solutions of major economic problems as well as of the various conflicts with which the world is beset.

We believe that the decisions and measures to be reached at the Tokyo Meeting will have an enormous impact on the future of peace, mainly in the Mediterranean and Mideastern regions.

To be sure, the Arab-Israeli conflict remains the main threat in that part of the world and continues to drain off the human and material resources of the entire region. But, the Iraq-Iran war, which has been going on for five years and a half, has added to the complexity of the situation, by putting one of the most sensitive areas in the world into serious danger. Multiple initiatives have been made to put an end to the confrontation, but so far to no avail, and it has become increasingly obvious that only a vigourous action by the Major Powers could bring the recalcitrant party to enter a negociated process and to accept the U.N. Security Council resolutions, much like the other party, Iraq, has done from the outset.

As far as the Near East conflict is concerned, the Arab States have, as you know, solemnly proclaimed their commitment to a comprehensive peaceful settlement, by adopting in September 1982 the Fez Plan - a plan based on international legality and recognizing, in its Seventh Point, the right of all the States of the region to live in peace. Accordingly, the Arab nation considers that it has, in this respect, fully assumed its responsibilities with regard to world peace and security, and that it is henceforth incumbent upon the Big Powers to assume their own, if they are to spare this troubled region the gravest calamities.

Experience has shown that any fragmentary apporoach, any partial solution which does not get to the core of the problem, namely enabling the Palestinian people to recover its full national rights, can only further complicate the situation and add to the perils besetting the region. At this point, we cannot fail to express our belief that the implementation of a plan for the development of the Middle East, at a time when all the major problems are still unresolved, could only produce higher levels of tension and more exacerbated antagonisms.

A long-term development strategy of this magnitude requires a stable environment, favourable to cooperation between the different States of the region. If the "Marshall Plan" has had the success we know, it is precisely because it came as the crowning effect of a large-scale restructuring process marking the end of the grave conflicts which had torn Europe apart. We are all too far from such a situation in the Middle East, and it is amply clear that what is needed first of all is a peace-plan, a global peace guaranteed by the Big Powers.

Once this first and necessary step has been achieved, then the idea of a Mideast development plan will be welcomed and fully adhered to by all the peoples and States of the region.

I should also like to call your attention to the situation in South Lebanon which continues to deteriorate as a result of Israel's refusal to implement Resolutions 508 and 509 of the Security Council calling for the total withdrawal of occupation-forces from Lebanon. The interventions, directly or through proxy forces, into the affairs of Lebanon, the nibbling and annexation of territories, the all but daily exactions against the populations can only heighten the threat of a new conflagration which would set the whole region ablaze

خَالْغَنْ لَلْوُلْنَا لِعِنْ لِنَاكُمْ - 3 -There can be no ending the current situation without renouncing the logics of force and respecting the will of the international community. There lies the rootcause of the recent escalation of terrorist actions which preoccupies our countries as much as it does yours. It is a drift of unpredictable consequences to which counter-violence, no matter what form it may take, cannot be an adequate response. Madam Prime Minister, The Tokyo Meeting takes place at a highly critiinternational juncture. It may bring a noticeable contribution to a fresh process likely to ease on both economic and political fronts, international relations with particular regard to our region, create a climate of detente favourable to dialogue. As we express the hope that your country will throw in all its weight so that the Summit of the Seven Major Industrial Powers will lead to a peace initiative in the Near and Middle East, please accept, Madam Prime Minister, the renewed assurances of my highest consideration. Chedli Klibi Secretary General League of Arab States Her Excellency Mrs. Margaret THATCHER Prime Minister LONDON